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# The Toronto World.

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SIXTH YEAR THURSDAY MORNING, NOVEMBER 11, 1886. PRICE ONE CENT

## BULGARIA'S NEW PRINCE.

### WALDEMAR OF DENMARK ELECTED BY THE SOBRANJE.

**A Unanimous Choice—Resignation of the Prefect of Sofia—A Russian Insurrectionist Sentenced to Death.**

SOFIA, Nov. 10.—The Sobranje at a secret session last evening, after a debate which lasted three hours, decided to elect Prince Waldemar, the third son of the King of Denmark, as successor to Prince Alexander on the throne of Bulgaria. Prince Waldemar is 28 years old.

A session of the Sobranje to elect a successor to Prince Alexander was held this morning. M. Radostavoff, Prime Minister, proposed the name of Prince Waldemar. The whole Assembly rose in a body and elected Waldemar by acclamation. The public in the galleries did not participate in the enthusiasm manifested by the deputies and exhibited no approval of the election.

M. Shefkoff, President of the Sobranje, and four deputies were selected to convey to Prince Waldemar the offer of the throne. Waldemar is at Cannes. M. Karaveloff has resigned the regency.

**Notes.**

M. Branoff, Prefect of Sofia, has resigned. His dismissal had been demanded by Gen. Kaulbars because he had ejected a Russian subject from the council chamber. The prefect at once offered to resign, but Kaulbars insisted that the Government should dismiss him.

Capt. Nabokoff, the Russian, who led the recent revolt at Bourgas, has been tried by the Bulgarian authorities for causing an insurrection and convicted. He was sentenced to death. His fellow conspirators have been sentenced to fifteen years' imprisonment each.

Sir William White, British ambassador at Constantinople, and other foreign ambassadors, appear to be inactive concerning the Bulgarian election and to be simply watching events.

Prince Bismarck has arrived in Berlin in response to a summons from the Emperor William, who wishes to consult with him on Bulgarian affairs.

**Original Bulgarian Costumes.**

In this land of Bulgaria, so unlike England, except in its green beauty, incongruous reminiscences of Henly regatta and Lord's ground are brought up every moment by the holiday dress of the peasantry, which at a short distance looks like that of our cricketers and oarsmen, writes a London Times correspondent. The men wear trousers of white chaiak, or woolen homespun, red sashes, Oxford blue jackets and scarlet skullcaps. A group of them on a grassplat makes one look round for the familiar tent, the wickets and the rival eleven fielding out. The women have a graceful head drapery of Turkish lawn, and their dresses are profusely embroidered with that beautiful crewel work of silk or wool which the Turkish women used to make, but which is made no longer since they left the land. These embroideries are still to be bought fairly cheap; but in a few years the railways will have carried them all off the West. Already the Bulgarian women are beginning to understand their value, and are putting them away for sale, along with the Turkey carpets, mats and rich bed counterpanes which make the interior of so many Bulgarian cottages contrast marvellously with the outside. It is quite a common thing to find in these hovels, grimy with smoke and infested with vermin, hangings and dresses which could be sold for a guinea the square foot in Regent-street, and the color of these stuffs is so fine, the material so pure and the work so good and firm, that a little cleaning will make 50-year-old embroidery look like new. Alas, some apostles of civilization in the form of German bagmen have latterly taught the Bulgarian women that they can mix a little cotton with their wool, and use cheaper material for their dyes, so that even the comfortable white and blue chalaks, which were warm in winter and light in summer, which kept out rain and rheumatism, which could be darned and redarned and worn down to the thread, are now yielding to textures which, for trade purposes, bear the same name, but of which the properties have nothing in common with the original.

### SALISBURY'S GREAT SPEECH.

**Expressions of Opinion From Continental Authorities.**

LONDON, Nov. 10.—The Times says: Lord Salisbury's language in regard to Bulgaria is the same as Mr. Gladstone might be expected to use. The most significant passage, however, is that in reference to an agreement to support Austria. The only necessity now is that Count Kalnoky make known that Austria is determined to oppose Russia's ambition in terms that cannot be misinterpreted by Russia.

**A Profound Impression in Paris.**

PARIS, Nov. 10.—The statement made by Lord Salisbury at the Lord Mayor's banquet that England meant to remain in Egypt until her work was completed has made a profound impression in French political and financial circles. The Nationale, the France and other papers consider that the speech settles the question of evacuation and shows England's determination to make the occupation of Egypt indefinite and protracted.

**Austria's Position Strengthened.**

PESTH, Nov. 10.—The speech made by Lord Salisbury at the Lord Mayor's banquet in London yesterday strengthens the position of Count Kalnoky. The feeling in the Hungarian delegation is becoming composed, and the members appear less distrustful of Kalnoky. The Magyar delegates express the hope that the speech portends a fresh grouping of the powers similar to that which Count Andrassy evoked at the Berlin Congress. The committee of the delegation will meet to-morrow, Count Andrassy presiding. It is probable that the committee will demand that the Imperial Government resist the establishment of an exclusively Russian influence in Bulgaria.

**Grand Duchess Cooking Ranges, best in the world. Wheeler & Bain, 179 King-street east**

**The Strike of Knit Goods Employes.**

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—The Post this afternoon has a long article on the strike in the knit goods factories of the state. It says that while great prominence has been given by the press throughout the country to the labor troubles in Chicago, comparatively little attention has been paid by the public at large to a struggle now going on in this state, which involves as many people, as much capital and a principle of vital importance. This is the contest in progress between the knit goods manufacturers and Knights of Labor, which has now become an open war upon the latter as an organization. Though the conspicuous facts in the warfare have been noted from time to time, but few persons have a clear idea of the nature of the controversy or realize that nearly 20,000 men, women and children were employed in the knit goods mills throughout New York State, which owners have closed against all Knights of Labor.

### CABLE NOTES.

The French Government has sanctioned the erection of a statue of Louis Blanc in the Place Monge.

Herr Helder, a celebrated tailor of Berlin, is dead. He leaves 800,000 marks to the Catholic Church.

There is a great revival in the diamond trade of Brussels and the stock of cut stones has been considerably reduced by purchases for America.

There is a strike of compositors in the government printing offices at Littinfeld, Germany, over work for the War Department. A number of soldiers who are compositors have been ordered to take the place of the strikers.

