

# ARCUS

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city buying—the cour-  
service we extend to  
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store, has made it pos-  
sible for us to make more  
homes in St. John  
any other institution.  
You have never purchas-  
ed us do not fail to in-  
our splendid display  
extraordinary furniture  
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## CHARGE OF THEFT

Moncton, N. B., April 14.—Daniel E. O'Brien, who has been working in the city of Moncton for some time, was charged with stealing a coat from the store of J. C. N. B. O'Brien, who was taken to the court for trial. O'Brien denied the charge. Immigration Inspector W. H. O'Brien, who was in the city of Moncton at the time of the theft, was also charged with the theft. The case was heard in the court of Judge J. C. N. B. O'Brien.

## TO SIGNAL MARR.

Moncton, N. B., April 14.—It was announced today that an attempt would be made to signal a marriage between a man and a woman. The man was a resident of Moncton and the woman was a resident of the city of Moncton. The marriage was celebrated in the city of Moncton.

## ARSON CHARGE.

Moncton, N. B., April 14.—Magistrate J. C. N. B. O'Brien, who was in the city of Moncton at the time of the theft, was also charged with the theft. The case was heard in the court of Judge J. C. N. B. O'Brien.

## MORE OUTRAGES

Moncton, N. B., April 14.—The Inland Revenue Office at Moncton was burned down today. The fire was caused by a man who was in the city of Moncton at the time of the fire. The case was heard in the court of Judge J. C. N. B. O'Brien.

## He Got

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## MR. J. K. PINDER TOOK FLOOR IN BUDGET DEBATE

And in a Few Interesting Remarks Made Many Good Points.

### SAYS GOVERNMENT

Is Like a Cattlefish That Dirties the Water in Order to Keep Any Other Fish from Coming in.

(Continued from page 1.)

Fredericton, N. B., April 14.—The House met at 10:45. Mr. Pinder presented a report of the committee on standing orders. He then introduced a bill relating to the corporation tax act of 1920. He said in explanation that the purpose of the act was to supplement provincial revenues. Under this measure it was proposed to impose on all corporations doing a fire insurance business in the province a tax amounting to two per cent of the net premium, also a tax of \$100 on each life insurance company with an additional tax of one and a half per cent on net premium over and above the tax on the business. Net premium was to be the gross premium received from the province during the year preceding May first less re-insurance within the province and other deductions, as far as the banks were concerned. It was proposed to impose a tax on their business. Each bank would have to make a return to the provincial secretary treasurer on the last day of each month of the business done. The rate would be one third of one per cent. Mr. (Carleton) How much will that increase the provincial revenue? Hon. Mr. Byrne said that he could not say definitely with regard to the banks but the total amount to be received under the act would be thirty or forty thousand dollars or probably more. Telegraph companies would be required to pay one per cent on total gross revenue on business done within the province and express companies one-half of one per cent on gross revenue. Both telegraph and express companies pay provincial taxes under the present arrangements. Telephone companies would be required to pay one and one-half per cent on gross earnings with an additional tax of twenty-five cents for each telephone under rental. The present tax was fifty cents on each telephone under rental. The bill also contained provisions for collecting and making returns.

Hon. Mr. Robinson introduced a bill to authorize the city of Moncton to issue debentures. Hon. Mr. Robinson presented a petition of W. T. White, William Weston and more than three hundred others, all citizens of Moncton, praying that legislation of the city of Moncton may not pass. Hon. Mr. Robinson presented a petition of A. L. McWhorter, A. T. Leblanc, M. Logie and fifty others, that legislation of the city of Moncton may not pass. Hon. Mr. Robinson presented a petition of the city of Moncton praying that the city be given two members instead of one as at present. Mr. Pinder Takes Floor.

Mr. Pinder on the order of the day being called resumed the debate on the budget. He had listened to a ten hour speech by the minister of public works. But had not noticed that he had made any reference to the scandal with which a preceding government went out of office in 1918. There were ten Hon. members in the house who could remember that government but of course the Hon. minister wanted to refer to something more recent. There were hardly a member of that administration who had not been using the funds of the province as though they were for his own. Some paid the money back months after they left office and some never paid it back. Tactics used by the Hon. Minister of public works and other Hon. members on the government side reminded him of the action of the cattle fish which dirties the water in which it is to prevent any other fish coming in. The present government took the cake for record expenditure and the province was getting not more than fifty per cent return for the money it was expending. Already there were indications of where the province was getting for there were taxes imposed upon almost every thing but furniture in a man's house. He would give credit to the Hon. minister of lands and mines for realizing this situation and for endeavoring to increase the Crown Land's revenue. The province might just as well be getting an eight dollar rate of stampage as what it was receiving.

