

## CHIGNECTO POST AND BORDER.

SACKVILLE, N. B., APRIL 16, 1885.

—Mr. J. S. Boies De Veber has been elected Mayor of St. John by acclamation.

—Queen Victoria, who is now in France, has cabled an enquiry concerning the health of General Grant.

—The Emperor of Germany is said to be very anxious concerning the relations between England and Russia.

—The Mahdi has gone to El Obeid, leaving an Emir to govern Khartoum. The rebellion against the Mahdi is spreading.

—Mr. C. B. Lugin has been appointed Secretary to the Board of Agriculture, vice Mr. Julius I. Inches, whose resignation was asked for.

—Dr. Jenkins, M. P., in a letter to the *Charlottetown Herald*, says that a steamer will surely be put on at the Cape and the "Northern Light" will run between Georgetown and Pictou.

—We learn from a private letter that Lieut. Morrow, of the 10th Royal Grenadiers, who was wounded in the cars, while on his way to the front, by the accidental discharge of a revolver, has reached his home in Toronto where he lies in a precarious state.

—Senator Howland proposes to solve the problem of continuous steam communication between Prince Edward Island and the mainland by constructing a tunnel between Cape Traverse and Cape Tormentine. The plans and profiles for the undertaking have been favorably reported upon by Mr. Vernon Smith, C. E., and the estimated cost is two million dollars.

—The Burland-Judah case, which has excited great interest in Montreal, was finished last week, and Henry Judah, Q. C., was sentenced to six months imprisonment for obtaining money under false representations. He had obtained \$25,000 from G. B. Burland on a real estate, which he represented as his exclusive property, when in fact, three-eighths of the property belonged to his daughter.

—A member of the P. E. Legislature, Mr. Farquharson, was charged in the House of Assembly last week with declaring that he hoped "thousands of Fenians would cross the border into Canada, join the rebels, and sweep the country," and that if he were among them he "would not mind firing a few shots himself." Mr. Farquharson did not deny the impropriety nor make any explanation. It is probable, however, that he will be sorry to hear the words before the next election is over.

—The visit of the Prince and Princess of Wales to Ireland has up to the present time been much more successful than was generally anticipated. The febrile kind-heartedness of the average Irishman has found expression in an outburst of loyalty which the utmost efforts of the Nationalist leaders have been powerless to prevent, and which tends to show that the existing disaffection has been greatly exaggerated. The attempts at opposition have only served to show the strength of the loyalists and the results are calculated to make the leading agitators doubt the hold they have upon the masses. The royal visitors are delighted with the cordiality of their reception, and the Prince of Wales says that both he and the Princess hope in the future to spend many happy days in Ireland.

—There are three candidates in the field for the representation of Kings County in the Local Parliament, viz. Dr. Taylor, Mr. E. R. McLeod, and Mr. William Pugsley Jr. All are believed to be friendly to the Government. Mr. Pugsley, who is a rising barrister, has issued a card which seems to have the true ring. He proclaims himself in favor of an elective Legislative Council, the extension of the franchise, and a complete overhauling of our whole system of legal procedure. "I am not," he asserts, "a too expensive and too tedious, and, being a successful lawyer himself, he probably knows what he is talking about. Mr. Pugsley is in favor of the Torrens system of conveyancing, and is decidedly opposed to the removal of the Stock Farm. Dr. Taylor is president of the Liberal Conservative Association of Kings County.

—Mr. J. L. Inches has been invited by the Local Government to vacate the Secretaryship for Agriculture and has accepted the call. Mr. Charles J. Lugin, recently editor of the *Daily Telegraph*, and still later of the *Fredericton Gleaser*, has been appointed his successor. Mr. Inches was rather a violent supporter of the late Government, and when they went out, Mr. Inches went over the fence very suddenly and worshipped the new god. As he set his heart on the high post in preference to political independence, we do not know that he can to-day claim the crown of martyrdom for political principle. The Post has always insisted that the Secretaryship, as well as the entire control of agricultural matters, ought to be handed over by Mr. Blair and his colleagues to the farmers themselves; if upon them rests the prosperity and well fare of the state, they can surely be entrusted with the management of the department that represents their interests. We therefore do not congratulate the Government in its selection of a successor; our objection to Mr. Lugin is that while he is a clever and well read man, he is neither a farmer himself nor the nominee of the farmers.

