PORT HOOD, Feby., 21, 1871.—There is a vessel in the ice just abreast of this place about two miles off. She is either a brig or brigantine and is said to belong to P. E. I. Owned by Mr. Duncan ot Charlotte Town, and partly laden with oats. The crew are reported short of provisions and wood.

THE "ZOE"—About 1150 barrels of beef have been saved, by divers from the steamer "Zoe" before reported sunk at Bell Rock.

We are happy to state, says the "Yarmouth Herald," "that the subscriptions in this town towards the extension of the Railway to Yarmouth, now amount to One Hundred and One Thousand Dollars ($101,000). It is expected that the Local Legislature will aid the undertaking by a grant of money for a number of years. We hope to see the work commenced before the close ot the summer of 1871."

SUDDEN DEATH.—The Amherst *Gazette* reports that on Saturday before last, as Mr. John, Scott was chopping wood at his door, in Pugwash, he became suddenly ill, staggered into the house, and died in a short time. An inquest was held by Coroner Clarke, when the jury found that death proceeded from natural cause.

SUICIDES.—Last week the Body of a man named Thomas Kavanagh, who formerly did business at New Glasgow, was found near the railway bridge with his brains blown out, and a discharged gun lying beside him. A man named Charles W. Peters, belonging to Eastport, committed suicide at Woodstock, N. B., on Wednesday evening, by cutting his throat from ear to ear. He is supposed to have been insane.—*Colonist.*

FATAL KEROSENE ACCIDENT.—The Charlottetown *Argus* says a melancholy accident resulting in the death of a little girl, aged five years, of Mr. James R. Ferguson, St. Peter's Road, occurred on Wednesday evening, the 8th inst. The deceased, while in the act of holding a kerosene lamp to her sister, who was turning bread in an oven, struck the lamp on the cooking stove. The oil immediately ignited, enveloping the child in flames. The child died on the following morning.

DEATH FROM ALCOHOL. — The Amherst "Gazette" says:—"On Thursday evening 16th, six employes on the railway works at Little Forks, who had just received their month's pay, went into a groggery, and, after five of them had imbibed pretty freely, all set out for their shanties. They had gone but a short distance when, one after another, the drinkers fell. The sober man took charge of three whom he got to the shanties. About 11 o'clock, or an hour after the drinking, a Mr. Regan found one of the others dead, and his comrade insensible. The latter did not recover until next day. An inquest was held on Friday before Coroner Howard; the jury's verdict was: 'That deceased came to his death by the excessive use of alcoholic stimulants sold him by one Dennis Connell.'"

MISSIONARY WORK IN MADAGASCAR.—The facts more and more coming to light concerning Madagascar and its 5,000,000 people to justily the strong statement that here is a nation being born in a day—a whole people feeling after God, if happily they may find Him. At the half-yearly meeting of the London Missionary Society, just held in London, two of its missionaries were present, and communicated facts which may be taken only as types of what is going on through large portions of that island. One of them began his work so late as 1862, with a congregation of only thirteen. It soon increased to 600. It went on rapidly to 2,000.

SIR A. T. GALT'S MOTION.

THE JOINT HIGH COMMISSION.

In the House of Commons, on Friday, Sir A. T. Galt moved his resolutions respecting the Fisheries, and spoke for two hours. He criticised the despatches from the Imperial Government, and said they were very unsatisfactory, and that in all the points of Mr. Campbell's mission, namely:—Fisheries, withdrawal of troops, and Fenian raids, it was a total failure. He did not impute dishonourable motives to the British Government, but he believed in the settlement of the Alabama claims Canadian interests would be regarded of secondary importance, and be yielded up, in the interests of peace, to the Empire. He would not have brought the matter before the House, were it not that there were cause for mistrust, and the hands of the Government should be strengthened by the opinion of this House. The avowed policy of many public men in the United States was to annoy Canada, and we should not allow ourselves to be put in a position of dependence upon them. Our claims arose out of the Fenian raids, and were very much stronger than the Alabama claims; yet the answer of the Imperial Government did not give assurance that they would be pressed.

He (Mr. Galt) contended that the commission was first suggested by Minister Adams in 1866, and not by our government. He was glad of this, because if we had the right and were the first to propose to contestants of that right arbitration upon it, it would be making our position worse for final adjudication. He spoke of the great importance of our rights in the question, not only on account of their intrinsic value, but because they would, if retained, strengthen our position in all future negotiations with the United States. He was willing to go a good distance towards establishing friendly relations with the United States, but there were certain we could not give up, for giving up of them would be equivalent to giving up our separate political existence. He utterly repudiated the idea that this country should be subordinate to the policy of the United States.

