General Business.

Vegetine.

CONDUCTORS TAKE IT.

Blotches, Pimples, Humors on the Face and Neck Disappear.

A Sovereign Remedy for Rheumatism!

MONTREAL, P. Q., Oct. 17, 1879.

H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir - I most cheerfully add my testimonial to the great number you are daily receiving in favor of your VEGETINE I have been troubled with rheumatism for several years; also with blotches and pimples breaking out upon my face and neck.

A friend recommended VEGETINE, and, after using several bottles, I have had no more trouble with rheumatism, and the blotches on my face and neck have disappeared. I have recommended VEGETINE to some of my friends who were troubled with rheumatism, and they have used it with good success, and I will recommend it to all who are troubled in the same way. VICTOR PIGEON,

Yours truly, Passenger Conductor Grand Trunk Railroad.

Vegetine.

Dr. Callier Surprised.

VEGETINE CURED HIS DAUGHTER.

CALLIERSVILLE, Chilton Co., Ala., May 15, 1878

Dear Sir—My daughter has been afflicted with nasal catarrh, affection of bladder and kidneys, and is of scrofulous diathesis, and, after having exhausted my skill and the most eminent physicians of Selma, I at last resorted to the use of your VEGETINE (without confidence), and, to my great surprise, my daughter has been restored to health. I write this as a simple act of justice, and as an advertising medium.

Respectfully, T. E. CALLIER, M. D.

Vegetine

Worked Like a Charm—Cured Salt Rheum and Erysipelas.

75 COURT ST., ROME, N. Y., July 10, 1879.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—One year ago last my little boy had a breaking out of Erysipelas and Salt Rheum, his face being one matted sore of the worst description. Noticing your advertisement in the papers, I purchased two bottles of the VEGETINE, and, with the two bottles my son was cured. I never saw anything like the VEGETINE; it worked like a charm. I have been city watchman at Rome for years. This testimonial is gratuitous.

Yours respectfully, HORATIO GRIDLEY.

Vegetine.

Remarkable Cure of Scrofulous Face.

WESTMINSTER, Conn., June 19, 1879.

MR. H. R. STEVENS:

Dear Sir—I can testify to the good effect of your medicine. My little boy had a scrofula sore break out on his head as big as a quarter of a dollar, and it went down his face from one ear to the other, under his neck, and was one solid mass of sores. Two bottles of your valuable VEGETINE completely cured him.

Very respectfully, MRS. G. R. THATCHER.

VEGETINE

PREPARED BY

H. R. Stevens, Boston, Mass. and Toronto, Ont.

Vegetine is Sold by all Druggists.

If you are a man of business, weakened by the strain of your duties avoid stimulants and use Hop Bitters.

If you are young and discretion or dissipated or single, old or poor health or languishing, rely on Hop Bitters.

Whoever you are, whenever you feel that your system needs cleansing, toning, or stimulating without intoxicating, take Hop Bitters.

If you are a mother toiling over midnight work, to restore brain nerve and waste, use Hop Bitters.

If suffering from any infection; if you are nervous, suffering from being on a bed of sickness, try Hop Bitters.

Thousands die annually from some form of Kidney disease that might have been prevented by a timely use of Hop Bitters.

Have you dyspepsia, kidney or urinary complaint, disease of the stomach, bowels, blood, liver or nerves? You will be cured if you use Hop Bitters.

If you are sick or weak and broken down, try Hop Bitters. It may save your life. Hundreds have been saved from premature graves.

HOP BITTERS NEVER FAIL

D. I. C. is an absolute and irresistible cure for drunkenness, use of opium, tobacco, or narcotics.

Sold by druggists. Send for Circular.

HOP BITTERS MFG CO., Rochester, N. Y. & Toronto, Ont.

New Leather & Shoe Store.

The Subscriber, having disposed of his tannery, and retired from the business connected therewith, has opened a

Leather, Boot, Shoe and Findings Store

In stock

OLE, UPPER KIPP, CALF INSOLE LEATHER, AND SHOEMAKERS' FINDINGS, BOOTS & SHOES MADE TO ORDER.

