anerhanda anerenta TUESDAY EVN'G, JUNE 16, 1874.

Immigration and the Agricul-tural Interests. We notice that Mr. D. D. Hay, of the Ontario Emigration Department has been making some valuable suggestions to the County Council of Middlesex in connection with immigration and our agricultural interests. These suggestions ought to receive the careful consideration of our municipal bodies, and be widely circulated and thoroughly understood by our farmers throughout the Province. Mr. Hay, we believe, intended to confer with our County Council on the same subjects, but was unable to be present. We hope that at its next meeting he may be able to be present, and fully explain his views. Meantime we will briefly explain the recommendations made by Mr Hay, which we find embodied in the ort of the committee to whom the matter was referred, and which was adopted by the Council. This report recommends that the Clerk of every Township Council be appointed to keep a register in which will be put all spplications in each Munici-pality for either skilled or ordinary laborers, and that a copy of all such applications will be sent to the Department of Immigration. This should, as fer as possible, specify the class and character of the labour required. It will also be the duty of Clerk to send to the Department from time to time an approximate estimate of the extent, quality and price of unimproved or improved farm property open for sale in each Municipality. Such information will he at the service of immigrants who

suitable land to purchase. The report contains another very · They say :---

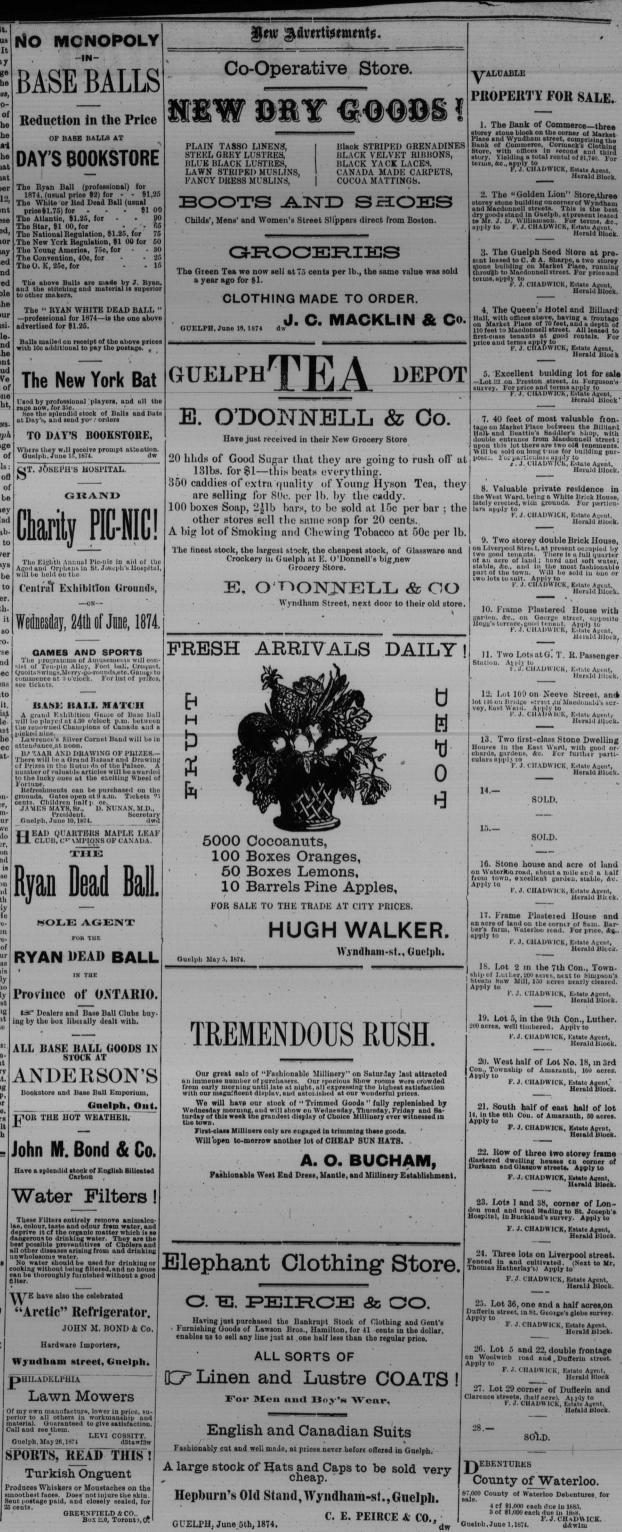
The plan that Mr. Hay proposes, of the post-ally treat. He must not only results. The plan that Mr. Hay proposes, of the same that the proposes, of the plan that the plan the pl thing about the physical features of the locality, roads, churches, popula-tion, nationally, &c. Immingrants would thus be furnished with a full and reliable guide, which would go far to determine them as to the par-toular locality they would choose for setting in. At to determine them as to the par-ticular locality they would choose for setting in. The suggestion for building com-fortable dwelling houses for farm labourers is a novel but no less valu-able one, and we are firmly impressed with the belief that our farmers will never have a thoroughly efficient class of labourers, who will be satisfied to remain long in one place, till this plan is adopted. Landed proprietors and farmers in Great Britan are beginning to appreciate the benefits of this system more and more as it is extended, and on many estates, it is one of the conditions of the lease that comfortable tenant houses be erected on the farms—at the joint expense of the proprietor and far-mer—for the labourers, who are charged a reasonable rent, and who in addition to a cow's grass have a small gurden where they raise their own vegetables. The flan has been found to answer admirably, the em-ployer gets more work out of his men, and they are more satisfied with their position. Of course, this only applies to married labourers, but the system is found to encourage marriage, and this, of course, tends to the decrease of immorality espe-pecially in regard to illegitimacy. We trust that Mr. Hay will not shacken in the good work he has be-gun, that the Government will aid him in every possible way, and that our County and Township Councils will secure his efforts, and assist him in carrying out his plans.

