companies.

(iii) To subscribe for, underwrite, place, purchase or otherwise acquire, hold, sell, exchange, dispose of and deat in shares, stocks, bonds, depentures, debenture stock or obligations of any Company, whether British Colonial, or Foreign, or of any Government, State, or of any Authouty, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise.

(iii) To furnish and provide deposits and

(n.) To furnish and provide deposits and guarantee funds required in relation to any tender or application for any contract, concession, decree, enactment, property or privilege, or in relation to the carrying out of any contract, concession, decree or en-

actment.

(o.) To lend money to such parties and on such terms, with or without security, as may seem expedient, and in particular to customers of and persons having dealings with the Company; and to guarantee the performance of contracts by members of, parantee the performance of contracts by members of, and the performance of contracts by members of the performance of the performa with the Company; and to guarantee the performance of contracts by members of, or companies or persons having dealings with the Company, and to draw, succept, endorse, discount, issue, buy, sell and deal in bills of exchange, promissory flotes, drafts, bills of lading, coupons, warrants, and other negotiable instruments, and buy and sell and deal in bullion, specie and com.

deatts, bills of lading, coupons, warrants, and other negotiable instruments, and buy and sell and deal in builion, specie and com, and other negotiable instruments, and buy and sell and deal in builion, specie and com.

(D) To borrow or raise amoney for the purposes of the Company in such manner and upon such terms as may seem expedient, and to secure the payment thereof by recembable or irredecmande bonds, debentures, or debenture stock being made payable to bearer or otherwise, and issuable or payable either at par or at a premium or discount), or by mortgages, scripces titicates, bills of exchange or promisory notes, or by any other instrument, or in such other manner as may be determined, and for any such purposes to charge all or any part of the property of the Company, both present and future, including its uncalled capital; and to allot the shares of the Company, or deted as fully or partly paid up, or bonds, debentures, or debenture stock issued by the Company, as the whose or part of the purchase price for any property purchased by the Company, or for any valuable consideration.

(q) To make donations to such persons and in such cases and either of cash or other assets, as may be thught directly or indirectly conducive to any of the Company's objects or otherwise expendient; and to subscribe or guarantee money for charitable or benevoient objects, or for any exhibition, or for eny public, general or other object, and to establish or support, or ald in the establishment or support of associations, institutions, conveniences, funds and trusts calculated to benefit any of the employees or exemployees of the Company, or the dependents, or connections of such persons, and to grant pensions and allowances, and to make payments towards insurance and apply the money of the Company, or the dependents, or connections of such persons, and to make payments towards insurance and apply the money of the Company, or the dependents, or connections of such persons, and to make payments towards insurance and apply the m

wath any Company, firm, or person, any risks, guarantees, or obligation undertaken. by the Company, or to which it may be subject.

(c.) To purchase or otherwise acquire and undertake all or any part of the business, property or guodwill and liabilities of any Company, cox poraction, seciety, partnership or persons carrying on, or about to carry or any business, which this Company is authorized to carry on, or which is in any respect similar to the objects of this Company, or which is capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company, or possessed of property deemed suitable for the purposes of this Company, and to enter into partnership or into any arrangement with respect to the sharing of profits, union of interests or amalgamation, reciprocal concession or co-operation, either in whole or in part, with any such Company, corporation, society, partnership or persons.

(s.) To dispose of by sale, lease, underlease, exchange, surrender, mortgage or otherwise, to any public body, company, society or association, or to any person or persons for such considerations as the Company may think fit, and in particular any stock, shares, debentures, secunities, or property of any other company.

(i) To promote or form, or assist in the promotion or formation of any other company or companies, either for the purpose of acquiring, working, or otherwise dealing with all er any of the property, rights and liabilities of this Company, or any property in which this company or otherwise, to assist, such company or companies either for the purpose of acquiring, working, or otherwise dealing with all er any of the property, rights and liabilities of this Company, or any property in which this company is interested, or for easy other purpose, or providing the whole or part or the capital thereof, or by taking or succeptions for shares, preferred, ordinary, or defenced therein, or by lending money thereto, upon debentures, securities, property, or otherwise dealing with and inclident to the formation,

of the funds of the Company all expenses of and incident to the formation, registration, advertising and establishment of this or any other company, and to the issue and subscription of the share or loan capita, including broketage and commissions for obtaining applications for, or placing or guaranteeing the placing of shares, or any debentures, debenture stock or other securities of this or any other company, and also all expenses attending the issue of any circular, or notice, or the printing, stamping, and circulating of proxies o. forms to be filled up by the members of this or connected with this, or any other company; and to undertake the management and secretarial or other work, duties and business of any company on such te ms as may be determined.

and to undertake the management and secretarial or other work, duties and business of any company on such to me as may be determined.