He desired to maintain the connection with Britain as long as it could be maintained in interests of both countries; but if the time ever should come that that connection should cease, he desired that Canada should not be placed in a position of inferiority to the great Republic. He desired to keep in our hand and preserve for posterity the great interest which would hereafter go to build up a great empire on this continent; that could only be done by maintaining all our rights, and in doing this we should best perform our duty to the people of Canada, and best protect them from what he felt to be the somewhat dangerous position in which we now stand.

Sir John A. Macdonald replied. He said he did not believe the resolution would strengthen his hands, but rather embarrass him; because they would tell the United States that we distrusted the mother country. It would not strengthen his hands if it was thrown up to him that the Commons of Canada was afraid her interests would be sacrificed by England. He was satisfied that the present ruling statesman in England would not, on any consideration, either of peace or a desire for friendly relations with the United States, sacrifice the interests of Canada. There was no fear that the pledge which had been made by the Government in England, to defend Canada, would be broken. Why, then, should we tell the United States that we are distrustful of England? The enlargement of the commission would in no way affect the interests of Canada. Canada was deeply interested in the settlement of the Alabama claims, and it indicated the spirit of England towards this country that in that settlement Canada would have a voice. These claims once settled a new era of prosperity would be opened for Canada. He said it would be the duty of the Commission first to decide the rights of each party, then how these rights shall be enforced, and then the question of reciprocity might come up; but no treaty affecting the rights of Canada would become law till it was accepted by the Canadian Parliament. He hoped Sir A. T. Galt would alter the discussion, withdraw his resolutions. The House adjourned at 6 o'clock. The debate will be resumed this evening by Mr. McKenzie, who will oppose the passage of the resolutions, although, to a certain extent, endorse them.

It is expected that Galt will withdraw the resolutions, as the debate will secure the object he desired. All the Ontario opposition and government supporters favor this course.—*Special Telegram to Chronicle.*

There are probably a hundred or more persons in this and neighbouring towns, who daily suffer from the distressing effects of kidney troubles, who do not know that *Johnsons Anodyne Liniment* is almost a certain cure. In severe cases, great relief may be obtained if not perfect cure.

NOVA SCOTIA LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

Most of the business which has been done by the House during the week—is not of a character to be interesting to the majority of our readers.

The Bill introduced by Mr. Hill in regard to controverted elections was discussed and rejected by a large majority, only four members voting in its favor.

The Resolutions of the Government and those of Mr. Pineo, in amendment, in regard to the Provincial Building, so called, have been discussed at considerable length, but the vote had not been taken at the time of the adjournment on Monday afternoon.

The Hon. Prov. Sec'y., gave notice on the 28th ult., that it was the purpose of the Government to bring down in a few days, a sere of resolutions in opposition to the threatened movement at Ottawa to assimilate the currency of Nova Scotia to that of the other parts of the Dominion.

Mr. Kidston gave notice of intention to move a seres of resolutions asking Her Majesty the Queen to cede this province to the United States in lieu of the Alabama claims.

The Committee of the late disputed Halifax Election has not yet reported. The investigation seem likely to occupy considerable time yet.

NEW BRUNSWICK LEGISLATURE.

HOUSE OF ASSEMBLY.

On the 21st inst., the Hon. Attorney General, King, announced that the Government had resigned, and that the Governor had called upon Mr. Hatheway to form a Government.

On the 22nd inst., Mr. Hatheway reported the formation of a new Government, and that it had advised His Excellency to prorogue the Assembly; and at 4 o'clock the House was accordingly prorogued till the 5th April.

The reconstructed Government is now composed of the following members:—

Hon. T. R. Jones, President of the Council.
" Mr. King, Attorney General.
" " Hatheway, Provincial Secretary,
" " Stevenson, Surveyor General,
" " Kelley, Chief Commissioner of Board of Works,
" " Caie,
" " Covert,

The last named two gentlemen are without office. This arrangement leaves two vacant seats in the Government to be supplied at a future time.

Messrs. Hatheway and Stevenson having accepted Office of Emolument since their election to the House will have to run their elections over again—the former in York, the latter in Charlotte County.

LEGISLATIVE COUNCIL.

Feb 20.

This morning, by order of the President, Mr. Botsford read a message from his Excellency which was laid before the House by Mr. Beveridge.

It contains the copy of the despatch sent by the Lieut. Governor to the Secretary of State of the Provinces, upon which the Crown Officers gave their decision regarding the right of dismissing Mr. Botsford.

The Law Officers of the Crown to the Earl of Kimberly:

Temple, 4th January, 1871.—My Lord, we are honored with your Lordship's commands signified in Mr. Herbert's letter of the 3rd inst., stating,

1st. That he was directed by your Lordship to transmit to us for our consideration a copy of a despatch from the Governor-General of Canada, with enclosures, raising a question with regard to the power of the Executive Government of the Province of New Brunswick, to dismiss from office the Clerk of the Legislative Council without the concurrence of that body.

