

ONTARIO ELECTION.

Ross Government Sustained By Reduced Majority.

One of the Closest and Hottest Contests in the Political History of Canada's Largest Province.

It Will Take an Official Count to Determine the Result in Several Constituencies—The Conservatives Put Up a Magnificent Battle Against Tremendous Odds.

Deep interest was taken in the city Friday over the result of the Ontario elections and as the returns came in showing that the struggle was a very close one, excitement ran high. The sun office was thronged till a late hour and the telephones were kept hot not answering enquiries from hundreds of citizens and people in many parts of the province where the long distance service is in operation.

The first bulletin announced the election of 6 liberals and 11 conservatives, but that ratio did not last, and it soon became evident that the result would be in doubt till the last returns were received. Toronto and other cities showed conservative gains in majorities and the capture of the second seat in Ottawa was regarded as a particularly good sign by the opposition's friends.

By 9 o'clock it was seen, however, that both governments had opposition were pretty much holding their own and that the predicted landslide had not taken place. At 9.45 the figures stood: 49 liberals; 44 conservatives.

At 10 o'clock these figures were cancelled and the following substituted: 41 liberals; 33 conservatives.

Before midnight the Sun was advised that the government had won the fight by a close majority, no greater, it is large, as that in the lake house.

The returns given below are conflicting in some few constituencies, which both sides claim because of the closeness of the vote, and it will be a day or two at least before the exact standing of the two parties can be ascertained.

The Sun, in response to telegraphic enquiries, received the following answers:

THE WORLD, TORONTO.
TORONTO, May 28—Liberals, 53; conservatives, 44; unknown, one. **WORLD.**

MAIL AND EMPIRE.
TORONTO, May 28—Liberals, 53; conservatives, 44; unknown, one. **MAIL AND EMPIRE.**

THE TORONTO GLOBE.
TORONTO, May 28—Liberals, 53; conservatives, 44; unknown, one. **THE TORONTO GLOBE.**

A MONTREAL REPORT.
(Special to the Sun.)
MONTREAL, May 28.—The Gazette's bulletins cited 50 conservatives and 47 liberals with Manitoba missing.

MONTREAL, May 30.—The majority of Mr. Ross's government is now four, the parties standing: Liberals, 51; conservatives, 47; liberal majority, 4.

There is, however, no permanency in this majority. Included in the list of members given to each party are constituencies in which the returns are not yet in and others in which the majority cast for the candidate ranked as successful is so small that the official count, or the result which is sure to follow, may reverse the situation.

The Toronto and Montreal returns also show that the seats by the liberals would change this majority of four, and when it is taken into consideration that there are four seats in which the majority is less than ten, it can easily be seen that the tension will not depart from the situation until the official returns have taken place. Even then both sides will protest a large number of seats, and so it is likely that political circles in Ontario will be somewhat excited until the by-elections have been held. Premier Ross has nine months in which to meet the legislature and a good deal may happen in that time.

TORONTO, May 30.—Latest returns from the Ontario general elections indicate a government majority of four. Algonia gives Smith (cons.) a majority, while North Grey gives McKay (liberal) a majority. Two or three constituencies may be changed to either side by the official recount next week.

THE LATEST RETURNS.
Following is a statement of candidates elected on Thursday up to latest available figures last night, also of the way in which the constituencies went in the general elections of 1918:

Addington, con.; Reid, 213, con.
Algonia, lib.; 275; Smyth, con.
Brant North, lib.; 493; Burt, 34, lib.
Brant South, lib.; 577; Preston, 15, lib.
Brookville, lib.; 418; Graham, 260, lib.
Bruce Centre, con.; 248; Clark, 7, con.
Bruce North, lib.; 265; Bowman, 172, lib.
Cardwell, con.; 46; Little, reduced majority, con.

Carleton, con.; 746; Kidd, 590, con.
Dufferin, con.; 569; Barr, 600, con.
Dundas, con.; 128; Whitney, 250, con.
Durham East, con.; 398; Preston, 650, con.
Durham West, con.; 119; Richardson, 30, lib.
Elgin East, con.; 2; Brower, 40, con.
Elgin West, con.; 12; McLennan, 40, con.
Essex North, lib.; 45; Reams, 49, con.
Essex South, lib.; 67; Auld, 500, lib.
Fort William and Lake of the Woods, new, Cameron, 237, lib.

