THE GRAND OLD MAN [1]

Gladstone's Noble Appeal on Behalf of the Irish Leaders.

The Government's Conduct Severely Condemned and the Commission's Report Criticized-Amendment to Report.

LONDON, March 3 .- Mr. W. H. Smith moved the adoption of the report of the Parnell Commission. He considered that the course pro posed would do absolute justice to the members whose conduct had been impugned, and to all persons included in the allegations of the news paper which had published the charges. (Ironical Irish cheers) Was there any one in the House who did not wish to see justice done even to that newspaper? (Chere.) There were cer tain features of the publications which were deeply to be deplored, but other accusations were just fied by the report. It was an unique report. (Opposition laughter), but the iconartial by of the judges had been acknowledged by the accused members, whose acquist I from personal charges he thought a subject for hearty congratulation. Regarding the commission's finding certain respondents guilty of conspiracy, the Government might be asked why it did not take action thereon. He held that it was no part of the intention of the Government to constitute a commission wish the view of inflicting punishment upon the Parnellites. (Grosns and laughter from the Opposition.)

MR. GLADSTONE'S AMENDMENT. Mr. Gladstone moved the amendment announced by Mr Morley on February 25th, de-claring That the House reprobates the charges based upon calumny that have been made sgainst members of the House, and while expressing satisfaction at the expression made of we have to do is to return a verdict on the evil-doers, regrets the wrong it floted and the facts." Was Parliament to act on such princisuffering and its endured through those acts of ples? It was the daty of the members as flagrant iniquity." Mr. Gladstone said he deserted and legislators to survey the whole flagrant iniquity." Mr. Gladstone said he desired to avoid party recrimination. If the Government motion had been sufficient to do instice to the members impurped he would have been ready to support it. But it was ntherly insufficient. It failed to represent the sense of opinion which the House and the country had formed upon the commission's report Although Le felt it his duty to criticise free ly some of the judges' statements he believed there was not a line in the report that was not written in honor and good faith. (Theers.) it he asked, ever before proposed to a delibera-tive body that they should accept in a lumb a report of 160 folio pages, bristling with controversial matter! In what respect has the three

judges of the commission MOREWEIGHT AND AUTHORITY

than other experienced men in deciding how far crime was due to the league and how far to oppressive evictions. The commission's report touched these and other quastions long debated on as the judges who constituted the commusion. As an instance of their disprepartionate and unbalanced judgment the judges had uncarthed an obscure paper, the I sakman, filling several pages of bheir report with extracta there-from which had been termed by Archbishop Walsh as "most abominable"? (Hear, beer.) Why, when they dealt with the grand capital offences into which they were especially direct-directed to enquire all that was said without one single word of denunciation was that the letter on which the detectable charges were founded was a forgery. (Hear, hear). The report convicted the respondents of joining the league with a view to the separation of Ireland and England. This occurred in 1880. In 1890 he rejoiced to believe that THE IDEA OF A SEPARATION

was dead (Cheers.) But he maintained that the denial of the moral authority of the Union was, in Irishmen, no moral offence whatever. (Cheers) Further, the report said that the Parnellites by their speeches had invited in-timidation which had led to crime, and that they had not assisted in maintaining order by charges were ten years old. Is was a bad and dangerous precedent to recur to these long dates in order to obtain master to burl at the heads of political antagonists. (Theers) Les the House consider what counter allegations ought to be made on behalf of the Paruellises. Did not the Tories themselves think something could be said in behalf of Mr. Parn-ll's policy when Lord Carnervon, under the assent of Lord Salisbury, asked Mr Parnel to devise a scheme of government for Ireland. (Cheers) Could the Conservatives now consure the man whose persistent agitation led to the land sets and other efforts that produced beneficial results in Iroland. Had they ever heard of great revolutionary charges brought about in the condition of a nation without the doing of anything CONTRACT TO LAW AND ORDER?

