LEPROSY IN AMERICA

A GRAPHIO DESCRIPTION OF THE LEPERS OF TRACADIB-VISITED BY ARCHBISHOP LYNCH-NOBLE SACRIFICES BY THE SISTERS OF THE HOTEL DIEU OF MONT-REAL-FROM GENERATION TO GENERA-FION. .

hast Sunday evening, August 23rd, Archhop Lynch lectured in St. Michael's Cathe tion the subject of the lepers in Tracadie. : said :-

We read in the Gospel of this day, the enirteenth Sunday after Pentecost, of the care of ten lepers. They were cured on their way to show themselves to the priests that they were clean. Only one, and he was a Samaritan, returned to give thanks to God. Unfortunately many people follow the example of the nine ungrateful lepers. God loves gratitude, and when we thank Him for His favours He is prepared to grant us more. Now, let us speak of this leprosy. Leprosy is the most loathsome of all diseases When anyone was struck with it,

THE LAW OF MOSES

condemned him to be separated from the rest of the people. He was not admitted into any house, or to have any intercourse whatever with his fellew-beings lest the contagion might spread. The points attacked become insensible, though the internal pain is intense. As, for example, a leper was warming his hands at a stove; he cried out, "There ie something that smells very bad in the meom;" he did not know that the stumps of his own hands were burning. On last Sunday morning I gave the white veil to a heau-Mal young lady in the Hotel Dieu, of Tracadie, adjoining the hospital for lepers. Never is my whole life was I so impressed at the sublimity of divino Christian charity as when consecrating this young lady to the service of God, in the person of these lepers. For Christ has said, "Inasmuch as you do it for the least of My little ones, you do it unto Few have heard of

THIS MOST APPLICTED COUNTRY OF TRACADIE which lies between Baie de Chaleurs and the Salf of St. Lawrence and the River Trucadie, on the south shore of the Gelf of St Lawrence. About 130 years ago, as tradition has it, a ship from the Levant, near Syria, was shipwrecked on the coast. Some of their sailors were rescued and received hospitality from the settlers, the Acadians from France. Women washed their clothes and contracted the loathsome malady. They had no idea of what it was and no precautions were taken against its spread until 1817, when a respectable woman named Urrula Landry died of the disease, and then all took alarm. His Excellency the Honorable Arthur Hamilton Gordon, Lieutenant Governor of New Branswick, drew attention to this disease in his pamphlet, ontitled "Wilderness journeys in New Brunswick in 1862." It was not till 1844 that the Government of New Branswick took action in the matter, and appointed a medical commission to report on the means of stopping the plague. They

ESTABLISHED A LAZALETTO

on a small island called Sheldrake, in the middle of the river Miramichi, about 18 miles below Chatham. To compel those attacked with this dreadful malady to go to this island it was necessary, in many instances, to employ force and lash them like wild animals, to drag them by cords and beat them with long poles to drive them into the lazeretto, for none would touch them for fear of the disease. Fathers were separated from their families, mothers from their children and children from their parents. No wonder that with all the preeaution of the government many of those unfertunate people escaped to return to the bosom of their families. There was little comfort in the lazaretto, for one less afflicted the Government transported the lazaretto the Gevernment transported the lazaretto so as to give others an opportunity of gaining is a fine blood depurent as well as corrective. Is a fine blood depurent as well as corrective. Is a fine blood depurent as well as corrective. Is a fine blood depurent as well as corrective. a collection of log cabins, a storey and a half high. It is enclosed as our prisons with high fences and iron grated windows. When the Sisters of Charity in 1868 arrived to take care of it, the rest of these bars were removed. The Most Rev. Dr. Rogers, Bishop of Chatzeal and care to ameliorate the condition of the poor lepers.

THE MOST APPLICABL OF THE CHELDREN OF MEN.