(u.) To obtain, or in any way assist in obtaining, any trooducial Order or Act of Parliament, or other necessary suthority for enabling this or any other company to carry any of its objects into effect, or for effecting any modification of this or any other company to carry any other company to company to company to the company of the control of this or any other company to be legalized, registered or incorpolated, if necessary, in accordance with the laws of any country or state in which if may, or may propose to carry on operations; to open and keep a colonial or foreign register or registers of tims or any other company in any British (Bolony or Dependency, or in any foreign country, and to allocate any number of the shares in this or any of the property or assets of the company among the members of species or otherwise.

(w.) To distribute any of the property or assets of the company among the members in any part of the globe, either as principals, agents, contractors, managers, trustees, or otherwise, and either alone or in conjunction with others and either by or through agents, sub contractors, trustees, or otherwise; with power to appoint a trustee or trustees, personal or corporate to hold any property on behalf of the Company, and to allow any property to remain outstanding in such trustee or trustees.

(x.) Do all such other things as are incidental or may be thought conducive to the attainment of the acove objects, or any frithem, and so that the word "Company" in this Memorandum, when applied otherwise that to this Company, shall be deemed to include any participality or other body of persons, whether corporate or unincorporate, and whether domiciled in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, and the unincorporate, and whether domiciled in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, and the unin

# THE WEEKLY NEWS

VOL. 7

Richest Strike Ever Made in Kootenay

**GOLD QUARTZ ON GRANITE** 

PHENOMENALLY RICH ORE DIS-COVERED ON NEW VEIN UPON THE GRANITE POORMAN GROUP RUNS THOUSANDS OF DOLLARS TO THE TON.

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* "Early in 1888," says Jim Wardner, in the book written of himself by himself, "uncle John C. Davenport and myself were c. Davenport and myself were examining a gold prospect about five miles from Nelson, B.C., owned by Mr. Nall, and called the Poor Man. It was really a Dick Nailer, a crack-a-jack, as Col. John Burke would say; a lulu, in the words of Geo. Pfunder, and a bird it would be in my vocabubird it would be in my vocabubird it would be in my vocabulary. He wanted to buy it and so did I. Coming down the hill together, I said: 'John, you want the Poor Man; and so do I. It won't pay to bid against each other; Nail's price is high enough viz., \$35,000, for a baby mine. I'll tell you what I'll do; I'll play you server, up hest two out of three, seven-up, best two out of three, seven points each. He who wins, stays; he who loses, goes. Uncle John was the boss at seven-up. I came 'pretty near winning,' as Dutch Jake says. In fifteen minutes I steamed away on the little steamer Idaho, which was there awaiting one of us for a passenger. Uncle John taught me whist and kept me poor. Good bless and kept me poor. Good bless him! May he live long and may the Poor Man still continue to en-

\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\*\* But never from that historic game of seven-up. 20 years ago, in the very beginning of this city, has there been brought off that, or off any other claim anywhere in Kootenay such free gold ore as was brought in yesterday from the Granite-Poorman mine by J. Laing Stocks, the manager of the Duncah United Mines, Ltd., which has the pre-perty under lease to T. Gough and J. P.

Swedberg.
The ore is certainly rich. Nothing The ore is certainly rich. Nothing richer has ever been taken off the Granite, which is the richer of the two allied propretes. Nothing richer or as rich was taken off the Poplar properties at the time of the wild excitement. ties at the time of the wild excitement in the boom of a few years ago. Nothing richer has ever been seen in the Kotoenays. It is useless to talk of what the gold will run a ton. It cannot be expressed in hundreds. A ton of such rock would be worth \$10,000. Mr. Stocks brought in two grips full of the gree and brought in two grips full of the ore and it was lying scattered around his office yesterday afternoon when a Daily News reporter was asked to have a look at it.