Hon. Mr. Foster: Does my hon. friend mean eight dollars in addition to mileage and costs? Mr. Pinder said he meant in addition to mileage and costs. He said a stampage rate of \$10 last year and the Crown Lands were better than the private lands. It was a crime to go on as the province had been going. It was going behind at least \$100,000 per year. It was alright to say that the auto tax would keep up the roads. They would require as much money as they ever did. The farmers were organizing for better roads and he did not blame them. He had come to the Hon. minister of public works with a petition for a road in his section of the country. The minister had promised but nothing had ever been done yet. Thousands had been spent in places where work was not needed as much. He would refer to the public health act. For the past forty years he had not known of a liberal government coming in without being followed by an outbreak of smallpox. The last outbreak of smallpox had been followed by one of vaccination. No one died from smallpox but four died from vaccination and two had blood poisoning. The act might be alright in a city but it was a ridiculous thing in the country and the people were unnecessarily taxed for it. He had seen instan-

ces of doctors looking for smallpox when there was none. He had been going through the country for forty years and had never seen an outbreak of smallpox yet. The reply of the health department showed that not one death had been caused by smallpox.

### Hits Back at Premier.

He had noticed that the Hon. premier had made reference to him (Pinder) in connection with railway matters. Such reference came with poor grace from the Hon. Premier who had been mixed up in railway business himself. He even had provided rolling stock putting it on an auto with flanges wheels and calling it a passenger train. The Hon. member for Albert had referred to the government showing facilities assessed and this seemed to be a case where the \$100,000 was paid for the maritime railway. He (Pinder) would have come out alright if he had been able to get \$50,000 for which he had paid \$10,000 for as had the Hon. premier.

Hon. Mr. Foster: "You came out alright."

Mr. Pinder said that if the Hon. Premier had the bills to pay he might not think so. The time had come when the government had to stop imposing taxes. One on the banks and one on the public and one on the banks which would pay that. It was hard enough as it was to get a note put through. It would be the same with an insurance tax. It would be much better for the government to stop this and levy a general poll tax. He believed the essence of the province if properly administered were capable of meeting the expenditure. There were many burned over areas which would grow number of some assistance were given. Other countries were doing that. Future generations must pay the debt and some provisions should be made for them. The Hon. minister of agriculture had made reference to a horse bought by him. He was sorry the dept. legislated him that horse. He certainly had paid enough for him. If the Hon. minister could get that horse and put with him some of his sheep he might make a trade. He had made reference to a road which he had asked the Hon. minister of public works to build. One man living on that road had been compelled by its poor condition to sell out and go across the line. He noticed that the Hon. minister of public works treated his own county much better than he had treated the county of York. If work all over the province was being done as it was in the latter county the people were not getting half value. He noticed that a small job at the outlet of Green Lake had cost \$14,845. It could have been done for half the money. A culvert over the line between Queensbury and Southampton had cost \$592. A man living offshores had offered to build it for \$290, the same is going on all over the country.

### Easy Hours.

He knew of a commissioner near his home who went to his work by the 8:15 train each morning and was back again by 5 o'clock. Perhaps the Government was running the work on the hour principle. They were certainly not getting value for the money being spent. He believed that if the work was done by contract there would be a saving of fifty per cent. He was told that the same state of affairs existed along the Nashwaak. His hon. colleague (Young) had praised the Minister of Public Works probably because he had done some little favor for him. The roads of the province had to be gone over again this year and another million dollars would be spent. It would be taken out of the auto funds, a sinking fund provided and finally exchanged for a Government bond. He could tell much about the new double entry system that had been adopted by the province nor did he think there was anybody who could.

### MR. F. L. POTTS FOLLOWED ON

And Adjourned the Debate Till Today.

Mr. Potts expressed himself as being pleased with the standard the debate had taken, and he felt that it was only what he expected from men in public life. He hoped the Hon. Premier would during recess prepare a speech for the next session and provide something of an elevating and constructive nature that would be a benefit to those who were to follow him in the debate. He (Potts) believed that the House spent too much time in session for the amount of business transacted. In his opinion when the House opened there should be continuous sessions until the business was disposed of. There seemed to be a feeling that if Hon. members went home for the week-end that something might be sprung on the Government during their absence. That was a matter which could easily be arranged by gentlemen's agreement between the party leaders. It might be a good matter to have the House meet in the Fall of the year and have the business disposed of prior to the first of January.