Frontenac, con.; 238; Gallagher, con.
Glengarry, con.; 486; McLeod, 450, con.
Grenville, con.; 611; Jory, 550, con.
Grey Centre, con.; 129; McKay, 9, lib.
Grey North, con.; 83; Jamieson, 400, con.
Grey South, con.; 83; Jamieson, 400, con.
Hamilton, lib.; 121; Barber, 15, lib.
Hamilton East, con.; 830; Carscallan, 150, con.

MIDNIGHT BRIEFS.
A new Boxer insurrection has broken out at Southwest Chi Li, and several missionaries killed. The rebels defeated the troops sent to subdue them.

Fire at Rockaway Beach, yesterday, destroyed all the public buildings and restaurants. Three persons lost their lives and many were severely injured. Loss of property is estimated at \$120,000.

LA SOUBRIERE VOLCANO. St. Vincent is still active, and indications are that a large portion of the island will sink into the sea.

Mont Pelee, Martinique, is emitting volumes of smoke, and flashes from this volcano can be seen 50 miles from St. Pierre.

LA SOUBRIERE VOLCANO. St. Vincent is still active, and indications are that a large portion of the island will sink into the sea.

Mont Pelee, Martinique, is emitting volumes of smoke, and flashes from this volcano can be seen 50 miles from St. Pierre.

GOOD POLICE WORK.

Officer James Greer's Clever Capture of Two Young Men Charged With Three North End Burglaries.

A sharp piece of detective work on the part of the north end police culminated Friday morning in the clever capture of two young men who are suspected of being the perpetrators of two burglaries which have mystified that section of the city lately.

On March 27th the store of D. J. Purdy on Main street was entered from the rear by some person or persons and \$70 in cash taken from the safe. Two cheques, one for \$93 and the other for \$30, were also stolen. On the same afternoon the matter was reported to the police, and after enquiry suspicion fell on a young fellow from Golden Grove. It was found that the suspected person had left the city immediately after the theft, and he was traced to the United States.

On Sunday evening last A. M. Rowan's store on Main street was entered and among the stuff stolen were two guns, two electric light lamps, a number of razors, knives and about ten dollars. This matter was also reported to the police.

It was learned that Oscar Kilson, the young fellow who was suspected of entering D. J. Purdy's store in March, had returned to the city from the States. He was in the company of a younger chap, who gave his name as James Smith, and who is a stranger in the city. The police watched them carefully and learned that both the guns were secreted in a room in the rear of the store. Kilpatrick wheeled out on Thursday to the Grove and paid a visit to Kilson's house. He was rewarded by finding the guns and nearly all of the articles supposed to have been stolen. His return with the loot and yesterday morning about three o'clock started out there again with Detective Kilson and Chief Clark to arrest the men, but when the party arrived the birds had flown. The search of the stolen goods, including a fishing basket, was found.

Early yesterday morning Officer James Greer saw a couple of men who answered the description of the above pair. They were seen near the corner of their escape, but the officer, suspecting their destination, caught the early train for the west to head them off. At Fairville he saw the two get on board. He kept himself out of sight until the train had attained such headway that escape by jumping was impossible. Then he walked into the car where the two thieves were chucking over their escape and snatched the bracelet stolen on the previous evening. The men were aware of his presence. Stopping the train he took his prisoners off, marched them to Fairville, brought them to St. John and placed them behind the bars. For his share of the clever work the officer was heartily congratulated last night.

After his arrest the boy who had previously given his name as Smith admitted that his real name was James Greer. He has been found in the early yesterday morning, as was discovered after their arrest, the grocery store of Benjamin Dean on Wall street was broken into and a small amount in cash, some cigars and other stuff stolen. The police station some of these goods were found upon them, including a package containing one dollar in cents. So young Oscar Kilson and James Greer are the two men charged with three burglaries, a couple of them of considerable magnitude.

KING'S BIRTHDAY.

Royally Observed in Mother Country on Friday.

His Majesty Presents Colorfully to New Irish Guards—A Brilliant Review.

LONDON, May 30.—The birthday of King Edward, who was born Nov. 9, 1841, was officially celebrated today, it having been decided, as announced in the official gazette, April 15, that his majesty's natal day was to be celebrated in London and on the home stations on May 30, as being the most suitable time for military display. On the other hand, foreign stations will celebrate it Nov. 9, the actual anniversary of his majesty's birth.

