UNITED STATES.

Mr. Cobb, a member for Georgia, and a Democrat, has been elected SPEAKER of the House of Representatives.

The President's Message was communicated to Congress on the 24th ult. The following is an outline of the document, received by telegraph, and published in the Boston Atlas of Tuesday:

The President commences by congratulating the country that we are at peace with all nations, that we have been greatly blessed by Providence, and that the scourge of cholera has been stayed.

The relations with Great Britain are of a friendly character; the recent alteration of the navigation laws, which are reciprocated by us, are likely to prove mutually advantageous.

A slight interruption of the diplomatic relations with France has been terminated. Our Minister has been received, and one appointed to this government.

The President alludes to the fitting out of German War Steamers at New-York, and intimates that by the documents referring to this procedure, accompanying the Message, it would be seen that the parties interested approved of the course of the government. No such government as the German Empire had been established, and our Minister had been recalled, after being instructed to transfer the archives of the Legation at Frankfort to the American legation at Berlin.

The suppression of the expedition against Cuba, and the demand for the restitution of Rey, [the New Orleans man,] are slightly alluded to. The President announces that, although the crime charged against the supposed abductor of Rey is justly odious, there is no law punishing such an offence.

The Executive studiously avoided interference during the conflict between Austria and Hungary. It stood prepared, however, in case of success on the part of the Hungarians, to welcome them among the family of nations, and invested an agent with power to recognise their independence, should circumstances justify it.

Our claims upon Portugal have been pressed with renewed vigour.

During the late Revolution at Rome, our Charge had been unable to present his letters of credence.

The President recommends a cultivation of friendly relations with Mexico, and a faithful observance of the treaties with that government. He sends in a correspondence relating to the Protocol, and alludes to measures for settling the boundary, and adjustment of the American claims.

He recommends close relations of friendship with the South American States, bordering on the Pacific.

A Convention has been negotiated with Brazil, providing for the settlement of American claims.

The President calls attention to the existing laws concerning the African trade, with a view to the more effectual and faithful execution of the same.

Seeing that there was no prospect of reunion among the five States comprising Central America, he had treated with them separately by treaties of commerce, &c.

A contract had been made with the government of Nicaragua, by a company, composed of Americans, for the purpose of constructing a ship-canal. He had directed negotiations for a treaty with Nicaragua, pledging both governments to protect those who shall engage in the work. Nicaragua had invited other nations to enter into the same treaty stipulations.

The President thinks the canal may be made the bond of peace, and also thinks that the Isthmus ank Tehuantepec are worthy of consideration and though Mexico did not concede the right of the latter to us, yet he will not renew the proposition to purchase it, as it ought to be open to all nations.

The President calls attention to the position of the Sandwich Islands, and desires that they may maintain their independence, and thinks that other nations should concur in this, as no government can be indifferent to their passing under the dominion of any other power.

Treasury Estimates.—The receipts into the Treasury for the fiscal year ending the 30 h June, are $48 000,000; Treasury notes funded, $10,000,000, making $58,000,000. Expenditure, $46,000 000. He says the Treasurer's report will probably show a deficiency in July next of $5,000,000, and on the 1st of July, 1851, of $10,000,000—making an aggregate of $15,000,000, caused by the extraordinary expenses of the Mexican war.

He recommends that authority be given to borrow the necessary amount to meet the deficiency.

The Tariff—The President recommends a revision of the existing Tariff, on a basis which may augment the revenue. He does not doubt the right of Congress to encourage domestic industry, and thinks that specific

duties are best adapted to prevent frauds upon the revenue. He recommends duties high enough to protect home industry.

He thinks that if the Sub-Treasury be continued, it will require important modifications; and also recommends an agricultural bureau.

He comments the application of California for admission into the States, as favourable to the consideration of Congress.

A coast survey has been ordered for California and Oregon, to fix upon sites for light houses.

He recommends a branch mint in California, and a commission to examine land titles in that country, and also a geological survey. He also recommends a reconnoissance of the most feasible route for a Pacific Railroad; and early appropriations for improvements of rivers and harbours.

On account of Indian troubles in the extensive new territories, he recommends an increased military force.

