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BASKET BATHS AND BOXES, 12c each; two thousand 11-quart boxes, 10c each; quantity of covers, 5c dozen. Wagstaff, Limited, Maple avenue, city.

FIRST CLASS MILCH COW FOR SALE. 207 Sherman avenue south.

BARGAIN IN PLAYER PIANO—ALL LATEST improvements; regular price \$490, for cash; suitable terms. Established 1892. J. J. Baine, Pianos and real estate, John street south, near Post Office.

WOOD MANTLES, GRATES, FENDERS, etc. Choice granite, monumental, Middleton, Marble and Granite Co., Limited, Furness & Eastman, managers, 202 King east.

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BELLS, BELLS, BELLS FOR BICYCLES; a very fine assortment and very low prices at Westwood Cycle Works, adjoining new annex.

QUARTER CORD DRY MIXED WOOD for \$1.00. Kelley's Wood Yard, also carpenter, corner Catcart and Canosa streets.

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PATENTS—SEND FOR FREE BOOKLET on Patents. Ben B. Farnett, Ottawa, Ont., near Patent Office.

MISCELLANEOUS

GET THE BEST—THE SEMI-WEEKLY Times. \$1.00 per annum in Canada or Great Britain.

THE JOHNSON TRANSFER AND FURNITURE MOVING CO. pianos moved; distance no object; packing, crating or storage; packing single or double. Terms for moving \$1.00 per hour for two men; 75c for one man. Estimate free. Edwin Johnson, prop. Telephone 3025. 544 Hughson street, north.

SEE MISS PARGETER'S FINE STOCK OF hats; one glance will convince you. Finest French, German and English goods; also American novelties and latest device transformations. Ladies' curls, wavy switches, pompadour fronts. Headquarters for theatrical wigs, etc. Remember the place, 197 King street west, above Park.

DENTAL

DR. CLAPTON, DENTIST, ROOM 40, Federal Life Bldg. Phone 204.

DR. J. L. KAPPEL, DENTIST, ROOM 25, Federal Life Building. Phone 3007.

DR. H. M. MORROW, DENTIST, 654 King street west. Successor to Dr. Burt, Phone 1072.

REMOVAL—DR. BRIGGS, DENTIST, HAS removed his office from 23 King street west to Cor. King and West avenue. Telephone 2596.

DR. M. F. BINKLEY, DENTIST, PRICES reduced to working classes. ARTIFICIAL TEETH receiving special consideration. MATERIAL AND WORKMANSHIP no better to be had at any price. Office, 17 1/2 King street east, Hamilton.

DR. JAMES F. McDONALD, DENTIST, Crossman's Hall, 67 James street north. Telephone 1908.

TOBACCO STORE

J. L. ANDERSON, TOBACCO, CIGARS, pipes, billiard parlor. 221 York street.

LEGAL

FRINGLE, BARRISTERS, B. solicitors, etc. Office, Federal Life Building, fourth floor. James and Main.

HENRY CARPENTER, BARRISTER, solicitor, etc. Money to loan on real estate at lowest rates. Office, Room 4, Federal Life Building.

WILLIAM H. WARDROPE, K. C. BARRISTER, solicitor, notary public. Office, Federal Life Building. Money to loan at lowest rates of interest.

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C. LEMON, BARRISTER, ATTORNEY, notary. Office, No. 32 1/2 Hughson street south. N. B.—Money to loan on real estate.

FUEL FOR SALE

FOR SALE—CHOICE KINDLING WOOD; best in city. Ontario Box Co., 102 Main east.

Synopsis of Canadian North-west Land Regulations.

ANY person who is the sole head of a family, or any male over 18 years old, may homestead a quarter-section of available Dominion land in Manitoba, Saskatchewan or Alberta. The applicant must appear in person at the Dominion Land Agency or Sub-Agency of the district. Entry by proxy may be made at any agency, on certain conditions, by father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister of intending homesteader.

Duties—Six months' residence upon and cultivation of the land in each of three years. A homesteader may live within nine miles of his homestead on a farm of at least 80 acres solely owned and occupied by him or by his father, mother, son, daughter, brother or sister.

