THE CITY AND VICINITY.

THE DAILY ROUND OF LIFE IN AND ABOUT TORONTO.

What the People are Doing and Saying and Thinking About—Brief Notes Gathered Everywhere by Wide-Awake World Reporters.

Chief Ardagh is back from Rochester.

Another cry for police protection in the extreme east end.

A number immigrants passed through the city Saturday. About forty remained here.

The Sailors' union has raised wages to $1 75 per day on Lake Ontario and $2 per day through the canal.

Butter was selling for thirty cents in the market, and there were some parties who had the check to ask forty cents.

Mr. J. A. Fraser, R. C. A., has been appointed master of antique at both the day and evening classes of the school of art.

Mr. Waterhouse, school trustee at Parkdale, has left the village, and there is consequently a vacancy in the board.

Mr. Acres, barrister, was riding up Yonge street Saturday when his horse stumbled and fell. Both were hurt, but not serious.

The late manager of the Northern railway left Pendarves, his residence on College street, to his son, Mr. Barlow Cumberland.

Mr. C. W. A. Dedrickson, actor, author and journalist, has returned to the city from a lengthened theatrical tour in the States.

Six young roughs and blackguards will be summoned before the J. P. at Seaton village for disorderly conduct at Bloor and Markham streets.

Thomas Neaves, who was injured by a fall from a horse at Islington fair, was brought to the hospital Friday night. He is injured internally.

The latest about the missing Mr. Kero, late lessee of the Royal opera house, is that he was seen at Brussels, Belgium, three weeks ago by a Port Hope man.

Henry Godson is a member of the Hunt club, and in the chase after the dead herring Saturday he got a pitch from his horse. Mr. Godson was not in at the brush.

The Foresters are going to set up an independent court for Canada, and will inaugurate it with religious service in Bond street church on the 23rd of this month.

St. James' hotel arrivals: R J Rupert, Thedford; W Walters, Barrie; J A Long, Fergus; W McLean, Goderich; W H Ewer, Newmarket; Jos Hutchison, Woodstock.

Archbishop Lynch, who has just returned from a visit to Manitoba, left Saturday morning for Erie, where he conducted a confirmation service in the Roman Catholic church yesterday.

Walker house arrivals: T Mackay, Hamilton; A Winslow, Belleville; C H Cochrane, Montreal; Jno H Morton, Chatham; Geo Lee, Bowmanville; W Finch, Windsor; G F Brown, Montreal.

Mr. Montgomery, retiring natural science master at the collegiate institute, was made the recipient of a writing desk and address from his pupils. Mr. George Acheson, B. A., takes Mr. Montgomery's place to-day.

The body of the young man George Wright was recovered by the esplanade constable Saturday at noon. It will be interred this afternoon, the funeral being from deceased father's house, 14 Emma street, at 2 30.

The bill of fare contained in the police court report of the News Saturday was disgusting and nauseating in the extreme and unfit for publication. No wonder the sheet is tainted, when such stuff as the old bum got off fills its columns.

Brother Burgess sings the following in his Citizen this week:

> Take away the wine cup,
> Take away the beer.
> Water, give me water,
> Sparkling and clear.

Rev. Alexander Grant of London is quite an actor in the pulpit. He preached in the Jarvis street Baptist church yesterday morning, talked in character and to himself, struck a dozen attitudes snapped his fingers in the air, and wound up with a solo.

At All Saints' church, last night, Mr. Baldwin said it had been asked in one of the papers (J. L. F. in The World) why no one prayed for the murderer of Garfield. Mr. Baldwin said that while no one wished the course of justice stayed, they could all earnestly pray that Guiteau might sincerely repent.

Following are the interments at the various city cemeteries during September: Mount Pleasant 35, St. James' 6, Necropolis 28, St. Michael's 31. Sixteen deaths from typhoid fever occurred during the month, and five from diphtheria. The order was twenty-five deaths from diarrhœa during the month.

Queen's hotel arrivals: N Dunlop, Glasgow; M Dunlop, Glasgow; W Brown, Guelph; W Radford, W S Kerry, J D Wood, Montreal; J C McLeod, Southampton; Dr McInnes, British Columbia; T S Gladstone, London, Eng; P S Stevenson, Montreal; R B Bayce, Glasgow; Geo M Wilson, Winnipeg; Forbes Torrance, H J Cameron, G Sanderson, M C Mullocky, Montreal.