## THE GRIT PRESS AND THE REBELLION.

One of the saddest features in connection with the trouble in the North-West is the eagerness with which the Opposition papers have sought to make political capital out of every incident relating to the rebellion. From the very moment that the news of the uprising was received efforts have constantly been made, to show that the Government was to blame for the disturbance, that the Half-breeds were justified in rebelling and that a different line of action on the part of the authorities would have prevented any outbreak. Governor Dewdney, because he happened to be governor of the North-West, has had the rebellion laid to his charge, although there is not a shadow of evidence against him. But the fiercest attacks have been made upon Sir John Macdonald, who has been persistently blamed for all the trouble with the Half-breeds and who is held directly responsible for the uprising. The management of the campaign against the rebels has been subjected to the harshest criticism. The Government has been severely censured for not asking the authorities at Washington to permit the troops to be forwarded through the United States. The honorable and praiseworthy act of Lord Malmind in volunteering for active service has failed to meet the approval of the Grit press, and his appointment as second in command to General Middleton has been represented as a decided slight upon the Canadian officers. Even his war record is denied, and despite his eighteen years of active service in the regular army, his only claim to military consideration is said to be that he held a position in the Essexborough, England, volunteers. Instead of congratulating the Government upon securing the services of such an experienced and efficient officer, the acceptance of his aid in fighting the rebels is made the occasion for the pitiful sneer that our Ottawa rulers dearly love a lord. Under the pretence of the deepest anxiety for the welfare of our troops, the Government is censured for not providing them with arms to which they are not accustomed, when the critics know that to procure such arms would cause a delay which might be attended with the most serious consequences. In short, every act of the Government since the outbreak of the rebellion has been the subject of animadversion, and in some mysterious way the premier is even held accountable for the unusually severe weather which caused so much suffering to our troops while passing the unfinished gaps in the Canada Pacific Railway. History may be searched in vain to find a parallel for the course pursued in this matter by the Opposition press, and under such unparliamentary teaching it is not strange that there should be some skulkers among the militia. It speaks well for the loyalty of our people that so little effect has been produced by the unparliamentary conduct of the Grit papers and their daily diatribes against the Government.

A brief consideration of the charges preferred against the Ministry reveals clearly the frivolous character of the criticisms and the insincerity of those who are making political capital out of the rebellion. Sir John Macdonald is held responsible for the present uprising, because Riel was paid to leave the country at the time of the former rebellion. At that time Riel was still at large and in a position to do a vast amount of mischief. He was induced to leave the Dominion and was restored to Mr. Blake, who was then, as now, in opposition, offered a reward of \$5,000 for the capture of Riel and denounced the murder of Scott in terms of impassioned eloquence. A few years later, Mr. Blake had a chance to prove his sincerity. Riel was elected a member of the Parliament of which Mr. Mackenzie was premier. He came to Ottawa, signed the roll of the House, was paid his mileage, and remained week after week, in the House, until Mr. Blake took no steps to have him arrested. Finally, Riel was induced to leave the country, and the next year the same Government, without a word of dissent from Mr. Blake, passed a resolution condemning all past offences on the condition that Riel should stay five years in the United States; and even that condition was thought unnecessary by a number of the Quebec liberals.

The other charges against the Government have even less foundation than the one concerning the amnesty of Riel. The wisdom with which the affairs of the North-West have been managed is proved by the fact that the Indian tribes, who have been quarrelling among themselves from time immemorial, have lived in peace until now since they have been taken under the charge of the Government, and even at present very few of their number have joined the rebellion. In the United States, where the expenditure of money for the benefit of the native tribes has been far greater in proportion, Indian wars and outbreaks have been of frequent occurrence. As long ago as 1870, Mr. Miller, who was Mr. Mackenzie's Minister of the Interior, predicted that the supply of buffalo would at an early day be exhausted and that serious complications would then arise. The fact that the predicted danger has been averted until now scarcely be regarded as a proof of the mismanagement of our western frontier.