Changes had already taken p'ace in Ireland. and reforms were impending which owed their impetus to the Parnellites. These reform would be accomplished without violence, largely through the wise and constitutional metho the Irish party. The report said nothing of these matters. Perhaps the judges felt that it was no part of their duty to refer to them. He. Mr. Gladstone, hesitated to embody in the amendment an expression of thanks to the commission because it was hazardous and unprecedented to render thanks for the perfermance of a judicial duty. Mr. Gladstone further said that, in asking the House to give full effect to the acquittal of Mr. Pamell on all the serious charges, he wuld have the members recollect the infamy of the accusation. If these accusa-tions had been proved Mr. Parnell would have been branded as an assassin, a coward a liar and a hypocrite. The charges were not made at random. They were made with the solemn assurance that they had been subjected to the most careful scratiny. For a long time Mr. Parnell had stood thus

PILLORED BEFORE THE COUNTRY. Was not a full reparation due him? The opin-Way not a full reparation due him? The opinion expressed in the amendment was soant enough reparation. Let not the members besitate to give what acknowledgment of regret they could to a man who had suffered an enormous wrong. Mr. Gladstone emphasized the fact that although in some sense the judges, the Parnellities and the Government were all on brial, it was mainly the character of the House, which, when brought before the tribunal of history—a tribunal which no paliament or party can finally evade—wil auffer or gain, secording as on this occasion its course is wise and just, or as it sets a precedent unworth of 1's high honor and extremely daugerous as an example for future parl aments. Referring to the judges' statements that the land legislation of 1881 had no effect as regards the diminishing of orime, he declared it entirely untrue, but whether sine or not the question was entirely ponjudicial, which the House was called upon to debate. Regarding the charge of relieving persons supposed to be engaged in crime, he

A MORE TRUMPERY CHARGE

had never been made in a state indictment. He declared nothing was affirmed against the Parmellities now but that what had been affirmed by Mr. Foster and himself when they were in office. "Why," he continued, "did you not continued them then? I will tell you why. The Liberals thought the obarges were subject for debate. Was the Tary idea more severe?
No. The Tory idea was that these men were quite good enough to associate with for political The Tories rode into power upon Mr. Parsell's shoulders. Now they foreske him and seek by a vote of the House to condemn him and seek by a vose of the House to condemn his acts and policy, the whole benefit of which this acts and policy, the whole benefit of which this acts and policy, the whole benefit of which this acts and policy, the whole benefit of which this acts and policy, the whole benefit of which this acts and policy, the whole benefit of which this acts and policy, the whole benefit of which the capture. M. M. Mittver strongly advocating independence of the paragraphs reads the paragraphs reads as follows:—'Regland cannot claim any gratic completely. All those who breat this disease in the capture of the Tarrellius in using the capture of the capture of the transported of the transported of the paragraphs reads as follows:—'Regland cannot claim any gratic capture of the week in mess pork, also of prime Canada short cut having transported at the capture of the week in mess pork, also of prime Canada short cut having transported at the capture of the week in mess of bround dence for Canada. One of the paragraphs reads as follows:—'Regland capture of the week in mess of bround dence for Canada. One of the paragraphs reads as follows:—'Regland capture of the week in mess of bround dence for Canada. One of the paragraphs reads as follows:—'Regland capture of the week in mess of capture of the week in mess of capture of the capture of th

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McLARFN'S COOK'S FRIEND THE ONLY GENTINE,

was a parallel to the course of the Parnellites in accepting a docation from the American physical force party, although they disapproved their policy. The donation was accepted because that party would not have subscribed to a fund for parliamentary purp ses. He admitted there was a time when he himself did not racognize Parnell's

ENDEAVOR TO WEAR THE IRISH from criminal to constitutional methods, but he had come since to regard Parnell as a conse: votive force in the preservation of law, order and peace in Ireland. He declared that the Carnarvon negotiations ought to have been conwidered a full, absolute and final candonation for the Parnellites, and an absolute closing of the book of controversy. The commission had raken a great mass of facts and the judges said : "We cannot look to the right or to the left; we can look neither backwards nor forwards. All range of circumstances and great historic forces which have brought about the Irish crisis.

Otherwise it would be impossible to do justice. A parliamentary vote of an adverse majority delivering inself in consonance with its own views for the purp use of discrediting us p litical opponents, would tend rather to lessen than to add to the weight of the judges' verdict. In conclusion he appealed from the Conservatives as a party to the

CONREBYATIVES AS INDIVIDUALS,

He said: "I ask you as citizens and men to acknowledge the law of equal moral obligation I ask you, man for man, to place yoursell in Mr Paruell's position. It is possible for you to do that without feeling that something remains due hun, and can you make it smaller than the amendment I propose. Give your judgment as men, not a judgment that may be -ustained by a maj rity of this House, but a judgment that will bear acruieny in the neart and construce of every man when habetakes himself to his chamber and is sill I make any I demand—that you pronounce such a judgment as will give late and scanty repar-sum for an enormous wrong."