The temperance meeting at Occident hall last night was opened with a hymn and prayer. Miss Armstrong then commenced her lecture on temperance. Miss Armstrong has a impediment in her speech, which makes it very painful to listen to her. Her lecture was of the usual kind, and was very long. There was a very good attendance, and several went up and signed the pledge. The meeting closed at 10 o'clock.

Vital statistics for last week: Births, 53; marriages, 28; deaths, 34. Causes of death: Phthisis, 5; heart disease, 3; marasmus, 3; drowned, 3; diarrhœa, 3; diphtheria, 2; cholera infantum, 2; congenital syphilis, 2; and one each of the following: Tuberculosis, old age, disease of liver, bronchitis, scrofula, still-born, convulsions, disease of lungs, accidental poisoning, apoplexy and inanition.

Yonge street was not without its usual Sunday row yesterday. A lot of the young men got drunk and started to fight. Stones, bottles, and even knives were freely used. One of the combatants, Phil. Sullivan, had his face, being cut in the nose with a knife. The gang separated before the police arrived, but they managed to arrest one of the number. Sullivan, it is said, told the police it was a man named O'Brien who stabbed him.

At Jones' auction rooms Saturday were sold the following properties: Freehold lots on Lippincott and known as Nos. 11 and 13 Lippincott street, Toronto, with two two-story brick houses, purchased by W. Jones for $1275. House No. 5 Thurston street, Huron street, between Harbord and Sussex, purchased by John Magann for $[illegible]. A vacant lot, with a frontage of about 40 feet and a depth of 110 feet, situated on the east side of Sackville, between Queen and Dundas, sold to P. G. Close for $[illegible]. Under power of sale contained in a mortgage a lot on the corner of Hope and Dundas streets, having three two-story brick houses thereon, was purchased by [illegible] for $1000. A residence and [illegible] Orillia was knocked down to [illegible] for $8800.

THE LABOR WORLD.

Meeting of the Trades Council—The Shoemakers' Strike—Preamble, Principles and Constitution.

The regular fortnightly meeting of the Trades and Labor council was held at Dufferin hall Saturday night. President Todd called the meeting to order at 8.30.

THE SHOEMAKERS' STRIKE.

The president asked if any of the delegates had any reports to make, Mr. Duncan, delegate from the knights of St. Crispin, stated that the hand-sewed shoemakers had entered on a strike for an increase of ten per cent., as they had not had an increase for the last nine years. The principal reason for their strike was that the union could meet and talk over this subject, and let their employers know that they were in earnest about the matter. The union expected that a settlement will be made to-day. Mr. Duncan further stated that the union had funds enough to carry them through for about three months, and that they would not call upon the other unions until that time.

The council decided that the different unions should subscribe five cents per week per man to help the knights of St. Crispin during their troubles.

PREAMBLE, PRINCIPLES AND CONSTITUTION.

The meeting then proceeded with the consideration of the draft preamble, principles and constitution, printed copies of which were distributed.

The preamble starts out with the need of organization to protect labor from the power and enthralment of concentrated capital, and approves of the formation of a trades and labor council.

As to principles, while opposed to entering any political party as a body, the council declares it to be its duty to use its influence with the law-making powers to secure the following objects: The regulation of the employment of children; the adoption of proper laws regulating the hours constituting a day's work; employers' liability act; a proper system of inspection of workshops and factories; reforms in prison labor, so as to prevent the product of convict labor coming into competition with honest industry; and such other laws as may be deemed beneficial. The delegates further pledge themselves to assist each other in securing fair wages by honorable means; and they shall withdraw, and use their influence to have others withdraw, all patronage from any unfair employee, let his calling be what it may. They are in favor of arbitration whenever differences exist between employers and employed.

The constitution contains the name and objects of the organization, rules as to its composition, meetings, expenses, and the duties of officers, etc.

The council made considerable progress with the above, and adjourned for another fortnight.

OSGOODE LITERARY SOCIETY.

The first meeting for the season of the Osgoode literary and legal society was held in the lecture room at Osgoode hall Saturday night. The president, Mr. Ewart, occupied the chair, and introduced the question of resuming the course of lectures in connection with the society. In the discussion which took place some doubt was expressed as to the expediency of this step, owing to the fact that the benchers were contemplating the establishment of a law school, and that in fact a report had been submitted to them favoring its foundation and submitting a scheme for its working. It was thought by some that the arrangement of an independent set of lectures might cause the benchers to relax their efforts in establishing the school. On the other hand, the next meeting of convocation does not take place until the middle of November, and if it were decided to await their decision, and that decision should be unfavorable, the students would be left without any provision for lectures. With a view to meeting both these difficulties it was moved by Mr. Brook and seconded by Mr. Gould, that Messrs. Wilson, Nelson and Hearn be constituted a committee to confer with such of the legal profession of Toronto as they may think fit, and arrange for a course of lectures to last until a definite decision is obtained from the Law society relative to the re-establishment of the law school.