The President speaks well of the Navy; and is favourable to a reduction of postage, except by sea steamers. He alludes to foreign postal treaties, indulges in general reflections thereupon, and above all, recommends a love of union to every American heart. Its dissolution is the worst of all calamities—its preservation the surest means of prosperity and happiness. Whatever dangers may threaten it, (says he) I shall stand by it and maintain it in its integrity to the full extent of the obligations imposed, and the power conferred upon me by the Constitution.

Z. TAYLOR.

A Telegraphic Despatch, dated Washington, Dec. 22—says a confidential message was received by the Senate from the President, covering the first treaty with the Nicaragua Government, negotiated by Mr. Squier. The second treaty, annexing the Island of Tigre, it is said, is withheld, and will in all probability be repudiated by Mr. Clayton, till Mr. Bulwer, the new English Minister, shall explain Chatfield's insolent conduct.—The first treaty will not probably be confirmed until some similar explanation is made.

Washington, Dec. 21, P. M.—The British steam sloop of war Hecate, with Sir Henry Bulwer, British Minister, and suite, has arrived at Washington. The Minister, family and suite have all arrived in good health.

BOUNTIES.—There will be paid out by the collector of this port, on the first of next month, between $82,000 and $84,000 for bounties to fishermen.—*Portland Empire.*

DEATH OF WM. MILLER, THE PROPHET.—Mr. Miller, of Low Hampton, N. Y., somewhat celebrated for his views respecting the nearness of the advent, died at his house on Thursday, the 20th inst., in his 68th year.

MISCELLANEOUS.

A VESSEL BURNT AT SEA—ONE HUNDRED LIVES LOST.—*Fayal, Nov. 26.*—The American ship Caleb Grimshaw, from Liverpool for the United States, was destroyed by fire on the 17th instant, sixteen miles south east of the Island of Flores, having on board 300 passengers (principally emigrants.). The British barque Sarah, Cock from London for St. John (N.B), having observed the fire, bore down and succeeded in extricating the passengers and crew, and bringing them in safety to this place. The whole of the property belonging to the emigrants was lost.—The master of the ill fated ship, it is reported, has been induced to charter the Sarah to convey the passengers to their destination.

Lloyd's agent reports as follows:—"The Caleb, Grimshow, from Liverpool, was burnt at sea on the 20th inst., 16 miles S.E. of the Island of Flores; crew and part of the passengers saved 190 lost.

REPEAL OF THE NAVIGATION LAWS.—We are very sorry to hear that several of the shipowners of Brigham have ordered their vessels home to be laid up, in consequence of the present depressed state of the shipping interest, and there being so many foreign vessels waiting in the different English ports for the results which January, 1850, will produce to the detriment of British shipping. In this town it must be severely felt, as it will be the means of depriving many of the means of employment, who must, with their families, fall back on parochial aid for a scanty subsistence.—*Bristol Journal.*

For many years between 2000 and 3000 pigs were, on an average, imported from Ireland to Bristol weekly. For a long period judging from the official lists, barely a single pig has been taken to Bristol! Free trade is annihilating the provision or staple trade of Ireland.

SEARCH FOR SIR JOHN FRANKLIN.—The New York Commercial Advertiser says:—"We learn that a letter has been received in this city from Lady Jane Franklin, in which she asks advice and information from the party to whom it is addressed, as to the expediency of her coming over with a view to the arrangement of an expedition, at her own expense for the renewal next Spring, of the search for her lost husband. She meditates the purchase and equipment of two small vessels, with which she hopes a more successful result may be obtained than that which so cruelly disappointed her, under the command of Sir James Ross.

ADVERTISEMENTS

ADVERTISEMENTS, not inconsistent with the professed character of our Paper, inserted on the following terms. A square or under, first insertion, 3s. 9d; and each continuance 1s. Larger advertisements in proportion. Auction sales on the usual terms.

Yearly advertisements inserted on moderate terms—the prices to be fixed according to their size and frequency of changes.

As this paper will circulate extensively through all parts of Nova Scotia and New Brunswick, and in Prince Edward Island, it will form a desirable medium of advertising.

Advertisements not limited will be continued until ordered out, and charged accordingly.

The Colonial Life Assurance Company.

Registered and empowered under Act of Parliament, 7 & 8 Vict. Cap. 110.

Capital—£500,000.

GOVERNOR:

The Right Hon. the Earl of Elgin and Kincardine, Governor-General of Canada.