Sir M chael Hicks Beach said that report bors evidence of careful and importial judgmen. entirely devoid of political politics and passion. The least the House could do was to accept as such. While there might be nothing in the proved charges to justify an

INDICTMENT FOR THEASON, hewas surprised that g ntlemen who had been hewas surprised that gintlemen who had been and might again be intuisters could excuse and pullate such charges. He cited Mr. Parnell as authority against the assertion that the Conservatives before coming into fine had pledged themselves not corenew the Correion Act, and he called upon Sir William Vernon Hartcourt to applicate for that calumny.

Sir Witham here and he had never heard such a statement. Then, declaring that he would

a statement. Then, declaring that he would not stay to be abused, he left the House. Sir Michael, continuing, said that he toferred that the Paruelities volunterily supported the Conservatives in 1885 to equalize the parties and secure the nations of power. There was

no reason for Parliament to continue the acte of the Parneilices, which had been first authori-catively established by the commission. The charges on which the Parneilices had been acquirted were possibly more important to themselves and their personal honor. But the charges on which they had been proved guitty were more importances the community, becauthey related to practices the revival of which would be fatal to the liberty and prosperity of the country.

THE TRIANGLE EXPELLED.

Bullivan & Co. Bectared to be Foreyer Outside of the Pare of the Cinu-na-G.ol.

The fact has le ked out that the opposition element to the "triangle" faction of the Clan on Gael held a convention a few weeks ago in Philadelp is, at which the Oronic case was reviewed and Suilivan, Boland, Feely and Co., read out of the organization were, it is said, represented at the convention.

Oas of the first act of the cenventi n was the expulsion of Camp 20 of Chicago, which gained such unenviable noterreby in outer crion with one a sassinati n of Dr. Crouic. To emphasize its abhorrence of the same the convention pass

ed this resolution.

That the number 20 be stricken from the rollof camps and the place f rever semain back to mark our borrer of the actions of that camp and the crime of some of its members. Sunivan Boland and Feely were expelled forever and the expulsion of Chairman Bradley of Phila delphia, Secretary Ronayae of New York, Leonard of Fail River and Buckely of Chicago, en the ground that they retused to unite in an efficto set the organization right before the public in o and ction with the Gronin murder. Tae action of Bradley and the others mention ed to repudiate the crime, is referred to as "he criminal neglect of the late executive body to make a united public denial of the charges, misstatements and misrepresentation made by parties desiring to screen the guilty, confuse the

insues and mislead public opin on.

A report prepared by a special committee of the convention showed that \$128,000 of the funds of the organization disappeared without any vouchers to show where it went.

NEWFOUNDLAND'S AFFAIRS. The Legislature Mosts-Lobsters on the French Shore.

St. SOHN'S Nfli, March 7.—The colonial Legislature was opened to day. The financial statement shows that the revenue during the past year fell short of estimates. The Government will appoint a communion to report on the operation of the But act and its effect on the fisheries and the fishermen. It was appounced that negotiations are in progress between France and England about the right to take lobsters on the French shore, a matter that has attracted much attention for s me time. A provisional arrangement for this year is regarded as a probable result.

NO GRATITUDE TO ENGLAND Mr. Mitivier Expresses His Grief that Canada Did not Rebel along with the

M. M ditiver strongly advocating independence for Canada. One of the paragraphs reads as follows:—" England cannot claim any grati-

ing stage for England in America. Well, did she give us any credit for it? Not the least. She never for a moment ceased to treat us as enemies. True, this conduct has nothing trange in it, for this hostile feeling towards all foreign races seem to form part of her nature and constitution and is traditional. It is as natural for her to persecute as it is natural for other nations to breathe.'

Death of Mr. John S. Fraser.

