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MORE GHASTLY FINDS.

EVIDENCE HEAPING TO OVERFLOW AGAINST HOLMES.

It is Now Believed that He Was a Procurer and the Innocent Victims Were Killed—A Regular Charnel House.

Chicago, July 30.—The skeleton found yesterday is believed to be that of Mrs. Connor, another of Holmes' victims. M. G. Chappell, who claimed to have articulated several skeletons for Holmes took two detectives to the house of a west side physician where the complete skeleton was found. Chappell says that he got the bones from Holmes and from the dates and other evidence Inspector Fitzpatrick announced that he believed the skeleton to be that of Mrs. Connor. After further examination, however, the police decided that the skeleton is probably that of Miss Cigrand, the Indiana girl, instead. It had been sold to the Medical College by Holmes, the police claim. Charles Chappell, son of M. G. Chappell, the old man who claims to have been the assistant of Holmes, says his father is insane. Young Chappell declares that the old man has been of unsound mind for several years and expresses the belief that his father knows nothing whatever of Holmes' doings. It is probable that all the secret passages and rooms in Holmes' house will soon be revealed, as a brick mason who claims to have done all the queer work about the place called at the police headquarters and offered to tell all he knew. He was promptly taken care of by the officers and is expected to prove an important witness. The search of the Holmes' building was prosecuted on the information given the police by Chappell. He told the police that Holmes had two vats in the cellar. One, he said, was in the southeast corner and the other in the southwest corner of the rear cellar. They had since been welded up, he said. One of the vats, according to Chappell's statement, was used as a vessel in which the flesh was eaten from the bones by the use of acids. The other was for the purpose of bleaching the bones. Twelve laborers worked all day digging out the two corners designated by Chappell and were about to give up the search as unsuccessful when one of the men at work on the southeast corner struck his spade against something which gave forth a metallic sound. The metal object proved to be a huge tank, in the shape of a boiler. It was located just outside the cellar wall and its top was four feet from the ground's surface. Work for the night was stopped before the tank was fully uncovered, but apparently it is eight feet long and three feet in diameter. Except for the discovery of the tank, the search in the basement was fruitless. Above stairs the search was almost as barren of results as that made in the cellar. A few scraps of letters were found and one minute portion of a registered envelope was picked up by Sergeant Norton. It bore the number of the registered letter, and will be investigated. It is expected the recipient will be obtained. One of the many theories that have been advanced concerning the Holmes castle and the many uses to which it was put, is to the effect that Holmes was a professional "procurer." The presence of so many young girls about the premises at various times has led to the suspicion that Holmes added this to his other nefarious crimes. In this way the disappearance of some of the unfortunate creatures is accounted for.

Peter Cigrand, father of Emiline Cigrand, who is said to have been murdered by H. H Holmes, arrived in Chicago to-day with Philomena Cigrand, a sister of the missing girl. With Dr. J. J. Cigrand, a relative, they went to police headquarters where a secret conference was held with Chief Badenoch and Inspector Fitzpatrick. Search for the acid vats in the basement of the Castle was continued. The tank which was uncovered on Monday was forced open, but nothing was found but a few inches of petroleum in the bottom of the vat. Old man Chappell's story, that the tanks were used for dissolving human bodies is largely disproved by to-day's investigation. Search for the other vats was continued as it was believed Chappell might be mistaken as to the location. In the course of further excavation in H. H. Holmes' 23rd street building to-day the police unearthed parts of two thigh bones, a piece of skull and four smaller pieces or bone.

Anderson, Ind., July 30.—Mrs. Cigrand, mother of Holmes' victim, was seen today for the first time and proved to be the most interesting of the family when she laid aside her timidity and began to talk. She accounts for the big trunk in which Miss Emily's body was taken out of the castle. About a week before her marriage with Phelps Miss Cigrand packed her trunk full of her clothes, and wrote a letter to her mother stating that she was going to return them and her trunk. She hoped that the folks at home, who were common folk, could use them, also the trunk. She said Mr. Phelps was very wealthy and bought her new clothes and a great big trunk. It was a very large one, she said, and she did not need the one she had. The trunk was received at Lafayette, charges prepaid. It was brought out of a closet to-day and the contents examined. It is a very large trunk. This accounts, Mrs. Cigrand thinks, for the great trunk that she was carried out of the castle in. There is hardly any doubt in the matter. The trunk was not received until a day or two after the supposed wedding. The address was on a card written with a typewriter. The clothes were examined but not a trace of blood could be found. Mrs. Cigrand says the trunk was packed very carelessly and did not look like a woman's work. Mrs. Cigrand also remembered another letter coming from her missing daughter, written on typewriter, and signed Emma. It did not bear any date or street number and was very short. It simply said: "Why don't you write. I am distracted." Since reading everything published she is confident that the fate of the girl has not been summed up incorrectly. They also find that she drew $300 out of the Fowler National Bank, Lafayette, about that time.