In certain conditions a homesteader in good standing may pre-empt a quarter-section alongside his homestead. Price \$3.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of six years from date of homesteaded entry (including the time required to earn homestead patent) and cultivate fifty acres extra. A homesteader who has exhausted the homestead right and cannot obtain a pre-emption may take a purchased homestead in certain districts. Price \$2.00 per acre. Duties—Must reside six months in each of three years, cultivate fifty acres and erect a house worth \$300.00.

W. W. CORY, Deputy of the Minister of the Interior, N. B.—Unauthorized publication of this advertisement will not be paid for.

Show Cases—Counters—Desks

Buy of the Manufacturers NEWBIGGING CABINET CO., Ltd. 164 King West. Phone 961.

THE LIVERPOOL & LONDON & GLOBE INSURANCE COMPANY

CRERAR & BURKHOLDER, 42 Federal Building. Phone 610. House 278.

If You Want the News Read the Times

PERSONAL

SEND YOUR FRIENDS THE SEMI-WEEKLY Times. All Hamilton and surrounding country areas. \$1.00 per annum to any place in Canada or Great Britain.

PHOTO SUPPLIES

STANLEY PLATER, 24 x 4 1/2, 20 PER DOZEN; 4 x 5, 35c; 5 x 7, 55c. Seymour, 7 John street north.

Time Ads Bring Results

Call for letters in boxes 1, 4, 8, 9, 11, 13, 16, 19, 20, 27, 32, 55

SCRAP BOOK POETRY

CUDDLE DOON. The bairnies cuddle doon at night. 'Tis mickle fauch an' din. 'Oh, try and sleep, ye waukrise rougies, Your father's comin' in. They never heed a word I speak; I try to gie a frown. But aye I hap them up an' cry, 'Oh, bairnies, cuddle doon.'

Wee Jamie w' the curly head— He aye sleeps next the wa'. Bangs up an' cries, "I want a piece"— The rec'al starts them a'. 'An' Rab' an' fetch them pieces, drunks; They stop awae and snore. Then draw the blankets up an' cry, "Noo, weanies, cuddle doon."

At length they hear their father's fit. 'An' as he steeks the door They turn their faces to the wa'. While Tam pretends to snore. "Hae a' the weans been gud'?" As he pits off his shoon. "The bairnies, John, are in their beds, An' lang since cuddle doon."

An' just afore we bed oursel's, We look at our wee lambs; Tam has his arm round the wa'. Rab's neck, An' Rab' his arm round Tam's. I lift wee Jamie up the bed. 'An' as I stirk each croon, I whisper, "Oh my heart fills up, 'Oh, bairnies, cuddle doon.'"

The bairnies cuddle doon at night. We mirth that's dear to me; But sense the big war's ear an' care Will quaten doon their glee. Yet come what will to like ane, May He who sits above, Aye whisper, though their paws be bauld, "Oh, bairnies, cuddle doon." —Alexander Anderson.

WAS NEWS TO HIM. Mr. McNicholl Knows Nothing of Deal Between C.P.R. and C.N.R.

Montreal, July 27.—"This is the first I have heard of it," was the laconic remark of Mr. David McNicholl, vice-president of the C. P. R., this morning, when shown a report from Toronto announcing that arrangements have been completed by which the Canadian Northern Railway secures running rights over the C. P. R. from Sudbury to Port Arthur.

Our Popular West Mount Survey of Choice Home-Sites. West Mount lots are selling rapidly. Why? Because the location and price cannot be duplicated. If you want an investment or home-site buy now before prices are advanced. Our City Office Will be Open From 9 to 12 o'clock. Our Branch Office, Corner Aberdeen and Flatt Avenues, Will be Open Evenings Only From 6.30 to 8 o'clock. H. H. Davis, Manager, Phone 685. W. D. Flatt, Room 15, Federal Life.

That Gas Range Question. Ever strike you that cooking with gas is not only the quickest and coolest way but is also the cheapest? Yes. Artificial Gas is more economical than any hard fuel on the market to-day. And this week we are going to make it easy for you to secure that gas range—have reduced our latest and best type to \$17.00. FREE—With every purchase a handsome kitchen lamp is given and installed free. Phone No. 89 to-day. Our representative will call. HAMILTON GAS LIGHT COMPANY, PARK STREET NORTH.