General Board of Directors for Nova Scotia

The Hon. M. B. ALMON, Banker.
The Hon. WM. A. BLACK, Banker.
LEWIS BLISS, Esq.
CHARLES TWINING, Esq., Barrister.
JOHN BAYLEY BLAND, Esq.
The Hon. ALEX. KEITH, Merchant.

Medical Adviser:
ALEX. F. SAWERS, M. D.

Agents and Secretaries:
JAMES and CHARLES STEWART.

EDINBURGH, 1 George St. (Head Office)	HALIFAX, N.S. 11 Prince Street.	LONDON, 4. ALothbury

THE COLONIAL commenced business in 1846, and the result which has attended its operations fully bears out the anticipations of success which its founders entertained.

The Directors look forward with confidence to a very favorable result at the first DIVISION OF PROFITS, in 1854, and PERSONS ASSURING BEFORE 25TH MAY, 1850, WILL PARTICIPATE IN THAT DIVISION TO THE EXTENT OF 5 YEARS' CLAIM.

The CAPITAL of the Company gives complete security for all its transactions, and parties dealing with the Office incur none of the risks of mutual assurance.

The RATES adopted were framed after a most careful and searching enquiry as to the value of life in North America, and the Directors are confident that they have adopted as moderate a scale as can be held compatible with safety.

Parties assured can pass between Great Britain and North America within certain limits without extra charge, and have other privileges of residence, as more particularly noticed in the Company's Prospectus.

Every information can be obtained by application at the Company's Office, in Halifax, N. S., No. 11, Prince Street, or from any of the Agents.

By order of the Directors,
J. & C. J. STEWART,
Secretaries to the Halifax Board.

Agents for Nova Scotia and P. E. Island.

Amherst, ROBERT B. DICKEY,
Annapolis, JAMES J RITCHIE,
Arichat, CHAS. F. HARRINGTON,
Bridgetown, JAMES R. SMITH,
Charlottetown, P. E. I. E. L. LYDIARD,
Digby, JAMES A. DENNISON,
Kentville, JOHN C. HALL,
Liverpool, JOHN H. FREEMAN,
Lunenburg, GEO. T. SOLOMON,
Pictou, JAMES CREIGHTON,
Shelburne, CORNELIUS WHITE,
Sydney, C B., CHAS. E. LEONARD, Junr.
Truro, ADAM G. ARCHIBALD,
Windsor, P. M. CUNNINGHAM,
Yarmouth, HENRY A. GRANTHAM.

December 1.

Nova Scotia Marine Insurance COMPANY.

NOTICE.

MONDAY the 21st day of January next, being the day appointed by Law, for the ANNUAL GENERAL MEETING of the Company, Shareholders are hereby requested to attend at the Exchange Coffee House at 12 o'clock in the forenoon, for the purpose of electing Directors for the ensuing year, and transacting such other business as may be considered necessary.

By order of the President.

YEOMANS & FRASER
Brokers.

December 31

To intending Emigrants FROM NOVA SCOTIA

THE CANADA COMPANY would submit to the serious consideration of parties who may be desirous of leaving Nova Scotia whether the Western Section of Canada (formerly the Province of Upper Canada) does not offer every inducement for parties to settle there, rather than that they should proceed to the United States. In *Upper Canada* they will find a most healthy climate, the soil very fertile, and abundance of excellent Land to be obtained upon easy terms from the *Government* and *Canada Company*. The great success which has attended Settlers in Upper Canada, is abundantly evidenced by the prosperous condition of the Farmers throughout the Country, and is also shown by the success of many Natives of New Brunswick and *Nova Scotia* who have settled in many Townships of the Country;—and the individual progress made by several thousands of people who have taken Lands from the Company, corroborates the success which has attended settlement in Upper Canada.

THE CANADA COMPANY'S LANDS

Are offered by way of Lease for Ten Years; or for Sale, Cash down. *The plan of 1-5th Cash and Balance in Instalments, being done away with.*

The Rents, payable 1st February each Year, are about the Interest, at Six per Cent, upon the Cash Price of the Land. Upon most of the Lots, when Leased, *no Money is required down*; whilst upon the others, *according to locality, One, Two, or Three Years' Rent* must be paid in *advance*, but these payments will *free* the Settler from *further* Calls, until the Second, Third, or Fourth Year of his Term of Lease.

The Settler has secured to him the *right* of converting his *Lease* into a *Freehold*, and of course, *stopping payment* of further Rents, before the expiration of the Term, upon paying the purchase Money specified in the Lease.