Chicago, July 31.—A private account-book kept by Holmes has been discovered in a grate at the 63rd-street house. The book was found with a bundle of letters addressed by various women to Holmes which had evidently been placed there for burning. The accounts, which date back to May 1, 1885 show dealings with various people and an entry regarding insurance shows the existence of insurance deals as early as 1886. A mysterious Dora is mentioned as the recipient of numerous small sums which are carefully recorded and the minutes of the Englewood Co. are also given, with the election of directors and transactions of other business.

Pat Quinlan, under the questioning of the Chief of Police has admitted that "Mascot" was H. H. Holmes' confidential man in Forth Worth. "He engineered all the big deals for Holmes. I was not good enough for the fine work." From further questioning the police believe that Hatch, A. E. Bond (through whom Minnie Williams' property in Fort Worth was converted), Benton T. Lyman, John C. Allen, A. C. Caldwell and Mascot, who figure at different times and places in Holmes' case, are one and the same man. Holmes not long ago asserted that Hatch took the Pietzel children to Toronto in company with Minnie Williams and if he could be found could clear up the mystery. Detectives working up the case in the west have evidence that Hatch came west after the visit to Toronto and was caught stealing horses in Arkansas. A man confined in Little Rock penitentiary claims to be able to give the history of Holmes' deeds from first to last, but insists that he be pardoned first. Detective Rea of Forth Worth, last night telegraphed that Allen is the much wanted "Mascot" and that he has given up valuable information. By agreement between State's Attorney Kern, Mayor Swift, Chief Badonoch and Attorney Capp, who represents the heirs of the missing Minnie Williams, the latter will leave for Little Rock to-night with credentials and authority granting him power to represent the state of Illinois, requesting the absolute and permanent release of Allen from the Arkansas penitentiary, such immunity being granted on condition that he fasten the crime of murder on Holmes by unmistakable and existing evidence in this city within 10 days. Unless present plans miscarry through some technicality or official disturbance Allen will arrive in Chicago in the custody of Attorney Capp and the proper officers of the law.. Arrangements were completed to-day for taking the testimony of John Allen, whose testimony is expected by the police to convict H. H. Holmes of murder. State Attorney Kern gave lawyer Capp of Fort Worth an agreement to-day which promises freedom from prosecution here for Allen providing his story will convict Holmes.

Philadelphia, July 31.—According to the Bulletin H. H. Holmes has issued a new statement in which he gives in detail his version of how Pietzel came by his death last September, and also states his (Holmes') connection with the tragedy. He says that on the Saturday night preceding the death of Piezel, the latter came to his house on North Eleventh street, where he was staying with "Mrs. Howard." Pietzel told a heart-rending story of his pecuniary difficulties. "I must have money," he said, or words to that effect, "to send to my wife in St. Louis." Holmes spoke substantially to him as follows: "Ben, I'll admit I have made lots of money through you, but I cannot keep this thing up. Where is that $50 I gave you the other day? If you don't quit drinking you and I will have to separate." Pietzel exclaimed: "I am of no benefit to anyone. I will soon get rid of my difficulties; life has become a nuisance." Holmes then avers that he jokingly remarked to Pietzel: "Well, your body is as good as any other, but I would not advise you to do anything rash." Holmes accounts for making this remark by saying that he and Pietzel had under consideration the defrauding of the Fidelity Mutual Insurance company. Pietzel became angry again and vowed that he would commit suicide. Holmes then explains that Pietzel left him with the intention of going home. About 10 o'clock the following morning, Sunday, Holmes says he went to visit Pietzel at the Callow Hill street house. Holmes sat in the kitchen for almost 20 minutes waiting for Pietzel to appear. He became anxious about his friend's whereabouts, and began to search the house for him. "As I arose to go upstairs," says Holmes, "I noticed a note lying on the counter in the front part of the house addressed to me." It directed me to go to the second floor and open a closet containing another letter. He found the note and was horrified when he read it. It was from Benjamin Pietzel, and advised Holmes that his (Pietzel's) dead body could be found in the house. The letter pleaded that Holmes would look after Pietzel's children, and suggested that there would be no difficulty in getting the insurance money from the Fidelity company now that the dead body of Pietzel could be produced in evidence. Holmes said that he sat in the room for over an hour with the body. He hardly knew what course to pursue, but finally made up his mind that since Pietzel had taken his life there would be no harm in destroying any evidence of suicide so that he might be able to get the insurance without any difficulty. Holmes confessed that he thereupon dragged the body to the second floor, pried open the mouth with a pencil and poured in a quantity of explosive chemicals. He then placed a lighted match to the man's mouth, when the explosion which so horribly disfigured the corpse followed. To give the more forcible impression that Pietzel came to his death by an accidental explosion, Holmes stated that he got a pipe of Pietzel's filled it with tobacco, lighted it, then blew out the flame after the tobacco had been partly consumed, and placed the pipe beside the dead man's body. It was nearly 4 o'clock in the afternoon, Holmes states, before he left the Callow Hill street house. He put on a hat of Pietzel's to partially conceal his identity, and placed his own hat, which was of felt, under his coat. He went directly to the Broad street station, he alleges, and inquired at what hour the first train left for Chicago. He believes it was between 9 and 9:30 o'clock that night. He then went to the house where he was staying and made preparations to leave the city. He and his wife, Holmes alleges, left for Chicago that night.