The attempt to prejudice the public against the Government for not applying for permission to send the troops through American territory is, perhaps, the most unreasonable objection to Mr. Lugin's charges, and is a clever and well read man, he is neither a farmer himself nor the nominee of the farmers.

—Perfect soundness of body and mind is possible only with pure blood. Leading medical authorities insist that Sarsaparilla is the best blood-purifying medicine in existence. It vastly increases the working and productive powers of both hand and brain.

—Dyspepsia in its worst forms will yield to the use of Carter's Little Liver Pills. They not only relieve present distress but strengthen the stomach and digestive apparatus.

## Our Halifax Letter.

HALIFAX, April 14.—The departure of three hundred and fifty men from this city to the North-West was made the occasion of a great demonstration. The population of Halifax is 36,000, (last census) of these, 9,000 are too young to go out in the crowded street. There were about 16,000 persons at the station when the train went out, and about that number in the streets when the boys marched by. The other 9,000 had, no doubt, good reasons for not going out. It may be assumed that 4,000 were too weak, or fat, or old, that 1,000 were too lazy, that 3,000 had to stay home to take care of the baby, that 350 stayed home to cry, 200 to get tea ready, 100 because they could not find a place to go, and for the other 350—they were the fellows that went to the war.

Never was there so much shouting, so much enthusiasm, so little drinking, swearing or lying. It was a grand display of the power of the law. Now, the mothers and sisters and sweethearts and wives, even the harder hearted fathers and brothers buy the morning and evening paper as soon as they can get it. They read it one before breakfast and the other before tea. They were never so interested in the news before. A lady I know, whose only son has gone, bore up well when he went away. She said she hoped he would come back safe and she did hope that they would give him enough to eat in that horrid country. This morning's telegraph says the boys got only one meal yesterday, and the poor mother broke down. She could have stood it to hear that he was feeling 100 pounds heavier, and taking the grips with the venerable chief who, though killed in six ways at Duck Lake, still lives and fights. Be ready to wit. But to go all day on one meal!

Of the war there is nothing exciting. The Legislature told on last week a revision was made in the grants to academics. The bill was Dr. Allison's and passed through without much trouble. A foolish little fellow has been the order of the day at the beginning of this week. The bill does not extend the franchise to any great extent. It merely appropriates the property owner's sons clause, and the promoters of the law. The Opposition offered an amendment like that proposed by D. L. Hamilton in your N. B. Legislature. Only one supporter of the Government was ready to vote against the property owner's sons clause. Mr. Mack spoke and voted for the amendment. Mr. Mc Coy, Mr. Haley, Mr. Robichau and one or two others spoke for the amendment but voted against it. The Nova Scotia franchise bill was passed by the Legislature. The Government offered an amendment like that proposed by D. L. Hamilton in your N. B. Legislature. Only one supporter of the Government was ready to vote against the property owner's sons clause. Mr. Mack spoke and voted for the amendment. Mr. Mc Coy, Mr. Haley, Mr. Robichau and one or two others spoke for the amendment but voted against it.

Some startling evidence in the Eastern Extension Railway investigation was given this, Tuesday, evening. Mr. C. C. Gregory was summoned as evidence. He was the builder of the greater part of the railway and was supposed to know well what the greater part of the line cost. His statement was that he had, in 1882, made a careful estimate of the cost of the line and had concluded that the sum was \$580,000. This did not include interest, legal expenses, nor Sir Hugh Allan's salary. The Government engineer has sworn that the net interest allowed was less than a hundred thousand. The other items mentioned would bring the figures up to \$700,000. The Government paid the Company, as you know, \$1,200,000, leaving the Company richer by \$500,000 than they would have been if the arbitration had been properly conducted and completed. The Government has now been proved wrong. The Government engineer has sworn that the net interest allowed was less than a hundred thousand. The other items mentioned would bring the figures up to \$700,000. The Government paid the Company, as you know, \$1,200,000, leaving the Company richer by \$500,000 than they would have been if the arbitration had been properly conducted and completed.