POLITICAL PERSECUTION. -The St. Catharines News tells of a curious instance of political persecution. It appears that Cole's Circus Company NO gave an exhibition in that village recently, but did not advertise the show in the Dunnville Reform Press, which singular fact induced the pro-prietor of that journal to inquire of the circus agent the cause of the omission. He was informed by the agent that the Clerk and Reeve had at first refused him a license if he patronized the Reform Press, but that they finally made the condition that they finally made the condition that if he did not patronize that paper his license should be only \$12, whereas the law required payment of \$35. He complied with these conditions, the circus was exhibited, and the *Press* got no printing nor divertising. We need hardly say that the *Press* is a well-conducted Reform paper, while the Clerk and Reform paper, while the Clerk and Reeve are shockingly ill-behaved Tories. That explains the whole matter. In order to prevent the proprietor of the Press making four or five dollars in a legitimate busior five dollars in a legitimate busi-ness way, those immaculate, whole-souled, liberal Toriez, the Clerk and Reeve, were willing to sacrifice the interests of the village to the extent of \$35, and did ultimately defraud it, by their illegal action of \$23. We have frequently heard of instances of political persecution, but never one which would equal this in downright, transcendental meanness.

THE SCHOOL QUESTION IN NEW BRUNS-wick .- The John's, N. B., Telegraph

uses the following strong language in speaking of the influence of Quebec in securing separate schools: -Ontario would gladly throw off sectarian bonds in the matter of education, which are grievious to be borne. But she cannot do it. They are secured, firm and fast. 'Had may have the means wherewith to are secured, firm and fast. Had buy land, and who often are at a loss separate schools not been estabwhere to go, or where they can find lished by Quebec influence prior to Confederation, they would never have been established after it,' says important recommendation, which a Toronto correspondent. Let it be we give as drawn up by the Commit. a warning to us not to submit to Quebec domination in this matter.

important recommendation, which we give as drawn up by the Committee. They say:—
"Your Committee desire to easily easily a second to submit to generation to Mr. Hay's suggestion in regard to the exercise of agriculture, the leading industry of the Dominion, they regard thes suggestion of great practical importance. In this way only may we expect the labour in our represented by the Dominion, they regard thes suggestion of great practical importance. In this way only may we expect the labour in our run the political union with Quebec into the string the Union we did to the promote the placed on a more para manent residents and editer solution. If we can help it, the us, as one man, resolve to resist Quabec domination, Quebec intole we expect the labouring the they and other heigo on the larm, would, in a measure they may be called."
We regard these su regetoms as the first practical attempt to systematizt the work of our Immigration Department is and energy. We are call the work of our Immigration Depart taken the work with his character ristic zeal and energy. We are call the way to farting poj u ation here—has under taken the work with dis character is the aborating the characting factory basis, just because ministig factory basis, whole the aborating the subusiness, whole of the aborating the subusiness, whole of the aborating the subusiness, whole of the stander of and who thoroughly understands the business, whole of the stander in a cach municipality, is an excellent on e, and if procees in an as the scale taken the work of an interest will be thousely whole we all these fully informed of the amout of labour required in the scale asting fore





F. J. CHADWICK, Estate Agent, Herald Block 22. Row of three two storey frame lastered dwelling houses on corner of Durbam and Glasgow streets. Apply to F. J. CHADWICK, Estate Agent, Herald Block. 23. Lots 1 and 38, corner of Lon-don road and road leading to St. Joseph's Hospital, in Buckland's survey. Apply to F. J. CHADWICK, Estate Agent, Herald Block

F. J. CHADWICK, Estate Agent, Herald Block.

25. Lot 36, one and a half acres, on ufferin street, in St. George's glebe survey F. J. CHADWICK, Estate Agent. Herald Block

F. J. CHADWICK, Estate Agent, Herald Block 27. Lot 29 corner of Dufferin and rce streets, (half acre). A1 ply to F. J. CHADWICK, Estate Agent, Hefald Block

County of Waterloo. \$7,000 County of Waterloo Debentures, for 4 cf \$1,000 each due in 1885. 3 of \$1,000 each due in 1888. F. J. CHADWICK. 1, June 1, 1874. d&wim Guelph, June 1, 1874.