We regret exceedingly to announce the death of this estimable and venerable gentleman, ther of the Hon, C F. Fraz r, Minister of father of the Hon. C. F. Frazer, Admister of Public Works, and of Mr. O. K. Fraser, Barrister of Brockville. He was in every sense one of the pinneers, and one of the most worthy of them. He came to Canada from Scotland, of them. in 1804, and at once set about the task of making himself a name and fame in the new coun try. It is needless to say that he was eminent ly successful in every regard. He brought with him from the land of his fathers those dispositions of character which all classes in Canads have reason to admire and which they would do well to take as a model-honesty, fore-ight, prudence, thrift—and last, but most important of all—that sublime gift of faith which still shed a halt of glory above and about the Highlands of dear old Scotland. In the drama of life he had played his part nobly and well, and we doubt not will now reap the reware promised to the faithful ateward. The funeral, which took place in Brockvile on Wednesday, was one of the largest ever seen there. The was one of the largest over seen there. town was draped in mourning. May his soul rest in peace.

A Bishop Disposed.

CHICAGO, March 7.- The conference at the Emanuel Evangelical Church, which considered she charge against Bishop Bowman, to day reodered the following verdict; "Charges sustained, Bowman found guilty and deposed from his office as bishop and ministry until the

next general conference." The charge of "unchristian conduct" consisted of numerous alleged alanderous assertions against his feliow ministers. There were also many charges of falsehood against the birthop.

A Terrible Nihilist Warning.

Moscow, March 7 -- A parcel was left at the residence of Prince Dolgoroukoff here restorday, which was found to contain the head of a woman With the parcel was left a note bearing no signature saying, "This is our first exploit. We will soon out do Jack the Ripper." It is believed the woman was killed for betraying the Nibiliats.

The Czar Warned that He will be Assassinated.

LONDON, March 10.-It is asserted among the Nihilists in London, Berlin and Paris that the 13 h of March, the anniversary of the murder fone Emperor Alexander II, will be celebrated by an attempt to assass-inate Al-xander Ht. The refugees in London are being closely watched by Russian agents, but it is sufposed that three determined men will travel to St. Petersburg by different roads, and so attempt to accomplish the murder. A letter has been nown to the Carr by the chief of police at Morcow, warning him that on March 13.h the Czar, the Czarina and the Czarewitch will meet sertain death, and that no power on ear h can avert their doom.



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names for the good of the public the testimony of my core. Since several years I was languish ing under the effects of a blood debility that was always on the increase. I was completely discourage, seeing that the doctors had given up all hopes of curing me. My blood d-bility and weakness had brought on St. Vitus Dance, my sinews were that seitated that I could not teat ac all, my head, hands and feet were con-tinually on the move. I felt pains in all my body, the whites began their irruption and gave origin to all the characteristic eymptoms of consumption and heart disease. Thee, seeing that the doctors done me no good, my mother went to see Mme Desmarais Lacroix, and at the first word she told them about the state I was in, they explained to her the cause of my disease. This gave my mother a great confidence that they would cure me. She resolved to make me abide by their treatment. The third day I felt that I was improving, and at the end of seven

weeks I was completely cured. Since then my health has been improving all the time, and will always be grateful to those peorle, who merit to the highest point the confidence of all those that auffer, and I say so with knowledge of cause.

MISS F. GERVAIS, No. 102 St. Ferdinand street. Montreal, 15th May, 1884. MM. LACROIX FILS.

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ANYTHING I CAN LAY MY HANDS ON; getting fat too, FOR Soott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil and Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda Nor ONLY CURED MY Incipient Consumption BUILT ME UP, AND IS NOW PUTTING

FLESH ON MY BONES AT THE RATE OF A POUND A DAY, I TAKE IT JUST AS EASILY AS I DO MILK. Scott's Emulsion is put up only in Salmon color wrappers. Sold by all Druggists at

SCOTT & BOWNE, Belleville.

COMMERCIAL.

MONTREAL MARKET QUOTATIONS.

FLOUR GRAIN, &c

FLOCE -Receipts during the week were 3,655 bbls, against 5,370 bbls the week previous. The market remains on the whole very quiet, although some reports a little better enquiry for atrong bakers, and report sales at \$4.90. There has also been more business reported in hard winter patents at \$5.20. Ontario flour, however, sells very slowly, and in order to induce business, holders have been compelled to accept business, holders have been compelled to accept lower figures, sales of straight rollers having been made since our last issue at \$4.50 to \$4.40, with sales of 90 per cent. patents at \$4.70 to \$5. Further importations of American flour have been reported, upon which the duty was paid as soon as received. The country trade is disappointing, and the local business is chiefly con

pointing, and the local business is chiefly confined to filling present requirements.