THE subscriber offers for sale his Farm at Port Elgin. For further particulars apply on the premises. JAMES DOYLE. Port Elgin, April 14, 1885.

COWS, STEERS, HEIFERS, and a 3-year-old Alderney BULL will be sold at the residence of Mr. D. M. Bliss on THURSDAY, April 16th, at 8 o'clock P. M. Mr. Whitley, Westm'd, April 15.

Just Opened: A Large Stock of Spring Goods. 50 Suits for Men, 20 Suits for Boys; 8 Cases Boots and Shoes; 2 Cases Prints and Cambrics; 4 Cases Grey Cotton; 1 Case St. Croix Shirtings; 1 Large Assortment Dress Goods and Trimmings. Gent's Tweeds and Worsteds Coatings.

Small Pox! The Dread Disease at Memramcook! MEMRAMCOOK, April 14.—Edmond Belliveau, medical student, lies dangerously ill of small pox. Mr. Belliveau just returned from Montreal, where he has been pursuing his medical studies. Before leaving for home he visited his friend, Dr. Phyllis LeBlanc, of Fox Creek, who was then ill and who has the present of small pox, and it is supposed, contracted this disease from him. Great consternation prevails here, and between dread of the small pox and fear of the draft, the population is rapidly diminishing.

France and China. Paris, April 12.—Orders to cease hostilities have been issued to Admiral Courbet and Gen. De Lesle on 10th inst., though French troops are still embarking for Tonquin. A Haiphong despatch says that Gen. De Lesle attributes the recent events to the transfer of the command in Tonquin to the Negriers, who would be hands unprepared to undertake charge.

## War in the East.

## The Late Battle.

Gen. Komaroff has made detailed statement tending to show that the Afghans provoked the recent battle. The effect of this statement, however, has been weakened by reports from Austrian telegraph stations on the Russian frontier that Panjdeh was occupied by Col. Alikhanov on the 2nd inst. The Russian official state that Komaroff was obliged to occupy Panjdeh in order to stop the pillaging of the district by Turcomans and that the Afghans had threatened to resume offensive operations.

The London *Daily News* of the 13th inst. says: It is not likely that the Government will make any statement of its policy in Parliament to-night, but will simply announce the details of the despatching of the reserves. The *News* says if Gen. Komaroff's statement be correct, it is, of course, sufficient to remove all doubts as to the blame upon the Afghans.

A Bombay despatch of April 12th says: The British troops moving toward Herat are making rapid progress. The third and fourth army corps have been ordered to be placed on a war footing. Pure Bred Stock.—A Suggestion. Mr. Burrows: It has been suggested to the committee of the S. & W. Agricultural Society to hold the usual fair exhibition, but to take the money the Society annually paid in prizes and purchase pure bred stock. Existing a small amount of money, this society has not made any investments in stock for a long time, in fact since the Provincial Exhibition was held in Sackville. The heavy debt on the society, incurred at that time, has so hampered the Society that the directors have never felt justified in risking much in the importation of pure bred animals, and if it were not for private enterprise the importation of pure bred cattle of the different breeds in the district would have been very much less than it is now. The Holstein and the Red Norfolk are comparatively new breeds in this country, but from reports of both breeds it is quite certain that would make them especially valuable in the marsh district.

That an importation of new blood is required to improve our horses is conceded by all who have taken any interest in this kind of stock. I think I am safe in saying that never in the last twenty years have the farmers of these two parishes owned so much unsuitable property in horse, because of their unavailability for the market, as at the present time. The annual April meeting of the society will be held in Pointe du Lac, Monday, the 20th inst., and it will be important for the members generally to attend, as the committee would like to make a new departure of so radical a nature as doing away with the annual exportation of one year, without being sustained by a large majority of the society. ONE OF THE COMMITTEE.

Bright's Disease, Diabetic, Kidney, Liver or Urinary Diseases. Have no fear of any of these diseases if you use Hop Bitters, as they will prevent and cure the worst cases, even when you have been made worse by some great puffing up pretended cure.

Can Deafness be Cured? Mr. John Clark, of Millbridge, Ont., declares that, and that Haysard's Yellow Oil is the remedy that cured him. It is also a specific for all inflammation and pain.