General interest in the celebration was apparently not seriously diminished by the expectations of the greater of the series of events surrounding the coronation. The towns throughout the kingdom were gaily decorated and beflagged today and the shipping at the various ports made the gayest displays of bunting. The day was observed at all the home military and naval headquarters, with parades and salutes. The chief celebration of the day was the ceremony of "trooping the colors" on the Horse Guards' parade ground, and the presentation of colors to the new Irish Guards. Stands covered with crimson cloth were erected on three sides of the parade ground and were occupied by thousands of privileged spectators, including the United States ambassador, Joseph Choate, and Mrs. Choate, and the secretary of the United States embassy, Henry White.

Thousands of other people were grouped closely around the lines of sentries. The troops taking part in the ceremonies were battalions of the Irish Guards, Grenadier Guards, Scots Guards and detachments of the Life Guards. Tremendous cheering greeted the appearance of the king and his brilliant escort, which included many notables. His majesty, who rode between the Prince of Wales and the Duke of Cornwall, wore the uniform colonel of the Irish Guards. Lord Roberts, the commander in chief of the forces, who led the procession, also wore the uniform of colonel of the Irish Guards. Queen Alexandra and other members of the royal family viewed the scene from the windows of the Horse Guards. The crowds present bared their heads while his majesty proceeded to the saluting point. After an inspection of the line of troops and the presentation of the colors, the ceremonies ended with a review of all the troops on the ground. The king, during the afternoon, presented colors to the King's Grenadier Guards. The weather was wet and raw.

CONTRADICTS THE OTHER EX-PERTS.

B. C. Mineralogist Issues a New Statement of Fernie Mine Disaster.

FERNIE, B. C., May 29.—Provincial Mineralogist Robertson this morning made public a statement which directly contradicts all statements as to the cause of the explosion at the Fernie mine, which has been found by other experts on the scene. These are agreed that the explosion must have occurred through use of machine in workings and injudicious practice in firing shots. Mr. Robertson declares that the cause has been found in the drilled 2, and that while holes had been drilled they had not been charged when the explosion occurred, and consequently could be held in no respect responsible. There have been 76 bodies brought up to the town to date, among these the bodies of John Joseph Shelling, Alex. Boyd, Steve Rasco, Andrew Patterson, Nots Rasoria, Antonio Pietro, John Satarovich, F. Frederick and George Tuko.

In connection with the inquest proceedings the Western Federation of Miners has engaged S. S. Tracy, C. K., to act with Messrs. Ross and Alexander, who represent the local union.

WENT TO MEXICO.
Fred Lockhart, son of W. J. Lockhart, I. C. R. trackmaster, Moncton, and Willie, son of Thomas Glendon, left on the maritime express yesterday night for Mexico, where they have secured good positions. Mr. Lockhart returned from Mexico a couple of years ago and has since been employed in the I. C. R. latterly being on the staff of the superintendent of cars and telegraph. Mr. Glendon was assistant to the I. C. R. ticket agent for some time. The former was presented with a beautiful leather dress suit case by his fellow clerks, and the latter was presented with a set of military brushes. William Duncan succeeds Mr. Lockhart and Jas. Donald takes Mr. Glendon's place in the ticket office.—Moncton Times.

Children Cry for CASTORIA.

PANAMA, Colombia, May 29.—General Victor Salazar, the governor of the department of Panama, has received news that revolutionists fled on the approach of government troops, leaving many valuable war munitions in their camp. The whole of the Chiriqui Grande and Bocas del Toro districts, it is added, are now good for the payment of the duties on the American banana companies will not be interfered with.

BRONCHITIS.

A SERIOUS DISEASE.
Becomes Chronic and Returns Year by Year or Develops into Bronchial Pneumonia, Croupous Bronchitis, Asthma or Consumption.

The real dangers of bronchitis are sometimes overlooked. It is too serious a disease to trifle with, and for that reason everybody should be familiar with the symptoms which mark bronchitis, and, if neglected, it becomes chronic, and returns year after year, until it wears the patient out or develops into some deadly lung disease.

The approach of bronchitis is marked by chills and fever, nasal or throat catarrh, quick pulse, loss of appetite, and feelings of fatigue and languor. Bronchitis is also known by pain in the upper part of the chest, which is aggravated by deep breathing or coughing, and it seems to burn and reach the delicate linings of the bronchial tubes.