Mr. W. A. Taylor moved in amendment, seconded by Mr. Washington, that the matter be adjourned until after some decision had been come to by the Law society. The original resolution was carried. In the absence of any regularly arranged programme, readings and recitations were given by Messrs. Gould, Brooks, Lewis and Nelson, after which the meeting adjourned.

THE BRANCH FROM BRADFORD.

The master in chambers granted an order Saturday for leave to examine G. T. Branch, now in gaol awaiting extradition to Bradford, Pa., on a charge of embezzling the funds of the American transfer company. Mr. Barwick, who applied for the order under rule 285 of the judicature act, stated that several of the parties in the city who had received sums of money from Branch had been examined and acknowledged having possession of about $5,000, and on examination Branch might reveal where a still larger amount was invested.

The American transfer company being a foreign corporation, and out of the jurisdiction of Ontario, an order has been made on behalf of the bank of Montreal and the other defendants to the suit for an order for security of their costs in the case of an issue being tried in their favor.

FUNERAL OF MR. JOHN SMITH.

A very large number of people paid their last respects to the memory of their late fellow-citizen Saturday afternoon, the mercantile element especially being well represented. The funeral took place at 4 o'clock, the service being performed by the Rev. Septimus Jones. The pall-bearers were Hon. Frank Smith, John Walker, James Mason, Capt. McMaster, Thomas Ogilvy, Robert B. Palmer and H. R. Forbes. Deputations from the board of trade, the property holders' association and the city council were in attendance. A large funeral train followed the remains to their resting place, Mount Pleasant cemetery.

A YORKVILLE WAIF.

A certain woman living alone on Beverley street, Yorkville, was awakened from sleep at 1.30 yesterday morning by the cries of an infant. On getting up and opening the front door she found a male child, about three weeks old, lying on the step. At the same time she saw two men running away from the house. The lady took the waif in and kept it till morning, when it was removed to the infants' home under an order from the reeve. The village police are looking for the little one's deserters.

The Bell telephone company is to introduce the toll system—so much for every five calls. The telephone line between Toronto and Hamilton will be opened in a week or two.

Those in want of sewing machines ought to inspect the Wheeler & Wilson at 38 King street west previous to their calling to buy elsewhere. A visit to Mr. Mooney's office would not be out of place.

The latest style of overcoating for the fall season is the "fancy napped tweed," a variety of the above can be seen at Mahaney & Son's, merchant tailors, Yonge street. They have also on hand a large stock of colored worsteds, west of England trimmings, &c. o

DR. WILD ON GARFIELD.

GRANT TO BE DICTATOR, WITH NO MORE PRESIDENTS.

Blaine to be Cast Down—Garfield Martyred to Save the Nation—Why We Cannot be Annexed—The Great Federation—Arthur's Vindication.

The girls in the Bond street choir were all dressed in black last night—The World surmised in keeping with the Garfield memorial service. As usual, the church was crowded to the doors at a quarter to seven. The prophetic preacher has such difficulty in climbing over people into his pulpit that The World would suggest to the deacons that they rig up a block and tackle so as to hoist him in. Dr. Wild gave utterance to some of the strangest yet of his strange utterances.

The collection in the morning realized $350, and a large amount was expected in the evening. Miss Corlett sang a solo, "Abide with me," while the collection was being taken up. When it was gathered in and put on the table before the Yorkville News man, who sits in front of the pulpit consuming pencils at a terrible rate, the prophetic doctor asked a deacon to pass them up to him, and he hid them under his chair.

THE LETTERS.

He thanked a correspondent for sending him another instance of the recognition of friends in the next world. The preacher knew the case himself. In a minister's family one of the little girls died of fever and another was dying. The latter did not know of her sister's death, yet when she was passing away she called to her mother and said that there was a great and beautiful company beckoning her to them, and then suddenly exclaimed, "And my sister is among them, and you never told me she was dead."

Should an atheist's oath be taken in court?

I don't know. A clever lawyer would find a way to keep them out as the law of the land is against them. There may be a way of putting an atheist on his word of honor, and thus have it equal to that of some Christians. But I would not like to be condemned by such.

A correspondent who asked what the apostle meant by "fleshly lusts," he referred to Galatians v. 19.