About this time Hon. Mr. Anglin, now of our city, was elected member of Parliament and saw all its horrors. He determined to get the Parliament to fix its attention upon it. No servants were allowed to go there, but, as we have said, those who were less afflicted with the disease had to take care of the more afflicted, but none were in any humor to do any work. Their food was sent to them through a window in a wall and they could either take it or leave it. It came ma poor condition, which did not entice the sick lepers to taste it—still hunger must be vanaged. Cleanliness was completely out of he way. Filth of the most revolting kind abounded everywhere. The beds and clothes swarmed with filth and maggots, the clothes were never washed except be the lepers themselves. It was a real Gehenna. No wonder that the immorality and mortality of the victims were very great. They looked upon themselves as

CURSED BY GOD AND ABANDONED

anointed for death some relapse into their grumbling against Providence. The miserable cabins in which they were housed were unfit chaplain and their afflicted patients; and (3) even for animals—the coilings were only 8 should occasion present itself, that you should feet high. In the summer time they could open the windows and allow some air to enter, but in the winter the windows were closed and stoves were lit. The stench was insupportable except to the lepers them selves. How often did they ask God to upon all. relieve them by death? They were sent into this place to rot to death. The Sisters of the Hotel Dieu, of Montreal, were applied to by Bishop Rogers, of Chatham, with the permission of the New Brunswick Government, begging them to come and take care of these poor miserables. The miseries of the place, the filth and fear of contagion were represented to them : but the more they heard of the misery of the poor creatures the warmer grew the fire of charity within them, and they agreed to assume the responsibility of this most charitable work. The Government employed them as lady physicians or hospital nuns and promised to pay them \$800, the same as was paid to the ordinary physi-

THE SISTERS TOOK LESSONS

from Dr. Hingston, of Montreal, on this dreadful malady, and were provided with books on the subject. The Mother Superior-ess of the Hotel Dieu intimated to the nuns that seven were required. She did not like to directly appoint seven, but asked for volunteers. All the Sisters volunteered to go;

and sobs, throughout the convent. The remaining Sisters loaded the missionaries with presents, linens and provisions, so as to make them comfortable, at least for some time. Arrived at the lazaretto, their (roubles and mortifications commenced. The seven Sisters were hudled together in a small room. The first thing they did was to provide beddings, linens, cloths, etc., and then they burnt up all the old clothes and bedding. They white washed the ceiling. The poor lepers felt sorry for their past blasphemics and now turned their hearts to God in

GRATITUDE

for the wonderful change. They now felt more happy and relieved, and made promises to live better in future under the heavy hand of God. The Government of New Brunswick paid for a little house for the good Sisters at a cost of \$1,200. The ceiling of this was like those of the lazaretto, only eight feet high. When the Hon. Mr. Anglin went to Ottawa in the Federal Government he continued his efforts in favor of the lazaretto. The New Brunswick Government petitioned the Federal Government to take this institu tion under its own care, as it was a kind of quarantine. This was another merciful stroke of Providence. The Liberal Govern ment was then in power, and donated \$1,500 to the good nuns to be employed as they pleased. The Sisters built an addition to the lazaretto-wash rooms, kitchen, etc., for the building was in a most filtly condition. The first Sisters were seven in number, now there are sixteen. They have to keep up their religious exercises and all the devotions of a regular convent to enable them to support poor human nature in its efforts to succor the most distressed people on earth. I've chapel of the nuns is a small room 20 x 15 ft., with a ceiling eight feet high. The Sisters' choir is situated on one side of the chapel, and on the other is the dormitory for the lepers with a glass window, the breadth of the room, se that the lepers can follow the priest at Mass, for they are all Catholics. A pane of glass can be opened, through which the priest gives them communion. The priest goes through the dormitories and attends to the sick. Vicar-General Langevin preached the sermon at the consecration of the Virgin to Christ; the Gospel of the day happened to be on the Good Samaritan. He bathed the wounds of the eick man whom he found and seated him upon a horse and took and cared for him, but the Sister took the leper to her own house, and with her own hands attended to his wants during his whole lifetime This is the sublimity of the charity of Christ for the new law of love. WE VISITED THE LAZARETTO.

Bishop Rogers, of the Diocese, Bishop Sweeney, of St. John, former chaptain of the lazaretto; Bishop Duhamel, of Ottawa, and the Prefect Apostolic of Newfoundland, Vicar-General Langevin, the chaptain of the lazaretto, another priest, and myself, were present. The lepers sat right before us Each of the Bishops gave a short address, exorting the sufferers to have patience, and to join their sufferings with those of Christ, and telling them they are expiating the sins of the world, and awaiting the merits of heaven if they only accept the terrible affliction. Then one respectable looking gen tleman stepped forward and made an address to Bishop R gers. He thanked him for the vigor in which he worked for the most afflict ed of his children by providing the good Sisters to take care of them. He concluded by saying that all he could do was to raise his diseased and mutilated hands to heaven in prayer for him. One poor woman threw herself upon her knees before Bishop Sweeney, who was the chaplain forty years before. This poor women was a leper since then. She asked the Bishop's blessing, and the tears rolled from her cheeks as she tried to wipe them with the stumps of her fingers under her apron. All the poor afflicted were now in tears. The incidents of that day I shall never forget I praise the wonderful workings of Divice Providence afflicting some, meritorious work of charity than living among these and serving them. Sixty two persons died since the Sisters took charge of the place, a much less average than formerly.