THE BRITISH ELECTIONS

London, July 31.—The only seat to hear from is Orkney and Shetland where Sir Leonard Lyell, Lib., had a majority of 1,008 at the general election. The result will not be known till the end of the week. The division of parties is as follows: Cons. 341, Lib.-Unionists 79, total for the Government, 411; Libs. 174, McCarthyites 70, Parnellites 15, Labor 2, total for the Opposition 259; Government's majority 152; Conservative majority over all, 12. The Conservatives and Liberal-Unionists have the largest majority in the memory of the present generation. The Conservatives are made independent even of a coalition of all the other parties, including the Liberal-Unionists. The aggregate vote in the contested elections in Great Britain was as follows: Conservatives and Liberal-Unionists, 1,725,455; Liberals, 1,628,247; Labor, 50,566; total, 3,404,268. But, as 114 of the Unionists candidates for Parliament were returned unopposed, no reliable estimate can be formed of the electoral strength of the party. The Liberal and Radical press are daily engaged in trying to explain the defeat, but to no purpose. The broad fact of the situation is that the Conservatives are not likely to be displaced for five or six years, unless dissensions should arise in the cabinet between the sections led respectively by Mr. Balfour and Mr. Chamberlain. The Ministers will prepare a brief and colorless royal speech, and will then dispose of the estimates and adjourn Parliament until February.

THE GOODWOOD MEET.

London, July 31.—This was the second day of the Goodwood meeting. There were six starters in the race for the Goodwood stakes over a 2 1-2 mile course. This event was won by John Osborn's Campane Jo. M. F. Dwyer's Primrose Knight, formerly owned by Mr. Robinson, ran in the sweepstakes for all ages, but was not placed. Col. North's black filly, Powerscourt, three years old, by Atheling, out of Waterfall, won.

SARATOGA RACES.

Saratoga, N. Y., July 30.—Owning to the heavy rain prevailing the Saratoga races have been postponed till to-morrow. It is officially announced that entries made for to-day stand for to-morrow.

Now see that your blood is pure. Good health follows the use of Hood's Sarsaparilla which is the one great blood purifier.

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THIS CANADA OF OURS

COMMUNICATION SENT TO THE MANITOBA GOVERNMENT.

A Hundred Thousand for the Canadian Pacific—Movements of the Aberdeens—Lake Racing Stopped—That Cabinet Vacancy.

Ottawa, July 30.—It is a well-known fact that Hon. Mr. Foster had intended asking Parliament last session to vote an additional subsidy of $100,000 per annum to the Canadian Pacific Railway. It is stated to-day that an order-in-council has just been passed ordering the payment of the subsidy, to be ratified by Parliamentary estimates for 1896-6.

It is reported in usually well informed quarters that a strong appeal has been made to Sir Mackenzie Bowell to keep the vacant portfolio open until next session so that Hon. A. R. Angers may again be brought in after remedial legislation has been disposed of.

It is learned that the assessment of damages in connection with the Russian seizures of the Ariel and Willie McGowan are about to be entered on. A year ago, it seems, the Russian authorities signified their readiness to consider these two cases, so that the delay was evidently in the British Foreign Office. The assessment will probably be commenced in Victoria next week by Collector Milne.

Winnipeg, July 30.—The latest communication from the Federal Government to the Manitoba Government on the school question, which reached here yesterday, is understood to be substantially as wired from Ottawa a few days ago, that is, a request to the Manitoba Government to state what it is prepared to offer in the way of compromise. There is no suggestion of a commission of enquiry to ascertain the working of the present and former systems. It is not expected that the reply of Manitoba to this communication will aid the Federal Government in finding a way out of its difficulty.

Lord and Lady Aberdeen and suite left here yesterday for Regina to open the Northwest exhibition. Their Excellencies hope to return to the reserve in Qu'Appelle district to meet the Indians. They will then go direct to Victoria, where they will be joined by Lady Marjorie, Lord Haddo, the Hon. Dudley and Hon. Archie Gordon, accompanied by Miss Wetterman and the new household physician, Dr. Gibson. At Victoria, Their Excellencies will occupy the Lieut.-Governor's residence, placed at their disposal by the Hon. Mr. Dewdney. After a stay of some weeks the vice-regal party will go to their ranch in the Okanagan Valley, which will be their headquarters for some time, and where they will live in a very simple fashion. Early in November it is their intention to return to Victoria and do a little entertaining before turning their steps eastward.

