

tice of, which recommends itself, by the Candour of admitting what materially affects the Question, gives a Right, to ask those who make the Admission, and maintain the Objection how they establish their *ne plus ultra* of Sovereign Power. And how, they themselves are satisfied, that the King and the States of the Realm, having a legal and well founded Right, to make Laws in general to govern *America*, and to impose Taxes on Imports and Exports, have no Right to impose Taxes in any other Manner?

In Arguments before a common