Some of the quartz samples would run
in weight half gold. A piece of mellow
quartz, as big as a child's head has native gold sticking out in every direction. A man might earn a month's board by scraping its surface with his thur

The strike was made on the new Granite vein which was opened up by ground sluicing last spring and on which an incline shaft, following down the ledge, has been started. It was just within the first set of timbers, on a ledge running about two feet wide that the samples about two feet wide that the samples Granite-Poorman groups lie to-

gether on Eagle creek about five miles west of Nelson, the Granite lying higher up the hill and further to the east. So far there have been two veins worked, the one lying rarellal to the other and the one lying parallel to the other and the one lying parallel to the other and both running north and south. These are known as the Poorman and the Granite veins, the latter carrying the higher values, but the whole veins together averaging some \$7 a ton. This is not run of mill, which would average lower, some of the country rock on either side of the vein being taken out when the For all that the mine ore is stoped. For all that the mine cleared up \$50,000 worth of gold last

year and in six months this year has yielded over \$30,000.

In the spring ground slutcing was started on a vein running parallel to the Granite vein, about 300 feet to the east.

The rock here discovered runs in a vein varying in width, but averaging two feet or better. Just outside of the incline shaft assays taken of the vein which is there over three feet wide, ran \$20 and as soon as depth is gained this richer

The royalty to the Duncan Mines will alone amount to a big thing and the alone amount to a big thing and the lessees may be considered as made men. They have about 40 men working on the property and as the refractory rock, of which over 130 tons have been sent to the Trail smelter this year, runs some like \$60 to the ton, there is a big thing in the mines for all concerned.

As already stated the Poorman was Davenport and was bought from his son by the Duncan Mines, Ltd., in 1900. Previous to this, in 1898, the adjoining group of properties known as the Granite, were purchased from J. P. Swedner, and a mill and trainway were creative. berg and a mill and tramway were erect-ed in 1899.

Afterwards T. Gough and J. P. Swed-

Republican Party Will Insist on His NEW YORK, Aug. 21.—An announcement was made at the national republican headquarters today, by James S. Sherman, republican candidate for vice president, that president Roosevelt's president, that president Rooseveits conference with party leaders at Sagamore Hill yesterday, had developed that political exigencies demand the renomination of governor Hughes, for a second term. Chairman Frank Hitchcock was present when Mr. Sherman stated the result of the conference and assented to all the vice president said.

assented to all the vice present assented to all the vice present and to day unquestionably will put an end to organization in opposition to the candidacy of governor Hughes although it is possible that certain individuals will continue to voice their protest. WHITE AND BLACK.

Hindu and White Woman Join Hands-Marpole's Return. VANCOUVER, Aug. 21.—The first wedding in this country between a white woman and a Hindu took place today. The bride was a widow in the early thirties, while the groom was 26 years of age and has lived here five years.

years.

Mr. Marpole, western executive agent of the C. P. R. who returned today from the old country stated: "I found that in Great Britain the interest in Canada of recent years is unabated and I look for a large emigration of desirable classes of people next year incident to garnering of a bountiful harvest in the great wheat country of the vest in the great wheat country of the dominion of course of the revival of business in the commercial world gen-

## JUSTICE IN TAXATION

BRYAN FIRES THE FIRST GUN IN CAMPAIGN

SAYS REPUBLICAN PARTY CAN NOT BE TRUSTED

DES MOINES, Aug. 21.—Comparing the attitute of the two dominant part es on the tariff question, William Jennings Bryan, democratic candidate for the presidency at baseball park tonight, before a vast audience, fired the first gun in the campaign. He attacked the republican promise, of tanff revis on and asked if the democratic party was not justied if the democratic party was not justi-fied when it included in its platform the declaration that the "people cannot a e-ly entrust the execution of this impor-tant work to a party which is so deeply

tant work to a party which is so deeply obligated to the highly protected interests as the republican party.

"The whole aim of our party," he said, in summarizing, "is to procure justice in taxation. We believe that each individual should contribute to the support of the government in proportion to individual should contribute to the sup-port of the government in proportion to the benefits which he receives under the projecting government. We believe that a revenue tariff approached gradually ac-cording to the plan laid, down in our platform, will equalize the burdens of taxation and that the addition of an in-some tax will make taxation still more texation and that the audition of all more come tax will make taxation still more equitable. If the republican party is to have the support of the people who find a pecuniary profit in the exercise of the taxing power, as a private asset in their business we ought to have the support of that large majority of the people who produce the nation's wealth in times of peace. Protect the nation's flag in time of war and ask for nothing from the government but even-handed justice" Mr. Bryan left Des Moines late tonight