Cardinal Lavigerie has applied to the different European Governments asking them to interpose with the Sultan of Zanzibar for the purpose of securing the missionaries in Central Africa from the hostilities of the Arabs. He says the Sultan alone is able to influence the Arabs.

Minister Golet has notified the French Academy of his approval of the academy's acceptance of Chantilly, the gift of the Duc d'Aumale. It is expected that the question of the recall of the Duc d'Aumale will be discussed by the Cabinet. President Grevy personally favors his recall.

### THE C. P. R.

**How Its Extensions are Menacing United States Lines.**

CHICAGO, Nov. 10.—The Times says: The plans and schemes of the Canadian Pacific Railway, which seems to be reaching out in all directions on American soil and striving for American business, contribute an element to the pool situation that is a prolific source of comment and speculation. The latest report is that in the near future the Canadian line is to become an active competitor for central traffic and trunk line passenger and freight business. The Canadian Pacific is building an extension of the Credit Valley road from Woodstock to Detroit, where operations westward will end at present. But the Canadian Pacific has, it is asserted, concluded traffic contracts with the Wabash and Baltimore and Ohio, which give it running rights from Detroit to Chicago. It is claimed that this is not all. For two years the Canadian Pacific had engineers in the field marking out a line from Woodstock to Niagara Falls, and it is positively stated that this extension is to be built at once, or that work will begin upon it early in the spring. Up to the present the Michigan Central and Canadian Pacific have exchanged business at St. Thomas, but the new arrangement even if the Woodstock and Niagara Falls Branch, is not built, will work to dissolve that connection. There is also a whisper that when the Canadian Pacific builds to Niagara Falls it will find at Buffalo a natural and ready ally in the Lehigh Valley Road, which would give it a line through to New York. Outside of the pools, and unless one or both of the roads were brought in, those associations would find combination impossible. With the interest on its bonds guaranteed by the Canadian Government, and in a position to haul freight at cost, in following out its favorite theory that its present mission is to demonstrate its capacity to secure business, the Canadian Pacific is becoming a dangerous menace to American lines.

### THEY DIED LIKE HEROES.

**The Fate of Four Men Who Led an Insurrection in Honduras.**

NEW ORLEANS, Nov. 10.—The Times-Democrat publishes an account of the execution on October 18 of Gen. E. Delgado, Lieut.-Col. Indalecco Garcia, Commander Miguel Cortez and Lieut. Loyano. They were shot at Comayuga for leading an expedition against Honduras. The four officers were lodged in the small prison of Comayuga. General Delgado's wife was there to plead with a wife's tears and a woman's devotion for her husband's life. It was the desire of President Bogran to spare his life, if possible, and any pretext would have been readily seized upon to give him his liberty. The president sent a messenger to him to say that if he would promise never again to take up arms against Honduras he should receive pardon. The soldier refused to accept his life on these terms, and sent back word that he would see Honduras in even a more tropical climate than she now enjoyed before he would accept his pardon on such a pledge. On the morning of the execution the men were taken to a point near the church of Comayuga, four coffins were placed near the wall and the four condemned men were led to them. They appeared to be unconcerned, and not a face was blanched, not a nerve quivered. Gen. Delgado asked and received permission to order the guard to fire, which he did, first requesting them not to shoot him in the face, but in the breast. There was no rattle, no scattering reports, but one sharp stunning report, and the four men for half a second remained in an upright position as if still unhurt, and then fell limp and dead. The soldiers had complied with Delgado's request and three balls had penetrated his breast.

### CROPS IN THE UNITED STATES.

**Returns of Cotton, Corn, Potatoes and Other Products.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—The report of the Department of Agriculture says:

The cotton returns for November attest the rapid progress of picking, the unusual cleanness of fibre and the shortness of the late crop on the light upland and the district most affected by the drought. Light frosts sufficient to arrest the growth have occurred in the northern districts and to the centre of the cotton belt.

The yield of corn according to revised returns is twenty-two bushels per acre, making a product of 1,668,000,000 bushels. This will not be materially changed in the final review of the work of the year.

The potato product is nearly the same as last year, with higher yields in the east and lower in the west. The average is seventy-three bushels per acre, giving a product of 163,000,000 bushels.

The buckwheat crop makes a yield of about thirteen bushels per acre, promising a product exceeding 11,000,000 bushels.

The apparent production of tobacco is at a rate slightly exceeding an average of seventy pounds per acre, or about 485,000,000 pounds, which is equal to the average requirement of consumption and exportation.

The average rate of yield for the hay crop is close to one and two-tenths tons per acre and the apparent product about 45,000,000 tons.

**A Family Murderer.**

LARNED, Kans., Nov. 10.—Seven years ago a beautiful young lady named Lowber fell in love with Sam Purple, a man whose reputation for sobriety and mildness of nature was not by any means envious. Against the wishes of all to whom the young lady was connected, they were married and settled down near Marine, in Hodgman County. They never lived happily together, and Purple's viciousness culminated Friday morning last in the murder of part of his family, and his own death at the hands of an enraged mob three days later.

**A British Import Tax.**

LONDON, Nov. 10.—Mr. Chaplin, Conservative, in a speech at Lincoln last evening advocated an import tax on foreign manufactured articles. He said that of all the chancellors of the Exchequer that England had had for many years, Lord Randolph Churchill was the most likely to pay attention to this subject and to take the necessary steps if public opinion should be favorable to the scheme.

**The London Police and the Socialists.**

LONDON, Nov. 10.—The police officials to-day announced they did not give orders to interfere with any of the meetings which Socia Democrats might attempt to hold yesterday in Trafalgar Square as long as public order was preserved, but simply issued restrictions to prevent the holding of a meeting in the terrace in the rear of the square.

**A Vigorous Old Emperor.**

BERLIN, Nov. 10.—The Emperor William is more vigorous. Yesterday he received Minister Von Pultkamer and Count Herbert Bismarck and worked four hours over reports and afterwards drove out. To-day he was able to give attention to the reports of the Minister of Ways and Means.

**The Vatican Heard From.**

ROME, Nov. 10.—The Vatican is preparing for publication an encyclical letter condemning and stigmatizing the Italian Government, whose policy, the letter will say, places the Pope in the power of a revolution which menaces his liberty.

