

to a situation if Denmark will raise the blockade and give up Alen.

Other articles are unimportant. The meeting closed at 90 for money.

After lunch and unchanged. What slightly advanced. Provisions quiet.

A letter has been received from Lord Lyons, which has never had any correspondence with Mr. Jefferson Davis, and recent publications to that effect were a forgery.

The War Department has several days since forwarded to Gen. Grant, 10,000 to 12,000 having left Washington on Thursday last, Gen. Grant.

The Boston Herald remarks concerning the Army and General Meade to the effect of the Boston Herald.

The whole of his first paragraph is but a repetition of the same old story, and although it is full of facts, it is not only unjust, but also untrue.

Your work is not over. The enemy must be pursued as far as possible. It is also stated that the number of prisoners and cannon captured.

The language of this address fully justifies all we have said on the subject of late battles, and all which we have refrained from saying.

It will be observed, too, that Gen. Meade reckons upon the aid of reinforcements from the West to continue future operations. Indeed, the army correspondent of the Army and Navy Journal writes of the strength of the rebels, after the battle of Gettysburg, that they showed a full line over our whole front, extending beyond our right flank to the Potomac.

On Friday night, the rebels made a dash on the lines of the army, which they were unable to break, and which were covered by the army.

At least five of these were brought in, and beyond this there was no fighting on Friday or Saturday morning.

A number of articles have been sent back to their respective owners. Among them are 16 officers—five of whom are in iron. These are offered to the army.

The arrival of 10,000 of the Army of Potomac on the 10th, dispels the rumors of a retreat of Lee's army, but it is evident that the army is pressing forward, and that having crossed the river, it is now in a position to force the rebels toward Lynchburg.

Patigue parties are destroying the roads which will facilitate the bringing up of supplies.

When Gen. Hancock made his successful charge into the rebel ranks, he was followed by the thick woods, and a desperate attack from the rebels, who had left their camp to meet him, he was completely routed.

The New Hampshire Sixth was the only one of the regiments in Burnside's corps which entered the rebel intrenchments on the 13th.

On Saturday morning, the headquarters of Gen. Grant were at the Fredericksburg and Spotsylvania Turnpike where it crosses the river, and the army was in a position to force the rebels toward Lynchburg.

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what his original plans. This modification, however, does not involve any radical change in those which it is understood, will be carried out.

The great disproportion in the size of the Union and rebel armies made it necessary for Gen. Lee to maneuver his troops so as to bring on the actions that have been fought, in such positions and under such conditions, that his army should be able to counterbalance the superior numbers, and that great loss should be inflicted on the Union troops, while the rebel troops suffered comparatively but little.

Another object that Gen. Lee had in view was to make the battles of the 5th and 6th (preliminary and secondary in importance as they were) as nearly equal as possible, so as to draw out the strength of the Union forces, including their own reserves. Both of these objects the rebels claim have been fully accomplished.

Gen. Meade's success, the Rapidan, near Germania, on the 4th. Gen. Grant's purpose on the peninsula was entirely unaltered. A strong Union force had been landed at West Point, and another strong body of troops was on the march to join it.

All these facts were known to Gen. Lee, and seemed to indicate a purpose on his part of forcing us to fight on the York river, and to push us toward Richmond. And this seems to Gen. Lee the more probable, because there are many military reasons why that is the true line of advance for the rebel capital. Under these circumstances, it was vitally important that the advance of Meade's army should be checked, and that he should be defeated, if possible, before the main body of Butler's forces should reach the White House, on the Pamunkey; for if they should succeed in doing so, the probabilities were that Meade's left would be extended down to Matopony river, and Butler's right be moved up the Pamunkey to Hanover, and thus a junction would be formed by the whole of Grant's army in this case nothing but defeat could await Gen. Lee. To prevent this, therefore, it was that Gen. Lee assumed the offensive on the 5th, burning his camp, and moving toward Richmond, and endeavoring with all his power, to get between Meade's army and the Rapidan.

On the morning of the 6th, Gen. Lee received definite intelligence of the movements of the Peninsula. All the troops and Union vessels on the York river had been withdrawn, and the stream, and had sailed up the James river, and on the afternoon of the 6th, had landed, not on the left, but on the right bank of the James river, above City Point.

It must have been with a sigh of relief that Gen. Lee read the despatch that conveyed to him these tidings, for it was as much as saying that Grant had succeeded in his campaign on the peninsula was now fully developed. It was the plan which Gen. Lee hoped to carry out, and which he had adopted; and it relieved the former at once from all anxiety. Butler's troops might safely now be sent southward. There was no danger now of a junction between the Union troops on the Rapidan and those south of the James river.

That night (6th), however, his preparations having been all made beforehand, he moved his whole army, in silence and in perfect order, to the second of the York river, and on the morning of the 7th, he was in a position to force the rebels toward Lynchburg. Patigue parties are destroying the roads which will facilitate the bringing up of supplies.