## STANDARD'S CASE.

Elaborate Arrangements Made for Appeal of Famous Case. CHICAGO, Aug. 21—The govern ment's petition for a re-hearing by the United States court of appeals of the case against the Standard Oil Co. of Indiana was filed today and represents it is authoritatively stated the final attempt to save the Elkin's act and the interstate commerce law from becoming futile. The filing of the petition marked the appearance of attorney general Bonaparte in the case as well as that of Frank B. Kellogg, who is a special assistant to the attorney general. Besides these two names, the petition is signed by Edwin E. Simms, United States district attorney at Chicago and special assistant James H. Wilkerson, both of whom presented the

original hearing before Judge Landis, who administered the famous fine of \$29,240,000 against the defendant. Although it is not specifically stated in the petition, it was agreed by coun-sel for the government in their conference at Lennox, Mass., following the reversal by the appellate court of judge Landis' decision, that if the interpretation of the law given by Judges Grosscup, Seaman and Baker were allowed to stand, successful prosecution of rebate cases against corporations would be a supplying the future. The lawbe impossible in the future. The law-yers at that conference, over who the attorney general of the United States presided were as a unit in expressing the opinion that the reforms in rebate matters brought about by the Roosevelt administration, would represent so much waste in time unless the upper

government's side of the case in the

court can be convinced that it is in error in its construction of the law.

BOSTON, Aug. 21.—A formal protest against the annexation by Belgium of the Congo region was forwarded to the United States secretary of state Root today by the Congo reform association, a national organization with headquarters in this city.

**Doubt As to British Mission** to Germany

## ONLY OLD AGE INSURANCE

QUESTION OF ARMAMENTS IS NOT BEING DISCUSSED ACCORDING TO ALLEGED STATEMENT BY CHANCELLOR OF EXCHEQUER, LLOYD-GEORGE.

BERLIN, Aug. 21.—The meeting to-day between David Lloyd-George, chan-cellor of the British exchequer, and Dr. Bethmann-Hollewell, imperial minister of the interior, as far as is known, passed off without reference being made to the question of naval arma-mants. The two ministers, however. ments. The two ministers, however, conferred privately for an hour and a half and nothing has been made public concerning what was discussed.

A well informed personage informed the Associated Press this evening that the conference was confined entirely to the discussions.

the conference was confined entirely to the old age insurance.

A fellow traveller of Mr. Lloyd-George said that the chancellor of the exchequer had no intention of broaching the subject of the armaments of Great Britain and Germany, but that should the ministers here mention the matters he would be delighted with a purely informal exchange of views on the subject. the subject.

LONDON, Aug. 21.—The Daily Mail this morning declares that no agreement has been arrived at by Great Britain and Germany on the question of payel errogants.

of naval armaments.

David Lloyd-George in a communication addressed to the Daily Chronicle's Berlin correspondent and transmitted by the correspondent to his paper here, says that his visit is exclusively concerned with pensions; it is not official in any sense and has no relation to international politics.

GUT IN LUMBER.

Anstie at the Coast Seeking to Patch
Up an Agreement.

VANCOUVER, Aug. 21.—W. H.
Anstie, secretary of the Mountain Mills
association, is in Vancouver and a meeting of the members of the British Columbia Lumber and Shingle Manu-facturers, Ltd., the coast association,

has been called.

While no official statement has been given out regarding the meeting, it is rumored in lumber circles that some of the members of the mountain association are seeking to patch up the trouble which broke out between the two organizations at the first of the present month over prices. Following the withdrawal of some of the mountain mills from the price agreement the coast mills announced a cut on rough lumber to a basis of \$9 per thousand feet at the mills.

T. H. Rea, a Chicago broker and formerly a well known Boundary minformerly a well known Boundary min-ing operator, has arrived here on busi-ness. Mr. Rea recently disposed of seventeen timber berths on the north fork of Kettle river to a Chicago syn-dicate which will erect a large saw mill on Smelter lake, near Grand Forks. The consideration was about

Big Contracts Undertaken in New York for Cuban Capital.

NEW YORK, Aug. 21.-Nearly \$16,-00,000 it is estimated are involved in 000,000 it is estimated are involved in two contracts that have just been signed here one providing Havana, the capital of Cuba with a proper sewer system and the other for extensive paving of the city. The contracts just signed were between the McGivney and Rockeby construction company and the Cuban engineering and contracting company and the Uvaid paving company of this city. pany of this city.

SCOTCH FARMERS.

Visit Quebec Farms and Then Go on to Ottawa.

MONTREAL, Aug. 21.—The Scottish agricultural committee arrived here this evening, after having spent the day at Knowlton, Que., where they looked over Alva Farm, the property of the Hon. Sidney Fisher. Tomorrow they will go out to the Macdonald college at St. de Bellevue and look over hest orchards on the island, going Ottawa on Sunday.