Patent winter, \$5.00 to \$5.20; Patent spring, \$5.00 to \$5.20; Straight roller, \$4.30 to \$4.55; Extra, \$4.00 to \$4.20; Superfive, \$3.50 to \$3.80; Fine, \$3.60 to \$4.20; Superfive, \$3.50 to \$3.80; to \$4.90; Strong Bakers, \$4.85 to \$4.90; Strong Bakers, \$4.85 to \$4.90; Strong Bakers, \$4.85 to \$4.90; Ontario bags—superfine. \$1.65 to \$2.00; Ontario bags—five, \$1.40 to \$1.60.

Olympial, &c.—Receipts during the week, 445 barrile against \$70 bbls for the week previous.

burrels against 570 bbls for the week previous burrels against 570 bits for the week previous. The market remains quiet, the only sales reported to us being about 450 bags standard at \$1.70 to \$1.80. We quote: Standard in bags at \$1.70 to \$1.85 and granulated at \$1.75 to \$1.90. In bb s granulated \$8.75 to \$4 and ordinary standard at \$3.50 to \$3.75 Rolled page \$3.70 to \$4.00 per bbl. and at \$1.80 to Date \$3.70 to \$4.00 per bbi, and at \$1.80 to \$1.95 in bigs. Pearl barley \$6 to \$6.30 per bbi, and pot barley at \$4 to \$4.25. Split peas, \$3.70 to \$3 90.

MILL FEED.-Bran is very scarce and firm buvers offering \$15 on track, and we quote \$15 to \$16, which is fully \$1 per ton higher on the week. Shorts are also scarce and higher at \$17 to \$18. Moullie is quiet at \$22 to \$30 per ton. WHEAT .- The Receipts during the week were 10,678 bushels, against 4,175 bush the week previous. The market is firm owing to the continued light receipts in the Northwest and last

sales were reported of No. 1 hard Manitoba wheat \$1.05, and No 2 is quoted \$1.02 to \$1.03. The prices of May wheat in Chicago this morning was 782c.

CORN—Acceipts during the past week were
2,489 bush against 1,580 bush the week previous.

The market is quiet, sales of several cars of Chicago corn selling here at 350 in bond, and sales of No. 4 were made at 47c on track duty

THE CORN DUTY .- Should the duty on corn be removed, as some apprehend will be the case, the prices of caarse grains will materially decline, and this will be severely felt by the farmers of this province who depend so largely upon their cate, peas, barley, & . Prices are low enough new, without making them still more unprefitable to farmers.

unprofitable to farmers.

PRAS.—Receipts during the week were 10,678 ouch, against 28,170 bush the week previous.
Prices here continue nominal at 660 to 670 per
66 lbs, and in the west at 540 per 60 lbs.

Barry.—Receipts during the week were
2,475 bush, against 4,925 for the week previous. Offerings are liberal, but it is almost impossible to make sales. In feed barley sales are reported of car lots at 38s to 40c per 50 lbs, impossible to make sales. In feed barley sales are reported of car lots at 383 to 400 per 50 lbs, and if the duty on corn be rescinded prices must recede to a still lower basis. Malting barley is content at 46c to 50c as to quality. quoted at 46c to 50c as to quality.

Oats.—Receipts during the week were 23 342

Hoge, larger supply with little but rather stronger demand.

bushels, against 12 950 bushels the week prebushels, against 12 3-0 duancis the week previous. We quote the following as being fair values vious. We quote 290 to 300 per S2 bs. as to quality, and very little selling.

REFE—Prices purely nominal at 500 to 550.

Car lots have been offered at 450 f, c. b. in the Calves, \$4.00 to \$8.00.

BUCKWHEAT -Market dull. We quote 35c to Oc. A car sold 35c here.

Matr.—80c to 65c per bushel in small lots, MALT.—80c to 65c per bushel in small loss, large quantities at 70c to 75c.