The Lessee has thus *guaranteed* to *him* the *entire benefit* of his *Improvements* and *increased value* of the Land he occupies, should he wish to purchase. But he may, if he pleases, refuse to call for the Freehold, the *option* being *completely* with the *Settler*.

A Discount, after the rate of Two per Cent, will be allowed for anticipated payment of the purchase Money for every unexpired year of Lease, before entering the Tenth Year. The Lessee has also secured to him the benefit of the

SETTLER'S SAVINGS' BANK ACCOUNT

☞ Printed Papers, containing full and detailed particulars, may be procured gratis from every Post Master in Nova Scotia, as likewise from the Rev E. Evans, Halifax, of whose permission the Company avail themselves to refer inquiring parties to him, as a gentleman long resident in Western Canada, and who, possessing Maps, will afford information respecting the Company's Lands, and upon Canada generally.

Commissioners of the Canada Company's Office
Toronto C. W., April 1848.

Wesleyan Day School.

THE SUBSCRIBER begs leave respectfully to intimate to Wesleyan Parents and to the Public generally that the above School has been for some time in operation, and is still open for the reception of the youth of both sexes. The course of instruction embraces the following branches:

Primary Department.

Reading, Writing, Arithmetic, English Grammar, and Geography.

Higher Department.

Ancient and Modern History, Ancient & Modern Geography, use of the Globes, Grammar, and Composition, Writing, Commercial Arithmetic and Algebra.

Mathematical and Classical Departments.

Euclid, Trigonometry, Mensuration, Land Surveying, Natural Philosophy, Astronomy, LATIN GREEK, FRENCH, Logic, and Rhetoric.

School Room adjoining the Argyle St. Chapel. Hours of attendance from 9 A. M. to 2 P. M.

A distinct Class for the tuition of young Ladies in the **French Language** would be opened should a sufficient number of Pupils offer.

Terms of the different Classes made known on application at the School Room, or at the Subscriber's residence, No. 30 Brunswick Street.

July 14th. W. ALEXANDER S. REID.

JUST PUBLISHED,

(And for Sale at the Office of W. Cunnabell, No. 3 Connors' Wharf—and may also be had at the City Book Stores, and at the principal Stores, throughout the Province),

CUNNABELL'S

NOVA-SCOTIA ALMANAC

FOR 1850,

Containing—The Eclipses, fixed and moveable Holidays, Tide Table, Sun's Declination, Equation of Time, Phases of the Moon, and other Astronomical Calculations, suitable for Nautical and general purposes; with a variety of valuable hints for Farmers, and other useful, entertaining, and miscellaneous readings; Interest, Sterling, and Dollar Table, a condensation of the Chronological Summary, and other information suited to the pages of an Almanac.

☞ All orders (accompanied with the cash) will be promptly attended to

Halifax, Dec. 29, 1849.

DR. S. P. TOWNSEND'S

COMPOUND EXTRACT OF

SARSAPARILLA

32, HOLLIS STREET

GENERAL AGENY—Halifax, N. S.

Wonder and Blessing of the Age.

The most extraordinary Medicine in the World.

This Extract is put up in Quart Bottles; it is six times cheaper, pleasanter, and warranted superior to any sold. It cures disease without vomiting purging, sickening, or debilitating the Patient.

The great beauty and superiority of this Sarsaparilla over all other Medicines is, while it eradicates disease, it invigorates the body. It is one of the very best

SPRING AND SUMMER MEDICINES

ever known; it not only purifies the whole system and strengthens the person, but it creates new, pure and rich blood; a power possessed by no other Medicine. And in this lies the grand secret of its wonderful success. It has performed within the last two years, more than one hundred thousand cures of severe cases of disease, at least, 50 000 were considered incurable. It has saved the lives of more than 15,000 children the three past seasons.

100,000 cases of General Debility and want of Nervous Energy.

Dr S P Townsend's Sarsaparilla invigorates the whole system permanently. To those who have lost their muscular energy, by the effects of medicine, or indiscretion committed in youth, or the excessive indulgence of the passions, and brought on by physical prostration of the nervous system, lassitude, want of ambition, fainting sensations, premature decay and decline, hastening thought that fatal disease Consumption, can be entirely restored by this pleasant remedy. This Sarsaparilla is far superior to any

INVIGORATING CORDIAL.