Montreal, July 30.—The Gazette commends the promptitude of the Dominion Government in making a reply to Manitoba's answer to the remedial order, and states that this gives Manitoba no longer a chance to say that she was asked to re-establish an inefficient school system. Now the paper says, Manitoba is given a chance to set forth the exact reasons of her refusal to comply with the judgment of the Privy Council.

C. P. R., earnings show a gain in net profits over the same period last year for June of $160,943 and from January 1st. to June 30th., of $253, 533.

Halifax, N. S., July 30.—Stanley, driver for Moir, Son & Co., was accidentally killed on Duke street yesterday.

Kingston, July 30.—Robt Wyscott, charged with the killing of Wm. Castell by striking him with a baseball bat on Sydenham, last Wednesday, has been committed for trial.

DR. BEECHER DEAD.

The Oldest of the Members of the Great Family Passes Away.

Brooklyn, July 30.—Rev. Dr. Edward Beecher, brother of the famous divine, Henry Ward Beecher, died in this city on Sunday morning. Dr. Edward Beecher was the second son and fourth child of his father, and after an active life as teacher, pastor, and college president, author and editor for more than half a century, he spent a serene old age in Brooklyn, taking a lively interest in the affairs of the latter part of the nineteenth century, the dawn of which he almost saw. Edward Beecher was born to Lyman Beecher and his wife at Easthampton, L. I., August 27th, 1803. His father was pastor of the Congregational church there, but soon removed to Connecticut, where young Edward was prepared for college, entering Yale when he was 15 years old. He was graduated in the class of 1822. He then went to Andover theological seminary, studied Hebrew and attended lectures on theology. While there he was appointed a tutor at Yale in 1825, and served a little more than a year teaching the Freshmen class. He continued his theological studies, and while there was called to the pastorate of the Park street Congregational church of Boston. This was one of the leading societies of the city, and the young minister felt his powers tested to the utmost, as much was expected of Lyman Beecher's son. But he met all expectations and was conducting an extremely successful work when he was elected the first president of the Illinois college, at Jacksonville, Ill., and resigned his pulpit in 1830 to take the place. He had married two years before, and his wife, four years younger than he, was going with him to what was then the remote west, near the banks of the Mississippi. Only 27 years old, president Beecher took up the work of starting a great educational institution. He remained its president for 12 years, and in that period 62 students were graduated. Among them were Dr. Newton Bateman, afterward president of Knox college; Richard Yates, governor of the state, and Rev. Dr. R. W. Patterson. He was one of the founders of the Congregationalist with Drs. Storrs and Parks and contributed to its columns. He also wrote at this time 'The Conflict of Ages. It was the first published utterance in the line of the new theology, and set forth views which were by no means in harmony with the orthodox ideas of the day, although now there is nothing in the book which is not almost universally accepted. The book was published in Boston in 1853. It met with a much more favorable and cordial reception than the author had dared to hope. Dr. Beecher subsequently published The Concord of Ages, which supplemented the previous volume and set forth the same ideas carried to their logical conclusion. He was also the author of several other works, one upon Eternal Punishment, which combats the idea of everlasting retribution for the wicked. Some minor works and many articles in the Christian Union, Congregationalist, and other religious newspapers came from his pen. In 1855 Dr. Beecher again left Boston and went west, becoming pastor of the Congregational church in Galesburg, Ill. While there he served as a lecturer in the Chicago Theological seminary, his subject being the relation of Christianity to the olitical economy of the world. He continued his literary work while in Galesburg, where he remained until his 70th year. He then came to Brooklyn to live. He became a member of Plymouth church and was to the end connected with it, although living at such a distance from it as to be unable to attend its services in recent years. The 60th anniversary of his ordination to the ministry was celebrated in Plymouth church in 1885. Dr. Beecher preached the sermon at the ordination of Henry Ward Beecher, in Lawrenceburg, Ind., in 1837. While he lived in Brooklyn he preached and spoke at many religious meetings. For several years he was pastor of the Congregational church in Parkville, between Brooklyn and Coney Island, on the Prospect Park & Coney Island railroad. It was while returning from a service in this church six years ago that he slipped from the platform to the station and his left leg was run over by a car wheel and crushed, so that it had to be amputated. In spite of his 86 years, Dr. Beecher bore the pain of the operation with extreme fortitude. He went about with crutches for a time, but after an artificial leg had been supplied and he had become accustomed to it, he discarded the crutches and walked with a cane. Three of Dr. Beecher's sisters, Mrs. Harriet Beecher Stowe, Mrs. Isabella Beecher Hooker and Mrs. Mary Beecher Perkins, are still living, as also his brothers, Rev. Charles Beecher, of Nyack, Pa., and Rev. Thomas K. Beecher of Elmira. Mrs. Stowe lived with Dr. Beecher before she wrote Uncle Tom's Cabin, and one day in conversation Mrs. Beecher said to her: "If I had the power you have with the pen I would write something about the slaves which would make people feel their wrongs." To this Mrs. Stowe replied, "I think I will." In her autobiography, edited by her son, she credits Mrs. Beecher with this.