## ATTITUDE OF AUSTRALIA

REJOICES IN THE DOMINATION OF THE WHITES.

PACIFIC OCEAN TO BE CONTROL LED BY CAUCASIANS.

SYDNEY, Aug. 22-Saturday-The city again today was en fete in henor of the visit of the United States Atlantic batvisit of the United States Atlantic bat-tleship fleet. The entertainments of the morning and afternoon were designed principally for the enlisted men, many of whom were given shore leave. Five hundred of the men started early this morning as guests of the government, in special trains for Newcastle and the Blue mountains, returning to Sydney this eve-ning. Many of the men preferred to

witness football and baseoali matches and the aquatic sports, and an exhibition in the Domain park by the firemen of the city. For the latter event 20,000 spectators gathered and the American sallors applauded the fine display made

sallors applauded the fine display made by the fire fighters.

While there were no official functions scheduled for the day numerous officers visited the city and were guests at vari-ous luncheons and other social functions.

visited the city and were guests at, various luncheons and other social functions.

LONDON, Aug. 22—The Daily Telegraph in an eiddorial this morning dilating on the vast changes in the pollities of the Pacific portended by the almost inconceivable magnificent reception Australia had accorded not to a British, but an American fleet, says: "It means, and is welcomed by the Australian people that the United States is determined to secure their position in the Pacific and the demonstration they are giving of the means they intend to employ to keep their position, is extraordinarily complete. What the people at home have scarcely yet realized is that Europe practically has vacated the Pacific. Not a single battleship belonging to an European power is to be found in any corner of that great ocean, while America has three great squadrons there. The mastery of the Pacific was Britain's only 20 years ago. The rise of Japan on the one hand and the naval renaissance of the United States on the other, has profoundly changed conditions and revolutionized Australia's attitude towards prohems of national defense."

The Daily Telegraph finds Australia's ambition to have its own navy but a natural one, but it thinks the American demonstration will show her how many millions the realization of such a dream will require and convince her that her naval interests can be best conserved by contributions to the British navy. In conclusion the Daily Telegraph thinks that the principles of the white Australia, washed by a white Pacific, he'd passionately by the Australians conceals many serious dangers, but it does not doubt that the thorny question of Asiatic immigration can be settled on perfectly honorable terms.

Games Yesterday. At Aberdeen—Aberdeen, 4; Vancouver, 0.

At Spokane-Butte, 3; Spo-------

CUNARD LINE.

LIFE OF Present Contract.

LIVERPOOL, Aug. 21.—The Post understands that at their monthly meeting, the directors of the Cunard Steamship Co., after much discussion, arrived at the decision that their boats must go to Southampton, if a remunerative share of first class traffic is to be related but their the terms of the real. share of first class traine is to be tained, but that the terms of the mail contract with the government which still has nineteen years to run, preclude the abandoning of Queenstown and on political grounds the government declines to yield.

GIVES EDITOR UP.

the Authorities.

SEOUL, Aug. 21.—The British consul SEOUL, Aug. 21.—The British consul general has surrendered to the Korean authorities, the editor of the vernacular edition of the Daily News, who escaped from the police on August 13th., and sought refuge in the home of E. T. Bethel, the English proprietor of the namer.

paper.
SEOUL, Aug. 21.—Consul E. T.
Bethel at that time raised the English
ensign above his gate and positively
refused to surrender the editor to the territorial protection from the British consul. The trial of the editor will shortly commence on the charge that he was connected with misappropriaion of a part of the Korean nation oan redemption fund.

## TERRIBLE VENGEANCE.

Russian Revolutionists Murder a Whole Household in Cold Blood.

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 21.—News has reached this city of a terrible vengeance taken by the revolutionists of Yurievka in Yekaterinoslav province, upon a Jewish family named Edelstein upon a Jewish family named Edelstein who were accused of giving information to the authorities regarding the movements of the revolutionists. They visited the house at night and threw bombs through the windows. They then opened up on the members of the family with revolvers and shot to death the father, daughter, and a warmen course

ily with revolvers and shot to death the father, daughter and a woman guest and her child. The mother, a son, a son-in-law and two grandsons were severely wounded. After this murderous onslaught the revolutionists temporarily retired and help was summoned. In the course of a couple of hours the victims, who were still alive, had been conveyed to a hospital. Not satisfied with their vengeance, the revolutionists now a well armed band of 40 or 60 men descended on the hospital, overpowered the nurses and guards and shot the mother and son to death, after which they made their escape. Another dispatch from the province says that which they made their escape. Another dispatch from the province says that the prisoners in the jail at Saratov upon discovering that two of their comrades were traitors fell upon them and beat them to death.