As it renews and invigorates the system, gives activity to the limbs and strength to the muscular system in a most extraordinary degree.

Consumption Cured.

Cleanse and Strengthen. Consumption can be cured. *Bronchitis, Consumption, Liver Complaint, Colds, Catarrh, Coughs Asthma, Spitting of Blood, Soreness in the Chest, Hectic Flush, Night Sweats, Difficult or Profuse Expectoration, Pain in the Side, &c., have been and can be cured.*

Spitting Blood.

Dr S P Townsend—I verily believe your Sarsaparilla has been the means, through Providence, of saving my life. I have for several years had a bad Cough. It became worse and worse. At last I raised large quantities of blood, had night sweats, and was greatly debilitated and reduced, and did not expect to live. I have only used your Sarsaparilla a short time, and there has a wonderful change been wrought in me. I am now able to walk all over the city. I raise no blood, and my cough has left me. You can well imagine that I am thankful for these results.

Your obedient servant,
WM. RUSSEL, 66 Catherine-st

Fits! Fits!! Fits!!!

Dr S P Townsend, not having tested his Sarsaparilla in case of Fits, of course, never recommended it, and was surprised to receive the following from an intelligent and respectable Farmer in Westchester County:

Fordham, August 13, 1847

Dr S P Townsend—Dear Sir: I have a little girl, seven years of age, who has been several years afflicted with Fits; we tried almost every thing for her, but without success; at last, although we could find no recommendation in your circulars for cases like hers, we thought, as she was in very delicate health, we would give her some of your Sarsaparilla, and are glad we did, for it not only restored her strength, but she has had no return of the Fits, to our very great pleasure and surprise. She is fast becoming ragged and healthy for which we feel grateful.

Yours respectfully, JOHN BUTLER, Jr.

Female Medicines.

Dr S P Townsend's Sarsaparilla is a sovereign and speedy cure for Incipient Consumption, Barrenness, Prolapsus Uteri, or Falling of the Womb, Costiveness, Piles, Leucorrhœa, or Whites, obstructed or Painful Menstruation, Incontinence of Urine, or involuntary discharge thereof, and for the general prostration of the system no matter whether the result of inherent causes or causes, produced by irregularity, illness or accident. Nothing can be more surprising than its invigorating effects on the human frame. Persons all weakness and lassitude, from taking it, at once become robust and full of energy under its influence. It immediately counteracts the nervelessness of the female frame, which is the great cause of Barrenness. It will not be expected of us, in cases of so delicate a nature, to exhibit certificates of cures performed, but we can assure the afflicted, that hundreds of cases have been reported to us. Thousands of cases where families have been without children after using a few bottles of this invaluable Medicine, have been blessed with fine, healthy offspring.

Great Blessing to Mothers and Children.

It is the safest and most effectual medicine for purifying the system, and relieving the sufferings attendant upon childbirth ever discovered. It strengthens both the mother and the child, prevents pain and disease, increases and enriches the food; those who have used it think it is indispensable. It is highly useful both before and after confinement, as it prevents diseases attendant upon childbirth, as Costiveness, Piles, Cramps, Swelling of the Feet, Dependency, Heartburn, Vomiting, Pain in the Back and Loins, False Pains, Hemorrhage, and in regulating the secretions and equalizing the circulation, it has no equal. The great beauty of this medicine is, it is always safe, and the most delicate use it most successfully, very few cases require any other medicine, in some a little Castor Oil, or Magnesia is useful. Exercise in the open air, and light food with this medicine, will always secure a safe and easy confinement.

FOR SALE by

Z. S. HALL, 82, Hollis Street.

N. B. DRUGGISTS and others, supplied on the most liberal terms.

JOHN WOODILL, Victualler.

BEGS respectfully to inform his friends and customers that he has removed from his former stand, (opposite Davy's Country Market) to the (old Woodill) stand, No. 52, UPPER WATER STREET, opposite Messrs. Salter & Wainwright's Wharf—where he will be thankful for a continuation of favours, formerly conferred on him. May 19

Pure Cod Liver Oil, FOR MEDICINAL USE,

Just received a fresh Supply of the above, warranted pure and fresh.

ROBT. G. FRASER, Chemist.
139, Granville Street.

Dec 22.

Printing of every Description
NEATLY EXECUTED,
At the Office of this Paper