The Secret Out. The secret of success of Burdock Blood Bitters is that it acts upon the bowels, the liver, the kidneys, the skin and the blood; removing obstructions and imparting health and vigor.

It is said by reliable persons that Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powder fed sparingly to laying hens will increase the quantity of eggs two-fold. Try it. It won't cost much. Don't throw away your money on the cheap packs.

THE ladies say that Philodermia is the next thing they ever used for the hands and complexion. PHILODERMIA is a sure cure for sun burn and prurient freckles.

BECKWITH & THOMAS, Barristers, Solicitors, &c., Main Street, Moncton, N. B. ROBERT BECKWITH, GEO. P. THOMAS. ap15-16

THE subscriber offers for sale his Farm at Port Elgin. For further particulars apply on the premises. JAMES DOYLE. Port Elgin, April 14, 1885.

COWS, STEERS, HEIFERS, and a 3-year-old Alderney BULL will be sold at the residence of Mr. D. M. Bliss on THURSDAY, April 16th, at 8 o'clock P. M. Mr. Whitley, Westm'd, April 15.

Just Opened: A Large Stock of Spring Goods. 50 Suits for Men, 20 Suits for Boys; 8 Cases Boots and Shoes; 2 Cases Prints and Cambrics; 4 Cases Grey Cotton; 1 Case St. Croix Shirtings; 1 Large Assortment Dress Goods and Trimmings. Gent's Tweeds and Worsteds Coatings.

Small Pox! The Dread Disease at Memramcook! MEMRAMCOOK, April 14.—Edmond Belliveau, medical student, lies dangerously ill of small pox. Mr. Belliveau just returned from Montreal, where he has been pursuing his medical studies. Before leaving for home he visited his friend, Dr. Phyllis LeBlanc, of Fox Creek, who was then ill and who has the present of small pox, and it is supposed, contracted this disease from him. Great consternation prevails here, and between dread of the small pox and fear of the draft, the population is rapidly diminishing.

France and China. Paris, April 12.—Orders to cease hostilities have been issued to Admiral Courbet and Gen. De Lesle on 10th inst., though French troops are still embarking for Tonquin. A Haiphong despatch says that Gen. De Lesle attributes the recent events to the transfer of the command in Tonquin to the Negriers, who would be hands unprepared to undertake charge.

THE months of March, April and May the system undergoes a change. The blood becomes thin and requires looking after. To bring about the desired result, there is no remedy that has the same power to perform the work as Estey's Iron & Quinine Tonic. By its use the blood is purified, it regains its normal condition, and the most people experience during the Spring. After using it for a short time they will find their appetite improved, their spirits become more cheerful and they feel and know that every fibre and tissue of their body is being braced and renovated.

PREPARED ONLY BY E. M. ESTEY, Pharmacist, MONCTON, N. B.

## New Advertisements.

## The Late Battle.

Gen. Komaroff has made detailed statement tending to show that the Afghans provoked the recent battle. The effect of this statement, however, has been weakened by reports from Austrian telegraph stations on the Russian frontier that Panjdeh was occupied by Col. Alikhanov on the 2nd inst. The Russian official state that Komaroff was obliged to occupy Panjdeh in order to stop the pillaging of the district by Turcomans and that the Afghans had threatened to resume offensive operations.

The London *Daily News* of the 13th inst. says: It is not likely that the Government will make any statement of its policy in Parliament to-night, but will simply announce the details of the despatching of the reserves. The *News* says if Gen. Komaroff's statement be correct, it is, of course, sufficient to remove all doubts as to the blame upon the Afghans.

A Bombay despatch of April 12th says: The British troops moving toward Herat are making rapid progress. The third and fourth army corps have been ordered to be placed on a war footing. Pure Bred Stock.—A Suggestion. Mr. Burrows: It has been suggested to the committee of the S. & W. Agricultural Society to hold the usual fair exhibition, but to take the money the Society annually paid in prizes and purchase pure bred stock. Existing a small amount of money, this society has not made any investments in stock for a long time, in fact since the Provincial Exhibition was held in Sackville. The heavy debt on the society, incurred at that time, has so hampered the Society that the directors have never felt justified in risking much in the importation of pure bred animals, and if it were not for private enterprise the importation of pure bred cattle of the different breeds in the district would have been very much less than it is now. The Holstein and the Red Norfolk are comparatively new breeds in this country, but from reports of both breeds it is quite certain that would make them especially valuable in the marsh district.