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THE CONFERENCE SESSION. The Committees preparatory to the next Conference are appointed to meet at Sackville, N. B. as follows:—

1. Committee for Examination of Candidates—Wednesday, June 15th, at 9 o'clock, a. m.

2. National Committee—Thursday, June 16th, at 9 o'clock, a. m.

3. Book Committee—Friday, June 17th, at 9 o'clock, a. m.

4. Board of Trustees of Mount Allison Institution—Saturday, June 18th, at 9 o'clock, a. m.

5. Auxiliary Missionary Committee—Saturday, June 19th, at 9 o'clock, a. m.

6. Theological Institution Committee—Monday, June 20th, at 9 o'clock, a. m.

7. Supervisory Fund Committee—Monday, June 20th, at 3 p. m.

8. Parsonage Aid and Church Property Committee—Monday, June 20th, at 7 p. m.

9. Contingent Fund Committee—Tuesday, June 21st, at 9 o'clock, a. m.

10. Committee on Classification of Circuits—Tuesday, June 21st, at 7 p. m.

The 21st Session of the Conference of Eastern British America, will be held (D.V.) at Sackville, N. B., commencing on Wednesday, the 22nd day of June, ensuing, at 9 o'clock, a. m.

Wm. McMurray, Secretary.

MEMORANDA. NEW YORK, May 12—Arrived by the Atlantic Express, from New York, the following:—

Dr. W. M. McMurray, Secretary.

Dr. J. H. McMurray, Secretary.

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Shipping News. PORT OF HALIFAX. ARRIVED. WEDNESDAY, May 15. H. M. S. Vesuvius, Capt. Hamilton, from St. Johns, N. B., via St. John's, N. B., and Halifax, N. S.

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The Charleston Courier makes a timely suggestion in recommending the attention of our government to the naturalization and civilization of California, for the preservation of the health of our soldiers. This article has a peculiar effect upon the liver, and guards the system against disease by expelling and evacuating the bowels. It is the great success of the Plantation Bitters of Dr. Drake, which, previous to our unhappy difficulties was found in most Southern homes, was owing to the extract of Calceola Bark which contained as one of its principal ingredients. In confirmation of this, we have heard one of our most distinguished physicians remark, that whenever he felt unwell from ordinary dyspeptic or asthmatic causes, he invariably relieved himself by Plantation Bitters. Now that these Bitters cannot be obtained, a substitute should be prepared.—We understand our government has agreed negotiations with Dr. Drake through a secret agent, but with what truth we do not know.

We are exceedingly obliged to the Richmond Whig for its remembrance of "Anti-Lung Spleen," which we can assure "Our Government" that the Plantation Bitters are not for sale to any "secret agents" North or South. There is probably several other things that "Our Government" will yet want to see, but we have no very definite idea of what they will be. We are not afraid to show that it is composed of

Physicians are compelled to recommend it. Calceola Bark has been celebrated for over two hundred years, and was used by the Emperor Louis XVI, King of France, for the enormous price of its own weight in silver. It is remarkable for Dyspepsia, Fevers, Weakness, Constipation, &c.

Cascarella Bark—For Diarrhoea, Colic, and distension of the stomach and bowels.

Decadent—For inflammation of the Lungs and Dropsical Affections.

Chamomile Flowers—For enlarged Glands.

Lavender Flowers—Aromatic, stimulant and tonic—highly invigorating in nervous debility.

Water-gentian—For Scrophulous Humors, Acidity, &c.—It is a powerful cathartic, creating fresh muscle and milk; much used by mothers nursing.

Another wonderful ingredient, of Spanish origin, imparting beauty to the complexion and brilliancy to the mind, is yet unknown to the commerce of the world, and we withhold it, as a mark of the present Hamburgs and quacks howl about the Plantation Bitters; but the following is what's the matter and they know it.

PLANTATION BITTERS WILL CURE. Cold Fevers, and Fevers of the Bowels, Sour Stomach and Febrile Heat, Flatulency and Indigestion, Nervous Affections, Excessive Fatigue and short Breath, Pain in the Head, Rheumatism, Dropsical Swellings, Mental Depression, Prostration, Great Weakness, Sallow Complexion, Weak Hovels, LIVER COMPLAINT AND DYSPEPSIA.

Very particularly for Fevers and Ague, Chills and Fever, Bilious and other Fevers, Small Pox, Constipation, Catarrhs, Dyspepsia, and fruitless efforts of Liver Drainage, excessive and moderate doses of quinine, calomel, drastic pills, are sure to cause emprovement, torpidity, and sluggishness of the Liver, and enlargement of the Spleen. In all cases where purgative medicines are required, it is Calceola Bark, with its active and powerful cathartic, should commence the use of these Pills will be avoided, and the system restored to its normal state.

DR. WILSON'S PILLS FOR ALL DISEASES OF THE LIVER, SPLEEN, KIDNEYS, PANCREAS, HEART, AND OTHER GLANDS. Disease of the Liver is caused by improper moderation of its secretions. Misapplied treatment for Fevers and Ague, Chills and Fever, Bilious and other Fevers, Small Pox, Constipation, Catarrhs, Dyspepsia, and fruitless efforts of Liver Drainage, excessive and moderate doses of quinine, calomel, drastic pills, are sure to cause emprovement, torpidity, and sluggishness of the Liver, and enlargement of the Spleen. In all cases where purgative medicines are required, it is Calceola Bark, with its active and powerful cathartic, should commence the use of these Pills will be avoided, and the system restored to its normal state.

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