Harper's Corners. The farmers have had a wet time for haying, but the rains have been a great blessing to the country, as they have improved the spring crops wonderfully, and also the fall wheat, which the farmers are busy harvesting. It is turning out well in the sheaf. The Bell Telephone Company has quite a number of men improving the line through this part by putting on cross arms and more wires. The Westwood company is also busy erecting poles through this vicinity. The Nelson company is also coming to the neighborhood. Mrs. Joseph Boyle is very ill.

Harrisburg. Mrs. J. Carroll and daughter, formerly of this place, but now of Hamilton, are spending a few days this week with friends in the village. Mrs. Geo. Braithwait, of the American Hotel here was the guest of her parents, in Galt, a few days last week. Mr. Frank Vrooman spent Sunday with friends in Hamilton and Waterdown. Mr. and Mrs. John Smith, of Cainsville, was visiting friends in the village on Sunday last. Mr. W. Walker, Toledo, is spending a few weeks the guest of her parents, here. Mr. and Mrs. Weir, of Paris, were the guests of Mr. W. Murry on Sunday last. Miss Nellie Wilson, of Galt, is spending a few weeks with friends in the village. Miss Bertha Card, who has been spending her holidays at her home here, left on Wednesday to resume her situation in Hamilton.

MURDER IN COURT. Arkansas Millionaire's Nephew Shot His Opponent. Little Rock, Ark., July 27.—Suit for possession of a child reached a dramatic conclusion at a conference of the principals in the suit in the circuit court room late to-day, when A. Y. Ellis, nephew of John D. Rockefeller, a millionaire lumber dealer, of Pine Bluff, Ark., shot and killed Nathaniel Parker Willis, of Indianapolis, Ind., a prominent business man and politician, father of the child and former husband of Mrs. Ellis. The suit-at-law was terminated yesterday, Judge Fulk instructing that the child be surrendered by Mrs. Ellis to the custody of Willis. To-day's conference was to arrange the details. Those participating were Willis and Ellis, the latter's wife, divorced from Willis some years ago; United States Senator Jeff Davis, who appeared as attorney for Ellis, and Judge Fulk. Arrangements were being made when Ellis fired over the shoulder of Senator Davis at Willis. A court attaché struck his arm as he fired, however, and the bullet went wild. Willis ran from the room with Ellis in close pursuit, the latter firing again when he reached a doorway, inflicting a wound from the effects of which Willis died within ten minutes.

MILLS BURNED. Many Workers Thrown Out of Employment Near Peterboro'. Peterboro, Ont., July 27.—This morning Peterboro had the only two considerable fires in several years. About 130 the saw and shingle mills of the Peterboro Lumber Company, on Burnham's Point, were discovered to be on fire, originating from a cause unknown, in vicinity of the company's steam pump and hose. The place being difficult of access to the fire engine, the mills were burned and two C. P. R. cars on the siding. The loss is estimated at \$75,000, besides the loss of business, the company having eight million feet of logs to cut. Some 25 men were thrown out of employment. Almost simultaneously, a fire broke out in a large warehouse at the corner of Bethune and Simcoe streets, occupied by Florence & Co., junk dealers. The building and contents were destroyed.

ALONE AT DEATH'S DOOR. Old Lady Living Alone at St. Catharines Overcome With Gas. St. Catharines, July 27.—Mrs. Smith, an old lady residing alone on the Geneva Terrace, was discovered almost dead by a couple of men who, receiving no response to their knocks, had entered her house through a window. She had lighted a coal fire and the gas had evidently overcome her. At first it was thought the old lady was dead, and a coroner's jury was notified, but with the assistance of Dr. Jessop, Mrs. Smith was brought to. She is still in a precarious condition, however. The old lady had not been seen by neighbors since Sunday last.

Atlantic City Excursion. \$11.00 round trip from Suspension Bridge, via Lehigh Valley Railroad, Friday, July 30th; tickets good 15 days. Particulars, 54 King street east, Toronto.

CASTORIA. The Kind You Have Always Bought. Signature of J. C. Watson.

CASTORIA. A cubic foot of gold weighs 1,210 pounds; silver, 655 pounds.