The cough is dry and harsh, and is accompanied by expectoration of a frothy nature, which gradually increases; is very stringy and tenacious, and is frequently streaked with blood.

There is pain, not unlike rheumatism, in limbs, joints and body, constipation and extreme depression and weakness. In some people, the exhaustion amounts almost to nervous collapse, delirium follows, and in young children convulsions may follow.

Dr. Chase's Syrup of Limes and Turpentine is, we believe, the most effective treatment for bronchitis that money will buy. This fact has been proven time and time again in many thousands of cases.

It is the most effective remedy for bronchitis, because it is far-reaching in its effects on the whole system, not merely relieving the cough, but actually and thoroughly curing the disease. It loosens the cough, purges the chest of tightness and phlegm, aids expectoration and permanently cures.

There are other preparations of turpentine and limes put up in imitation of Dr. Chase's Syrup of Limes and Turpentine. To be sure you get the genuine, see the portrait and signature of Dr. A. W. Chase on the box you buy, 25 cents a bottle, family size, three times as much. Get it at all dealers, or Edmondson, Bates & Co., Toronto.

MONCTON.

A Boy Drowned in Humphrey's Mill Pond.

Committed for Trial for Living With a Married Man—Sillock Charged in the Albert Co. Woods.

MONCTON, June 1.—Alvin Edgett, a boy about 15 years of age, son of William H. Edgett, blacksmith, was drowned at Humphrey's saw mill pond this afternoon. Young Edgett had gone out on saw logs to gather gum, when he slipped and fell into the water. A number of other boys about the same age were with him, but though he came up several times and made a brave fight for life no assistance was possible. The last time he came up a plank was reached to him, but he seemed dazed and unable to take hold of it.

Edgett was on his Saturday committed for trial on a charge of unlawfully living with a married man named John W. Colpitts, who had previously been committed on a similar charge. The complainant is Colpitts' wife, who had been living apart from her husband. Both cases will come before the county court on Tuesday, Judge Forbes of St. John presiding in the absence of Judge Vail.

Chas. A. Sillock, I. C. R. blacksmith, voluntarily appeared in court on Saturday afternoon on a charge of manslaughter in connection with the death of his wife, May 28th, after the coroner's inquest. Sillock is charged with culpable and negligent conduct in not having the boiler in good order and being out of town fishing. The evidence of Dr. Botsford stated on Saturday was similar to that given by him at the coroner's inquest. The case was adjourned till Monday morning for further testimony.

Geo. W. McLean, a man of 75 years, was found dead in the woods at Rosevale, Albert Co., on Friday afternoon. He was last seen alive on Sunday last, when he said he was going to take the wood road to another part of the settlement. He never reached his destination, and search being made his body was found a considerable distance from the road. The deceased was seen by St. Martins about 25 years ago and made a living by selling salvaged wood. He is supposed to have left the road for this purpose and became lost, dying from exposure. He was a widower and had several children living. One of them is a sea captain sailing out of St. John.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

MAIN RIVER, Kent Co., May 28.
To the Editor of the Sun:
Sir—I didn't know what to say when I saw that the editor of the Chatham Advance tried to poke fun at me, as I thought, about me writing to you about the Fenian medal, and I treated it only as a joke until I was up to Harcourt station the other day and heard then that Mr. Smith was afraid that if too many of us went in for this medal his boss would stand a poor chance to get it. When I wrote the other letter I had no notion how many were trying to get the medal, but I felt that if it was given at all I had just as good a show for it as any that drilled in Chatham in 1866, but from the way I heard it I thought it was a waste of time and money to try to get the medal, because none of us ever did anything to earn a medal. But since I got the straight tip the other day I see how it is and how the cat jumps. Now if I had a little bit of the power the Smith's boss is supposed to have, and I wanted that medal as much as he does, I guess I would get it without any help from the Advance man, and he needn't sneer at me or anybody else that thinks he has a good right to it as his boss. I wish old Tom was alive now. That's what we

ANDREW BONAR LAW.

Clever New Brunswick Man in the British House of Commons.