WHEN THE DISEASE BREAKS OUT IN A FAMILY, ham, in whose diocese this lazaretto is, as the family are seized with grid and shame, soon as he became Bishop, employed all his because they know not if some other member will likely catch it or not. What must have been the sorrow of the virgin's parents when she pronounces her determination of spending the rest of her days in the lazaretto. When leprosy ever appears in a family, none of its members marry, for fear it might spread from generation to generation. It is sure to appear for the county of Gloncester, in which this in either the first or second generation. I am lamaretto is situated. He visited it frequently sure that the Federal Government, now their attention is turned to

THE NEED OF A PROPERLY CONSTRUCTED HOSPITAL,

will act as it behooves Christian men and honorable statesmen to do. This is the only

institution of its kind in America. Leprosy has befiled all the skill of physicians. A father may be afflicted and his wife and children are in sound health; one child of a family may be a leper while his brothers and sisters are not attacked. It commences with a most violent fever and pains all over the body; then chocolate spots appear, and the diseased parts of the victim are rendered perfectly insensible; then the joints are attacked and rot and fall off in washing their hands. The Sisters often find the joints of these poor people in the wash basin. We find at the lazaretto twenty five persons, young and old, boy and girls, old men and old women, young men among themselves; the exhortations of the chaplain were of little use. Even after being anointed for death some release into the chaptain were of little use. (2) to ask your prayers for these good nuns and their most charitable and kind encourage the members of the Federal Government to build a hospital for lepers worthy of the charity and benevolence of the country and adequate to the wants of the poor lepers.

> Pain trom indigestion, dyspepsia and too hearty eating is relieved at once by taking one of Carter's Little Liver Pills immediately after dinner. Don't forget this.

A prominent dentist says that tooth brushes and tooth powders do the teeth more harm than good.

Holloway's Ointment and Pills combine both sanitive and sanative powers in a high degree; by the former term is understood their ability to preserve health, by the latter their capability to restore health. With these remedies at hand, no invalid need be at fault to guide himself or herself safely through the many trials to which everyone is subjected during our long and ofttimes inclement win-ters. Coughs, colds, ulcerated throats, quinsey, whooping cough, can be successfully treated by well rubbing this Ointment upon the chest, and by taking the Pills. During damp, foggy weather asthmatical sufferers will experience the utmost possible relief but she chose the number named of the most from the inunction of the Ointment, and all talented and holy. The farewell day when tender-chested persons will save endless motives have been built within the last six those seven were leaving was a day of tears misery by adopting this treatment.

A NEW EPOCH CHOICE

DECLARED TO BE OPENED BY THE IRISH PARTY - A WARNING TO PARNELL.

DUBLIA, August 27.—Those who favor the Nationalists think that the proceedings at the conference of the Irish parliamentary party and subsequently at the meeting of the National league will inaugurate a new epoch in the history of the country. They say that the book was closed upon the past only to be re-opened at another place; that the first entry on the new page is the one word 'unity," summing up the whole parliament ary systen by which the party hope to succeed in achieving the objects of its existencenamely, by rigid union and solidarity of action. Says the Freeman's Journal :-

If we are to have a parliamentary party a all, it must be the ablest, truest, staunchest body of men whom any efforts can bring to

gether. It commends the resolutions passed, where by it is recommended to the constituencies that candidates be required to pledge them selves, if elected, to sit, act and vote with the party, and to resign their seats if at any time they are required to do so by a majority of their collesgues. An anti Nationalist, though

home rule, journal argues that—
Mr. Parnell will make a fatal error if he assumes, as he appears inclined to do, that, as with a following of forty he was able to for e the Irish Land Act upon Parliament, so with a following of eighty he will be able to repeal the union. He may do much by per-suasion, but if he attempts to play dictator his power will be shattered.

