

# The Charlottetown Herald.

NEW SERIES

CHARLOTTETOWN, PRINCE EDWARD ISLAND, WEDNESDAY, FEB. 10, 1909

Vol. XXXVIII, No. 6

## GOOD CLOTHES —FOR— FALL and WINTER.



Our New Stock of Fall and Winter Suitings and Overcoatings is now in. We have the largest and best selected stock to be seen in any tailor shop in P. E. Island.

If you are thinking of getting a new suit or overcoat this fall, you can get every satisfaction and save money by leaving your order here. We claim to be the leading tailors in P. E. Island, and our work speaks for itself.

When you leave your order here we guarantee a better fit, better work, and more style than you can get elsewhere, and we don't charge any more for our work than you pay for the ordinary kind. You can save money by buying

Tailor-Made Clothes, and there is no better Tailor-Made Clothes than the kind we make.

## MacLellan Bros., The Expert Tailors.

## The Charlottetown Business College and Institute of Shorthand and Typewriting.

This Institution re-opens on MONDAY, JANUARY 4th, 1909. Intending students will kindly remember the date and enter as soon thereafter as possible.

The most practical courses in Business Training devised. The best and most easily acquired system of Shorthand ever placed in the hands of competent teachers. It leaves NO regrets. The largest and finest equipped rooms in the Maritime Provinces. Medals, and among other prizes a \$135.00 Typewriter open for competition.

Look sharp, and do not be misguided only to regret it afterwards. For full particulars address

L. B. MILLER,  
Charlottetown, P. E. I., Dec. 23, 1908—11 Principal.

## ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

Charlottetown Sash and Door Factory,

Manufacturers of Doors & Frames, Sashes & Frames, Interior and Exterior finish etc., etc.

## Our Specialties

Gothic windows, stairs, stair rails, Balusters Newel Posts, Cypress Gutter and Conductors. Kiln dried Spruce and Hardwood Flooring, Kiln dried clear spruce, sheathing and clapboards, Encourage home industry.

## ROBERT PALMER & CO.,

PEAKE'S No. 3 WHARF.  
CHARLOTTETOWN.

## SMOKE HICKEY'S BRIGHT CUT

The aristocrat of all smoking tobaccos pleases instantly and satisfies continuously.

Fragrant, rich, mellow, & never bites the tongue.

At all Grocers and Druggists.

HICKEY & NICHOLSON Tobacco Co., Ltd.

CHARLOTTETOWN,

Phone 345.

Manufacturers.



## For New Buildings

We carry the finest line of  
Hardware

to be found in any store.

Architects, Builders and Contractors, will find our line of goods the newest in design, the most adaptable and improved, and of the highest standard of merit in quality and durability.

Also a full line of pumps and piping.

Stanley, Shaw & Peardon.

June 12, 1907.

## Fall and Winter Weather.

Fall and Winter weather calls for prompt attention to the

Repairing, Cleaning and Making of Clothing.

We are still at the old stand,

PRINCE STREET, CHARLOTTETOWN

Giving all orders strict attention.

Our work is reliable, and our prices please our customers.

H. McMILLAN.

## The Messenger, \$2.00 a Year,

Issued Monthly—128 Pages.

A high-class, illustrated periodical, embracing everything in history, literature and art that can be of interest to Catholics—timely and popular expositions of Catholic doctrine; Christian ethics; modern questions of sociology and political economy; religious movements and actual events, struggles and progress of the Church; education, and drama. Ask for a sample copy.

Manager THE MESSENGER, 500 Fifth Avenue, New York.

WITH your co-operation WE want a bright, active agent to represent THE Messenger in every city and town.

WE will send free a copy of THE Messenger to each person whose name and address you may send us. WE have a special offer, covering both new subscriptions and renewals—a permanent business can be established.

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CHARLOTTETOWN, P. E. ISLAND

McLean & McKinnon

Barristers, Attorneys-at-Law,

Charlottetown, P. E. Island

## Ottawa Weekly Letter.

### Tenders and Contracts

Government Oppose Dr. Reid's Motion.—To Guarantee Honest Awards, and Prevent Manipulation of Tenders.—Hon. Mr. Pugsley Shuts Off Discussion of McAvity Rake-off.

### SIR RICHARD HARD PRESSED

Unhappy I. C. R. Statement.—Fieldings Loan Not Well Taken.—Cancelling Fishing Leases; Government Obstruction; a Surrender to France.

### AN EX-MINISTER MAKES TROUBLE

### A Premier's Election Bargain

### WORSE STRIKES AFTER THE LEMIEUX ACT

### PREFERENCE TO UNITED STATES

Ottawa, Jan. 30th, 1909.