A lady had written asking when was the one time that he felt like faltering since he came to Toronto.

It was when they were discussing in Zion church about admitting me into their union, some months ago. They talked so much about me and made me out such a terrible person that I scarcely believed that I was that person, and I felt like accepting the offer an old church made me to return. But I determined to stick by Bond street, and I did. (Applause.)

A LETTER OF REBUKE.

The preacher read a letter to the effect that the writer had happened to drop into the church one Sunday evening and was very greatly surprised and pained to see so much levity and giggling exhibited in the house of God—caused, as he learned, by the letters which Dr. Wild read. The writer asked if Dr. Wild thought this was right, and requested that his note be read.

Do you hear that, my friends? I hope he will drop in again some time. (Laughter.)

IN MEMORIAM—GARFIELD.

The preacher prefaced his remarks on the Garfield tragedy with a reference to the world being under divine control. God's influence over men extended in every direction of man's activity, and man in his social, educational, commercial, or political relations was bound to come to naught without God. God from the very first ordained the rise and course of the United States and the death of Garfield. God had kept this country in reserve for his own people—for Manasseh, whom he had prophesied would be great and be a people by himself. The seed of Joseph was to run over the wall and set up for themselves.

The United States was Manasseh.

And they were the only tribe that would have a separate existence. Out of the fifty-six colonies that England has conquered, the United States was the only one that could break away and set up for herself, and this was in keeping with the prophecy. And those who knew anything about prophetic arithmetic could see that the revolted colonies could not set up till they were thirteen—a prophetic number.

E Pluribus Unum.

Gideon, Cromwell, Washington, Lincoln, Grant were all of the tribe of Manasseh.

The flag and the seals of the United States were a verification of prophecy. That great country was reserved for Manasseh. The history of that country could only be studied to advantage when it was read in the light of prophecy.

God had said he had made all men of one blood, and to teach them this in the United States the sacred blood of Lincoln was shed.

What do you think of that, you hotel-keepers of Toronto?

God had fixed the bounds of the United States and they could not go beyond them. They tried to do it in 1812-15, but they were hurled back. Ephraim (Great Britain) and Manasseh (the United States) were to push all people to the ends of the earth, but they were to do it together.

The man of *333* is to be the dictator in the United States. He is ruling that people now. His hand is on the lever and he cracks down on Conkling, Conkling cranks down on Arthur, and Arthur cranks down on the people.

In his tour of the world, Grant, the great *333*, had compelled recognition from all the monarchs and powers of the earth. In only one city had he not been received—the famous city of Cork. (Laughter.) They were not of the tribe of Manasseh, and Grant will never forget their treatment of him.

Garfield was of Saxon blood, with a mixture of German and French—the best possible combination—the tenacity of the Saxon, the endurance of the German, and the vivacity of the French. Could you get a finer mixture out of which to make a man? (Laughter.)

Garfield died as did Scott of Red River in the Riel rebellion—to set the people right. If Scott had not died we would have been fighting to-day. It is better that one man should die than the nation perish. It was the best thing for Canada that that man Scott gave his life, and that he was slain by men who wished to hold that vast territory and plant institutions there other than our own. When he was shot the other provinces were roused, and even John A. had to take action and say this thing had to be stopped.

And it was just as necessary that Garfield should die in order to save his people.

In 1884 there will be no president elected. They will ask that man who has hold of the crank to step in and give them peace.

It is not right that Blaine should rule because of his hatred of England, which sticks out on every occasion—and England and the United States are to be confederated for the completion of the civilization of the world and the reign of freedom. Grant is as true as steel on that point and on the question of education.

Instead of annexing this country to them, the United States will be annexed to Great Britain, Great Britain will be annexed to Jerusalem, and Jerusalem to God.

England in a short time is to be pressed in all directions by all nations. Secret treaties were even now being made against her. It will be necessary for England and the United States to join hands for common defence.

Garfield's policy was not in accord with the destiny of the United States.

The preacher then enumerated all the presidents with whom he had shaken hands—Buchanan, Lincoln, Johnson, Grant, Hayes, Garfield, Arthur. The latter was being advised by the papers to retain Garfield's cabinet and to make few changes. Arthur had a perfect right to make what changes he liked, and to remove the collector of New York as they had removed him (Arthur) from that post.

Grant will rule Arthur and will join England in the struggle, for it will be the day of Jacob's peril. The enemies of England were getting ready for her. The United States had many within her own borders who were opposed to England and Manasseh as they had been at Cork, and they would have to put these down first and then help England.