Scott's Emulsion of Pure Cod Liver Oil with Hypophusphites. Is prescribed by physicians all over the world. It is a remarkable remedy for Consumption, Scrofula and wasting diseases, and very palatable.

MORTH-WEST NEWS.

DAMAGE DONE BY THE REPORTED E0 FROSTS--- HARVESTING PROCEEDING SAFELY-ST. BONIFACE CELEBRATES MOR. TACHE'S ARRIVAL.

WINNIPEG, Man., August 25 -The fortieth muiversary of the arrival of His Grace Archbishop Tache at St. Boniface was celebrated to-day with great eclat Congratulatory ad dresses were presented by the St. Jean Bantiste society, the mayor and corporation of St. Boniface and other institutions in the diocese The day was observed as a public noliday in St Boniface, and the town was iluminated this evening.

Despatches have been received from all stations on the main line and branches of the Canadian Pacific announcing that farmers are busy harvesting. All wheat promises an abundant yield as well as other products. the slight frost reported yesterday morning iii no damage. The weather is favorable to

the safe garnering of the crops. Seasational reports are being sent abroad from St. Paul to the effect that there was a killing frost throughout Manitoba and the Territories last night. The thermometer fell a'most to freezing point, but in no case was there any appreciable damage done. It south enn Manitoba harvesting became general on Thursday, Friday and Siturday last. In the district north of the main line of the Canadian Pacific Kailway some damage may have been done, but at most it could only have heen trifling. The crops are past the reriod in which they can be injured by any light frost such as that of last night.

DON'T DESPAIR OF RELIEF if troubled with Chronic Dyspepsia or Constipation. These ailments, as well as Biliousness, Kidney in firmities and feminine troubles, are cradicated by Northrop & Lyman's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, an alterative of long tried and clearly proven efficacy. It early proven efficacy. It and contains no ingredients which are not of the highest standard of purity.

THE NAVIGATION LAWS. WASHINGTON, August 27 - United States Consul Pacey, in a despatch to Secretary Bayard, says there is much complaint on the part of American vessel owners and captains at the recent appointment of a harbor master at Port Sarnia by the Canadian authorities The master charges American vessels fees ranging from one dollar to five dollars, for the privilege of touching a dock or anchoring in the stream, which, at Port Sarnis, is the dividing line between Canada and the United States, and which by law and precedent is free to the ships of both nationalities. The Canadian Government has never expended a dollar to build a barbor at this point. The docks are the property of private individuals, and while the harbor master may collect fees from ships which may land at these docks, the individual owner of the dock may order their in tant removal for refusing to pay tribute to him. Canadian shipping is guided to the river by a light furnished at the expense of the United States Government, and no harbor dues are charged to Canadian vessels at Port Huron or elsewhere on the River St. Clair. Consul Pace also mentions an attempt by the Capadian authorities to seize the American steam tug Mocking Bird because she had assisted the American steamer Wissahickon, bound from Buffalo to Chicago, and which had stranded on a sand bar. Some days after this assistance was rendered the Canadian authorities boarded the Mocking Bird, and proceeded to seize her for violating the "wrecking regulations." The captain of the tug declined to be seized, saying his vessel was in midstream and not under the jurisdiction of the Canadian authorities. The tug went to Port Huron with the officials on board. The case is still in dispute.

Alex. Cyr, of Grant Isle, Aroostook Co., Maine, writes: "Having used Northrop & Lyman's valuable Emulsion of Cod Liver Oil with Hypophosphites of Lime and Soda, and derive great benefit from it, I take the liberty of asking you for quotations, and also whether you would be willing to give me the agency for this place, as I am confident there would be a large sale for it in this vicinity when its merits were made known.'

BRADLAUGH'S MANIFESTO. LONDON, August 27 .- Mr. Bradlaugh has issued a campaign manifesto to his constituency in Northampton. In this he arges them

to continue sending him to Parliament despite the refusal of the House of Commons to permit him to take his seat until the Commons be shamed or compelled by popular feeling to accord him his right. Mr. Bradlaugh holds up to his constituents the example of the voters of Middlesex in continuing to return John Wilkes, notwithstanding his repeated expulsion by the house, until the issue became a public question and the Com-mons were forced to submit to the will of the people.