**Burned in a Barn.**

BERLIN, Nov. 10.—Seven persons were burned to death in a barn at Fussdorf, Moravia, to-day. Sixteen others are missing, and are supposed to be dead.

**Cholera in Germany.**

WASHINGTON, Nov. 10.—The Marine Hospital Service has received information of the existence of cholera at Mayence, Germany.

**A Falling Temperature.**

CHICAGO, Nov. 10.—The signal service announces that the temperature will fall 15 degrees within the next 24 hours.

### UNITED STATES NEWS.

Theodore T. Gurney, ex-comptroller of Chicago, succumbed yesterday to the attack of paralysis with which he was stricken a few months ago.

Mrs. Margaret Carnegie, mother of Andrew Carnegie, died at Cresson, Pa., yesterday, aged 76 years. Andrew Carnegie has been seriously ill, but is now better.

A Henry George club has been formed in Philadelphia. There are 70,000 workingmen in the city, and they talk of putting a candidate in the field for mayor. The election takes place in February.

## SPECULATIVE BUILDING.

### THE POOR PLUMBER AT THE BOTTOM OF THE HEAP FOR ONCE.

**Rounder's Sermon on the Evil Effects of Cheap and Nasty Workmanship—The Poorly-paid Bookkeeper and His Hard Row to Hoe.**

A genuine surprise was in store for me the other day when I met an acquaintance of mine, a plumber, who told me that another man, a builder, had got him by the hip. Previously I had always understood that plumbers had the first call in the hip business. Now, however, I believe plumbers have grievances, and I also believe a good many other tradesmen labor under the same disadvantage. We all know that a great many houses are being put up in this city from year to year by speculators. Frequently these speculators purchase lots and erect handsome-looking houses on them. The houses are then offered for sale, and out of the proceeds other lots are purchased and other houses built, a handsome margin always remaining to the credit of the speculator.

The houses are built for the speculators by a class which may be called speculative builders. These latter agree to erect a row of houses for a certain round sum, which includes all the trades necessary to the completion of the work in hand. Speculative builders generally do the brick and stone work themselves, and sub-let the other trades, such as carpentering, painting, plumbing, etc. The speculative builder then, as the work of all the trades progresses, makes "draws" for the proportion done, thereby not only getting the money for the brick and stone work, but for all the other trades. He has the others then by the hip, and if he is a man out of whom the money cannot be made, why the sub-contractors may simply whistle for their share.

This then was the plumber's grievance. He had done his work in a row of houses being erected by a speculative builder, who drew up closely as the buildings progressed. He had frequently asked for his money, but was put off with specious promises, and now he says the builder has been paid in full and he cannot get a cent. Those who have suffered from exorbitant plumbers' bills may not regret that the tables were turned on him for once, but the law needs amendment in this particular. The builder who contracts with the owner to supply all the work necessary in the erection of a house, is sure of his money as he can take a lien on the building, but the other tradesmen have no such privilege and have simply him to look after for their money. All tradesmen should be entitled to a lien whether the work is let in a lump to one man, or individually to each trade.

It may be said that the sub-contractors have themselves to blame in such cases for not getting their "draws" regularly from the builders. The latter are, however, equal to the occasion when "draws" are demanded from them. They have numerous excuses, the principal one of which is that they themselves have not been paid, and a certain amount of work being already done by the sub-contractors, they naturally think the best they can do is go on and finish their jobs, trusting in some instances to the builders' short-date notes, and in other instances to their promises, for what is due them. I understand that some of these speculative builders are being hard pushed just now, and more than one assignment is imminent in consequence.

Perhaps in no branch of the building trade is there such shoddy work done as in the plumbing department. To read the specification of the plumbing required in one of the houses of to-day, as seen in an architect's office, one would think that every necessary sanitary precaution was taken, and that a good plumbing job would be the result. Such, no doubt, is the aim of the architect. Tenders are asked for the work; but it must be the evident intention of some of the tenderers to throw dust in the eyes of the architects, as the prices asked are often ridiculously low. I have myself been shown plumbing jobs for houses where tenders were put in varying in price per house from $225 to $150. At the higher price, so keen is the competition, that the average profit on material and labor would not be more than 10 per cent. How, then, in the name of common sense could the lowest tenderer be expected to do the work for one-third less than the highest? In nine cases out of ten, however, the lowest tenderer gets the work, although some architects will throw out such tenders, knowing an honest job cannot be done for the price asked. A large proportion of the fevers and other ailments prevalent in Toronto arise from defective plumbing, and I never was more convinced of this than one evening when I attended a meeting of the Sanitary Association at the Normal School Theatre in this city. At that meeting it was clearly shown how absurdly low tenders obtain. The plan of a house was produced where a ventilation pipe to carry off the foul air was asked in the specification from the lavatory to a point three feet above the roof. Sickness prevailed in the house, and on the plumbing work being afterwards examined it was found that the ventilation pipe was carried between the lath and plaster only as high up as the bedrooms, and there left to discharge its death-dealing gases.

Now I believe in the system of tendering. It is undoubtedly the cheapest way to get work done, but I also believe in the proper parties—who of course are the architects—seeing that the work is done in a proper manner, and the material called for used. I know a block of buildings in this city where, according to the specifications, lead pipe was called for to supply the water service, and the return from the sink basin and lavatory, yet iron pipe was actually used. The discovery was made by the every night freezing of the pipes. Still the plumber's job was certified to by the architect, although iron pipe was used instead of lead. This affords another example of how such low tenders prevail. And while plumbers should look out for speculative builders, architects should look out for the low tendering plumbers.

But talking about cheap work, brings me around to the modern book-keeper. A bookkeeper can now be had for about any wage the employer likes to offer. In fact there are few young men to-day who do not know how to book-keep—in a way. The old heads are consequently placed at a disadvantage. In my business book-keepers are not required, but a friend of mine, who recently found that his business was growing so rapidly as to require the services of someone constantly in the office, was foolish enough to advertise for a bookkeeper. In the morning when he went down to his place of business he saw a throng of bookkeepers there which made him shudder. Almost every one of them waved aloft a diploma from a business college, and he had no difficulty in securing a suitable person for $5 a week—at least he thinks he will suit.