Clemenceau the Defeated Premier. M. Clemenceau, France's defeated prime minister, made his first bow to the public as Minister in his sixty-fifth year. He was described at the time by a writer in Harper's Weekly, as Clemenceau, the king maker. It was he who put Carnot into the Presidency, on the fall of M. Jules Grevy, whom he himself had pulled down. It was he who brought about the election of M. Loubet. He once confessed to a friend that he himself could not remember how many Ministers he had driven out of office, but many individual Ministers had deprived of their portfolios. For instance, it was he who upset Jules Grevy, "the man of Tonkin," it was he who drove Gen. Boulanger out of office, when it was found that "the man on horseback" was trying to bring back the Bourbons as Gen. Monk had brought back Charles II, of England. And M. Clemenceau, "threw" at least three times, to say nothing of lesser antagonists, disposed of. Hardly less picturesque is the figure he makes as a duelist. He is one of the finest swordsmen in France and has been principal in a dozen notable duels and second in as many more. It was he who supported M. Floquet in his duel with Gen. Boulanger when the first warrior of France came within an ace of being killed by the elderly warrior. A dozen years earlier he had stood second to Gambetta in the famous duel which grew out of Marshal MacMahon's attempt to bring back the Bourbons.

Georges Clemenceau is a true son of the French Revolution. His father was imprisoned by Napoleon III, at the time of the coup d'etat which destroyed the Second Republic. Georges Clemenceau himself was arrested and imprisoned, ten years later, for crying "Vive le Republicain!" at a demonstration on the anniversary of the revolution. This was in 1861. On his release he took up the study of medicine. He was the doctorate examining a strong and noteworthy thesis, "On the Generation of the Anatomical Elements." Instead of taking up practice, young Clemenceau elected to spend some years in travel in the lands of liberty, and after the American civil war visited the United States, remaining until the Prussian invasion and Sedan tumbled Napoleon III. from his throne.

Very dramatic is the next change of scene. From the midst of his pastoral life by the shore of the Sound, we find Jim suddenly transported within the walls of Paris, hemmed in by the Prussian armies. His old friend, Arago, very influential in the government that deposed Napoleon III, who was organizing armed resistance to Bismarck and Moltke, had him appointed mayor of the Eighteenth Electoral District, arrondissement of Paris, the quarter of Montmartre. This district was one of twenty in the city, and Clemenceau had about 150,000 to care for during the siege, for whose relief he made a strong and effective official, and even in those early days waged a campaign for the separation of Church and State in France.

Spring saw the siege over, the Prussian armies gone and the government of M. Thiers installed at Versailles. There was an initial concubination between the government and the popular feeling of Paris over the national cannon on the hill of Montmartre, and two French Generals, Thomas and Lecomte, were shot by the populace.

Clemenceau did everything in his power to save their lives, and for nearly two hours ran the gauntlet of the mob in a heroic effort to stop the execution of the generals; he was too late, however, and only by a miracle escaped a like fate himself. That long struggle through the howling and frenzied mob he has called his "Way of Calvary."

Next we see him standing for home rule for Paris against the national government at Versailles, and appealing to President Thiers, but appealing in vain, for the rights of his beloved city. The refusal of the Versailles government was a prime cause of the uprising of the Commune and the civil disorders that filled the spring months of 1871.

Again, we find Clemenceau denounced by the Commune and in danger of arrest and violent death. And later, in 1876, we find him in yet a new role, pleading for amnesty for the Communards, 50,000 of whom had been imprisoned, while twice that number were in exile.

After the invasion and the Commune came the long parliamentary struggle, when for eighteen years no Ministry lasted more than a few months. Clemenceau's integrity and force brought about many a sudden transformation in this time of change. The chief cause of this extreme instability was the fact that the French Chamber contained no less than seven parties and by a sudden alliance between two or three of them a large majority might melt away in an hour.

Clemenceau was the ablest leader of the Radical Republicans, and his policy was entirely clear and practical. First, he stood for a realization of the hopes of the great French revolution, most of which had been thwarted by Napoleon I., or the restored Bourbons. He pointed out, in debate and in the press, that France was still living in the frame made by Napoleon I., and had not developed as a nation. There he stood for the assistance of French resources as against Ferry's wild schemes of colonial adventure in Tonkin, Madagascar, Tunis and Egypt.

Again, he consistently opposed the alliance between France and Russia, being too good a Republican to wish to see his beloved country bound to the destinies of a retrograde despotism. He strongly advocated such an understanding with England.

Yet perhaps the strongest claim of Clemenceau to the gratitude of his country and the admiration of the world is the splendid stand he made for justice and the honor of France in the famous Dreyfus case, when, for month after month, he wrote ringing articles in defence of Dreyfus, calling for justice against conspiracy and organized betrayal.