SEEDS.—Timothy is firm, American being quoted at 81 45 to \$1.60. Canadian is quoted at 82 to \$2.10 per bushel. Red clover is quiet at 6½ to 7½ per lb. Alsike 10c to 12c per lb, blue grass \$1 to \$1.50 as to quality, and red top 50c to 75c.

PROVISIONS.

PORK, LARD, &c.-A fair volume of business

DAIRY PRODUCE. BUTTER.-Receipts during the past week were

past week were 602 head against 569 head for the week previous. The season is now fairly over for oar lots, business being chiefly confided to sales of small quantities at \$6 to \$6 25.

\$13.25; Ohiosgo short out clear, per bhl, to \$13; Mess pork, Western, per bbl, \$12.75 to \$13.00; Hame, city cured, per bb, 100 to 11½c; Lard, Western, in pails, par lb, 7½c to 80; Lard, Canadian, in pails, per lb, 7½c to 80; Bacon, per lb, 100 to 11c; Sh ulders 00c; Tallow, common, refined, per lb, 4 to 5c.

DRESSED HOUS—The receips during the past week were 602 head against 560 head for

2,869 kgs. against 998 pkgs for the week pre-vious. The market has undergone no material change during the past week, sales of choice well kept September creamery in jobbing lots having been made at prices ranging from 23c to 24c. A few lots of fine fall Eastern Town-ships have been placed at 18c to 20c, with sales of Morrisburg at 16s to 18s for fall and at 11s to 13s for summer. In Western there have been sales at 12s to 14s as to quality with small lots of finest selections selling at higher prices. A dealer who has just returned from Brockville says there is quite a lot of butter to come for-ward from that section. Stocks here are being reduced, as buyers have been compelled to take more of the medium to good grades now that most of the choice stuff has been absorbed. A lot of 40 tubs of Morrisburg summer goods was

sold at 13c.
We quote: Creamery, 20c to 23c; do Summer, 16c to 19c; Eastern Township; 18c to 20; Morrisburg, 11c to 14c; Brockville, 16c to 18c; Western, 11c to 14c; Renfrew, 11c to

140; Inferior. 100 to 11c.
Churs. Receip's during the past werk were
15 boxes, against 405 boxes the week previous.
The market continues to increas in strength and stocks are being gradually worked of at steadily advancing prices. Since our last issue sales have transpired of 7,000 boxes at prices ranging have transpired of 7,000 boxes at prices ranging from 9½c to 10½c, one lot of choice white being placed at 10½c. The stock of cheese left in this placed at 10½c. The stock of cheese left in this placed at 10½c. The stock of cheese left in this placed is about 35,000 to 40,100 boxes, about, 26,000 boxes being finest white. Holders are very firm in their ideas some of whom refuse to offer under 11c and 'we quote prices of finest cheese to day at 1½c to 11c. Other qualities 9½c to 10½c. Private advices from New York are very strong, and state there is not sufficient white too the huma trade. Sales of finest have white for the home trade. Sales of finest have been made in that city at 112; to 112; A leading dealer in New York writes: "There leading dealer in New York writes: "There will certainly be a famine in white cheese before new goods are in the market." The stocks in New York are 70,000 box-sincluding all grades, and it looks as though that market was now entirely independent of the British trade, and we should not be surprised to see a "boom" in the English market between now and April.

COUNTRY PRODUCE.

Eggs—Receipts during the week were 509 pkgs, against 726 pkgs for the week previous. The market for fresh Canadian eggs has declined 2c to 3c per dozen on the week, sales becoined at to so per dozen on the week, sales being reported at 15½ to 16c, with sales American fresh 14c vol5c. Montreal limed have sold as 12c to 12½c, and held fresh are quoted at 7c to 10c. A car of Morrisburg belu fresh egg basing the contract of the sales and the sales at 12c. been received but it is difficult to sell them, READS -Market quet. Small lots \$1.59 SEANS -Market quet. Small lots \$1.59 So \$1.60. Car lots \$1.35 to \$1.45 per

bushel. Marle Syrup, &c -Syrup 50c to 750 per tin as to quality, and maple augar 7c to 8c per lb as to

HONEY, -Extracted, 9le to 11c as to quality Comb honey 15a to 16c for white clover in 1 lb sections. Buckwheat honey in comb 12c to 14c,

Brewax - Market quiet at 25c to 25c per lb
Hops - Fine Canadian hope are quoted at
16c to 17c. Medium to good 10c to 15c and old
hops 5c to 9c. Sales of fine Canadian at 15c to HAY.-Good timethy \$8 on track, but ordi-

pary qualities \$5 to \$7 per ton, and fancy \$10 to \$10 50. Sales of 12 cars at \$5.00 to \$6.50. The country seems to be full of hay.