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It is made of Simmons Seamless Square and Rectangular Tubing throughout. Easy raised cases.

Your choice of Double Width and Twin Pairs—and especially pleasing in Twin Pair.

Has the Simmons Patented Pressed Steel Noiseless Corner Locks.

Enameled in Ivory, the Decorative Colors, and Mahogany, Oak and Circassian Walnut effects.

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charge would be made for stampage. It was bad to have the impression go out that lumbermen were getting rich at the expense of other classes. If the Government increase the stampage rates, it would only be doing its duty. At present education was being starved by the Government who had failed to exact a proper rate from those who lumbered on Crown lands. He wished to point out that St. John possessed a number of clever lawyers, three of which were in public life. Yet in spite of that fact the Attorney-General had to go outside of the city to procure the services of a lawyer to conduct a case in the courts of St. John. He thought some explanation of the matter should be forthcoming. He had no objection to the proposed tax in banks, he believed all possible should be got out of them. Such a proposal, however, was nothing more than direct taxation, as it was not possible to put anything over on the banks. He disapproved of the proposal to tax the telephone, as he considered one of the necessities of life. In view of the fact that the Telephone Company was now applying for permission to increase its rates it was not statesmanlike to put in their way a chance to further squeeze the public. He had previously expressed his opinion of the tax on picture houses, and he had not changed that opinion. The Government had taxed everything that was not nailed down and was not yet satisfied.

He did not approve of such remarks which had been made by the Minister of Public Works, and he believed such a man was calculated to create discord in a community. It was wrong for any hon. member to bring the language and religious questions into a debate. He (Potts) had the same right to say that he was an Englishman as the Minister of Public Works had to boast that he was a Frenchman.

Roman Catholic. He was ashamed of the attitude which Quebec had taken during the great war, and he had not hesitated to say so. He regretted that they did not have more men of the type of Hon. Minister Dugal, who meant well and could lead

the people to better things. He would tell the French members to band themselves together and show up in harmony and good fellowship. He did not think that the men who went around "blowing" were representative of the Canadian people. He believed that such men would disappear from public life at the next election and others of a different stamp than the Minister of Public Works would take their place. He knew of a case wherein a delegation had received a promise of \$3,000 from the Hon. Premier, but the Minister of Public Works had said "no" and they did not get the money. He believed the people would cast their ballots at the next election for the purification of public life. They did not want a minister who voted away the public money and declared he would do it again when opportunity offered. The Minister of Public Works had said there was no such thing as a permanent pavement, yet he had introduced thousands of dollars on work of that character. Money was being spent on the roads merely to give the minister patronage to distribute among his friends. It could not be denied that much of the money had been squandered. In St. John they had two or three trunk roads, including the road from Lancaster and the March Road, which he thought were entitled to Government assistance.

Pity for Provincial Secretary.

He had every respect for the Hon. Provincial Secretary-Treasurer, but believed that he was out of his element. His Budget speech and statements he had made looked well in the newspapers, but it had all been prepared and cooked up for him.

He agreed with other hon. members that school teachers were deserving of more pay. All should realize the great importance of education to a community. He considered the Kindergarten to be the foundation of education today. The Government instead of wasting so much money on higher grades should start in to build upwards from the Kindergarten.

Hon. Mr. Foster said that as the hour was getting late he would ask

the hon. member to move the adjournment of the debate.

Mr. Potts moved the adjournment of the debate.

Hon. Mr. Byrne moved that the bills relating to the Juries' Act, the Justices Act, the Act respecting fees, and the Act relating to the Probate Courts be referred to the Law Committee.

Mr. Morrison moved for leave of absence, for Mr. Smith (Sundbury) on account of illness.

Hon. Mr. Tweeddale introduced a bill to amend the Act relating to the Soldiers' Settlement Board. He explained that its object was to permit returned soldiers to take up lands on the Bluehill tract without payment of the fee required of civilians.

Hon. Mr. Foster said that a number of prominent temperance men desired an opportunity to give expression to their views for the benefit of hon. members and for that purpose would hold a meeting in one of the large committee rooms immediately after adjournment.

Adjourned at 12:47 p.m.

## AFTER INFLUENZA

The Grip, Fevers and other Poisoning, Prostrating Diseases.