2nd. That Mr. Herbert was desired to enclose for reference a copy of the commission issued to the Lieutenant Governor of New Brunswick, in 1861, which was in force at the time of the passing of the British North American Act, 1867, and also a copy of the commission issued to the Governor General of Canada, after the passing of the Act showing the commission of the present Governor-General-Lord Lisgar, was in the same terms as the latter.

3rd. That your Lordship desired Mr. Herbert to request that we would take those papers into consideration, and favor you with our report upon the points raised by the Legislative Assembly of New Brunswick.

In obedience to your Lordship's commands, we have taken the papers into our consideration and have the honor to report:

That by the 64th and 88th Sections of 30 and 31 Vict. Cap. 3, the powers of the Executive Government and of the Legislature of New Brunswick were, unless and until altered in accordance with the power of the Act, expressly continued as they had existed before its passing, except as far as the Act itself was inconsistent with them.

We do not find in the papers that anything has been done to change the powers either of the Executive or Legislative of New Brunswick since the passing of the British North American Act.

That act itself, in respect of the matter now referred to, makes no change in them.

We concur, therefore, in the opinion expressed by the Minister of Justice of the Dominion that the authorities of the Dominion have no right to interfere.

It appears further that Mr. Botsford was appointed to hold office during the pleasure of the Lieutenant Governor of New Brunswick, and it is not suggested that this was an illegal or improper form of appointment. The form of the appointment implies and assumes the right of removal in the Lieutenant Govenor who appoints, and the Lieutenant Governor has now exercised his right with the advice of the Ministry.

It seems to us that he was acting within his undoubted right, and that there is no ground for the claim put forward by the Lenislative Council of New Brunswick. We have, &c.

(Signed(R. P. COLLIER.
J. D. COLRIDGE.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

LONDON, Feb. 27.—Emperor William telegraphs from Versailles to the Empress Augusta as follows:—"With a deeply moved heart in gratitude to God, I inform you that the preliminaries of peace have been signed,—the Bordeaux Assembly must yet ratify them."

The triumphal entry of the Germans into Paris has been fixed for Wednesday next.

Republican manifestations continue in Paris. There is perfect order, but the feeling among the people is strong and deep for future revenge upon Germany.

Feb. 24.—The Orleans Princes are in the vicinity of Bordeaux.

The Clerical party opposes the transfer of the Assembly to Paris.

The "Times" correspondent at Versailles telegraphs that Count Bismarck is less confident about concluding a peace, because he will not prolong the Armistice beyond Sunday, and the period intervening is too limited to admit of negotiations being concluded satisfactorily before it expires. Bismarck demands indemnity of six millions, deducting all contributions levied. This is opposed by M. Thiers.

In the House to-night, Mr. Disraeli, made a powerful speech on the Foreign policy of England. He urged the House to consider the gravity of the Eastern question, and the serious consequences of Russia's repudiation of the treaty of 1856, which cost England so many sacrifices.

Mr. Gladstone replied, denouncing Mr. Disraeli's inferences, and expressing surprise that he should condescend to find and repeat the rumors on which they were based.

Feb. 24.—The French objeet more to the form than the substance of the Prussian terms of peace. The preliminaries have been assented to, but the conditions stipulated have not yet been agreed upon.

The French are endeavoring to secure the abandonment of certain distressing conditions.

The Treaty of Peace, however, is regarded in Paris as signed.

The radical members of the Assembly demand the impeachment of Napoleon.

The Duke Debroytio presented his credentials to the Queen yesterday as French Minister to England.

A terrible colliery explosion occurred today in South Wales. Fifty dead bodies have already been taken from the mines.

Feb. 26.—The English Government has persuaded the Germans to abandon their march through Paris. The troops will only pass through an open space in the south side of the city.

Mr. Erskine, the British Minister, has communicated to the Greek Government a despatch of the Earl of Granville, contending that the investigation of the Marathon massacres is insufficient, and domanding a fresh enquiry.

A difficulty has arisen between Spain and Egypt. The Khedive has not yet replied to the presentation of Spain demanding satisfaction. Several of the European Powers have offered their meditation in the matter.

PARIS, Feb. 26.—The conclusion of peace is now certain. Thiers and Favre, and the consultation Commission have accepted the conditions substantially as previously announced.

FROM OTTAWA.

(Special to British Colonist.)

OTTAWA, Feb. 27.—In the Senate Hon. Mr. Mitchell made an elaborate statement on the whole fishery question, and approving of the appointment of Sir John A. Macdonald on the High Commission. He complimented the officers of the Marine Police vessels on their excellent judgment and conduct, with only an exception or two.