Annual Convention.

DETROIT, Aug. 21.—The interna-tional association of municipal electric-ians closed its annual convention here lans closed its annual convention here today. Atlantic City was chosen for the next year's meeting and officers were elected. President, J. B. Yeakle, Baltimore; vice president, W. S. Devlin, Newcastle, Pa.; secretary, Frank P. Foster, Corning.

## NELSON, B. C. SATURDAY MORNING, AUGUST 22, 1908

Northwest Crops Have Been Under Estimated

## NO DANGER FROM FROST

ALF OF WHEAT ALREADY HAS BEEN HARVESTED AND 30 PER CENT IS READY FOR THE BIN. DER-MURDER OF TRAIN HAND BY HOBOES.

WINNIPEG, Aug. 21 - Crop reports ontinue to come in of a very favorable character. A number of the most important districts have practically finished cutting and threshing has started, in fact shipments have already come forward and show splendid milling quality. Market manipulators in the south who previously tried to kill the crops on their own side of the line, having falled their own side of the line, having falled there, have evidently turned their attention to the Canadiaan northwest and are now circulating sensatical reports about the possibility of dimage from frost. As 50 per cent of the wheat is now cut and at least 30 per cent is standing rive ready for the binder, while the remainder is so far advanced that frost cannot materially effect either as to yield or grade, it will readily be seen how little grounds exist for any uneasiness with respect to damage from any frost which may occur.

The selected and experienced men sent out by the Manitoba Free Press as special crop correspondents, continue to

cial crop correspondents, continue to send in reports that would indicate an even larger yield than any figures yet named by the grain dealers or crop experts. And as they are the last in the field and therefore much nearer the actual results on account of a large am unit of the wheat previously estimated upon being at the time in an immature state within a large proportion is now actually being at the time in an immature state while a large proportion is now actually harvested and the remainder much further advanced, naturally they are in a much better position to form a proper estimate. How far advanced some of the northern crops are may be understood when it was announced yesterday that threshing had started at Raddisson and Lanigan in northern Saskatchewan.

wan.
Otto Sorenson, a mes enger in the employ of the Western Express company, was killed by hoboes who attempted to rob his car at Enderlin, N.D., last night. rob his car at Enderlin, N.D., last night. Sorenson travels on the Soc Line to Winnipeg. He was found dead in his car. The position in which he was lying when found indicated that he had had a terrible struggle. The robbers fled in terror after killing their man. He leave; a wife and two children who reside in St. Paul.

A great contrast was provided at the

reside in St. Paul.

A great contrast was provided at the C.P.R. station this morning when 2500 decent and respectable and quiet harvesters arrived from the east in three special trains. Unlike the bunch that came earlier, the arriva's today seemed very gentle and were the proper kind that are required to do the work in this country. They distrained from the train in great spirits and were extremely light hearted, nearly all singing popular songs as they went through the big ga est to the ticket office. They were sent to different parts of the country where h:lp is required.

TAFT'S ANSWER TO QUERY BIYAN.

WHAT REPUBLICAN PARTY NOW STAND FOR.

HOT SPRINGS, Ark., Aug. 21-"The

ecple have ruled through the republican party," this is Mr. Taft't answer to Mr. Bryan's challenge, "shall the people rule?"

The answer was made in an address the republican candidates made today before the gathering of several thousand Virginia republicans who came to seen and hear him and to ce ebrate Virginia day.

to seen and hear him and to ce ebraie to seen and hear him and to ce ebraie. Virginia day.

To make his point perfectly c'ear Mr. Taft referred to the first election of Mr. McKinley as one of the most intelligent and favorable expressions of popular will ever manifested in the world, "and the maintenance of the gold standard and a protective tariff by his administ ation was a correct interpretation of the will of the beople. This was shown to be so," he continued, "ty even a greater in jority for the party in 1900 and a still greater majority in 1904 when Roosevelt was e'ected and we may well submit to the country whether his administration has not expressed the will of the people."