That an importation of new blood is required to improve our horses is conceded by all who have taken any interest in this kind of stock. I think I am safe in saying that never in the last twenty years have the farmers of these two parishes owned so much unsuitable property in horse, because of their unavailability for the market, as at the present time. The annual April meeting of the society will be held in Pointe du Lac, Monday, the 20th inst., and it will be important for the members generally to attend, as the committee would like to make a new departure of so radical a nature as doing away with the annual exportation of one year, without being sustained by a large majority of the society. ONE OF THE COMMITTEE.

Bright's Disease, Diabetic, Kidney, Liver or Urinary Diseases. Have no fear of any of these diseases if you use Hop Bitters, as they will prevent and cure the worst cases, even when you have been made worse by some great puffing up pretended cure.

Can Deafness be Cured? Mr. John Clark, of Millbridge, Ont., declares that, and that Haysard's Yellow Oil is the remedy that cured him. It is also a specific for all inflammation and pain.

The Secret Out. The secret of success of Burdock Blood Bitters is that it acts upon the bowels, the liver, the kidneys, the skin and the blood; removing obstructions and imparting health and vigor.

It is said by reliable persons that Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powder fed sparingly to laying hens will increase the quantity of eggs two-fold. Try it. It won't cost much. Don't throw away your money on the cheap packs.

THE ladies say that Philodermia is the next thing they ever used for the hands and complexion. PHILODERMIA is a sure cure for sun burn and prurient freckles.

BECKWITH & THOMAS, Barristers, Solicitors, &c., Main Street, Moncton, N. B. ROBERT BECKWITH, GEO. P. THOMAS. ap15-16

THE subscriber offers for sale his Farm at Port Elgin. For further particulars apply on the premises. JAMES DOYLE. Port Elgin, April 14, 1885.

COWS, STEERS, HEIFERS, and a 3-year-old Alderney BULL will be sold at the residence of Mr. D. M. Bliss on THURSDAY, April 16th, at 8 o'clock P. M. Mr. Whitley, Westm'd, April 15.

Just Opened: A Large Stock of Spring Goods. 50 Suits for Men, 20 Suits for Boys; 8 Cases Boots and Shoes; 2 Cases Prints and Cambrics; 4 Cases Grey Cotton; 1 Case St. Croix Shirtings; 1 Large Assortment Dress Goods and Trimmings. Gent's Tweeds and Worsteds Coatings.

Small Pox! The Dread Disease at Memramcook! MEMRAMCOOK, April 14.—Edmond Belliveau, medical student, lies dangerously ill of small pox. Mr. Belliveau just returned from Montreal, where he has been pursuing his medical studies. Before leaving for home he visited his friend, Dr. Phyllis LeBlanc, of Fox Creek, who was then ill and who has the present of small pox, and it is supposed, contracted this disease from him. Great consternation prevails here, and between dread of the small pox and fear of the draft, the population is rapidly diminishing.

France and China. Paris, April 12.—Orders to cease hostilities have been issued to Admiral Courbet and Gen. De Lesle on 10th inst., though French troops are still embarking for Tonquin. A Haiphong despatch says that Gen. De Lesle attributes the recent events to the transfer of the command in Tonquin to the Negriers, who would be hands unprepared to undertake charge.

THE months of March, April and May the system undergoes a change. The blood becomes thin and requires looking after. To bring about the desired result, there is no remedy that has the same power to perform the work as Estey's Iron & Quinine Tonic. By its use the blood is purified, it regains its normal condition, and the most people experience during the Spring. After using it for a short time they will find their appetite improved, their spirits become more cheerful and they feel and know that every fibre and tissue of their body is being braced and renovated.

PREPARED ONLY BY E. M. ESTEY, Pharmacist, MONCTON, N. B.