Hon. Messrs. Dickey, Botsford and others, followed in general approval of the Government's fishery policy.

In the Commons Mr. Currier presented Hon. Mr. Gray's preliminary report on the assimilation of the laws. He spoke of its usefulness, and intimated that Mr. Grey's employment by the Government was now terminated.

In reply to a question it was stated that Government would, on Wednesday or Thursday, state what determination they had reached on arbitration question.

Mr. Connell moved for correspondence respecting unadjusted claims of New Brunswick. Carried.

Mr. Savary moved for correspondence respecting claims of Nova Scotia to be reimbursed for money spent on New Provincial Building. Carried.

Mr. Blake moved a resolution against the employment of members of Commons by the Government, instancing case of Gray. He thought persons employed by the month less independent than by the year, and showed that Mr. Gray received, in three years, over $14,000.

Sir G. E. Cartier defended the Government, showing it was the practice of the Imperial Government to so employ, members instancing the case of Sir Stafford Northcotte, now employed on the commission. He promised the Government would so amend the law as to prevent similar cases in future. Debate going on.

OTTAWA, Feb. 27.—After the recess Friday Makenzie replied to the Premier. He thought Canadian interests had frequently been sacrificed through the ignorance of British negotiators, but would not distrust the Home Government in the question now pending, nor believe that a man of the ability, large experience and undoubtful patriotism, possessed by the Premier, would sacrifice our interests on the commission. He advised the withdrawal of the resolutions.

Hon. Dr. Tupper followed in a powerful speech reviewing the whole question and ably vindicating the recent action of the British Government. He denied that Great Britain had any intention of deserting us, or of betraying our interests. She was now fortifying Halifax, and had pledged the whole power of her empire for our defence, if occasion called. In closing, he warmly enjoined the House to give the Canadian Commissioner their whole confidence and support, which he felt assured they would do.

McDougall, Young, Fortin, and others, continued the debate till a late hour, when the resolutions were withdrawn.

In Senate Mr. Churchill was introduced and sworn.

The Canal Commissioners sat yesterday and adopted a report, understood to recommend enlargement of the Welland St. Lawrence, and the Construction of Sault St. Marie and the Bay Verte Canals.

OTTAWA, Feb. 27.—Sir John A. Macdonald left this morning, accompanied by his lady and Private Secretary, Messrs. Drinkwater and Witcher, Deputy Commissioner of Fisheries, also accompanied him. Heavy large boxes of books and reports touching fisheries were sent along.

The Postmaster General's report shows the Revenue to be last year $1,010,767, and the Expenditure $1,155,261, making a deficiency of $144,494. This is attributed to the reduction of Letter Postage to three cents. One cent post cards have been promised.

The Ontario election nominates are to take place on the 14th prox. The elections come off 21st March.

General Leadership of the Commons has been entrusted to the Hon. Dr. Tupper during the Premier's absence, except in matters especially pertaining to Ontario or Quebec, in which cases Sir F. Hincks and Sir George Cartier will lead the Government. The Hon. gentleman occupies the Premier's seat.

An authoritive denial of the rumor that the Legislature would adjourn after the passage of the revenue bills, to meet in November, has calmed down the excitement which existed in political circles.

HARPER'S MAGAZINE, MARCH, 1871.

The American Baron.—Chapters V.—VIII.—By the author of "The Dodge Club," "The Cryptogram," etc.
With Seven Illustrations.
Pictures of Ireland.—Junius Henri Browne.
With Twelve Illustrations.
Cottage and Hall.—Alice Cary.
Along the Florida Reef.—(*Second Paper.*)—Dr. J. B. Holder.
With Thirteen Illustrations.
Siesta.—Mrs. Harriet Prescott Spofford.
An Examination of the Claims of Columbus.—(*Second Paper.*)—Rev. M. Maury.
Wed in the Morning—Dead at Night—(*Concluded*).—C. Welsh Mason.
With One Illustration.
A Day in Castle Garden.—Louis Bagger.
With Ten Illustrations.
Frederick the Great.—XVI. The Seven Year's War (*Continued.*)
With Five Illustrations.
An Affair on a Tombstone.— Katherine G. Ware.
The Magic Mirror.—*Anonymous.*
Wallenstein and Gustavus Adolphus.—Eugene Lawerence.
Anteros.—By the Author of "Guy Livingstone," etc.
Lieutenant General Winfield Scott.—Extract from the Autobiography of Thurlow Weed
Anne Furness.—By the Author of "Mabel's Progress," "Aunt Margaret's Trouble," "Veronica," etc.
Six-and-Thirty.—From the German, by C. C. Sheckford.
Our Harbor Defenses.—T. B. Thorpe.
From My Childhood's Day.—From the German of Ruckert, by S. S. Contant.
Editor's Easy Chair.
Editor's Literary Record.
Editor's Scientific Record.
Editor's Historical Record.
Editor's Drawer.