At the machine shop of Henschel & Son, Cassel, Germany, no less than 1,000 loco-

ANSWERING THE ROLL CALL

Tramp, tramp o'er the treacherous ground The valuant columns stumble, The valuant columns stumble s Passing many a quiet vale, New beauty ever finding,

Scanning many a b-at-n trail,
Though practic grasses winding.
Cheertul, bronzed and soldierly all at
That answered well to the last roll call.

Lo! from the shades of yonder hill The warning scon a are riding;
Firm now is very will,
In right and might confiding;

Out from the coulees sheltering deep The sav ge foe is pouring!
Out of their mi sat t. e Gatlings reap The harvest death is storing. Courage now, lest thoughts appal Who will answer the next roll-call ?"

Hark to the Indian's war cry hoarse ! The charge the foe unheeding Shot or shell, with cea eless force Their deadly arrows speeding;
Hand to hand, in conflict near,
They sway at battle's will-tide,
Til, with a gallant British cheer,
The column gains the hill side.

Honor now to the braves who fall, lomrades answer their next roll call. Out from the East the gray dawn meek Waiched the battle gory, Out from the mists of Cut Knife Creek

Gimmered victory's glory;
Down by the littlede many a heart For country's cause was bleeding; Memory gives their deeds a part. Where endires fame is leading.
Patience now, we shall greet them all
In the Valley of Death, at the last roll-call. GRACE O'BOYLE, Ottawn.

CORRESPONDENCE.

To the Editor of THE POWE and TRUE WIEVESS DEAR SIE,-The Rev. Father Campbell

having announced at High Mess on Sunday, the 16th inst, that Mr. W. J. Macdonell, President of the Toronto Society of St. Vin-cent de Paul, had visited Orillia with the intention of organizing a branch of the association here, a large number of Catholics assembled at the church on Sauday afternoon. After the reading of prayers by the Rev Chairman (Father Campbell) and an ex planation of the objects of the society by Mr. Macdonald, it was unanimously resolved that a branch of the association he established in Orillia to be known as "The Conference of the Angel Guardian," and that the following gentlemen be elected officers, viz :- Rev. K. A. Campbell, spiritual director, Dr. A. R. McDonell, president, R. A. Lynch, vice president, M. J. Clifford, sec. treas. Thirty-nine persons immediately became member of the associati n, and many more will, no doubt, soon follow their example so that the success of our conference seems already success of our conference seems already assumed. Much credit is due to Father Campbell whose exertions for some time past to establish a branch of this excellent society in our midst, have at length neen successful. We have also reason to feel grateful to Mr. Macdonell, President of the Toronto Conference, who has labored so zealously for many years in promoting the interests of all works of charity, but who has in an especial manner identified himself with the Society of St Vincent de Paul.

M J CLIFFORD, Secretary. Orillia, Aug. 20 1885.

A NEW CHURCH.

To the Editor of THE POST and TRUE WITNESS:

SIR,-Work on St. Margaret's Church,

Gien Nevis, Ontario, is rapidly progressing under the skilful supervision of Mr. John R. Chisholm, contractor and builder, of Alex andria, who recently built and completed St Finnan's church of that town, a full account of which appeared to the columns of the TRUE Witness. The total length of the building is 205 teet, width of nave 47 teet, entrance width 73 feet, height of main ceiting 44 feet. The main tower, which will be 160 feet high, will be built principally of fine cut stone, embellished with ornamental and carved panels. The helfry will be tormed of eight ornamental columns and carved capitals. The balance of spire above beliry, which will be octagon form, will be finished with eight pediments and four pinnacles, shooting out from curved roof. The extremity will be finished with an ornamental iron cross. The two front corners of the church will be decorated with pinnacles 19 feet above caves. The interior will be in ke-ping with the exterior. The inhabitants of this new parish may congratulate themselves in having so spacious an edifice nearly completed and dedicated to their spiritual welfare, instead of being under the necessity of travelling a distance of 8 or 10 miles to St. Raphael's as heretofore. Mass was first celebrated in St. Margaret's on Christmas night, 1883, and through the zeal, energy, and indetaugable exertions of the Rt. Rev. Dr. Cleary and the Rev. C. H. Gauthier, the pastor, together with the liberal subscriptions and donations of the parishioners and others, the church will be, with God's help, completed about Xmas, and according to the plans and specifications, will be an ornament to Glen Neves and a credit to the

Glengarry, Out., Aug. 22, 1885.

EXCITEMENT IN MADRID.