I remember one time I struck Chicago—it does not matter how I got there—but it wasn't two weeks after the big fire, and I wanted a job in the worst way. I need hardly say I was open to fill any position from a newspaper reporter down to a bookkeeper. In the former line everything was filled up. I could not even get on as a space writer. Looking over the Tribune one morning I saw where a bookkeeper was wanted. I wrote two letters for the job, and mailed them at different times. I did this because I thought I stood a better chance of having one of the two letters opened than if I had only written one. You see I knew the applicants would be numerous. Well, I got the job, and a good one it proved to be, simply because I couldn't produce a diploma from a Chicago commercial college. In those days Chicago's diplomas were not looked on favorably.

I met a gentleman on the street yesterday who originally came from Streetsville. He has been a resident of British Columbia for the past two years and declares that country is good enough for him. I asked him how he liked the trip across the Rockies and over the prairies. He said he liked it immense and that he arrived here on schedule time. He thought a good solid prohibition organ like the Mail was a necessity in Vancouver City, and assured me that while the inhabitants of that place, four months ago, did not number more that 1500, there were sixty-nine saloons in full blast there and fifteen more in course of construction. This puts me forcibly in mind of Port Arthur forty-eight short months ago. ROUNDER.

**Killed Himself on his Wife's Grave.**

HARTFORD, Conn., Nov. 10.—Jessie H. Lord, a journalist, went to the cemetery last night and lying down on the grave of his wife shot himself. He will die.

**Important to Ladies.**

—We beg to call your attention to a large consignment of dry goods that have been imported for the wholesale trade, part of which, unfortunately, was on board the steamship "Anchoria," and is more than a month overdue, thereby detaining our goods as to unfit them for the wholesale trade this season. Therefore we have decided (as the stock is a valuable one) to offer them retail at No. 3 Leader Lane, the new building, east side. Our object is not to make a profit, but to dispose of the stock. An early inspection will be advisable. Open daily from 9 a.m. LEADER LANE DRY GOODS COMPANY. x

### THE CHICAGO STRIKE.

**An Importation of Butchers From the Eastern States.**

CHICAGO, Nov. 10.—Nelson Morris was interviewed last night with reference to the despatch from Albany, N.Y., yesterday, in which it was stated that the beef-packers in Albany, Troy and other points in the East were unable to get butchers to slaughter live stock shipped to them. Mr. Morris denied all knowledge of any such trouble. He had a house about five miles from Albany, but he found no difficulty in getting men to slaughter animals shipped on the hoof from here, nor did he know of any other firm that had any trouble in getting cattle butchered in the East.

The International Carpenters' Union has passed a resolution expressing sympathy with the union stock yards' strikers, and offering pecuniary aid if needed.

Gen. FitzSimons has requested that a company of the First Cavalry be sent to the yards. It is thought that they can render more efficient service in answering sudden alarms than the infantry.

A large number of men applied for work at the packing houses this morning, and about 5000 men are at work.

Nelson Morris received a despatch from the east saying that some one down there, whose name he would not give, will send 300 skilled butchers. He also had a despatch from a slaughtering firm in the east saying they are killing beef for him at the rate of 300 head a day and can double that number if he wishes. About two-thirds of the men at work in the yards are new hands. The militia guards are out and all the approaches are lined with pickets.

The boycott has already been declared by the General Executive Board of the Knights of Labor. It begins on Armour's meats and other products. How far it will extend as to other packers cannot be said as yet.

Delegate Barry said last night: "We have pitted our stomachs against the packers' bank account. No more negotiations will be attempted on our part. We will carry the war into Egypt and leave no stone unturned to win an honest victory. By that I mean we will use the boycott, and call out the men in their houses whenever possible. We are going to beat the packers in this fight. They can employ 30,000 scabs and we can still bring them to time."

At a meeting of the Packers Association to-night the resolutions adopted a few days ago pledging the packers not to employ members of any labor organization were rescinded and the following adopted as being more in accord with the mutual interests of both employer and employed:

"Whereas the packers are confronted with the fact that their employes are repeatedly leaving their employment without notice to them, and to the great detriment of their business, which is of such a nature as to require constant prosecution and careful attention, therefore be it resolved that while we will not exclude from employment members of such organizations, we will exercise the right to employ and discharge whom we please and conduct our business on the ten-hour plan and according to our best interests."

### MICHIGAN WOMEN AROUSED.

**Rough Treatment Reserved for an Infamous Doctor if They Catch Him.**

OSCODA, Mich., Nov. 10.—On Friday last Mabel Clark died in the Town Hospital here from a criminal assault by Dr. Albert Weir. She was well known as a modest girl of respectable parents and was greatly beloved. Weir's reputation was not of the best, and it was believed that Miss Clark was not his first victim. A warrant for his arrest was issued, but not before he had left town, and he has not yet been arrested. When it became known that Weir had escaped the greatest indignation was expressed, particularly by the wives and mothers of this place and those of Au Sable, across the river. The funeral of the dead girl was held yesterday, and the Methodist Church was crowded by persons from both towns. Before the conclusion of the services many of the women of the congregation were in tears, and, although much deep feeling was shown in other ways, but few of the men present were prepared for the extraordinary demonstration that followed.

Late in the afternoon an indignation meeting was called by prominent ladies, and by 8 o'clock in the evening Red Ribbon Hall was crowded beyond its capacity. There were but few men present, and none of them were allowed on the platform or addressed the meeting. Several ladies spoke, denouncing Weir, complaining bitterly because the citizens had been inactive in the matter, and arraigning the authorities for allowing him to escape. Resolutions to that effect were adopted and the following appeal issued:

All who have a spark of love for your children, is it not time that something was done to stay the flood of infamy which seems ready to overwhelm you? The poor girl, Mabel Clark, cries from her coffin for vengeance upon her murderer and all those who either abet or uphold in any way the course of the cowardly scoundrel Weir. Sick, helpless and without friends, she is sent to the so-called hospital of this brute Weir for treatment, and while lying helpless, dying, she is repeatedly and brutally debauched by the incarnate fiend to whom she looked for help and medical treatment. Look at the brazen-facedness of this human devil Weir, who, when brought face to face with his victim by two most estimable young ladies and charged with his crime does not deny, but insults those who unmasked and exposed him. It also depends upon you, ladies, mothers, wives and sisters, to demand of Justice John Worth his reasons for accompanying John Weir to Oscoda when he had a complaint made by Scott Buell charging Weir with his crime in his pocket, and when he had been ordered by Prosecuting Attorney Simpson to issue a warrant for the arrest of the criminal at once; also, why he deliberately withheld the issuing of that warrant for five hours, thus allowing the villain to escape. Let us demand of him a reasonable explanation of his conduct or his impeachment at the hands of Gov. Alger. Will our fathers, sons and brothers assist us, or must the ladies of Au Sable and Oscoda assume the responsibility of seeing that justice is meted out to the offenders of decency and humanity?