In the scandals which grew out of the Panama Canal, Clemenceau was himself fiercely assailed, and forgery and conspiracy were freely used against him in the Chamber, in the press and in the courts. There are few finer scenes in modern history than that of the Chamber of Deputies, when Paul Deroude stood up in the tribune to denounce Clemenceau, and in denouncing, in spite of his passion of hatred and torrent of invective, little by little revealed the weakness of his case, and finally, shamed and put in confusion, almost fled from the tribune and the Chamber, while Clemenceau, who had still as a statue from the beginning, burst into Homeric laughter.

From 1893 to 1903 Clemenceau was out of politics. He wrote many brilliant articles—a work on the philosophy of nature, "Great Pan," and a novel of social life, "The Strongest," a play laid at the court of China, and some admirable criticisms. Then, in 1903 he was returned to the Senate, this spring he took a portfolio in the Sarrien Ministry, and a little later, became Prime Minister.

CLAIMS ALIMONY. Mrs. Helen McCully Will Apply For Order. Toronto, July 28.—An application will be made on Thursday next to Mr. Justice Britton, on behalf of Mrs. Helen E. McCully, for an order directing her husband, Dr. Samuel E. McCully, M. D., formerly of Toronto, but now of Dallas, Texas, to pay Mrs. McCully \$25 a week interim alimony.

According to the papers filed in connection with the partition, the parties were married in 1875, and there were three children, a son and two daughters, born to them. In 1895 Dr. McCully left his family in Canada and removed to the United States. In July, 1906, Miss Mary B. McCully, their eldest daughter, was drowned at Muskoka, leaving a farm at Scarborough, worth about \$7,000, which she had inherited from a grand-aunt shortly before her own death.

Some time ago Dr. McCully applied for letters of administration in his daughter's estate, but his wife and the two surviving children took the necessary steps to oppose his application before the Surrogate judge.

Mrs. McCully says in her affidavit that after settling in the United States her husband purported to marry another lady, and the latter having died he again entered upon marital relations with a third, who is now living with him. Notwithstanding these conjugal excursions of Dr. McCully, Mrs. McCully claims that she is still his legitimate wife and entitled to support.

HEN PROSPECTOR. It Dug Up Plate and Jewels Valued at \$11,000. New York, July 27.—The goose that laid the golden egg will have to give way to a New Jersey hen, a common, ordinary, every-day fowl, the property of William M. Skinner, which yesterday with many a cluck and cackle scratched up \$11,000 worth of jewels and plate from under the front porch of the Skinner home at Lakewood, and would not leave the henables until they were gathered together and stowed safely within the Skinner home.

Last April Mr. Skinner's home was robbed of every trinket the family owned. There seemed to be no trace of the thief. The police were without clues. None of it turned up at pawnshops, and the officers were puzzled. Mr. Skinner offered a reward of \$1,000, but the gems were not returned. Yesterday little Charles Goldstein, son of a neighbor, ran in with a ring—one of the stolen articles—and said the old red hen was making a terrible fuss over a hole she was digging. When Skinner went out the hen was sticking with pride over a mass of glittering gems—the Skinner jewels.

Mr. Skinner will pension the bird for life. FOUR YEARS ASLEEP. Veteran Started on Same Road as Rip Van Winkle. New York, July 27.—A despatch to the Herald from Lockport, N. Y., says: Reuben Wood, a veteran of the civil war, a member of the Fourteenth Heavy Artillery and the Fifty-fifth Infantry, relates a marvellous experience. At Antietam he was wounded in the head and a silver plate was inserted in the frontal bone. He was an inmate of the Soldiers' Home at Bath, and in May, 1905, started for Hampton Roads. At Waverly his silver plate dropped down on his brain, and he fell into a sleep which lasted four years. He had troubled dreams through the long slumber, and at times he thought enemies were trying to arouse him. Several times he heard the call to arms, but was unable to get his eyes open, and something seemed to pinion his arms. He told a surgeon of the silver plate in his head, and the plate was lifted by the surgeon and fastened in place with gold threads, and Wood immediately recovered his normal condition. He is on his way to Buffalo to present his papers and collect back pension due him since 1905.

Boston appropriates \$100,000 this year for public playgrounds.