THE SPANIARDS RESENT THE ACTION OF GERMANY-THE GOVERNMENT ADOPTS A MILD TONE.

MADRID, August 27 .- The Government has dismissed several anti-German officials and has instructed the provincial authorities to suppress anti-German meetings. The Govcurrent has closed the doors of the Army and Navy club, because officers belonging to the club have returned their German decorations and because the club has struck from its list of honorary members the names of German officers and that of the Crown Prince of Germany. The press and army are disgusted by the amicable attitude that has been suddenly displayed by the Cabinet toward Germany. The Ministerial papers have adopted a modified tone while the Opposition journals attack Germany with increased vigor. The result is that seven of the latter papers have been seized, and will be prosecuted. Public feeling is more decided than ever against a concession to Germany.

WHERE ARE YOU GOING?

If you have pain in the back, pale and sallow complexion, bilious or sick headache, erruptions on the skin, coated tongue, slug-gish circulation, or a hacking cough, you are going into your grave if you do not take stens to cure yourself. If you are wise you will do this by the use of Dr. Pierce's "Golden Medical Discovery," compounded of the most efficacions ingredients known to medical science for giving health and strength to the system through the medium of the liver and the blood,

A Salisbury, Md., couple are credited with naming their first boy Neptune, because they became engaged on a sailing party,

THE CARDWELL BUECTION: n original add profess to riffessoqui HON. MB. WHITE'S MAJORITY INCREASED

enthansel of Tol672; andien dagest ORANGATILLE, August 28.—Returns received to day show an increase in Hon. Mr. White's majority, the following being the result in the different municipal divisions:

MAJORITIES FOR MB. WHITE. Caledon 17 Albion 84 Bolton village 14

It is believed that Dr. Allison has failed to poll one-third of the votes cast and has con-sequently forfeited his deposit. The greatest enthusiasm prevailed throughout the county when the result became known. There was a bonfire at Mono Mills, and Mr. White addressed a large meeting there and afterwards at this place, thanking the electors for the magnificent triumph accorded to him. He left this morning for Ottawa.

THE LAST HONORS.

IMPRESSIVE FUNERAL OF ADMIRAL COUR-BET YESTERDAY.

PARIS, August 28 .- The remains of Admirai Courbet were interred to day in the Hotel des Invalides. A large assemblage attended the burial ceremonies. The edifice was beavily dre ed with mourning and presented a most impressive appearance. A large model of the Bayard, the flagship of the French fleet commanded in China by the deceased, had been constructed in front of the building. The coffin was placed in a colossal sarcophagus, which was ornamented at the corpers by statues of Faith, Hope, Charity, and Religion, which bore escutcheous emblashed with scenes of battles in which Admiral Courbet had taken a leading part. This was lighted by increase burners and tapers which emitted green fismes and cast a weird glimmering through the darkened light of the chapel where the body lay. During the funeral ceremonies French troops paraded slowly up and down the esplanade and afterwards filed past the ooffin.

A DUBLIN SENSATION.

DUBLIN, August 28,—A great sensation has been caused in fashionable circles by the thrashing of an officer and the horsewhipping of a deputy lieutenant by Mr. John Pollock, of Tismary, County Galway, well known as high sheriff and owner of estate in Scotland. Some painful domestic differences had led to Mrs. Pollock leaving her husband and going to Scotland. Many stories were current here, several of which coupled the names of Captain Barry, of the Royal Horse Artillery, son of Lord Justice Burry, and Mr. John Albert Blakeney, of Ballyglunion, county Galway, deputy lieutenant, with that of the erring wife. Mr. Pollock threatened to horsewhip both geutlemen, and this week, coming to the Dublin horse show, he met Captain Barry leaving the Kildare street club, pulled him off an outside car as he was getting on, and struck him on the fuce and then on the head with a stick. Friends interposed and separated the combatants. Mr. Pollock cried out: "Barry, you know where to find me if you want any satisfac-tion," and drove to a house in Burlington road, where Siakeney was to dine, and waited until Biakeney drove up. Pollock then seized hold of him in tront of the house and thrashed him soundly with a horsewhip. The deputy lieutenant bellowed for help, but made not the slightest resistance.