This appeal, widely circulated to-day in an extra of one of the weekly papers, has added to the excitement. Descriptions of Weir have been posted and widely distributed, detectives have been hired, and unless Weir is already in Canada, as is feared, he can hardly escape the vengeance of the thoroughly aroused women of Oscoda and Au Sable.

**Justin McCarthy at Ottawa.**

OTTAWA, Nov. 10.—Upon his arrival in this city to-day Justin McCarthy, the celebrated writer and statesman, was met by a deputation from St. Patrick's Literary Association and escorted to the Russell. He was subsequently shown the principal sights of the city. At the College of Ottawa he was presented with an address from the students. In the evening he lectured in the Grand Opera House upon "The Cause of Ireland." Mr. McCarthy was subsequently entertained at a banquet in the Russell, at which Mayor McDougall presided.

**Belleville's Chief of Police.**

BELLEVILLE, Nov. 10.—The following are applicants for the office of Chief of Police: John Diamond, Officer John Newton, Sergt. John McCrudden, Mark Dixon, Capt. Cooper, Chief of the Peterboro' Police; Chief Mitchell of the Brockville force, Mr. Smith of Sidney, M. C. Roblin, D. Houston, Mr. Hudson of London, Alex. Robertson, W. H. Garratt Trenton.

**More About the Boodle Gang.**

NEW YORK, Nov. 10.—Jacob Sharpe, James A. Richmond, John B. Kerr and James W. Foshay, the alleged bribe givers, will be arraigned to-morrow in the General Sessions to plead to twenty-one indictments accusing them of influencing the members of the boodle board of alderman of 1884. They were to-day subpœnaed to appear.

**A Chance Yet for a Dividend.**

The Toronto Baseball Association can make bushels of shekels during the coming winter by constructing a half-dozen of toboggan slides from the top of the grand stand and illuminate the grounds with electric lights. Should this project be carried into effect quinn, the shirtmaker, will be glad to furnish the stockings, sashes and tuques.

## THE NEW FORT COAL CASE

### THE INDICTMENT QUASHED BY THE GRAND JURY.

**The City's Charges to go Over to the January Court—Some of the Features of the Trial—Street Talk.**

At 4.20 yesterday afternoon the Grand Jury filed into the court room at the Assizes. Foreman Edgar J. Jarvis handed a paper to Clerk Nichol, who read:

"Patrick Burns, John Swanson, Geo. McInerney, conspiracy, no bill."

For two days the Grand Jury had been investigating this one of the two "coal conspiracy cases," as they are called. The witnesses they examined were C. H. Symons, Albert Brown, Geo. R. Austin, Detective Reburn, Henry Lye, Lieut.-Col. Otter, Lieut.-Col. Alger, and Lieut. Wadmore. The matter of the coal purchased by the Government from Mr. Burns, for use at the New Fort, and which it had been claimed was the cause of crookedness on the part of Mr. Burns, his clerk, McInerney, and Quartermaster-Sergt. Swanson, was fully ventilated, and it is whispered that the Grand Jury discussed it hotly. Symons was under examination for six hours.

Foreman Jarvis asked: "Is there no other bill to be laid before us?" referring to the case against Mr. Burns, Mr. Venables and Mr. Johnston, charged with conspiracy to defraud the city.

"I'm not aware of any other business," said Crown Counsel Irving, with a stiff, dignified air.

Chief Justice Cameron seemed surprised, and asked: "Is there no other bill, Mr. Irving?"

"None, Your Lordship, that I am aware of."

The foreman said the Grand Jury would visit the public institutions and make their presentment to-morrow.

The World spoke to Mr. Irving in the counsel's room a few minutes later as to the non-presentation to the Grand Jury of the city case. Mr. Irving gave no reason, but he said: "The Grand Jury is discharged as far as I am concerned."

When it was shown that the Grand Jury had thrown out the bill in the New Fort case, a great deal of street talk was indulged in, and every one wanted to know what had become of the city case. Said one legal gentleman: "You see the crown sent what it considered its strongest case to the Grand Jury, expecting to get a true bill. Had the crown been successful in obtaining a conviction, it would have made that conviction answer for both cases. In case of acquittal, I think it was the intention of the crown to withdraw the city case. As this latter case did not reach the Grand Jury, I suppose it is the intention of the crown to keep it suspended over the heads of the accused until the next court in January, when it will again be sent to the Grand Jury.

### THE "GOSPEL ARMY" IN COURT.

**A "Captain" and Female "Lieutenant" After "General" Baxter.**

Rev. Michael Paget Baxter, who is at present lecturing in Toronto on coming events and prophesying all sorts of tribulations, wars and massacres of Christians, followed by the millenium, was the defendant in a suit in the Assizes yesterday, the plaintiff being a Rev. Jonathan Cooke. Mr. Baxter, it seems, is the proprietor of the organization known as the "Gospel Army," and Mr. Cooke sues to recover $257 which he claimed was due him for certain expenses and for the services of himself and daughter as captain and lieutenant at the Elora mission, at $12 and $5 a week respectively. Mr. Baxter's chief point in disputing the claim was that the sums named by Mr. Cooke were far in excess of what had been agreed upon. "Five dollars a week," he said, "is as much as any captain would get in the Army."

"Major" Jones, G.A., who has also a suit against "General" Baxter, was asked: "Have you been in the business some time?" He replied: "Yes; to my sorrow." Mr. Baxter, he said, compared him with Cooke by saying: "He is like the great, shining morning sun, while you are a little twinkling star."

The case will be continued to-day.