The debate on the address occupied two days, closing on Monday. It was largely a British Columbia discussion, as Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Mr. Lemieux complained of the campaign made against them in British Columbia and Manitoba, resulting in an almost solid Conservative delegation from these provinces. The five Opposition members from British Columbia, who are all good Parliamentary speakers, thereupon effectively explained to the House why their province condemned the Government: Because the government surrendered the power to deal with immigration and secured ratification of that surrender by the untrue statement that the Minister of Agriculture had a written promise from Japan that no Japanese would be allowed to come to Canada. Because the Laurier government refused to consider or refer to a tribunal British Columbia's claim for better financial terms. Because the Laurier government sought to discriminate against British Columbia by taking control of the voters' lists in that province. Because three B. C. constituencies were set aside for deferred elections in order to win an unfair advantage. And especially because the people of British Columbia condemned mal-administration and graft.

THE MCAVITY RAKE-OFF. In 1905 tenders were asked for St. John dredging. Mayes tendered at 50 cents. His was the lowest tender, but was rejected because his dredge was American. Tenders were asked again open to American dredges. Mayes, having failed before, now thought it best to ask advice of Mr. Pugsley, then Attorney-General of New Brunswick, and influential at Ottawa. Mr. Pugsley advised him to go to Mr. McAvity, a leading Liberal, and brother of the president of the liberal association. McAvity declined to invest money in dredging, but met Mayes by arrangement at Ottawa and asked him at what price he proposed to tender. Mayes told him 50 cents. McAvity advised him to make it 55, and give him (McAvity) the five. McAvity then went to see the Minister of Public Works. Mayes put in his tender at 55, got the contract, signed an agreement to pay 5 cents a yard to McAvity out of his receipts, in consideration of the latter's assistance about the contract. He actually paid McAvity \$39,933 out of the earnings, though the latter never invested a cent.

TO SAFEGUARD THE TENDER SYSTEM. The government makes profuse promises to guard the treasury, but still resists measures proposed to protect the public from fraud. On Wednesday Doctor Reid proposed this resolution: "That tenders received in any department of government should be immediately placed in safe custody under seal so as to prevent any possibility of suspicion of tampering; and should be opened in public at the time and place mentioned in the advertisement and in the presence of at least three principal officials of the department; and the persons so tendering or their duly authorized agents should be at liberty to attend at the said time and place and see such tenders opened and recorded, if they so desire."

CONTRADICTORY REASONS. The Minister of Public Works opposed this reasonable proposition in two speeches on two grounds. First, the government had passed an order which was about to go into effect and would remedy all wrongs. Second, there was nothing wrong and no remedy required. Mr. Pugsley argued that charges of tampering with tenders had never been proved, and no just suspicion in this matter rested on any branch of the government. Then he produced a new government order that tenders should be kept under seal until the time for opening, and be opened in the presence of the Minister and another responsible officer, or of two officers designated for the purpose. The minister strongly opposed the proposition that the tender should be present when tenders were opened.

THE RECORD OF FRAUDS. In a lively afternoon's debate continued on Thursday, Dr. Reid, Messrs. Monk, Haggart, Foster, Spruille, Boyce, Lake, Blockin, Middleboro, Crosby and Crockett gave reasons for the resolution.

Mr. Pugsley adjourned the debate, and on Thursday spoke again at length on the subject, denouncing Mayes, attacking Premier Hazen of New Brunswick for reading the affidavit, and dwelling upon a clerical error in a date, which Mayes had corrected immediately.

### REPLY SHUT OUT.

After the minister had reviewed the whole matter of the affidavits, Mr. Crockett produced the documents, and was pointing out the weakness of the minister's defence, when Mr. Pugsley took the objection that the rules of the House required Crockett to accept his word, and prevented him from reading anything to contradict it. Mr. Crockett next proceeded to read the rake-off agreement between Mayes and McAvity, an undisputed document signed by both, when Mr. Emerson objected that it was irrelevant. Sir Wilfrid Laurier joined in, and Speaker Marcell shut out further discussion of the McAvity rake-off, by ruling it out of order. This was a happy solution for the Minister of Public Works. Mr. Gathrie on the government side had moved an amendment to Dr. Reid's resolution setting forth that the government had done all that was necessary to safeguard tenders. The opposition was ready to divide on the first day of the debate and again on the second, but the government side talked it out, and had the House twice adjourned.

### SIR RICHARD'S APOLOGIES.

In the Senate the debate on the address brought out a strong speech from Senator Longueue, showing how a government that promised economy was increasing the expenditure and piling up debt. He discussed I. C. Railway finance, recalled the ridiculously mistaken estimates of the cost of the Transcontinental, and demanded an extension of the Cassels' inquiry into other departments. Sir Richard Cartwright, who succeeds Mr. Scott as leader of the Senate, gave long and involved explanations of increased expenditure and debt, but admitted in the end that the time had come to call a halt, promised economy for the future, confessed that the Intercolonial was a bad problem, and declared that the officials found guilty by Judge Cassels would be punished. He proposed no punishment for the ministers responsible for the misconduct of the departments, nor even for the favoured contractors who had distributed money among public officers.

### A GLOOMY INTERCOLONIAL RECORD.

The Minister of Railways has given a statement of receipts and working expenses of the Intercolonial for eight months, April to November last, leaving four months of the fiscal year to be added.