The next general election will see the unity of the thirteen tribes (England and the United States) for the great coming struggle. Garfield's death is a great atonement, a great mollifying salve that will heal our troubles. God bless his family. God bless the United States, and may she be true to her prophetic calling, and may England and her be able to stand together when the struggle comes, for God will deliver Jacob from his trouble.

Y. M. C. A. CONVENTION.

A circular has been issued from the office in Toronto of the executive committee young men's Christian association of the provinces of Ontario and Quebec, giving a synopsis of the business to be brought before the fourteenth annual convention to be held at Cobourg on Thursday, the 13th October, and three following days. The committee will present the following discussions:

Our work in towns and villages—1. Why have so many associations ceased to exist? 2. How may obstacles be removed and objections met? 3. The best methods for securing success.

Our work in cities—Young men—1. Where are they? 2. How shall we reach them? 3. How can we retain them?

Our work among boys—1. The need of this work. 2. How to carry it on.

These features will be presented to the convention in three papers by practical and experienced men, and will be afterwards open for discussion.

TORONTO SECULAR SOCIETY.

The free-thinkers of the city have organized for the winter under the above name. Last night they held their first meeting in Albert hall, at which about a hundred people, nearly all men, were present. Mr. A. Piddington, the president, occupied the chair. The proceedings opened by a young lady playing on a piano a piece of sacred music with variations. A couple of recitations—one an extract from a speech of Ingersoll's, and the other a poem in eulogy of charity—followed. Mr. Piddington read two letters from two sympathizers with the cause, and then came another piano solo. The president followed with his opening address, in which he defined secularism as a religion which taught men their duties to themselves and others in this life, without regard to consequences hereafter. After a collection was taken, Mr. A. F. Jury was called upon, and gave an account of what he saw on his recent visit to England, describing especially the incidents of the Bradlaugh excitement, and the evidences of progress among the working classes.

Incendiarism in Biddulph.

LUCAN, Oct. 1.—A temporary shed upon the farm of T. E. Hall, adjoining the village and containing some clover and a quantity of straw, was burned at three o'clock this morning. A reaping machine and fanning mill were saved. The loss will be about one hundred dollars. The fire, it is said, was the work of an incendiary.

Cutting Down the Grain Rates.

CHICAGO, Oct. 2.—The propeller Lycoming for Buffalo took 49,000 bushels of corn at half a cent per bushel, the lowest rate ever made. The railroad rate to New York is about ten cents per bushel. It is reported that a four-cent rate has been made to Baltimore.

A Warning to Russian Jews.

ST. PETERSBURG, Oct. 2.—The minister of the interior says the government recognizes the detriment to Christians of the commercial activity, exclusiveness and religious fanaticism of the Jews. The minister promises the Jews protection, but says Christians must be shielded from the effects of their injurious activity.

Another Women's Race at Rochester.

ROCHESTER, Oct. 1.—The twenty mile running race at the Western New York fair to-day between Emma Jewett of Minnesota and Mrs. Robinson of England, was won by Jewett. She had the lead from the first. Robinson quit in the fourth mile on account of sickness.

BIRTH.

O'GRADY—In this city, on Oct. 1st, the wife of M. J. O'Grady, printer, of a son.

TEMPERANCE
Colonization Society.
IMPORTANT NOTICE.
Owing to the rush of applications at the present time, the Office of the Secretary will be open also IN THE EVENING from 7 to 9 o'clock THIS WEEK.
J. A. LIVINGSTON,
SECRETARY,
12— 114 and 116 King Street West.

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To Her Royal Highness
PRINCESS LOUISE
All the Season's Novelties in
MILLINERY,
FRENCH FLOWERS and AMERICAN FANCY GOODS.
Mourning a Specialty.
MISS STEVENS,
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PRICES LOWER THAN EVER.
We show them in the following Goods: Ulster Cloths, Naps, Brown, Black and Blue; Beavers and Pilots, Tweeds, Twills, Chinchillas and Cords, for Men and Boys.
We will be pleased to show them and quote prices.
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6 White Shirts, $ 6 00
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To order or ready-made,
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YOUNG MEN'S
NEW YORK & LONDON
DERBY HATS!
Something New & Nobby.
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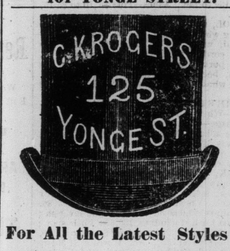

