

### Chicago Board of Trade Prices.

Wheat opened lower on Monday, Sept. 8, and the tendency was weaker. December ranged between \$1.00½ and \$1.02, and May between \$1.04½ and \$1.06½. Closing prices were about 1½c under Saturday's close. Wet weather in the Northwest started some buying, but arrivals of 455 cars of wheat at Minneapolis counteracted this feeling. Cables were also lower. Closing prices for futures were:—

	Sept.	Oct.	Dec.	Jan.
Wheat .....	98	—	1.00½	—
Corn .....	45½	45½	45½	—
Oats .....	35	35½	35½	—
Pork .....	10.00	10 12½	—	11.00
Lard .....	0 22½	0.30	—	0.02½
Short Ribs .....	5.27½	5.37½	—	5.72½

On Tuesday December wheat ranged between \$1 and \$1.01½, and May from \$1.04 to \$1.05½, closing at the top. Cables were easier, but the local sentiment was strong toward the close and prices were forced up. Closing prices for futures were:—

	Sept.	Oct.	Dec.	Jan.
Wheat .....	98½	—	1.01½	—
Corn .....	45½	45½	45½	—
Oats .....	35	35½	35½	—
Pork .....	9.90	10.05	—	10.70
Lard .....	0.22½	0.30	—	0.05
Short Ribs .....	5.30	5.40	—	5.75

On Wednesday September wheat ranged from 98½ to \$1.00½, December from \$1.00½ to \$1.02½, and May from \$1.05 to \$1.06½, the latter option closing at \$1.06½. These prices show a gain of 1c over the previous day. Higher cables and good reports helped the upward movement. Oats were strong and sold up ½ to 1c. Closing prices for futures were:—

	Sept.	Oct.	Dec.	Jan.
Wheat .....	1.00½	—	1.02½	—
Corn .....	46½	46½	45½	—
Oats .....	36	36½	36½	—
Pork .....	9.80	9 75	—	11.72½
Lard .....	0.22½	0.30	—	0.07½
Ribs .....	5.32½	5.42½	—	5 77½

The grain market was excited on Thursday, on the official weather prediction of snow throughout the northwest, and at the close showed an advance of 3½ to 3½c and corn 4½c. There was also a sharp advance in foreign markets. Closing prices for futures were:—

	Sept.	Oct.	Dec.	Jan.
Wheat .....	1.04½	—	1.06½	—
Corn .....	50	50	—	—
Oats .....	37½	38½	—	—
Pork .....	9.90	10.05	—	12.20
Lard .....	—	0.35-37½	—	0.75
Short Ribs .....	—	5.52½	—	5.92½

On Friday wheat opened strong, but later a gradual decline set in under the bearish influence of close money. The close was ½c lower than last night. May wheat closed at \$1.10½. Closing prices were:—

	Sept.	Oct.	Dec.	Jan.
Wheat .....	1.03½	—	1.05½	—
Corn .....	49½	49½	—	—
Oats .....	37½	37½	—	—
Pork .....	9.85	10.00	—	12.20
Lard .....	—	0.32½-35	—	0.72½
Short Ribs .....	—	5.50	—	5.90

### Minneapolis Market.

Following were closing wheat quotations on Thursday, Sept. 11:—

	Sept.	Oct.	Dec.	On track
No. 1 hard .....	102	—	—	1.02-03
No. 1 northern .....	97½	98½	101½	93
No. 2 northern .....	93½	—	—	91-95

Old wheat on track, quoted—No. 1 northern 105-6. These quotations were 2 to 4c higher

than a week ago. They are for now wheat, except as stated.

Flour—A stronger feeling was noted in the flour market due to a better tone in wheat for a day or two. Patents quoted at \$5.50 to \$5.85; bakers \$4.30 to \$4.70, with second grades of patents and bakers at 25 to 50c under quotations. Low grades \$1.80 to \$2.25.

Bran and shorts—The bran market was quiet with holders asking about \$9.75 to \$10; shorts \$11.75 to \$12, and middlings \$13.75 to \$14.50.

Oats—Sales were at the following prices: 1 car No. 3 white oats, 35c; 1 car oats, damp, 32½c; 1 car No. 3 white oats, 34½c; 1 car No. 3 white oats, o. t., 34c.

Barley—Some good samples offered. One car No. 3 sold at 56c, f. o. b.

Feed—Steady and slow markets, with sales of No. 1 mixed feed at \$18.50 to \$19.

Eggs—Sales at about 15 to 15½c, including cases.

Potatoes—Large offerings and market steady at 60 to 70c per bushel.