S. M. Pettengill & Co.,
37 PARK ROW, NEW YORK,
AND
Geo. P. Rowell & Co.,
40 PARK ROW, NEW YORK,
Are the now sole agents for the *Provincial Wesleyan* in that city, and are authorized to contract for inserting advertisements for us at our lowest cash rates. Advertisers in that city are requested to leave their favors with either of the above houses.

We notice that the Agricultural papers all over the country recommend the use of *Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders.—Exchange.* Farmers and others in this section have long known and appreciated the advantage of these Powders over all others.

EDITORIAL NOTES, &c.

1. W. B. Huestis, Esq., has kindly consented to act at Wallace as Agent for the Provincial Wesleyan, Subscribers on that Circuit who are in arrears and those who have not made their advance payments for the year now passing are earnestly requested to make immediate payment to him.

2. We have somewhat reluctantly allowed our venerable friend Judge Marshall to publish on the fourth page of this paper—his earnest protest and warning against what he regards as the dangerous tendency of certain Geological Theories, which he infers, from a brief notice which we copied from the *Chronicle* a fortnight since, constituted the staple of Bro. Paisley's Lecture before the Y. M. C. Association in Dartmouth. The teachings of God in the two great text Books of *Nature* and *Revelation* are undoubtedly never discordant. The arrogant claims to *infallibility* which have been made by some of the *too* fallible interpreters of both of those volumes, have served to place them sometimes in seeming opposition to each other. But such apparent want of harmony has not led the docile student of Divine Truth to a hasty arbitrary rejection of either volume,—but rather to a re-examination of the interpretations which had been given to the apparently conflicting portions of the two. And as the result we believe that a large portion of the most intelligent and sincere believers of the Bible as an infallible Book are agreeing much more nearly with what we suppose to be Bro. Paisley's views than with those which Judge Marshall regards as only correct.

RECEIPTS FOR THE PROVINCIAL WESLEYAN.

To 28th February, 1871.

From Rev A. S. Tuttle—		From Rev. John Cassidy—	
Wm. Bird,	$2 00	E. A. Henderson,	$2 00
Chas. C sey,	2 00	Mrs. Moses Cook,	1 00
Mrs Jesse Harrison	2 00	Wm. W bber,	2 00
Daniel Pugsley,	2 00	Mrs. Elias Cook,	2 00
David Pugsley,	2 00	Isaac Smith,	1 50
R. B. Ripley,	2 00	Mrs. Thos. Munroe	1 00
Thos. Roach,	2 00	W. H. Mason,	1 00
Robt. Coates,	2 00	Mrs. Kirby	1 00
Mrs D. Dickenson,	2 00	Richard Wilcox,	1 00
John A. Pride,	2 00		
Wm. Pipes,	2 00		
James Read,	2 00		12 50
John Ripley,	2 00	From Rev. R. Weddall.	
Thos. Shipley,	2 00	Thos. Hinton,	2 00
John F. Smith,	2 00	From Rev. E. Evans—	
		Robt. Vessey,	2 00
	30 00	John Johnson,	2 00
From Rev. Thomas J. Deinstadt—		George Deacon,	2 00
		John Selley,	2 00
R. Frost,	2 00	John B. Warren,	2 00
Saml. A. Dixon,	2 00	John Balderson,	2 00
John Clark,	2 00	George Clow,	2 00
David Coltins,	2 00	George Godfrey,	2 00
James White,	2 00	Samuel Hyde,	2 00
Geo. McKee,	1 00	Abraham Gill,	2 00
James Miles,	1 00	Samuel Howard,	2 00
		Charles Hyde,	1 00
	12 00	Henry Drake,	2 00
From R. B. Huestis,	4 00		25 00
From W. B. Huestis, for self,	1 00	From Rev. J. Prince—	
		J.F. Goodere,	2 00
Levi Stevens,	1 00	From Rev. G. M. Barrett—	
John S. Fordner,	1 00		
George Treen,	2 00	George Sweet,	2 00
Lemuel Bigney,	1 00	From Rev. E. Mills—	
Charles Oxley,	1 00	Murdoch Matheson,	2 00
Rufus Woods,	4 00	From Alfred Troop,	2 00
John Huestis,	1 00	From Rev. C. B. Pitblado—	
C. Allison Fulton,	1 00		
		B. Stinson,	1 00
	13 00	Dr. Valentine,	2 00
From Rev. C. Parker—		Mr. Turner,	2 00
Miss Elliott,	1 00	Mr. Bacon,	2 00
From Rev. G. O. Huestis—		Capt. Balsom,	2 00
		James Stoop,	2 00
Mrs. D. Ells,	1 00		
J. R. Boles,	1 00		11 00
A. & R. Smith,	2 50	By Rev. J. S. Sponagle	
		Isaac Young,	2 00
	4 50	John Foster,	2 00
From Rev. T. Prestwood—		Mrs. J. H. Miller,	2 00
George Douell,	2 00		6 00
Stephen Black,	1 00	By Rev. G. S. Milligan,	
Edmund Crosby,	1 00	A. M.,—	
David Rogers,	3 00	John Bourke,	1 66
John Wright, jr.,	2 00	John Rendle,	1 00
Stephen Wright,	2 00		
Solomon Wright,	2 00		2 66
Job Wright,	2 00	By Rev. Jos. Gaetz—	
		Wm. Spindler,	1 83
	15 00	Fred. Lohnes,	1 50
From Rev. D. W. Lachenr—			3 33
Mrs. Stirling,	2 00	By Rev. C. Jost, A. M.—	
From Rev. Jas. Strothard—	1 00	Terence Curren,	2 00