## New Advertisements.

## The Late Battle.

Gen. Komaroff has made detailed statement tending to show that the Afghans provoked the recent battle. The effect of this statement, however, has been weakened by reports from Austrian telegraph stations on the Russian frontier that Panjdeh was occupied by Col. Alikhanov on the 2nd inst. The Russian official state that Komaroff was obliged to occupy Panjdeh in order to stop the pillaging of the district by Turcomans and that the Afghans had threatened to resume offensive operations.

The London *Daily News* of the 13th inst. says: It is not likely that the Government will make any statement of its policy in Parliament to-night, but will simply announce the details of the despatching of the reserves. The *News* says if Gen. Komaroff's statement be correct, it is, of course, sufficient to remove all doubts as to the blame upon the Afghans.

A Bombay despatch of April 12th says: The British troops moving toward Herat are making rapid progress. The third and fourth army corps have been ordered to be placed on a war footing. Pure Bred Stock.—A Suggestion. Mr. Burrows: It has been suggested to the committee of the S. & W. Agricultural Society to hold the usual fair exhibition, but to take the money the Society annually paid in prizes and purchase pure bred stock. Existing a small amount of money, this society has not made any investments in stock for a long time, in fact since the Provincial Exhibition was held in Sackville. The heavy debt on the society, incurred at that time, has so hampered the Society that the directors have never felt justified in risking much in the importation of pure bred animals, and if it were not for private enterprise the importation of pure bred cattle of the different breeds in the district would have been very much less than it is now. The Holstein and the Red Norfolk are comparatively new breeds in this country, but from reports of both breeds it is quite certain that would make them especially valuable in the marsh district.

That an importation of new blood is required to improve our horses is conceded by all who have taken any interest in this kind of stock. I think I am safe in saying that never in the last twenty years have the farmers of these two parishes owned so much unsuitable property in horse, because of their unavailability for the market, as at the present time. The annual April meeting of the society will be held in Pointe du Lac, Monday, the 20th inst., and it will be important for the members generally to attend, as the committee would like to make a new departure of so radical a nature as doing away with the annual exportation of one year, without being sustained by a large majority of the society. ONE OF THE COMMITTEE.

Bright's Disease, Diabetic, Kidney, Liver or Urinary Diseases. Have no fear of any of these diseases if you use Hop Bitters, as they will prevent and cure the worst cases, even when you have been made worse by some great puffing up pretended cure.

Can Deafness be Cured? Mr. John Clark, of Millbridge, Ont., declares that, and that Haysard's Yellow Oil is the remedy that cured him. It is also a specific for all inflammation and pain.

The Secret Out. The secret of success of Burdock Blood Bitters is that it acts upon the bowels, the liver, the kidneys, the skin and the blood; removing obstructions and imparting health and vigor.

It is said by reliable persons that Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powder fed sparingly to laying hens will increase the quantity of eggs two-fold. Try it. It won't cost much. Don't throw away your money on the cheap packs.

THE ladies say that Philodermia is the next thing they ever used for the hands and complexion. PHILODERMIA is a sure cure for sun burn and prurient freckles.

BECKWITH & THOMAS, Barristers, Solicitors, &c., Main Street, Moncton, N. B. ROBERT BECKWITH, GEO. P. THOMAS. ap15-16

THE subscriber offers for sale his Farm at Port Elgin. For further particulars apply on the premises. JAMES DOYLE. Port Elgin, April 14, 1885.

COWS, STEERS, HEIFERS, and a 3-year-old Alderney BULL will be sold at the residence of Mr. D. M. Bliss on THURSDAY, April 16th, at 8 o'clock P. M. Mr. Whitley, Westm'd, April 15.

Just Opened: A Large Stock of Spring Goods. 50 Suits for Men, 20 Suits for Boys; 8 Cases Boots and Shoes; 2 Cases Prints and Cambrics; 4 Cases Grey Cotton; 1 Case St. Croix Shirtings; 1 Large Assortment Dress Goods and Trimmings. Gent's Tweeds and Worsteds Coatings.

