

(a) In the middle of this shining mass appeared two eyes. The eyes were fixed on Gilliott. He recognized the devil-fish. [6]

(b) At about fifteen paces the vaulted roof ended overhead. He had penetrated beyond the blind passage. There was here more space and consequently more daylight. His vision became clearer. He saw before his eyes another vaulted roof, and at the farther end an altar-like stone. [10]

(c) The space was only twenty feet square. The air-holes were small and obstructed. It was the summer solstice. The number of prisoners was one hundred and forty-six. [8]

2 Arrange the words of the following in as many ways as possible without changing the sense :—

(a) "What's Yarrow but a river fare
That glides the dark hills under" [4]

(b) "The daisy, by the shadow that it casts,
Protects the linge:ing dew-drop from the sun." [4]

(c) "Happy is the man whose good intentions have borne fruit in deeds, and whose evil thoughts have perished in the blossom." [4]

3. Change the following from the direct to the indirect form of narration :—

"Child, will you tell me how to help it," said the mother, taking hold of her daughter's hand? "I do not give myself these dreams, I cannot prevent their making me feverish. I was as well yesterday as I could be; I went to bed quite comfortable, in good spirits; I do not know that I had thought of your poor brother even once during the day; and yet the dream came. How can I help these things, I ask?" [18]

4. Paraphrase the following, substituting, where you can, the passive form for the active form, contracting each of the italicized clauses into a word or a phrase, and expanding each italicized phrase into a clause:

"The day broke—the day *which was to decide the fate of India*. At sunrise the army of the *Northern*, pouring through many openings of the camp, began to move towards the grove *where the English lay*.

Forty thousand infantry, *armed with fire-locks, swords, bows and arrows*, covered the plain. They were accompanied by fifty pieces of ordnance of the largest size, each tugged by a long team of white oxen, and each pushed on from behind by an elephant. [18]

5. Correct the following, where necessary, giving reasons :—

(a) The army marched farther than from Hamilton to Toronto.

(b) The men ascended up an exceeding high mountain.

(c) Fetch me the book which you have in your hand.

(d) Wide-spread ruin has been caused by the collapse of the bank among small depositors.

(e) The members assembled together to discuss the question. [10]

6. Write a letter to a friend and in it make remarks on the following subjects :—

(a) The school-house, (b) The school-yard,

(c) The last public examination you attended,

(d) Invite your friends to spend the vacation with you.

Indicate on your answer paper the form and position of the address on the envelope. [18]

7. Give, in your own words, the substance of the lesson entitled "Lady Clare," or of the lesson entitled "The Demon of the Deep." [18]

ENGLISH GRAMMAR.

NOTE.—Not more than six questions are to be attempted, and of these 1, 2, and 7 must be three. A maximum of five marks may be added for neatness.

1. "The humble boon was soon obtained, The *aged minstrel audience* gained.

But when he reached the room of state Where she with all her ladies sate, *Perchance* he wished his boon denied : *For*, when to tune the harp he tried, His trembling hand had lost the ease. Which marks security to please.

And scenes, long past, of joy and pain Came *wildering* o'er his aged brain— He tried to tune his harp in vain."

(a) Point out and classify the modifying phrases in this passage. [9]

(b) Classify and state the relation of the subordinate clauses. [14]