### REV. SAM JONES AT OMAHA.

**The Revivalist Preaches Sunday Night to an Audience of Nearly 7000.**

Rev. Sam Jones commenced a series of revival services in Omaha last Sunday. The meetings are being held in the main hall of the Exposition Building, which is the largest auditorium in the city. Seven thousand people were at the Sunday evening service. Great interest is taken in the movement, and Christian workers are united to make the revival a success. The singing is conducted by Mr. M. J. Maxwell. Prof. Excell, the soloist, is expected soon, and Rev. Sam Small will also arrive in a few days to take charge of overflow meetings.

Omaha is the largest city of Nebraska, on the Missouri River, opposite Council Bluffs. It is also the largest city between Chicago and San Francisco. The population is 62,000.

**A Toronto Crime Recalled.**

One dark night three years ago a thief named John Kenny was burglarizing the house of A. W. Godson at Adelaide and Duncan-streets, while a pal, Robert Crozier, kept watch outside. As Kenny emerged from the house he mistook Crozier for a policeman and shot him. Kenny escaped, and Crozier lay for weeks in the hospital at the point of death, refusing however to "squeal" on his pal. He recovered and disappeared, while Kenny was captured, convicted of the burglary and sent to Kingston for two years. The very day he was released he stole two watches, and for this got six months. On Sept. 30 he robbed a farmer's house near Orillia, and a few days later a safe was carried out of Beaverton station and burst open, but only the station agent's revolver was found in it. The next day Chief Constable Bell of Lindsay arrested two men who were hiding on a lumber-laden flat car. The stolen revolver was found on one of the men, who, with the assistance of Detective Burrows of this city, was proved to be Kenny. He was sentenced to seven years in Kingston. The other man, Richard Burns, unknown to the detectives, was discharged. Both will be tried at Whitby for safe-bursting. Detective Spence of the Grand Trunk Railway and a blacksmith named Sinclair assisted Chief Bell in the capture, and all deserve credit.

**Cameron on Canada and Ireland.**

Those who attended last night's meeting of the Toronto branch of the Irish National League were roused to wild enthusiasm by an address on "Canada and Her Interest in the Irish Question," by Mr. D. E. Cameron of Lucknow. Mr. Cameron is an eloquent young man of much ability, and if he lives long enough he will make his mark in Canadian politics. His short review of Canadian history and his enumeration of the great advantages and natural resources of Canada and the reason why she should become an independent nation were such as every Canadian, and especially every young one, should hear. The array of statistics he produced were most entertaining, instead of being wearisome as statistics usually are. As to Canada's interest in the Irish question, he said that Canadians would be unworthy of their present position and privileges if they did not seek to have Ireland enjoy the same. He spoke severely of what he called Prof. Goldwin Smith's gross impertinence in assuming to voice the sentiments of Canadians on the subject.

**Amusement Notes.**

Mme. Janish (Countess Arco), an Austrian actress of considerable repute and of the Modjeska-Rhea-Janauschek school of acting, will make her first appearance in this city at the Toronto Opera House to-night. The play will be Sardou's "Princess Andrea," and Mme. Janish will take the title role. The same play will be given to-morrow evening. "Violets" will be played on Saturday afternoon and evening.

Manager J. M. Hill does not consider "Pepita" a good play for the road. He will take it off on Saturday night, and the company will be disbanded and sent back to New York.

Every reserved seat for to-night's concert in the Pavilion Music Hall by the Court Musicians is sold. The engagement promises to be a great success. Concerts will also be given to-morrow night and Saturday afternoon and night.

The plan of reserved seats for Rev. Joseph Cook's lectures in Shaftesbury Hall on Monday and Tuesday next is open at Nordheimer's. The subjects will be "The Seven Modern Wonders of the World" and "England and America as Competitors and Allies."

**"Tony" of the Queen's Takes a Holiday.**

"Tony" of the Queen's is doing Buffalo in the most approved fashion. This might not be much in the way of news to "Tony's" friends were it not for the fact that he has not been absent from his post before for twenty years. The "night bells" miss "Tony" very much.

—"Doctor, examine my tongue," said a good woman (of course she was married), "and tell me what it needs." "It needs rest," replied the doctor. This ain't a bit adaptable, of course, to Toronto ladies, as they save all need of advice on this subject, simply because they buy their "stoves" from Strathern, 179 Yonge-street, and make their houses a paradise. There's no need of "tongue." x

### POLITICAL CHRONIQUES.

For the Ontario Legislature Toronto (including Parkdale) has been created a constituency returning three members, each elector having two votes. The political managers have therefore to do a lot of calculating in order to secure two, or even one member. If they try to get two they may lose both. If they only get one, then the other fellows are bound to have two. So it is full of uncertainties.

The uncertainty is aggravated by the fact that a voter need only deposit one of his votes; in fact, will be expected in many cases to "plump" for one candidate.

The Temperance party, the Reform party, the Conservative party and the Labor party will all be in the field.

Mayor Howland, it has been settled, will carry the Temperance banner. And from present indications he will most likely be elected. He has no intention of giving up the mayoralty. His temperance friends had decided on running him for Centre Toronto for the Dominion, but as this would have entailed a withdrawal from the civic chair, if elected, he declined.

The Reformers may put up but one man, and Peter Ryan is anxious to be that man. He will claim the Catholic vote as well. But he will have some trouble in persuading other aspiring Reformers not to enter the list.

Then there is the Labor party. They ought to be able to elect one member. The Conservatives, in this emergency, would be wise in running but one man.

And should a Temperance candidate and a Labor candidate get in, on which side would they be—Mowat's or Meredith's? ST. IAN.

**750 pairs damaged blankets, all wool, only $1.90 pair. Duffett, Michael & Co., cor. Yonge and Wilton-ave.** 46

### DOWN BY [illegible] DON.

**The Special Committ[illegible] [illegible] the Value of Lands Al[illegible] River.**

The sub-committee of [illegible] City Council having in charge the expropriation of property in connection with the proposed Don improvements met yesterday afternoon. Ald. Defoe, (Chairman), Allen, Jones and Carlyle (St. Thomas), were present. Mr. Thomas Davies sent in a copy of a resolution which had been passed by several parties whose properties would have to be expropriated if the river were improved and straightened as proposed. The resolution reads:

That it be a recommendation to the Council of Toronto to define the lands of each property owner which are to be expropriated, together with a valuation of the same, made by a valuator to be appointed by the City Council, and that each property owner or persons interested be furnished with the particulars of his own case for consideration with a view of facilitating negotiations.

