

6. Onomatopœia is the use of words of which the sound is similar to that made by the thing they describe : (a) The varnished clock that clicked behind the door. (b) The watch dog's voice that bayed the whispering wind. (c) The plashy spring.

7. Consult any biography of the poet.

8. Consult any annotated copy of poem.

CLASSICS.

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LATIN GRAMMAR.

Examiner—Adam Johnston, B.A., LL.B.

1. Give the nouns of the third declension which have *i* instead of *e* in the ablative singular, and those of the fourth which have *ubus* instead of *ibus* in the dative and ablative plural.

2. Show that the five declensions may have been all derived from one or two.

3. Define *Heteroclite* and *Heterogeneous* nouns, and give examples.

4. Write the genitive singular of *Dido*, *Apollo*, *lampas*, *praeses*, *heres*, *aries*, *pollis*, *lis*, *heros*, *arbos*, *facinus*, *onus*, *senectus*, *palus*, *pecus*, *anceps*, *forceps*, *calix*, *compos*; and mark the quantity of the penult where doubtful.

5. Write the principal parts of *seco*, *lavo*, *haereo*, *video*, *soleo*, *tondeo*, *rapio*, *quaero*, *trango*, *caedo*, *tango*, *operio*.

6. Give the different meanings, according to differences of quantity or otherwise, of *malis*, *es*, *fugit*, *ducis*, *dis*, *educo*, *reges*, *maris*.

7. Show the force of the affixes in *puella*, *aerarium*, *amicitia*, *agmen*, *opulentus*, *ferreus*, *civilis*; and give lists of affixes similar in meaning to each respectively.

8. Explain what is meant by *Frequentative*, *Inchoative*, and *Desiderative* verbs, and state how they are formed.

9. What verbs govern the genitive?

10. Translate, and parse the words printed in italics :

Vellem *Romae* *esses*, si forte non *es*.

Quod crebro *quis* videt, non miratur, etiam si cur *fiat* nescit.

Decrevit Senatus ut L. Opimius *videret*, nequid respublica *detrimenti* caperet.

Parvi sunt foris arma nisi est consilium *domi*.

11. Translate into Latin :

He says that those who are good are happy.

The tribune asked me my opinion first.

Cæsar, having delayed a few days in Asia, heard that Pompey had been seen at Cyprus.

Which of you, therefore, does not know how much these are valued at.

12. Give the rules for the quantity of *a*, *e* and *o* in the increments of declension, with the principal exceptions.

LATIN.—ARTS, FOR PASS; MEDICINE, FOR PASS AND HONORS.

Examiner—J. Fletcher, B.A.

I.

Translate :

Accessum est ad Britanniam omnibus navibus meridiano fere tempore : neque in eo loco hostis est visus, sed, ut postea Cæsar ex captivis comperit, quum magnæ manus eo convenissent, multitudine navium perterritæ (quæ cum annotinis privatisque, quas sui quisque commodi fecerat, amplius octingentis uno erant visæ tempore), a litore discescerant ac se in superiora loca abdiderant. Cæsar, exposito exercitu et loco castris idoneo capto, ubi ex captivis cognovit, quo in loco hostium copiae consedisent, cohortibus decem ad mare relictis et equitibus trecentis, qui præsidio navibus essent, de tertia vigilia ad hostes contendit, eo minùs veritus navibus, quod in litore molli atque aperto deligatas ad ancoram relinquebat.

—Cæsar, *De Bello Gallico*, Book V.

1. Parse *comperit*, *discescerant*, *abdiderant*, *cognovit*, *relictis*, *veritus*, *aperto*.

2. Explain the syntax of *accessum*, *tempore*, *convenissent*, *commodi*, *octingentis*, *consedisent*, *præsidio*, *navibus*.