THE DURRANT CASE.

San Francisco, July 30.—A strong fight was made in the Durrant trial yesterday by the defendant's counsel to obtain a judicial order to prevent the production of the play called The Crime of a Century based upon the Emanuel church murders. The prisoner alleged that the performance would inflame popular feeling against him. The prosecution joined with the defence in the request for the restraining order, which was granted.

The work of securing a jury proceeds slowly. Of 30 examined yesterday none were accepted. Few are challenged for believing in the prisoner's guilt. The majority are excused for their unwillingness to accept as convincing circumstantial evidence.

The production of the new play entitled The Crime of a Century, which was placed on the stage at the Alcazar theatre las night, was stopped in the middle of the third act. Just at the point when Dubois, the character who is supposed to impersonate Durrant, is about to drag a young woman to the belfry of the church, Sheriff Whalan and deputies marched on the stage and arrested the performers, 11 in all. The manager of the theatre was also placed under arrest. The manager stepped before the curtain and made a speech in which he claimed he had a right to produce the play. He was taken into custody nevertheless for disobeying the order made by Judge Murphy restraining him from putting the piece on the stage. A great crowd attended the performance which was hissed at intervals. The whole company spent the night in jail.

A MYSTERIOUS CASE.

Boston, Mass., July 30.—A most mysterious affair connected with the recent Christian Endeavor convention here has just come to light. Mrs. E. T. Gardiner, of Arcadia, Neb., came here as a delegate to the convention, and has not yet returned home to her husband and child, and reports of her death here are not supported by the records of the health department or anything else. Mrs. Gardiner was 35 years old, and has always been apparently healthy. When her husband received from her a letter on July 15th stating that she was about to die, he was astounded. To that letter came a supplement, written by "Mr. J. Brown, of South Boston," whom Mr. Gardiner nor anyone else knows, stating that the woman was dead and in the interest of economy the body would be buried here. Now the death registers bear no record of any such death. A detective employed by Gardiner failed to find any trace of Mrs. Gardiner, dead or alive, but is assumed by those interested in the case that Mrs. Gardiner has been spirited away by thieves who were attracted by a large sum of money and a considerable amount of jewelry which she carried. The apprehension is felt for the "Soo" railroad company's round house and the plant of the Washboard Co. A strong gale is blowing from the northwest; unless it stops soon or shifts considerable property will be destroyed. It lies beyond the reach of the city water plant. The fire is at present in the Goodman addition, northwest of the city. Another is raging on the Peninsula east of the city destroying much valuable timber. It is feared that it will reach the farms, in which case much suffering will be caused. There has been no rain for many days. Swamps and slashings are drying up.

BRITISH POLITICS.

London, July 30.—The following additional election returns have been received: Donegal East div., Arthur O'Connor, McCarthyite, 3,393; L. T. Herdman, Unionist, 2,731; McCarthyite maj. 662. Mr. O'Connor, who is the sitting member, at the last election had a majority of 763, showing a loss of 101 votes. Londonderry, South div.—Thomas Lea, Unionist, 4,470; Dodd, Lib., 4,013; Unionist maj. 457. Mr. Lea, who is sitting member, had a majority of 501 at the last election, showing a loss of 49 votes.

THE PUGILISTIC ENCOUNTER.

San Antonio, Texas, July 30.—A private telegram was received here this morning from one of the officers of the Florida Athletic club, inquiring as to the feasibility of pulling off the Corbett-Fitzsimmons battle in Mexico, across the border from Loredo or Eagle Pass, Tex. It is believed that the outspoken attitude of Governor Culbertson towards the proposed pugilistic carnival precludes all possibility of it taking place in Texas.

YOUNG IN CRIME.

Chelsea, Mass., July 30.—Henry G. Clark, 17 years old, by his own confession is one of the most dangerous firebugs in Massachusetts. Last spring he says he set fires that caused a loss of more than $50,000. He also broke into the first Baptist church here and started a fire but regretted his action in time to extinguish the flames. Clark has already served time for incendiarism.

ORANGEMEN IN SESSION.

Halifax, N. S., July 31.—When the sixty-sixth annual session of the Most Worshipful Grand Orange Lodge of British America was called to order yesterday in the Masonic hall there were between 200 and 400 delegates in attendance, the largest in the history of the association. Every Province of the Dominion from the Atlantic to the Pacific was represented, the most westerly delegate being Mr. Sparling of British Columbia. The reports of officers showed the order to be in a flourishing condition numerically and financially. The formal proceedings of the day were followed by a mass meeting at night at which speeches were made by many prominent members.