There is a vein of suspicion running through the committee that an attempt will be made by these owners to look upon the transfer of their land in the nature of a grab, and if any such attempt is made negotiations will be dropped at once.

The committee called in Assessment-Commissioner Maughan and had a talk with him on the value of the lands needed. It was generally admitted that a large portion of these lands only possessed a prospective value, while some of their owners were hinting at fancy figures.

It was decided to obtain from the City Engineer's office a detailed description of every parcel of land on both sides of the river from Gerrard to Queen streets, and when this is obtained another meeting will be held.

It is probable [illegible]at arbitration will be the course that the committee will recommend to the City Council.

### "BACHELORS OF MUSIC."

**Two Young Ladies and a Preacher Receive the First Degrees Conferred by Trinity.**

Hon. G. W. Allan, arrayed in all the golden splendor of Chancellor, conferred the degree of Bachelor of Music upon three successful candidates yesterday afternoon at Trinity College. This is the first time the degree has been bestowed in Canada as a recognition of successful examinations. Two of the newly-made bachelors are young ladies, Miss Gregory of Hamilton and Miss Mellish of Caledonia. The third is a preacher, Rev. Wm. Roberts of Amherst Island. The compositions and papers were submitted to an examination board in England, composed of Dr. Lott, Dr. Hopkins and Dr. Longhurst. Mr. Arthur E. Fisher prepared all three for the examinations.

There was a good attendance at Convocation Hall of those interested in musical education. Short addresses were made by Chancellor Allan and Provost Boddy, and the former conferred the degree.

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### AT LAST.

**The C.P.R. to Run Through Cars Over the Northern and Ontario Pacific Junction.**

Arrangements between the Canadian Pacific and the Northern are being completed for carrying out a through freight and passenger traffic via the Northern and Pacific Junction Railways. Passengers from Western Ontario to Manitoba will henceforth go by the Northern and Northwestern, the Pacific Junction and the Canadian Pacific Railway. Canadian Pacific Railway sleepers will run in and out of Toronto via this route. Mr. Quinn, General Passenger Agent of the Northern, left last night for Montreal, and Mr. Webster, Transport Superintendent, leaves to-night to complete the details. New passenger coaches are to be put on the route. The new service will probably be commenced on Monday next.

**The Granite Rink Accident.**

*Editor World*: In a letter in your issue of Saturday last, H. M. Thayer states: "That it was impossible to put up temporary stays on the east side, as legal proceedings were threatened if any trespass took place on the old lacrosse grounds." This statement is misleading and incorrect. Mr. Thayer, without permission from the owners of the lacrosse grounds, cut an opening through the fence surrounding them, hauled a large portion of his material across the sod, thereby cutting and injuring the sod. When the owners discovered he was so doing they forbid him to haul material across, as he had ample means of access otherwise. Neither Mr. Thayer nor any other person ever requested permission to enter upon the lacrosse grounds for the purpose of putting up scaffolding or staying his walls, and was never refused such permission. FULLERTON, COOK & MILLER, Owners' Solicitors.

**Hawkers Object to a High License Fee.**

The licensed hawkers of the city held a meeting in Richmond Hall last night and talked eloquently on the subject of the annual license. They pay $25 a year at present for the privilege of selling their goods on the streets, but the Markets and Health Committee is thinking seriously of making them pay $50 a year. This the hawkers say is a great injustice, and last night they appointed a committee to wait on the Markets and Health composed of the following: A. Topping, chairman; H. Travers, secretary; J. Lomas, Geo. Lomas, J. Pocock, J. Baniford.

**Mr. Englert Wins "Cleopatra."**

Last night was "dolls' night" at St. Basil's Bazaar. A concert for the benefit of the doll table was the chief feature. The singers were Mrs. T. W. Anglin, Mrs. Petley, Miss Ryan and Messrs. Fred. Warrington and F. T. Anglin. The big $40 doll "Cleopatra" was won by Mr. Jacob Englert. Mr. Ted Smith was Cleopatra's Anthony during the drawing. The attendance was large and included Lieut.-Gov. Robinson.

**A Young Italian in Trouble.**

A well-to-do young Italian named C. Cravero, who lived in Toronto for three months, left for Quebec on Monday. Yesterday Mr. Dubois, the ostrich feather man on King-street, swore out a warrant charging him with carrying off two valuable rings. Cravero has been arrested, and Detective Cuddy left for Quebec last night to bring him back to Toronto.

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**No New Police Inspector.**

It is not probable that the Police Commissioners will appoint another inspector to fill the position of Inspector Seymour, reduced. Inspector Leith will retire at the end of the year, and then a new sergeant will be created. There are now six inspectors on the force.

**The Kings of the World.**

—King Egbert ruled England from 827 to 836, King Harold until he was defeated by Duke William of Normandy at the battle of Hastings, W. & D. Dineen beat them all in the fur and hat battle. Cor. King and Yonge streets. Latest styles in fur garments. x

## THE DOMINION ELECTIONS.

### THEY LOOK VERY NEAR BUT NOT YET FIXED.

**Ontario Men Trying to Hold Them Back—Quebec Politics in the Way—Sir John Doesn't Know Himself.**

OTTAWA, Nov. 10.—The political situation begins to point toward a general election early in the coming year, without another session of Parliament. The French section of the Cabinet, strange to say, is anxious to have the elections on; they say that a reaction has already set in in their favor since the late provincial elections. All the other provinces are desirous that the elections come on at once with the single exception of Ontario. Ontario Conservatives wish the fight postponed. Sir John himself does not know, has not yet settled when to hold them. He is being pulled one way by his Quebec and Maritime colleagues; in the opposite direction by his friends in Ontario. He is waiting for a settlement of the Quebec deadlock before he decides.

Reports from Quebec say that a coalition is about completed. Ross is to be thrown overboard and some neutral man, not now in politics, will head a coalition ministry. This is understood to be pretty well settled. Business men all over are anxious to have the holiday trade over before throwing the country into an election wrangle.