Mr. Taft reviewed the record of the democratic party from the time of the last democratic administration in 1896. During that period, he said, "it repealed last democratic administration in 1896. During that period, he said, "It repea'ed the McKinley tariff bill passed in 1890 and enacted the Gorman-Wilson tariff bill of 1893. With the prospect of a democratic tariff for re-enue and under the operation of the Gorman-Wilson tariff bill subsequently passed, a period of industrial depression set in which continued throughout the next pre-idential campaign of 1898. The remedy for this depression as proposed by the democratic party, under its present leadership was a change from the gold standard of currency and values which was the measure of all pecuniary obligations, to a sliver standard, a change which would

have produced a financial crash in which the business disaster would only have been exceeded by the injury to other national financial honor."

"As soon as the republican party came into power in 1897," he said, "it repealed the Gorman-Wilson tariff bill and enacted the present Dingley tariff and with the assurance of an honest monetary standard confidence was restored and a period of business expansion and prosperity followed to an extent never before known in the history of the world."

SQUARE DEAL

Writer to the Times Thinks All Would Deal With Admiralty (Special to The Dally News.)

LONDON, Aug. 21.—"Cap" J. D. Henry in the Times states that the time is increasingly opportune and propitious for the renewal of Canada's appeal to the admiralty respecting her oil supply, and he adds that Canada is a land of small oil wells and square deals.

Yellow Men's Embroglio

BERLIN, Aug. 21.—The Lokal Anzeiger's Peking correspondent telegraphs that Japanese soldiers captured recently and mortally injured a Chinaman who was formerly an officer in the Japanese army in the house of an official of the minister of war. The Chinese government, the correspondent adds, says an explanation has been made of the affair.

Wright Air Ship. LEMANS, Aug. 24—Wilbur Wright, the American aeroplanist, made a de-monstration this evening at Auyors. No monstration this evening at Auvors. No attempt was made to accomplish a long flight but the evolutions were made with the accustomed consummate skill. The machine soared to a height of 75 feet and landed without mishap. Mr. Wright was warmly congratulated by a French army officer who was present at the army officer who was present at the trials Mr. Wright made in Tunis in 1905.

## INTERESTING MEMORIES

FRENCH CATHOLIC IS GIVEN A CORDIAL RECEPTION.

REGARDS MONTREAL AS CITY OF THE FUTURE.

ette tendered an official reception this afternoon to M. Louis Herbette the

ette tendered an official reception this afternoon to M. Louis. Herbette the official representative of France at the Quebec Tercentenary celebration.

A large number of representative ettizens attended. In replying to the address of welcome M. Herbette stated that before leaving France he had told President Fallieres that he would be attacked, but the president had insisted that he was the proper man. He might not be called a good Catholic but he was at least a good enough Catholic to refuse to hate his enemies. He had been attacked by some of the French Canadian newspapers, but he had kept quiet, listened to the salutes and returned them when courtesy required it. He concluded by saying that he regarded Quebec as the city of interesting memories, but Montreal was the city of the future.

the future. THE DUTCH AND VENEZUELA.

Royal Dutch Line Steamers Will No Call at Venezuelan Ports.
WILLEMSTEAD, Aug. 21.—Each day very gentle and were the proper kind that are required to do the work in this country. They distrained from the train in great spirits and were extremely light hearted, nearly all singing popular songs as they went through the big ga est to the ticket office. They were sent to different parts of the country where hip is required.

SHALL THE PEOPLE RULE

WILLEMSTEAD, Aug. 21.—Each day brings a development in the difficulty between the Netherlands and Venezuela and this morning it was learned that the Royal Dutch West Indian mail line had decided temporarity to discontinue its Venezuelan service. The steamer Prinz William V., belonging to this line arrived yesterday from Caruponiao, Venezuela, and special orders were given to the steamer against sailing. The captain said, "Although we do not fear that the enezuelan authorities

The captain said, "Although we do not fear that the enezuelan authorities molest our steamers in Venezuelan ports, the recent occurrences yesterday in the quarantine regulations imposed on neighboring countries have led the company to discontinue its Venezuelan service for the time being."

The steamers of the Royal Dutch line on their regular schedule call at the Venezuelan port of Puerto Callo, Laguairla, Guantana and Carupano.

LAUNCH RACES.

Dixie II Has Two Races to Her Credit—Looks Like Winner of Gold Cup.
OGDENSBURG, Aug. 21.—Covering the th.rty mile course on Chippewa bay in the fast time of 58 minutes, the motor boat racer Dixie II, owned by E. J. Schroeder, of New York and entered in the name of the Thousand Island Yacht club, today won the second of the series of races for the gold challenge cup. thus putting two races to her credit and giving her a big advantage over the other entries. As in yesterday's race, the Chip III, defender of the cup for the Chippewa Yacht club, was the boat the Dixie had to beat. The Chip kept close to the Dixie throughout the race, and at the end was only 7 seconds in the rear. There were four other boats in the race, the Jen finishing third, the Pirate fourth, the Stranger fifth and the Pawnee as usual being last.