Marriages.

On the 22nd ult., at the Wesleyan Church, Brunswick Street, by the Rev. J. A. Rogers, Mr. Augustus Ridgeway, to Sophia Agnes, daughter of the late Joseph Taylor.

At Bridgeport, Annapolis Co., on the 12th ult., by the Rev. W. McCarty, Mr. Zacchens F. Milliner, to Miss Elizabeth Campbell.

At the residence of the bride's father, P. E. Island, Feb. 8th by the Rev. P. Prestwood, Mr. Thomas R. Tuplin, of Margate, to Rebecca, daughter of Robert Inman, Esq., of Bedeque.

Deaths.

At Shelburne, Jan. 30th, of congestion of the lungs, in the 34th year of his age, David E. Morgan, a native of Wilmot Annapolis Co

At Wolfville, on the 19th ult. after a short illness, Sophia, relict of the late Simon Fitch, Esq., and daughter of the late Judge DeWolfe, of Wolfville, aged 81 years.

On the 13th ult., at Canning, Rev. Edward Sullivan, Free Baptist Minister, aged 43 years.

At Pagan Place, St. John, N. B., on Monday morning, Feb. 6th, after a lingering illness Rev. Wm. Donald, D. D., a native o Banffshire, Scotland, aged 63 years, late Minister of St Andrew's Church, St. John.

On Thursday, the 16th ult., at Petite Riviere, Lunenburgh Co, Catherine Winters, relict of the late Jacob Winters, aged 78 years.

Shipping News.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

ARRIVED.

Feb 21—Stmr City of Baltimore, Delamotte, Liverpool; brigt Florence, Davidson, Demerara; schrs Summerville, Cienfuegos; Morning Light, Innes, Liverpool.

Feb 22—Stmrs Alpha, Shaw, Bermuda; Chase, Mulligan, Portland; schr My Cousin, Wensel, St Jago.

Feb 23—French War steamer Chateau, Renaud, France; brigts Etna, McConnell, St Thomas; Marcella, McEachran, Boston; schrs Bertha, Hopkins, Kingston, Jam.; J H Hiltz, Countaway, Boston; Rival, Smith, Liverpool; Silver Bell, McKay, Westport.

Feb 24—Stmr City of Manchester, Enyon, New York.

Feb 25—Brigt Spanish Main, McCulloch, Demerara; schr P Grant, New York.

Feb 27—H M S Raccoon, Capt Howard, Jamaica; stmr Carlotta, Colby, Portland; brigt Alice Abbott, Crowell, Baltimore; schrs Hound, Williams, Bermuda.

CLEARED

Feb 21—Schrs Maggie, Long, Demerara: Aggie Davidson, Brady, Jamaica; Vesta, Hall, Cow Bay; Zebra, Davis, Port Medway.

Feb 22—Stmr Chase, Mulligan, Portland.

Feb 23—Stmr City of Halifax, Jamieson, St. John's, NF.

Feb 24—Stmr Alpha, Hunter, Bermuda; brigt Matilda B, Lorraway, B W Indies.

Feb 25—Stmr City of Manchester, Enyon, Liverpool; brigt Kenneth, Stephens, Jamaica; schr Seriole, Roberts, Barbadoes.

Feb 27—Schrs Maria, Blagdon, Porto Rico; M H Hatfield, Hatfield, do.

A NERVOUS INVALID
Has published for the benefit of young men and others who suffer from Nervousness, general Debility, &c., a treatise supplying the means of self-culture. Written by one who cured himself, and sent free on receiving a post-paid directed envelope.
Address
NATHANIEL MAYFAIR.
Brooklyn, N. Y
Feb 22 14w.