### DOCTORS' DAY IN WEST YORK.

**Three of the Guild in the Field for Parliamentary Honors—Dr. Lynd Nominated.**

The medical doctors are evidently going to carry the day in West York. With the nomination of Dr. A. M. Lynd, Mayor of Parkdale, by [illegible] Liberals of West York as their standard [illegible]r for the House of Commons, three doctors are now in the field for parliamentary honors in that riding.

[illegible] some time it has been an open secret [illegible] Dr. Lynd would be the man put in the [illegible] to measure swords with Mr. N. Clarke Wallace, the sitting member. The convention was held at Weston yesterday afternoon and Parkdale's Chief Magistrate was made the unanimous choice, after three or four others had been nominated and quietly dropped out. Mr. John La Mar, President of the West York Reform Association, was the only nominee of the meeting who went to a vote with the Doctor, and Mr. La Mar got less than a dozen of the total vote cast. Several stirring speeches were made, and the meeting pledged itself to a hearty support of Dr. Lynd.

The Doctor is a young man full of political push and energy and well-known throughout the riding. He enjoys a lucrative practice in his profession at Parkdale. He has always been a popular man with his political friends and even his opponents. Said one of his admirers to The World last night: "You can just say in your paper that the doctor will make it mighty interesting for Mr. Clarke Wallace. This is no chestnut, either."

Dr. Orr (Conservative) and Dr. Gillmore (Reform) will fight it out for the Assembly on the latest scientific principles. It is certainly a great day for the doctors in Old West York.

**Local Political Talk.**

The Conservative Association of St. Mark's Ward met last night and selected delegates to the city conventions. St. Thomas' Ward Conservatives will select their delegates to-night.

The talk of the town yesterday was Hon. Wm. Macdougall's speech at the Adelaide-street Rink and the presence on the platform, far in the background, of Senator John O'Donoghue. Mr. O'Donoghue, however, mounted the platform late and left early.

A bet of $50 was made in a promine[illegible] [illegible]tel last night that the Conservatives wou[illegible] not carry two of the Torontos.

**A Gathering of the Bolters.**

MONTREAL, Nov. 10.—In response to an invitation from A. Desjardins, M.P., the following Bolters lunched at his residence this afternoon: Gaudet, Gigault, Dupont, Coursol and Bergeron. The object of the meeting was to arrange on a policy for the Bolters next session. They discussed the question, and although there was no formal resolution it is stated that they agreed to support the general policy of the Conservative Government but to maintain their position on the Riel question.

### JOTTINGS ABOUT TOWN.

The city carriers last week delivered 220,834 letters and 54,515 newspapers.

Back numbers of The World are wanted at once at this office for Aug. 6 and Sept. 2.

Manager Shaw of the Toronto Opera House has returned from Chicago. He looks better than ever.

Cary's, No. 16 King-street east, is the best place in Toronto to get a stylish overcoat at the lowest rates.

The blazing of a tinsmith's stove on the top of the Mail building caused an alarm of fire at 6 o'clock last evening.

Messrs. Coolican & Co. will hold an important auction sale of city property at their office, 38 Toronto-street, on Nov. 18. See advt.

Mr. W. H. Stone announces to-day the removal of his undertaking establishment to new quarters, 349 Yonge-street, opposite Elm.

Thomas O'Donohoe, nephew of Senator O'Donohoe, a well-known printer of Toronto, died at Syracuse, N.Y., last Sunday, aged 27.

Mr. George R. Smith of London, formerly of Wingham, is lying very ill at the Queen's Hotel with inflammation of the lungs and brain fever.

S. Hamburger & Co. have on exhibition in their window at No. 14 Toronto Arcade, a photograph of the largest electric light dynamo ever built in the world.

The Court of Revision yesterday reduced the assessment of St. Matthew's Ward between $11,000 and $12,000. The court will probably finish the adjourned cases to-day.

The World last night saw a novelty in window dressing at the Atradome. The best New York and London houses have never made a more attractive or ingenious display. Don't fail to see it.

A meeting of Messrs. Charlesworth & Co's. creditors was held yesterday, and a compromise at 45 cents on the dollar was accepted, on three, six, nine and twelve months' time. Business will go on as usual.

With regard to Chief Justice Cameron's expression of disapproval of lawyers charging exorbitant rates for money, Mr. S. R. Clarke, at whom the shaft was aimed, desires to state that it was not he who lent the money, but his client through him, and that the rate was 2 per cent. per month, not 2½ per cent. as reported.

At the Police Court yesterday John Ogden was fined $20 for breach of the Pharmacy Act. Frank Feleo, attempting to stab John Weir, was fined $5 and costs or thirty days. For allowing cows to roam at large A. H. Campbell, Edward Murphy, A. McKay, Peter M. Clark, Philip Jamieson, A. McKay, Wm. Woods, Alex. Watson, Joseph Nottingham and Wm. Aitkins were each fined $1 and costs or ten days.

### PERSONAL.

Col. Lazier of Belleville is at the Rossin.

Mr. A. Broder, M.P.P., is registered at the Walker.

Mr. James Crossen of Cobourg is a guest at the Queen's.

Senator McInnes of Hamilton is registered at the Queen's.

Paul Bert, the French Minister resident in Annam, is dying of fever.

Mr. R. Wright, Treasurer of the Grand Trunk Railway, is at the Queen's.

The Duke of Connaught has been appointed commander of the forces in Bombay.

Mr. William R. Travers, New York's favorite wag, has purchased the house on [illegible] street, Washington, occupied last winter by [illegible] Secretary Evarts, for $60,000. Mr. Travers' h[illegible] is not good, and he is at present basking [illegible] the sunshine of the Antilles.

The Marchioness of Westminster, [illegible] her of the Duke of Westminster, entered upon her 90th year Monday. She is the only surviving issue of the first Duke of Sutherland, and is therefore aunt to the present Duke of Sutherland, to the Duchess of Leinster and Lord Ronald Gower.

**Citizens should remember to buy Toronto-made stoves, and thus furnish employment to their fellow-citizens, by buying at Wheeler & Bain's, 179 King-street east.**

**Go as you Please Weather.**

*Weather for Ontario—Moderate to fresh west to north winds; cloudy to partly cloudy weather, becoming a little colder, with light rain or snow in some localities.*

**Steamship Arrivals.**

At New York: Wyoming from Liverpool; Devonia from Glasgow.

POOR COPY