Body Identified.

Body Identified.

Body Identified.

CAMDEN, Aug. 21.—Positive identification of the body of the man who was found in an old trunk in a ravine near here by a picnic party there, as that of Solomon J. Rosenbloom, a wealthy merchant of Mindber, Somerset county Pa., was established today by Harry Friedman, a clerk in the Rosenbloom store.

KAMSACK, Aug. 21—Edward Bray, D. L. S., engaged in surveying the north part of this province here, is dead. Mr. Bray's home is in Oakville, Ontario.

NO. 17

**Quenches Fires in the Fernie** District

MINE ACCIDENT INQUEST

ELK RIVER LUMBER COMPANY IS STARTING TO REBUILD-RAIL-WAYS HAVE REPAIRED ROAD-BED - MANY IMPROVEMENTS QUICKLY MADE.

(Special to The Daily News.) FERNIE, Aug. 21.—A coroner's 'in uest was held this afternoon in the provincial building to inquire into the

leaths of Phil Caldwell, David Powell deaths of Phil Caldwell, David Powell and Robert Beaver, who lost their lives in the accident in No. 2 mine Coal creek on the morning of July 31st list. From the evidence of witnesses it was proved that a serious bump or cave in occurred in the mine imprisoning twenty-four miners, that twenty of them were uninjured by the fall of rock and were rescued a few hours afterwards, but that four were buried under the debris and the bodies of three of the recoveredm later. Phil Caldwell had been taken out alive but seriously injured, and died in the Cranbrook verdict of accidental death and did not attach blame to any one. Search parties are still working to recover the remains of Hitchmough and it is hoped their efforts will soon be successful.

A welcome electrical storm broke broke over the city this afternoon and rain fell steadily for a couple of hours, cooling the air and dissipating the smoke which has filled the valleys since the big fire. The streets are assuming quite a respectable appearance with the rows of new buildings and the shops open for business, and the work of construction still goes on with feverish haste. The Elk Valley Lumber company in West Fernie, today began the erection of a new mill and it will not be long before they are sutting. The city engineer's staff is bushly engaged in laying out the street lines and replacing posts, while the power company have removed the great quantity of tangled electric light and telephone wires that were strewn over the town and have repaired the water works system. Satisfactory progress is being made on the re-construction of the slack bins and approaches to the coke ovens, and the railways have repaired the damage to their roadbed and structures, and are now handling the enormous freight business with regularity and dispatch.

Mrs. Bohnell, wile of Dr. S. Bonnell, left with her children for Nova Scotia today, where she will remain for the winter visiting relatives.

## WESTMINSTER LIBERALS

ARE HOPELESSLY DIVIDED IN THE CAMPAIGN.

J. D. TAYLOR IS MAKING A MOST SUCCESSFUL CANVAS.

(Special to The Daily News.)
VANCOUVER, Aug. 21.—The liberal positive intention of again standing un-less another convention, than the recent one nominating Robert Jardine, is sum-moned. He says he has been unfairly treated and will pursue the course in-dicated, even if it means two liberals in the field. Jardine says he will calm the nomination and is backed up by the machine liberals, who say that the convention was regular. In the meantime J. D. Taylor, the conservative nominee is making a really successful canvass.

DOWN ON CORPORATIONS.

Judge Parker Opens Presidential Campaign at Seattle.

SEATTLE, Aug. 21.—Judge Alton B. Parker, democratic presidential candidate in 1904, spoke to an audience of 1,800 people at the coliseum last night. The meeting was held under the auspices of the King County democrats and the Bryan volunteers. His speech dealt with issues of the national campaign, he described his principles as opposing the evils of great corporations, which he declared, are fostered by the present high tariff. The remedy, Judge Parker declared, is in lowering the tariff and this he doubted if the republican party would do if they continued in power another four years. Judge Parker denounced the idea of federal control of corporations as a remedy. He recommended a statute imposing a jail sentence upon corporation officials convicted of contributing money to a campaign fund.

money to a campaign fund PUEBLO, Aug. 21.—A. St. Louis express train on the Missouri Pacific is reported in the ditch four miles east of Pueblo. It is reported that four passenger coaches were everturned. It is not known how many, if any, are injured. A relief train is being made up in Pueblo.