Life seems hardly worth the living to-day to many a tired, unhappy, discouraged woman who is suffering from chronic female weakness for which she has been able to find of a tenth class minatrol troupe. In the no relief. But there is a certain cure for all house next day Connel denounced the editor no relief. But there is a certain cure for all the painful complaints to which the weaker sex is liable. We refer to Dr. Pierce's "Favorite Prescription" to the virtues of which thousands of women can testify. As a tonic and nervine it is unsurpassed. All druggists.

A WELL DESERVED LYNCHING.

SAN ANTONIO, Texas, August 28 -A despatch from San Marie says a mob of seventyfive persons on Wednesday night went to the jail and demanded the keys of the sheriff, entered the jail and took out Luckie, the man who committed the wholesale muders in Johnson City a few days ago. They hanged him after obtaining from him a statement is regard to his crime. Lackie declared that he intended to kill the members of three or four families besides those he murdered and was prevented from doing so only by his car tridges giving out.

The gloomy fears, desponding views, and weariness, that many complain of, would disappear were the blood made pure and healthy before reaching the delicato vessels of the brain. Ayer's Sarsaparilla purities and vi talizes the blood; thus promoting health of body and sanity of mind.

COAL PRICES ADVANCE.

PHILADELPHIA, August 28 -The Phila delphia and Reading Coal and Iron Company has advanced its selling rates, to take effect September 1. The company will not issue any circular, but posts the following figures with the additional announcement that they must be maintained : \$2.50 for broken, egg and chestnut, and \$2.75 for stove and small stove. This is an advance at Schuylkill Haven of ten cents on stove and twenty cents on chestnut over the ruling market price of August. September prices are, however, ten cents lower for broken and egg and twentyfive cents lower for chestnut than upon June l. when the last circular was issued.

Mr. Peter Vermett, Hochelaga, P. Q., writes :- "Dr. Thomas' Eclectric Oil cured me of Rheumatism after I tried many medicines to no purpose. It is a good medicine.' Just think of it-you can relieve the twinges of rheumutism, or the most painful attack of neuralgia-you can check a cough, and heal a bruised or broken skin, with a bottle of Dr. Thomas' Eulectric Oil, costing only 25 cents.

CANADIAN MAILS TO BE FUMIGATED. WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 28.—The Post Office department has requested the Secretary of the Treasury to cause all Canadian mails coming into the United States to be thorn oughly furnigated to obviate the danger of introducing smallpox into this country through the mails.

Thomas Myers, Bracebridge, writes:-"Dr. Thomas' Eelectric Oil is the best medicine 1 sell. It always gives satisfaction, and in cases of conghs, colds, sore throat, &c., immediate relief has been received by those who use it."

Those who fear lest the humor has gone out of the Western frontier may be reassured. A newspaper just started in Kansas is named The Thomas County Cat.

Hot and dry skin?
Scalding sensations?
Swelling of the ankles?
Vague feelings of unrest?
Frothy or brick-dust fluids?
Acid stomach? Aching loins?
Iramps, growing nervousness?
Itrange screness of the bowels?
Inaccountable languid feelings?
Inort breath and pleuritic pains?
Ine-side headache? Backache?
Iraquent attacks of the "blues"?
Fluttering and distress of the eart?
Albumen and tube costs.

Albumen and tube casts in the Fittul rheumatic pains and neuraigia?

Loss of appetite, fiesh and strength?...
Constipation alternating with looseness of the bowels?
Droweiness by day, wakefulness of tight?

Abundant pale, or scanty flow of dark water?
Chills and fever? Burning patches of skin? Then

BRIGHT'S DISEASE OF THE RIDNEYS.

BRIGHT'S DISEASE OF THE KIDNEYS.

The above symptoms are not developed in any order, but appear, disappear and reappear until the disease igradually gets a firm grasp on the constitution the kidney-polaoned blood breaks down the nervous system, and finally pneumonia, diarrkers, bloodlessness, heart disease, apoplery, paralysis or convulsions ensue and then death is inevitable. This fearful disease not a rare one—it is an every-duy disorder, and chaims more victims than any other complaint.

claims maper vactime than any other com-plaint.

It must be treated in time or it will gain the mastery.

Den's neglect it. Warmer's SAFE ture has cured thousands of cases of the worst to;

you if you will use it promptly

the only specific for the universa

BRIGHT'S DISEASE.

MR. MICHAEL DAVITES POLICY. MR. MICHARL DAVITI'S POLICY.