### Duluth Wheat Market.

On Thursday, Sept. 11, No. 1 hard wheat at Duluth ranged between \$1.04½ and \$1.05½ for December option. This range was 2 to 3c higher than a week ago.

### Chicago Barley Market.

Cash sales of barley on the Chicago Board of Trade on Wednesday, September 10, were as follows:

Free on Board and Switched—New No. 3—1 car at 54c, 1 at 55c 2 at 58c, 1 at 59c, 5 at 60c, 2 at 61c, 10 at 62c, 2 at 63c, 2 at 65c, 1 at 66c, 1 at 67c, 2 at 68c.

New No. 4—2 cars at 50c, 1 at 52c, 2 at 55c, 1 at 57c, 2 at 58c, 1 at 60c.

### Eastern Dairy Markets

Liverpool advanced 6d on cheese on Sept. 4, to 43s 6d.

At Woodstock on September 3rd, eight factories boarded 2,572 boxes August make, 9½c offered but declined and no sales reported.

At the cheese market held at Ingersoll Ont., on Sept. 2nd, eleven factories boarded 3,000 boxes August makes. Several salesmen present who did not board. Market dull; 9½c was freely bid, but refused, salesmen holding for higher prices.

At the cheese market held at Belleville, Ont., on Sept. 2nd, nineteen factories offered 600 white, and 535 colored; total, 1,300 boxes. Nine and one-eighth to one quarter was bid, but only eighty-five white and twenty colored were sold at 9½c. Factorymen are holding off for higher prices.

The Toronto Empire of Sept. 6 says: The local demand for butter continues good for the fine grades, and other varieties are accumulating. Good to fine dairies are firm at 14 to 16c, while mediums and store-packed can be bought from 13c down to 8c. Old sold to bakers at 5 to 8c. Creamery firmer; dealers bought lots of August make at 18c and September at 20c f. o. b. factory. Cheese is firm but quiet on spot at 9 to 9½c.

The Montreal Gazette of Sept 6 says: Late creamery butter continues in good enquiry but it is not forthcoming in any quantity as most people are holding on to what they have got. Really choice townships dairy is scarce and for

selections 17c and a fraction over has been paid but it has to be very choice to command such figures. Western dairy is unchanged at 11 to 13c. Townships at 14 to 17c, and creamery at 17 to 20c.

### Lumber Cuttings.

G. M. Jackson has started a lumber yard at Poplar Point, Manitoba.

The saw mills at Westminster, B. C., are taxed to their utmost, says local papers at that place.

Nine ships were at the Vancouver saw mills last week loading lumber for export to Australia and South America.

A lumber yard is being opened at Crystal City, Manitoba, by Parr & Ring, grain and elevator men, of that place.

The Birtle council has leased the saw mill at that place to McArthur and McRae and not to Christie and Tate, as previously stated.

J. R. Sutherland, F. H. Walker and P. Borgman, carrying on a lumber business at Winnipeg, under the style of J. R. Sutherland & Co., have dissolved partnership.

The Ontario Government is advertising a large sale of timber berths in the Rainy River and Thunder Bay districts and Algoma, to be held at Toronto, on October 1. One condition in the sales will be that the timber cut from these limits shall be manufactured in the province.

Messrs. Simmons, Burpee, Elkin and Smith are four gentlemen who recently, says New Westminster Truth, came to this city from New Brunswick. They have formed themselves into the Portable Mill Company, and have erected a shingle mill about three miles out on the Vancouver road.

The United States is sending an expedition to investigate the alleged stealing of timber by Canadians in the country tributary to Rainy river, on the northern Minnesota boundary. The Minneapolis Lumberman characterizes the whole thing as a farce and intimates that the parties are going on a pleasure excursion at the expense of the Government.

The Victoria Times has a description of the new saw mill established at Shawnigan Lake, Vancouver Island, by Losee & Morrison. The mill has a capacity of 25,000 feet per day of lumber, a large planer, a shingle mill capable of turning out 20,000 shingles per day, and a lath machine with a capacity of 30,000. There is an abundance of timber in the immediate vicinity.

The rainfall in Kansas this season has been seven inches below an average and 6 to 9 inches below an average in Nebraska, Iowa, and northern Missouri.

The Montmorency cotton mills, Quebec, are doing a prosperous business, working night and day and still unable to meet the large demand for cotton in China, for which market the goods are alone manufactured. The quantity made is two thousand bales per week, whereas the demand is over ten times the product.

The New Orleans Exchange contains the official report of the cotton crop of the United States for the commercial year ending with the close of August, 1890, made up by Secretary Heiler. The report says that the total amounts to 7,311,322 bales, exceeding the largest crop ever known by 265,489 bales, and the crop of the last year by 373,032.