Among the native Canadians who have seats in the British House of Commons the name of Andrew Bonar Law has not been prominently mentioned, and yet he promises to shed considerable lustre on his native land. Mr. Law was born in New Brunswick in 1858, the son of Rev. James Law, M. A., a Presbyterian minister. He was educated partly in his native province and afterwards at the Glasgow High School. Mr. Law is now a prominent iron merchant in Glasgow, chairman of the Scotch Pig-Iron Association, and ex-chairman of the Glasgow Iron Trade Association. He entered parliament at the last general election as representative of the Blackfriars division of Glasgow, defeating by a thousand votes A. D. Provan, who had represented the division as a Gladstonian and a radical since 1888. It is rather creditable that the two leading cities of Scotland should have among their representatives at Westminster two Canadians, Mr. Law, a conservative, from Glasgow, and Geo. M. Brown, a liberal, from Edinburgh. Mr. Law took part in the recent discussion on the budget, and "The London Sketch" says of his speech:—"One of the hits of the budget discussion was made by Andrew Bonar Law, son of iron merchant, from Glasgow. His father was a Presbyterian minister in Canada, and everyone familiar with ecclesiastical affairs in Scotland has heard of Andrew Bonar. Mr. Bonar was only 41, at a time when members with a grave face and bright eyes, and with head well set on shoulders. Scotchmen are familiar with economic questions, and Mr. Law held the house with his eloquent and easy treatment of the corn duty, although he supported the budget, his speech was warmly praised, even by liberals, and unless he is a one-speech man he will make his mark.

LETTERS FROM THE PEOPLE.

To the Editor of the Sun:
Sir—I notice in yesterday's Sun an item of news from Sussex in re the death of Henry Carr, late of Waterford. The facts are as follows: Mr. Carr left home in the morning and came to Waterford Corner, where he spent the day, starting homeward about three o'clock, and having gone about three-quarters of a mile, he stopped where a crew of men were working on a log. His horse, however, from one of the men and attempted to cant a log, but lost his balance and plunged into the raging water between two ledges of rock, about six feet apart on top, ending at the bottom some fifteen feet below. The water here is swift and deep, and it was impossible for the men to save him, after once going down in the dark water. Mr. Moore being notified, had boat hooks brought from the mill, with which the body was recovered about an hour after the accident. Robert Hawks and others took him home to his stricken wife and family, who have the sympathy of the community.

EXTRAORDINARY HOUSEBOAT.

An extraordinary houseboat was built by two prospectors on Lake Teelin Yukon territory, during the autumn of 1898. It was constructed of lumber picked up from the shores of the lake—driftwood from the only saw mill ever operated in that remote region.

In this strange craft the two men navigated and explored the whole of Tealin lake—one of the great headwaters of the Yukon river—and the floating village of the mill, the outlet of the lake, for a distance of over 100 miles. They allowed the boat to become stranded on the beach as the water receded in the summer, and refloated it again in the following spring.

This houseboat was the most unique dwelling-place in the Yukon country, and roused great envy in the hearts of other prospectors less conveniently housed.—Wide World Magazine.

A REMARKABLE CASE.

Ottawa Lady whose Symptoms were Somewhat Unusual.

A Curious Complication of Conditions which, however, yielded very easily to the Curative Influence of Dodd's Kidney Pills.

OTTAWA, Ont., May 30.—(Special)—A most singular case has just come to light at No. 380 Gladstone street, this city.

Mrs. I. Wm. Rousseau, a married lady, suffered for over three years with an ailment which manifests itself in three separate and distinct symptoms, each very painful, and the whole combining to make her life during this period one of almost perpetual misery.

Perhaps the most painful of these was a backache which never left the poor woman for a moment. At times she felt as if her back were breaking in two, and the slightest pressure in the region of the kidneys would cause her intense pain.

In addition to this terrific pain in her back, she was tortured beyond endurance by a never-ending headache. Morning, noon and night it tormented her with a stupefying dizziness and pain which completely prostrated her.

The third symptom was a swelling of the hands. This only appeared at times and would come and go, but as the case progressed the return of this symptom was more frequent.

To the student of kidney diseases these symptoms have but one meaning—diseased and deranged kidneys.

Madam Rousseau at last turned on the medicine which proved to be her deliverer from one and all of her painful and distressing conditions.

She used three bottles of Dodd's Kidney Pills, and says: "I cannot tell what Dodd's Kidney Pills have done for me, words do not express it. I was so sick for three years with my back, my head and my hands, and I am now completely cured."

"To say that I am grateful for my escape from such excruciating pain does not half express my feelings. I am very, very thankful."