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STOVES, ETC
NOTICE.
Why does J. NOLAN, 60 and 62 Jarvis street, sell so many stoves?
Because he has all the leading stoves in the market to choose from, and every stove guaranteed to give satisfaction, and takes old ones for new ones.
Give him a call and see for yourself.
EVERYBODY
SHOULD SEE THE
JEWEL RANGE
AND
VICTORY BASE BURNER!
before purchasing elsewhere, at
E. GOFF & CO'S
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REMEMBER
GRANT'S CELEBRATED SHIRTS
Are the best in the world. Have no other. To be had only at
283 QUEEN STREET WEST, G. R. GRANT & CO. 135

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FALL GOODS. WINTER GOODS
Grandest Display of Novelties Ever Shown in the City.
EDWARD M'KEOWN
Is now offering for the fall season complete lines of FANCY GOODS, HOSIERY and GLOVES, that will surpass in quality, variety and value anything he has previously offered.
New and elegant Black Chenille, Jet and Steel Netted Fringes. Elegant Plain, Colored and Shaded Silk Fringes, with Cords and Tassels to match. Passementerie Trimmings, Ornaments, Frogs, etc. Handsome varieties in Dress and Mantle Buttons to match, in Ombres, Rustic Metal Ombres, Inlaid Pearls and Ivories. Cut Jets, Silver, Steel and Pearls. Hand painted, Codfish, Natural and White Pearls. Fancy Ivories, Horns, etc., Satins, Velvets, Crochet and other Fancy Silk Buttons. Real and Imitation Laces, in all the new makes. Cambric, Picot and Swiss Embroideries. India Muslin and Madras Lawn, Plain and Spotted. Frills, Ties, Collars, Fichus and Squares, in Bretonne, Languedoc, Point d'Alencon and Real French Laces. Ladies' Linen Collars and Cuffs. Children's Plain and Embroidered Collars, etc. Elegant assortment of New Ribbons in Plain, Plaided, Checked, Ombres, Ombre Stripes, Velvet Stripes, etc., in all widths.
GLOVES.—Ladies' Kid Gloves in black, white, colored and tints, in 2, 4, 6, 8 and 12 buttons, and Lacings, Fancy Ribbed Jerseys. Silk and Plush Lined Taffetas, Fancy Cloths, Thread, Plush Lined, Ladies' Misses' and Children's Lined Kid. Knitted, Wool and Fancy Cashmere Mitts in all the newest designs.
CORSETS.—Latest patterns in French Wove, English and American Corsets, 50c, 65c, 75c, 90c, and $1 up.
HOSIERY AND UNDERWEAR.—Having made special purchases in Fine Wool Hosery, consisting of Fine Cashmeres, English Wools and Domestic Knitted, this will be found on inspection the most complete assortment we have ever shown. An immense stock of English and German Knitted Wool Square Shawls, Clouds, Scarfs, Hoods, Mitts, Gaiters, Booties, Ulsters for Misses' and Children's wear. Ladies', Misses' and Children's Merino and All Wool Underwear in every grade. Gentlemen's Underwear in Heavy Merino, Merino Wools, Cashmere Wools, Scotch Wools, Canadian Plain and Ribbed Woolsin Under Vests and Drawers at 45c, 50c, 60c, 75c, 85c, 90c and $1 up. Gentlemen's Half Hose in Merino, Cashmere and All Wools. A large variety of Gents' Neckwear, Collars, Shirts, Gloves and Fancy Goods.
SPECIAL LINES.—The celebrated Baldwin's Fingerings, Alloa Yarns and Canadian Yarns and Fingerings. In all departments our assortment is about one hundred per cent. larger than ever before shown by us, and replete with everything desirable, and low prices sell goods. Don't buy until you get our prices.
"Ever in Advance" is our motto.
SAMPLES SENT PER MAIL.
EDWARD M'KEOWN,
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THE MAIL
JOB
Printing Department.
This branch of the MAIL PRINTING ESTABLISHMENT is now in full running order. Business men and others who appreciate neat and tasty printing at low prices may obtain such by placing their orders with the MAIL.
Entrance to Job Office on Bay Street.
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Fine work of Every Description a Specialty.
Attention given to Book Work. Estimates given on application.
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YOU CAN HAVE
Bill Heads, Circulars, Cards,
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For sale, 100 or 150 pounds of brevier type, in good order; 28 cents per pound.
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SHIRTS
THE PARACON SHIRT
First Prize.)
HAVE NO OTHER
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THE PRESS.
TO MERCHANTS AND MANUFACTURERS.
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