FRUIT, &c.

APPLES.-The local demand is higher under a decidedly improved demand, and in fact there is quite a boom in fine stock, sales bing reported at \$3.50 to \$5, with fancy selections reling to this tripler prices. Rou d lots of fine stock are quoted at \$1.75 to \$3, and poor grades are being sold to pedlars at \$2 to \$2.25 per bll. A cable was received here to day to m Liverpool giving the sale of a lot of Canadian fruit ex the Peruvian at a very good figure, netting shippers \$3.90 in the West.

DRIED APPLES.—Market dull as 60 per 1b.

EVAPORATED APPLES. - 93 to 10c for new,

and 8; to 81c for old.
ORANGES -Tuere is a fair demand for Florida oranges with sales at \$3.50 to \$4 per box. The New York market is excited and higher, and in England prices have advanced le on Valencia-Here tales of Valencies are reported at \$4 50 per box.

LEMONS-The marks t is quiet but steady, with

business at \$3 25 to \$4.00.
STRAWBEREIES —The market is very dull and sales are slow at 20c to 25c per quart.

CALIFORNIA PEARS — Sales are reported of several lots at \$1 per box.

DATES -5c to 6c per lb.
Figs -In 1 lb boxes 9c, in 10 to 20 lb boxes
11c to 12c, and in hags 5c to 65 per lb.

PINEAPPLES - Extra large 24c each and small 25n to 30c each.
POTATORS—Pales of two car lots at 70c per baz ; retail. 800 to 90.

TOMATOES -Sales were made at 31 to 31 25 per box of 14 lbs. ONIONS—Bermudas in crates have sold at \$4.50 and Spanish in cases at \$5 Osnadian, in barrels, are firm at \$3.50 to \$4.00 per brl.

FISH AND OILS.

Oils.—The market is quite but steady. Steam refined seal 50c to 52c. Cod oil steady, Newfoundland at 37c to 38c, Halifax 321c to 34c.

N wfoundland cod liver oil 500 to 550 SMOKED Fish.—The market is dull and we quote Yarmouth bloaters \$125 per b x ; or dinary kinds, 900 to St. Pure beneless fish in 25 to 45 lb boxes at 340 to 40 per lb. Finnen haddless 640 to 70 per lb. Boneless cod 540 to

MONTREAL STOCK YARDS. The receipts of live stock for week ending March 8.h, 1890, were as follows:--Oattle. Sheep, Hoga. Oalves. 632 71 118 115

Over from last week. 36 Total for week..... 728 71 118 115 Left on hand..... 4 ... The trade continues dull, with no better feel-

ing or values. Receipts are not large and few remain unsold, but with the indifferent feeling shown by buyers prices ruled low, 41 ots per Hoge,

We quote the following as being fair values

MONTREAL HORSE EXCHANGE.

The receipts of horses at these stables for week ending March 8sh, 1590, were 344; left over from previous week 67; total for week 411; shipped during week 198; left for city 65; sales for week 84; on hand for sale 64.

The horse trade at these stables during the

week has been a little better than that of last. Prospects for next week, encouraging. We have on hand for sale 64 very fine workers and drivers with 4 car loads reported to arrive on Monday. There are a number of American buyers in town, and a good trade is expected.

It is proposed to make a deep water ferminus at St. John, N.B., in connection with the Caradian Pacific Easiway on the west side of the barbor.

CARSLEY'S COLUMN.

A specialty in boy's coats, "The Covert Coat," a very stylish garment for youth or boy, to be had only at S Carsiey's. Special bargains now offered at S. Careley's in remnants of cloakings; cash buyers will find this an excellent opportunity for securing jacket longins at clearing prices.

NEW CARPETS!

BRUSSELS.

BRUSSELS OARPETS BRUSSELS CARPETA Fu', stock of Brussels Carpets in new designs and coloring.