Earnings were	\$5,976,433.88
Expenses were	6,313,732.46
Deficit	337,298.61
In the same 8 months of 1907:	
Earnings were	\$6,439,174.38
Expenses were	6,061,007.70
Surplus	378,166.68
Change for the worse	715,465.29

This is for eight months, and indicates a deficit of over \$1,000,000, as the surplus was only \$16,000 last year. It is an election year deficit, the returns showing increased expenditure throughout the year, though less work was done and less freight handled. This loss cannot be explained by low freight rates, as there was no decrease of rates in 1908.

### AN UNFORTUNATE LOAN.

The word is that Mr. Fielding's \$30,000,000 loan has fallen flat in London. It was freely advertised, and no doubt the commissions paid will be very large, but the public took only 41 per cent of the amount, leaving 59 per cent, on the hands of the under-writers. Yet this is a 3 1/2 per cent loan offered at a discount. It is a contrast to the days when and before Mr. Fielding took office and loans at 3 per cent were over-subscribed. A leading London paper says the loan is a great disappointment. But the Finance Minister has the proud announcement made that his \$30,000,000 loan was the largest that any colonial government has ever tried to float. Mr. Fielding is the greatest borrower that has been.

### A GOOD SURRENDER.

Once more the government has surrendered to an opposition demand. The Minister of Marine announces that steps are taken to cancel the exclusive fishing concessions given for Great Slave Lake (10,917 square miles) and Nelson River, and part of Hudson Bay, all for \$10 a year. Also the exclusive rights in Lake Athabaska and Lesser Slave Lake (3,492 square miles) at \$10 a year. Also the

(Continued on fourth page.)

## YOUR DANGER BEGINS WHEN YOUR BACK ACHES.

It is the First and the Sure Sign of Kidney Disease.

### Doan's Kidney Pills

cure the aching back by curing the aching kidneys beneath—for it is really the kidneys aching and not the back.

They act directly on the kidneys and make them strong and healthy, thereby causing pure blood to circulate throughout the whole system.

Doan's Kidney Pills are 50 cents per box or 3 boxes for \$1.25 at all dealers or mailed direct on receipt of price by The Doan Kidney Pill Co., Toronto, Ont.

### MISCELLANEOUS

Everybody admits the business outlook is bright. And when everybody feels that way business is bound to be good.

A good many people are now convinced that wireless telegraphy is a success.

Toronto is 75 years old the month after next, and don't look it.

Every man thinks the other man's business is nine-tenths profit, and it is really true if the other man is a milliner.

### Sprained Arm.

Mary Ovington, Jasper, Ont., writes:—"My mother had a badly sprained arm. Nothing we used did her any good. Then father got Haggard's Yellow Oil and it cured mother's arm in a few days." Price 25c.

Master—"I'm sorry to hear, Pat, that your wife is dead."

Patrick—"Faith an' 'tis a sad day for us all, sir. The band that rocked the cradle has kicked the bucket."

Minard's Liniment used by Physicians.

### Muscular Rheumatism.

Mr H. Wilkinson, Stratford, Ont., says:—"It affords me much pleasure to say that I experienced great relief from Muscular Rheumatism by using two boxes of Milburn's Rheumatic Pills. Price a box 50c."

The captain of a certain yacht had evinced an anxiety touching a mishap to the craft that at once attracted the attention of a fair passenger on board.

What's the trouble, captain?" asked she.

"The fact is, ma'am," was the response, "our rudder's broken."

"Oh, I shouldn't worry about that said the lady. Being under the water nearly all the time, no one will notice that it's gone."

Sweating and spitting are practices which should be banished from the street.

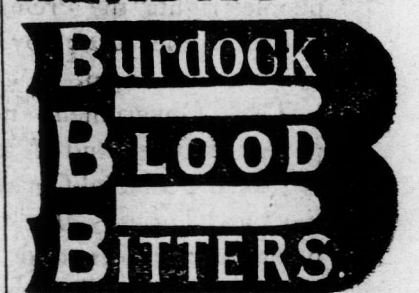
The man who is aware of his ignorance knows a whole lot more than some people, and he stands a better chance of making good.

Minard's Liniment cures Distemper.

Jones—"Why can't a woman keep a secret."

Smith—"For one or two reasons—either it is not worth keeping, or else it is too good to keep."

### HEADACHE.



What Medical Skill Could Not Do Was Accomplished with Burdock Blood Bitters.

If you are troubled with Headache do not hesitate to use B.B.B. It is no new product, of unknown value, but has an established reputation.

### COULD NOT WORK.

Miss Marjorie Wright, Manistee, N.B., writes:—"I was sick and run down, would have Headache, a bitter taste in my mouth, finding specks before my eyes and pain in my back. I was not able to do any house work at all and could not sleep. I consulted several doctors but they did not help. I was getting no better, when I got a bottle of Burdock Blood Bitters and after a few days I was able to do my work."