Halifax, N. S., July 31.—(Special.)—The Grand Orange Lodge met here yesterday. Four hundred delegates were in attendance representing every Province. Grand Master Wallace in his address discussed the Manitoba school question and declared himself as emphatically opposed to any Federal interference. On Tuesday evening an immense mass meeting was held in the Academy of Music. Addresses were delivered by the Grand Lodge officers and Provincial grand masters. Grand Master Sparling of British Columbia delivered the address of the evening.

OLD WORLD DISPATCHES.

Defalcations in Honduras—Japanese Soldiers Killed—A Naval Exposition.

London, July 31.—The auditing commission in Honduras has finished its work on the accounts of preceding administrations. From trustworthy sources it is learned that the defalcations during President Bogran's administration amount to more than $2,500,000 but more than this money, it was found, was received by him personally. He was only responsible as head of the state. During the Vasquez regime the defalcations aggregated nearly $3,000,000.

M. D. Conway has presented to the anti-lynching committee the report of his recent visit to America. He says he does not doubt that the agitation of Miss Wells and the formation of an English committee had a good effect in America, the crimes having nearly disappeared in some of the Southern states, where no suggestion is now heard of the negro propensity for rape.

The Telegraph says: The Valkyrie III. will be navigated by Capt. Harrison, of the Allan liner Korean, who was granted special leave for the purpose. Supt. Cranfield and Capt. Sycamore are on board. The Valkyrie is provided with enough berths to accommodate 60 men. With the crew and 10 tons of stores on board she did not show too much freeboard, but laid a very even keel and looked very sea-worthy. It is expected the voyage will occupy 20 days.

It is the intention to hold an international naval exposition at Kiel from the 25th., of May to the 30th. of September, 1896. The grounds chosen for the exhibition are close to the eastern entrance of the newly opened canal, with a splendid view of the harbor of Kiel, and measure about 35,000 square meters. Large exhibition buildings and small galleries will be erected, as well as covered galleries. The exhibition will comprise all articles in any way connected with the navy or shipping in general, as well as on the sea and the rivers or canals. It is also to give a complete history and review the development and progress made in shipbuilding and its kindred industries. The official programme will be ready in September. The exhibition will be given in connection with an industrial exposition of the province of Schleswig-Holstein.

A dispatch from Panama says: Gen. Alfaro's agent has just telegraphed to Guayaquil from Guaranda, saying that Alfaro's column, by a forced march, reached Chimbova, and thence proceeded to Guaranda which was reached the same evening. By Gen. Alfaro's order the heights of Guaranda were at once occupied and fortified. Scouts then located Gen. Saracasti's forces on the road between Guaranda and Chimbo. A general battle may be fought at any moment, and will certainly take place within a short time. The letter concludes: Advices to Guayaquil says that Gen. Vernaza, with a force of 300 men, has left Guayaquil for the interior. Ignacio Robels, Gen. Alfaro's confidential agent in Lima, Peru, reports that the Peruvian government has formally recognized the revolutionists headed by Alfaro as belligerents.

The Standard editorially expresses regret that the corporation of the city of London his ignored the Geographical Congress, and says that in continental countries any capital would have paid such famous explorers and savants the compliment of a public reception.

A dispatch to the Standard from Berlin says that the tropical heat of the past few days has been followed by thunder storms and deluges of rain and hail, telegraphic communication being interrupted.

Three Americans have been appointed chevaliers of the Legion of Honor: Messrs. Bartlett the sculptor; Stuart, the artist; and Odell, director of the Sulphires Society at Lyons.

Advices to the Iovoe Vermya from Valdivostock say Japan is assiduously raising her army and navy to a war footing. Two cruisers, bought in Peru, have already arrived, and crews will shortly be sent to England to bring out three ironclads, each of 12,000 tons, which have been ordered there.

Since the outbreak of cholera in Japan 9,000 persons have been attacked with the disease and over 5,000 have died.

A train bearing 400 Japanese soldiers, who landed at Hiroshima, on their return from the war, while en route to Kobe, ran off the rails where the line is constructed along the seawall. Plunging over the sea wall, the locomotive of the train was thrown into the sea. It consisted of 23 cars and two engines, one in front and one in the rear. A gale prevailed at the time, and immense waves washed over the railway track. A succession of heavy breakers struck the train and cut it in two. The first engine with 11 cars fell into the sea. It is stated that the killed number 14.

Slight shocks of earthquake occurred at Florence, which caused much terror in view of the city's recent terrifying experience with earthquakes. No serious damage, however, was done. In the districts contiguous to the city, the shocks were more severe and caused more damage. At Comacchi the chimneys on some of the houses collapsed, causing much alarm.

The Dowager Czarina of Russia, the Grand Duke George, the Czarevitch, whose state of health continues unsatisfactory, and the Grand Duke Michael, have started for Denmark.

YACHT MISSING.