5 FRAME BRUSSELS. A choice assortment of 5 frame Brussels, some

very hand, ome are shades NORDERS TO MATCH. Light Ground Carpets will be very much in demand this season in Eastern Designs.

S. CARSLEY.

NEW CARPETS! TAPESTRY.

TAPESTRY CARPETS 500 pieces of New Tapestry in every quality and shade. CHEAPER THAN EVER.

Ose range marked 34c One range marked 470 One range marked 57c THESE 3 LINES

are excep ionally good value and the relection of colors large.

TAPESTRY BRUSSELS A new make of Tapestry Brussels in very ch oice colors. Borders to match: S. CARSLEY.

> NEW CARPETS WOOL CARPETS

160 pieces of Wool Carpets just passed into WOOL CARPETS

The following prices have sold rapidly: 40c, 46:, 47c, 49c, 55c, 58e and 62c, Double Exua 98c. All very fine colors and patterns. S CARSLEY'S.

CARPETS Brussels, Wilton, Velvet and Tapestry Carpete just pun to stock NEW GOODS

A special shipment of New Carpets just re-WOOL CARPEES.

designe. S. CARSLEY'S. CARPETS, RUG4, SQUARES. Kensington Carp ts. Boyal Art Squares, Ruge, Smyrns Ruge, Mate, S fa Ruge, Door

160 pieces of New Wood Carpets; handsome

SPECIAL ATTENTION is given to special orders for Mats and Rugs. Coroa Mate, made to o der, in any size. Letters or Names inserted in fact o der wool.

Smerna Rugs, just to hand, in all sizes, suitable for Rocking Chaire, Sofae, etc. OILCLOTHS, Olicloth for Shairs, Passages, Dining-rooms, Kitchens and Offices, well seasoned.

G CASES OF

FLOOR CLOTHS 2 yards wide, 4 yards wide, 8 yards wide, Large selection of Patterns and Qualities. S. CARSLEY.

LINOLEUMS LINOLEUMS

Largest and best selected stock of Flore Clothe and Linoleums ever shown in Canada, 2 yards wide, 4 yards wide, 8 yards wide, 8. CARSLEY.

NEW GOODS.

NEW SPRING JACKETS NEW SPRING JACKETS NEW SPRING JACK MTS NEW SPRING JACKETS NEW SPRING JACKETS

Large Shipment of Clored Spring Jackets, with loose from, beautfully out and first class

S. CARSLEY.

WINTER JACKETS AT A GREAT REDUCTION. NEW SPRING SACQUES

NEW SPRING SACQUES NEW SPRING SACQUES NEW SPRING SACQUES NEW SPRING SACQUES Several lines of Colored Walking Sacques, with Lap-le, Revers. Vests and Sarin Collar, in all the leading styles, as low figures

S. CARSLEY. WINTER JACKETS AT A GREAT REDUCTION.

NEW MISSES' MANTLES NEW MISSES MAN LIFS NEW MISSES MANTLES NEW MISSES MANTLES

NEW MISSES' MANTLES Large shipments of Misses New Mantles in Plain Colored Cloths and Fancy Tweed, with one and three capes, made in all the newest

S. CARSLEY.

WINTER JACKETS AT A GREAT REDUCTION.

NEW CLOAKINGS AND ULSTERINGS NEW CLOAKINGS AND ULSTERINGS NEW CLOAKINGS AND UL-TERINGS NEW CLOAKINGS AND ULSTERINGS NEW CLOAKINGS AND ULSTERINGS The new Cloakings are far ahead of any previous years' importations. Ask to see the new

CLAPPERTON'S SPOOL COTTON.

IF YOU WANT A Thread that will not ravel, A Thread that will sew smoothly, A Thread for Hand or Machine,

A Thread that will please you, THEN ASK FOR CLAPPERTON'S SPOOL COTTON.

 $\mathbf{E}^{ ext{ver}}\,\mathbf{R}^{ ext{eady.}}$

THE EVER-HEADY DRESS STERLS As each dressmaker feels, Who sheir qualities once has been trying. Are for comfort the best, And it's freely confest, They're just the right sort to be buying.

S. CARSLEY.

1765, 1767, 1768, 1771, 778, 1775, 1777, NOTRE DAME STREET

CARSLEY'S COLUMN

Buch to Buch