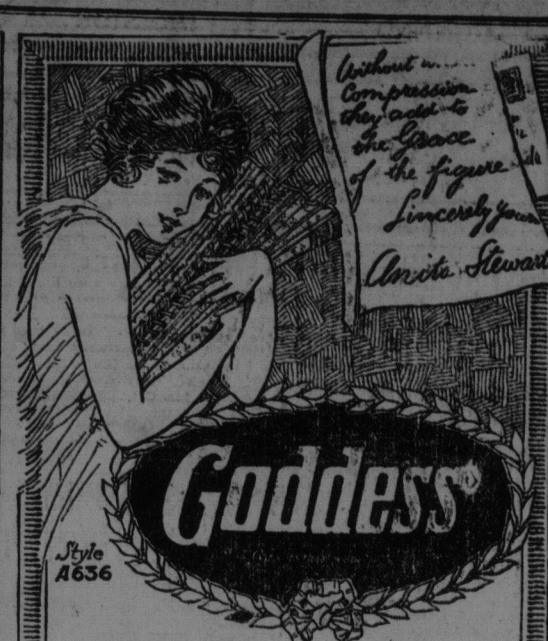
It is absolutely necessary that the blood be thoroughly cleansed, germs of disease destroyed or driven out, appetite restored and the kidneys and liver restored to perfect regular action.

Hood's Sarsaparilla has been before the people for 46 years as a general blood-purifying alternative tonic medicine and it has given perfect satisfaction. Men and women whose mothers gave them Hood's Sarsaparilla are now giving it to their own children and grandchildren with perfect confidence. It is the ideal family medicine, for a wide range of ailments, always ready, always does good at any season of the year. Prepared by educated pharmacists. Nearly 50 years of phenomenal sales tell the story of its remarkable merit. For a trial, effective laxative, take Hood's Pills.

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Makers also of "D & A" and "LA DVA" Corsets.

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The patented underclasp of the "Goddess" prevents pinching, a disagreeable feature of many front-lacing corsets. Moreover this flap allows much more play in adjusting the corset. "Goddess" corsets have special boning, giving greatest pliancy, wonderful ease, yet holding the figure snug and in good lines. "Goddess" corsets are now worn by many of the best dressed women in Canada.

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## In Color Harmony with Your Dresser and Chiffonier

THIS will be a new thought to you—Hardwood Effects enameled on a steel bed.

The whole idea is new. Impossible heretofore, until Simmons Limited invented its new Seamless Steel Tubing, and opened the way to really good design in metal beds and a perfect finish that admits of exquisite enameling in Decorative Colors and Hardwood Effects.

Now you can go to any of the leading merchants here in the city—select from perhaps a dozen charming designs, enameled in Mahogany, Oak or Circassian Walnut—or if you prefer, in Ivory or Colors.

The range of patterns is so great that you will find beds to harmonize with antiques and "Period" pieces.

SIMMONS Limited has been working on the problem of good design in metal beds for years.

But old-style tubing has a seam running the full length of the tube. It cannot be worked into the shapes. It is apt to be rough—does not take the enamel smoothly.

All these new designs are made with the Simmons Seamless Steel Tubing—a new invention of the greatest practical importance.

Square and trim—free from joints, seam and roughness. Beautifully smooth, so that the enamel lies tight and evenly all over—does not scratch, check or chip.

YOU will find these fine new Simmons designs in Beds Built for Sleep in the leading stores. Quiet beds, with the Simmons Patented Steel Corner Locks—free from squeak or rattle.

Your choice of many different patterns—and of Twin Pairs and Double Width in each pattern.

Simmons Springs, too—

"Waldorf" Box Spring—Composed of finest oil-tempered double-cone spirals, mounted on a frame of seasoned hardwood and upholstered with heavy layers of white cotton felt. Covered with attractive ticking. Finished with roll edge. A spring that really does give freely to all the contours of the body, yet supports the spine in any sleeping position.

And some very charming Brass Beds and Children's Cribbs, together with Simmons Mattresses and Pillows—all built for sleep by Simmons Limited.

SIMMONS Beds, Springs, Mattresses and Pillows cost little if any more than the ordinary merchandise of the average store.

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Do not suffer another day with itching, or poisoning, or other ailments. Write to Dr. Chase's Outfitment will relieve you at once and, as a certain cure, you will be able to sleep peacefully and soundly. Write to Dr. Chase's Outfitment will relieve you at once and, as a certain cure, you will be able to sleep peacefully and soundly. Write to Dr. Chase's Outfitment will relieve you at once and, as a certain cure, you will be able to sleep peacefully and soundly.

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