First Mortgage Bonds,
—OF THE—
St Stephen Branch Railroad Com.
GUARANTEED BY
The Town of St Stephen.
Issued and endorsed under Acts 28 Vic. Caps 40 and 45.
$1,000,000, Security for $100,000 Debt, or $10 security for $1 Debt.
THESE BONDS were prepared under the careful supervisions of the company's Solicitor the present Judge Stevens who used the utmost caution to have them in accordance with law.
They are denominations of $100, $300, $500 and $1000, and have a little over 15 year to run and bear six per cent. interest. The coupons are payable at St Stephen or St. John, on the first of January and July.
The Road cost $400,000. its traffic is steadily increasing, and its nets earnings fifty per cent. more than enough to pay the interest of this issue which is for $100,000. The completion of Western Extension and the Houlton Branch will materially add to the receipts of the Road.
The Town incorporated for the express purpose of *guaranteeing* the payment of these Bonds, *which are virtually a First Mortgage on both Road and Town.* A report from the Assessors shows that the value of the real estate of the incorporated district in 1869 was about $600,000. In six years the value of real estate is said to have doubled in St. Stephen.
Having, before putting these Bonds upon the market, under the direction of one of our most reliable legal advisers, made the fullest enquiry into the issue and endorsation of these Bonds, I have much pleasure in recommending them as an investment that will I think give the utmost security and satisfaction. They are already becoming a favorite investment; quite a number of leading capitalists in this Province and in Nova Scotia have invested in them.
These Bonds are still offered at 95, which will be found to yield over *six and a half per cent interest per annum.* The interest for even months is only is charged. Parties desiring to invest for estates cannot find a security paying the same interest that will be more reliable. Further particulars cheerfully furnished on application to.
C. W. WETMORE,
102 Prince William Street, St. John,
Phœnix Square, Fredericton.
Oct 26.

NEW BOOKS.
Just received at the Wesleyan BOOK ROOM.

1. Climbing a Manuel for the Young, price	$0.75
2. Farra's Biblical and Theological Dictionary,	1.05
3. Locke's Theology, 2nd Edition	1.50
4. Grindrod's Compendium of the Laws and Regulations of Wesleyan Methodism	1.80
5. William's Exposition of Romans,	1.80
6. Jackson's Life of Charles Wesley,	1.05
7. Benson's Commentary on the New Testament, 2 Vols.	6.30
8. W. B. Pope's Kingdom and reign of Christ,	1.50
9. Wesley's Christian Theology arranged, by Rev. Thornley Smith,	1.10
10. Wayland's Moral Science,	0.90
11. Kidder's Homeletics,	1.25
12. T. Binney's Sermons,	1.35
13. True Womanhood—Memorials of Eliza Hessell,	80
14. The successful Student—Memorials of Richard W. Porltay, B. A.	1.25
15. Life of the Rev. Samuel Leigh,	1.00
16. Critical, Commentary on the Bible, By Jamieson, Fausset and Brown 4 Vols. 12 mo.	4.50
17. Wesley's Notes on the New Testament,	1.25
and	62½
18. Memoirs of the Rev. David Stoner,	30
19. Sutcliffe's Commentary on the Old and New Testament,	3.75
20. Dr. Clarke's Letter to a Preacher.	30
II. FROM THE UNITED STATES.	
1. Hanna's Life of Christ, 3 Vols.	$4.50
2. Bickersteth's, Yesterday, To-Day and Forever,	2.00
3. White's Words and their uses, past and present. A study of the English Language,	1.75
4. Outline of Sir W. Hamilton's Philosophy,	
A Text Book for students,	1.25
5. Ripley's Sacred Rhetoric,	1.25
6. Dodd's Thomas Chalmers,	1.25
7. Dr. Cranes, Arts of Intoxication,	1.25
8. Beecher's, Our Seven Churches,	1.00
9. Powell's Apostolical Succession	1.00
10. Broadus' Preparation and Delivery of Sermons,	2.00

Halifax, N. S., Feb. 28th, 1871.