Milwaukee, Wis. July 31.—Up to midnight nothing had been heard from the Canadian yacht Sunbeam which left Sturgeon Bay last Tuesday. Her owner, Commodore English telegraphed the shore without finding any trace of her. Those on board the boat are Lord Cecil Hadd, son of the Earl of Aberdeen, Governor-General of Canada, Walter Kingsmill, son of Judge Kingsmill, of Toronto, Thayne Jones, son of a merchant in St. Johns and Carr, a sailor from Quebec.

Chicago, July 31.—Capt. R. N. Engles, of Halifax, who reached Chicago today, said he had reached the conclusion that there need be no uneasiness regarding his yacht Sunbeam. The yacht has aboard a son of the Governor-General of Canada. The Sunbeam is expected at Chicago soon.

CLAIMS FOR DAMAGES.

Madrid, July 31.—The Republican and Carlist senators and deputies have addressed a protest to the Government against the payment of the Mora claim without the sanction of the Cortes. The protest declares that the Government's precipitancy in settling the claim of the United States in taking advantage of the Cuban insurrection to press this claim is an exhibition of an unfriendly disposition. The Government has decided to pay the Mora claim in three instalments. It is the intention afterwards to induce the United States to recognize Spanish claims for damages to property in Florida, of citizens of this country which were incurred during the civil war in America.

RETURNED TO WORK.

New York, July 31.—More than 1,000 of the striking brotherhood tailors returned to work this morning as the result of the signing of an agreement by nearly 100 contractors.

TEXAS WILL HAVE IT.

Dallas, Texas, July 31.—The contract for building the Corbett-Fitzsimmons amphitheatre was let yesterday. The plans and specifications call for a seating capacity of 52,300. It will be a permanent structure built by a joint stock company made up of the business men of the city. The Florida Athletic club will not erect the building first announced to avoid injunction proceedings.

Buckingham's Dye for the Whiskers is the best, handiest, safest, surest, cleanest, most economical and satisfactory dye ever invented. It is the gentleman's favorite.

The U. S. Gov't Reports show Royal Baking Powder superior to all others.

THE DOMINION OF CANADA

A YOUNG GIRL MURDERED BY HER LOVER AT MONTREAL.

Petitioning for a New Trial in Hooper's Case—Walters Released from Prison—Death of a Loyal Indian Chief—General News.

Ottawa, July 31.—Thirty officers of the outside customs service were superannuated on July 12th.

The Customs department has received from St. Michael's Island a bag of gold dust weighing 201 ozs., and valued at $3,960. It came from Fort Cudahy and is in payment of duties. It left St. Michael's on July 4th. Last year's collections in the Yukon country amounted to $3,248; this year to date they were $4,504.

Thomas Watters who, when acting Commissioner of Customs was sentenced to one year's imprisonment for the misappropriation of public funds, has been released after serving seven months. The doctors certified that he could not live to finish his term.

Montreal, July 31.—A horrible tragedy occurred at no 119 Bonsecours street about 4 o'clock yesterday afternoon resulting in the death of a young girl named Colina Lousigni, 23 years of age. About 3:30 the girl's lover, Jasal Gauthier, a cigar maker, 26 years of age, entered the house in question which is known as a private hospital for ladies and which was a regular rendezvous of the couple. They repaired to the upper room where he shot the girl through the head, chest and arm. Gauthier was arrested and admitted that he bought the revolver for the purpose of killing the girl whom he intended to marry.

Port Hope, July 31.—The largest petition ever seen in this part of Ontario is one being circulated by Joseph Hooper of this town, the object of which is to obtain a new trial for his son, who is under sentence of 25 years for an attempt to drown his wife. This petition is 65 feet long and the names are written in double columns. It contains 2,300. Hooper is now confined in St. Vincent de Paul penitentiary by reason of sentence imposed upon him in the court of the district of Three Rivers, after he had been acquitted of the charge of poisoning his wife in the district of Joliet.

Winnipeg, July 31.—Wm. Jennings was arrested yesterday for neglecting to support his wife. The information goes that Mrs. Fowler had alienated her husband's affection.

News has been received from Prince Albert of the death of Indian Chief Chilit, aged 80 years. He remained loyal during the Riel rebellion.

Waterloo, Ont., July 31.—Yesterday morning fire completely burned a fine residence belonging to Jacob Erb about two miles from this town. The loss is estimated at $1,500, insured in the Farmers Mutual for $1,200.

Windsor, July 31.—The saw and planing mill of J. Peggott & Sons has been entirely destroyed by fire; loss $20,000, insurance $10,000. Two tramps were seen leaving the lane previous to the fire by several people.

FATAL RACE QUARREL.