Small Pox! The Dread Disease at Memramcook! MEMRAMCOOK, April 14.—Edmond Belliveau, medical student, lies dangerously ill of small pox. Mr. Belliveau just returned from Montreal, where he has been pursuing his medical studies. Before leaving for home he visited his friend, Dr. Phyllis LeBlanc, of Fox Creek, who was then ill and who has the present of small pox, and it is supposed, contracted this disease from him. Great consternation prevails here, and between dread of the small pox and fear of the draft, the population is rapidly diminishing.

France and China. Paris, April 12.—Orders to cease hostilities have been issued to Admiral Courbet and Gen. De Lesle on 10th inst., though French troops are still embarking for Tonquin. A Haiphong despatch says that Gen. De Lesle attributes the recent events to the transfer of the command in Tonquin to the Negriers, who would be hands unprepared to undertake charge.

THE months of March, April and May the system undergoes a change. The blood becomes thin and requires looking after. To bring about the desired result, there is no remedy that has the same power to perform the work as Estey's Iron & Quinine Tonic. By its use the blood is purified, it regains its normal condition, and the most people experience during the Spring. After using it for a short time they will find their appetite improved, their spirits become more cheerful and they feel and know that every fibre and tissue of their body is being braced and renovated.

PREPARED ONLY BY E. M. ESTEY, Pharmacist, MONCTON, N. B.

## New Advertisements.

## The Late Battle.

Gen. Komaroff has made detailed statement tending to show that the Afghans provoked the recent battle. The effect of this statement, however, has been weakened by reports from Austrian telegraph stations on the Russian frontier that Panjdeh was occupied by Col. Alikhanov on the 2nd inst. The Russian official state that Komaroff was obliged to occupy Panjdeh in order to stop the pillaging of the district by Turcomans and that the Afghans had threatened to resume offensive operations.

The London *Daily News* of the 13th inst. says: It is not likely that the Government will make any statement of its policy in Parliament to-night, but will simply announce the details of the despatching of the reserves. The *News* says if Gen. Komaroff's statement be correct, it is, of course, sufficient to remove all doubts as to the blame upon the Afghans.

A Bombay despatch of April 12th says: The British troops moving toward Herat are making rapid progress. The third and fourth army corps have been ordered to be placed on a war footing. Pure Bred Stock.—A Suggestion. Mr. Burrows: It has been suggested to the committee of the S. & W. Agricultural Society to hold the usual fair exhibition, but to take the money the Society annually paid in prizes and purchase pure bred stock. Existing a small amount of money, this society has not made any investments in stock for a long time, in fact since the Provincial Exhibition was held in Sackville. The heavy debt on the society, incurred at that time, has so hampered the Society that the directors have never felt justified in risking much in the importation of pure bred animals, and if it were not for private enterprise the importation of pure bred cattle of the different breeds in the district would have been very much less than it is now. The Holstein and the Red Norfolk are comparatively new breeds in this country, but from reports of both breeds it is quite certain that would make them especially valuable in the marsh district.

That an importation of new blood is required to improve our horses is conceded by all who have taken any interest in this kind of stock. I think I am safe in saying that never in the last twenty years have the farmers of these two parishes owned so much unsuitable property in horse, because of their unavailability for the market, as at the present time. The annual April meeting of the society will be held in Pointe du Lac, Monday, the 20th inst., and it will be important for the members generally to attend, as the committee would like to make a new departure of so radical a nature as doing away with the annual exportation of one year, without being sustained by a large majority of the society. ONE OF THE COMMITTEE.

Bright's Disease, Diabetic, Kidney, Liver or Urinary Diseases. Have no fear of any of these diseases if you use Hop Bitters, as they will prevent and cure the worst cases, even when you have been made worse by some great puffing up pretended cure.

Can Deafness be Cured? Mr. John Clark, of Millbridge, Ont., declares that, and that Haysard's Yellow Oil is the remedy that cured him. It is also a specific for all inflammation and pain.

The Secret Out. The secret of success of Burdock Blood Bitters is that it acts upon the bowels, the liver, the kidneys, the skin and the blood; removing obstructions and imparting health and vigor.

It is said by reliable persons that Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powder fed sparingly to laying hens will increase the quantity of eggs two-fold. Try it. It won't cost much.