Eaton's New Method
FOR THE CORNET.
A most Useful attractive and Instructive Book.
Contains in part I plain, full and complete directions to the learner.
Contains in Part II., a fine selection of popular melodies, which may be played with the original Piano accompaniments.
Contains in Part III., Trios for Cornet, Baritone and Pianoforte, Brillia t Themes, Variations, &c.
Price in Boards, $1.50. Specimens sent postpaid on receipt of retail price.
OLIVER DITSON & CO., Boston.
CHAS. H. DITSON & CO., New York.
march 1

100 cases
FELT DOOTS, MOCCASINS, &c.
FOR THE
WINTER SEASON.
Just opened at the
BRITISH SHOE STORE.
CONSISTING OF
Ladi s Fancy Felt Boots, Buttoned,
Do Arctic Over Boots, warranted to keep feet dry and warm.
Do Felt Slippers and House Boots of all descriptions.
Do Misses & Children's Long Rubber Boots.
Men's Plain and Fancy Felt Over Boots,
Do Arctic Over Boots, waterproof,
Do Black and Fancy Felt Slippers,
Do Heavy Grain and Calf Walking Boots,
Do Kid and Patent Leather Dress Boots.
—ALSO—
The Latest New York Styles, in Ladies Boots and Slippers.
A. J. RICKARDS & CO., 145 Granville Street.
Dec. 14.

99 Granville Street. 99
Just received, and in stock, a thorough assorted stock of the following Goods
At Lowest Market Rates,
to which we respectfully solicit the attention of those about to purchase.
White Cotton Sheetings widths from 7-4 and 12-4
Unbleached Cotton Sheetings.
Linen Sheetings—all widths.
Bleached HUCKABACK—Towels and Towellings. Linen Damasks Cloths—all sizes.
5-8 and ¾ Damask Napkins.
WHITE KNITTING COTTON, good quality unbleached.
Clark's Best SEWING COTTON.
N. B.—White Cotton Shirts made to order of the best materials and workmanship. A thorough fit guaranteed. SMITH BROS.
feb 15.

FOR FAMILY USE.
OATMEAL! OATMEAL!
90 BAGS CANADA OATMEAL.
For sale by
R. C. HAMILTON & CO,
feb 22. 119 Lower Water Street.

WHAT TO READ
And how to Read; being classified Lists of choice Reading, with appropriate hints and remarks, adapted to the general reader, to subscribers to libraries, and to persons intending to collect books. Brought down to Sept. 1870. By Chas H. Moore
One vol 12mo. Paper covers 50 cents; cloth 75 cents. Sent free by mail on receipt of price.
D. APPLETON & CO., Publishers,
90, 92 and 94 Grand St., New York.

NOTICE.
ALL PERSONS INDEBTED TO THE FIRM OF
KNOX & JORDAN,
DRY GOODS MERCHANTS,
ARE REQUESTED TO PAY THEIR ACCOUNTS IMMEDIATELY AT THE
BRITISH WOOLLEN HALL,
To S. C. JORDAN surviving partner, in order to settle up the estate of the late
G. A. KNOX.
From this date the stock will be sold for cost and charges, in order to make a speedy clearance. Such a chance seldom occurs to the public, and especially to country merchants, as the stock is large and well assorted, the greater part being of this fall purchase—all new and fashionable.
This is a *bona fide* sale and no puffing advertisement.
BRITISH WOOLLEN HALL.
Halifax, Feb 8, 1871. 9w

1262 GRANVILLE STREET.
Wholesale and Retail Dry Goods Warehouse.
E. W. CHIPMAN & CO.
Having completed their importations for Fall and Winter invite purchasers to inspect their large and varied Stock of DRY GOODS, consisting of the following viz.:
DRESS GOODS,
One of the largest and best assortment in the city.
Cloths, Tweeds, Waterproof, &c.
All shades and prices.
Millinery,
The finest selection in the city.
Staple Goods,
Of all descriptions, cheap and good.
Ready-made Clothing,
In great variety.
Gents' Outfitting Goods,
Of the latest styles.
Carpets and Rugs,
A large stock, and well assorted.
Tailors' Trimmings,
The only house in the city where first-class Tailors Trimmings can be had.
Haberdashery,
And a number of other articles too numerous to mention.
Warp,
All colours always on hand and at the lowest prices.
E. W. CHIPMAN & CO.
December, 1870.

Sugar, Molasses, Coffee, &c.
Joseph S. Belcher,
Offers for sale, in bond or duty paid, in lots to suit:
100 puns Choice Cienfuegos Molasses,
5 puns Jamaica Lime Juice,
50 bags Jamaica Coffee,
20 barrels London rough Crushed Sugar,
ALSO.
50 bbls Canada Fancy Flour,
36 tons St. Domingo Lignumvitæ,
Scotch Pearl, No. 1 Pearl, No. 1 Pot and B Pot Barley.
Jan. 11.

Government House, Ottawa,
Friday, the 4th day of Feb., 1871.
PRESENT
HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.
On the recommendation of the Honourable the Ministers of Customs, and under the authority given by the 8th Section, of the Act 31st Vic Cap. 6, intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs." His Excellency has been pleased to make the following regulations.
On, from, and after the 1st day of March, prox., the Port of Queenston in the Province of Ontario, shall be and is hereby discontinued as an independent Port of Entry, and shall be and is hereby constituted