Birmingham, Ala., July 31.—Further details of the race riots at Brookside state that in the battle between whites and blacks last night several negroes were shot dead. The ranks of the whites were thinned by several being wounded. While the miners were caring for their wounded the negroes struck out for the deeper woods. Another posse was formed and, headed by determined and smart miners, followed in pursuit. Word was telegraphed to this city for help and Sheriff Morrow, with 25 of his men, left for the scene. At midnight they came up to the rioters. The whites had captured several of the negroes, but Biggars was not among them. The captured negroes were bound hand and foot and a dangling noose from the limb of a tree overhead told of their impending fate. When Sheriff Morrow arrived he demanded the surrender of the prisoners. His request was received in sullen silence. Another demand was met by a flat refusal from the leader of the white miners. The Sheriff threatened to open fire on both parties unless the prisoners were given up at once. Not until his men presented arms did the spokesman of the white miners deliver the captives. They were brought back to camp where another demonstration was made by the miners, who had joined the pursuit. They made a desperate attempt to take the negroes from Sheriff Morrow, but the determined stand of his men deterred them from using force. This camp is in a state of intense excitement, and further trouble is feared.

Lexington is quiet this morning. Their are nine negroes in jail. Lynching was narrowly averted last night.

CANADIAN EVENTS.

The department of Marine and Fisheries, Ottawa, from facts to hand, concludes that the take of seal skins will be much lower this year than in 1894.

The courts will be asked to restrain Mayor Little, of London, Ont., from signing the contract with the Barber Company, of Buffalo, for asphalting Dundas and Richmond streets. It is alleged by the relator, R. C. McCann, that the Aldermen showed wanton extravagance in accepting the Barber tender in preference to that of Godson, of Toronto, the latter offer being some $6,000 below that accepted.

On Saturday last at Charlottetown, P. E. I., Mrs. Campbell, wife of Alex. Campbell, a tailor, gave birth to five children, all girls. Mr. Campbell is 34 years old.

A huge snake, showing its head and 20 feet of body above water, frequents Black lake, Megantic, Que., and has been seen by many lake people within the last month. Louis Cyr and J. Clearihew are prepared to make oath to its presence.

The Toronto Globe in a letter on Tuesday calls on the Government to withdraw the remedial order, and let the appeal be made in the name of the minority citizens of Manitoba, for a redress of the grievances under which they believe they labor, and which it was the opinion of Their Lordships of the Judicial committee do exist.

From Dresden, Ont., comes the news of the death of William Chambers, aged 107, 10 months and 10 days. Deceased was active and retained his faculties up to the time of his demise.

T. T. Devlin, 25 years old, son of Chief of Police Devlin, Pembroke, dropped dead while walking to board the steamer Ottawa with an excursion party. Heart disease is said to have been the cause.

Oliver Leveille, of Montreal, who is under age, brought action against his father to force the latter to consent to his marriage with Miss Majoud. He alleged that he was determined to marry, and his father's opposition arose from the fact that he wanted his salary. The judge decided against the youth, and advised him to await his majority.

A Government exhibit formally opened the Regina exhibition on Tuesday. A heavy shower necessitated the curtailment of his remarks, and Premier Bowell and Hon. Mr. Daly who followed were only able to return thanks briefly for the welcome extended them.

W. Aitchison, Hamilton, Ont., took his coughs last Thursday. Nothing would stop them, and he died on Tuesday.

The body of an unknown well-dressed woman was found in the woods, near La Prairie, Que., on the south shore of the St. Lawrence. The circumstances seem to show that she was outraged and murdered.

George Porter, paying teller in the Bank of Montreal, Quebec, has been arrested. He was charged with embezzling $20,000. When taken Porter resisted arrest and flourished a revolver.

THE MARKETS.

A good all-round market is reported this week, with steady prices and brisk business. In the fruit line there is much doing with more to follow later in the season. Fresh eggs went up 5 cents about a week ago, but are now selling easier at 25 to 30 cents per dozen. Ducks and hens are required, while in other respects the demand is well met. New hay is meeting with little request, large quantities of last year's product being still on hand. Reports indicate that crops will be harvested with little loss, and in first-class condition. Prices are given as follows:

VEGETABLES—Potatoes, old, $5@$7 per ton; do., $15@$18 per ton; carrots, turnips, beets, parsnips, cabbage, 10@15c per doz.; onions, 10c.; rhubarb, 2c per lb.; green peas, 3@4c per lb.

PRODUCE—Hay $10 per ton wheat, Wash., $23 per ton; rolled oats, per 80-lb. sack, $3.50; Keewatin flour, $5; Portland City, $3.50; salt, 13@14; oil cake, $40.

PROVISIONS—Butter (creamery) 18@20c. per lb.; dairy, 8c. per lb.; fresh eggs, 25@30c. per doz; Ontario, 10c per doz; lard per lb.; 11 1-2c., tins; hams, per lb., small, 12@12 1-2c., large, 11c.; bacon, per lb., 12 1-2c., backs, 10 1-2c., roll, 10c., short cuts, 18c.

DAIRY PRODUCE—Butter, imported, 15@20c., choice creamery, 20@25c., extra fine local ranchers, 25@30c.; cheese,