LONDON, Aug. 28.—Mr. Michael Davitt has written a latter in which he says that there has been so much misrepresentation about his belief and his protosed plan of action, that he wants to make a definite statement of what he believes and intends, and wants to have his statement orrecty reported. The statement is somewhat pro x, but in substance it amounts to a declaration that while supporting the Parnellites Mr. Davit: will maintain his agitation of the question of proprietorship of land. Mr. Davit: admits that the Irish 'parliamentary party have done and are doing parliamentary party have done and are doing good work, but he looks upon their efforts as sub-idiary to the main question, which is the redemption of Ireland's soil. He believes that the question of the ownership of land is the most vital question now before the people, not only of I land, but of England and the world. The people are beginning more and more cognizant of their rights and power, and it is necessary that their impulses small be intelligently directed so as to be ma le potential. He says that while he admires Mr. Parnell's patient plodding in his slower method, he feels that fo himself life is speedily slipping away, and if he is ever to raise his voice in advocacy of this greatest and most needed in force it reach he had not be a speedily slipping away, and if he is ever to raise his voice in advocacy of this greatest and most needed in force it reach he had not be a speedil in the same and the same a needed reform, it must be now

Give Holloway's Corn Cure a trial. It removed ten corns from one pair of feet without pain.

AN OFFENSIVE BACHELORS' BILL. ATLANTA, Ga., Aug. 26 -- Great excitement prevails over the report that a duel is being arranged between C lonel Gautt, editor of the Athens Banner Watchman, and Alexander Connel, representative from Decatur County. Connel recently introduced a bill requiring that all bachelors after their thirtieth year should pay an annual tax to the state of \$2 50, which fund was to be applied for educational purposes. In criticising Connel, Gautt said he had proven himself unit to be "endman" of the Banner Watchman as a thief, liar and

vear ago. KING ALFONSO'S LEFTER.

scoundred who ought to have been hanged ten

BERLIN, Aug. 27 .- It is rumored that King Alfonso has sen: an autograph letter to the Crown Prince Frederick William asking him to mediate in order that the friendship beween Spain and Germany may be mainta ned. It is also rumored that King Leopold, of Belgium, and Emperor Francis Joseph have been asked to act as arbitrator. Prince Bismarck, it is stated, favors the latter, and tesires a decision in favor of Spain, in order to escape from the difficulty.

Pleasant as syrup; nothing equals it as a worm medicine; the name is Mother Graves Worm Exterminator.

AN OFFICIAL RECALLD.

London, August 27.—The government has recalled Sir Charles Warren, the leader of the Bechuanland expedition, and appointed as his successor Judge Shippard, of the Cape Colony bench. The Daily News deprecates the recall of Warren at the present crisis, saying he has been the only able administrator in many years whose exertions have inspired confidence and brought about quiet in South Africa, and declares that this is the last of a series of blunders, showing bad organization in the colonial office.

A lady from Syracuse writes :- "For about seven years before taking Northrop & Ly-man's Vegetable Discovery and Dyspeptic Cure, I suffered from a complaint very prevalent with our sex. I was unable to walk any distance or stand on my feet for more than a few minutes at a time without feeling exhausted, but now I am thankful to say can walk two miles without feeling the least inconvenience." For Female Complaints it has no equal.

THE WHY AND THE WHEREFORE!

A sergeant of cavalry on active service in Arizona against the Indians tries to answer the inquiry, "Why don't the United States troops catch the raiding Apaches?" He says the Indians have from five to seven good saddle horses each. The soldiers are compelled to follow with one horse each, loaded down with blanket, overcoat, two canteens, lariat, picket pin, side lines, nose-bay, currycomb and brush, sometimes four to six days rations, a pannikan, tin cup and numerous other little traps that are of no use, but always in the way. Then comes the gun and field belt, with fifty rounds of cartridges, with 100 more in the saddle pockets, then the pistol and belt, with twenty four pistol car-tridges. "Weigh a man with all this," says the sergeant, "and then turn him loose after an Indian pony, with a shell of a saddle, s gun and ammunition, and an almost nude buck, and see which wins in the race of 300 miles, to say nothing of the buck's remounts and perfect knowlege of the country."

NO LADY WHO DELIGHTS IN FLOWERS, and likes to see them do well and bloom abundantly, should be without Hanington's Food for Flowers. Ordinary packages 30c. - sufficient for 20 plants for ene year. Intowidinate the time to the