ON WATER ST., CHATHAM.

(North side, west the Commercial Building.) where he hopes to receive a fair share of the public patronage hitherto given to him.

Parties having open accounts with the subscriber are requested to call and arrange the same immediately.

☞ Agent for Wilson's Wool Carding Mill, Derby

DUNCAN DAVIDSON.

Chatham, Aug. 24th, 1881.

TIN SHOP.

I have now opened the well known establishment formerly occupied by the late James Gray, and with the kind patronage of former friends, am prepared to execute all work in

TIN,

SHEET-IRON,

GAS-FITTING.

Granite Ware, Japaned Stamped and Plain.

TINWARE

always on hand, which I will sell low for cash.

PLOUGHS,

Also, a nice assortment of

Parlor and Cooking Stoves,

fitted with PATENT OVENS the inner shells of which draw out for cleaning purposes.

Those wishing to buy cheap would do well to us a call.

☞ Shop in rear of Custom House. ☜

A. C. M'LEAN.

ChathamJuly 22.

COFFINS & CASKETS

The Subscriber has on hand at his shop, a superior assortment of

ROSEWOOD, WALNUT AND OTHER COFFINS,

which he will sell at reasonable rates.

WM. M'LEAN,

UNDERTAKER.

Chatham, Nov. 1, 1880.

TURBINE WATER WHEEL.

FOR SLE

ONE new Leffel Turbine Water Wheel—52 inch, with 8 feet of EXTRA SHAFTING, 5 inch diameter, CROWN WHEEL PINION, PILLAR BLOCK, and STEP.

J. B. SNOWBALL.

Chatham, Nov. 1st, 1881.

General Business.

CHRISTMAS & NEW YEAR.

English, German and Prang's American Cards,

in all Styles and Patterns. Also—

AUTOGRAPH ALBUMS,
SCRAP ALBUMS,
CUPS AND SAUCERS,
CHILDRENS' TOY MUGS,
DOLLS, PICTURE BOOKS, ETC.

DAILY EXPECTED

New Hats, Ombre Clouds, Mantle Cloths and new Hat Plushes

W. S. LOGGIE.

Chatham, Nov. 30, 1881.

Sewing Machines.

Branch Office of The Singer Manufacturing Company,

Corner St. John & Duke Sts.

CHATHAM, N. B.

THE GENUINE SINGER SEWING MACHIN:

OF NEW YORK.

Over Four Millions in Use!

OVER HALF A MILLION SOLD IN 1880.

The GENUINE SINGER SEWING MACHINE has been awarded the first premium over all others more than two hundred times at Great World's Fairs, at State Fairs and at County Fairs, in every part of the United States.

Three quarters of all the Sewing Machines sold throughout the world in 1880 were "Singers," and there must be a reason for that. When any of our style of machine used in millions of homes, leads all the other kinds to such an extent as that there must be some way of accounting for it all. Other Sewing Machine Manufacturers refuse to state their sales! Why? Companies have sprung up in every part of the Union and Dominion of Canada for making an imitation "Singer Machine." Why are not similar companies formed for making imitation of other Sewing Machines? The public will draw its own inference. Gold is continually counterfeited; brass and tin never! Beware of superifically ornamented machines with an infinite number of worthless nickel plated attachments, but buy the Genuine N. Y. SINGER SEWING MACHINE, the best that ever was made.

Prices and Terms at the Reach of all,

The Singer Manufacturing Company, Corner St. John and Duke Streets, Chatham.

JOHN ALLARD, AGENT.

P. S.—Write for Catalogues and Price Lists. Machines delivered at any part of the country free of charge.

November 30th, 1881.

Grocery Department.

JUST RECEIVED:—

125 Bbls. Choice Superior Extra Flour;
10 Hbds. Spy Bay Fat Fall Herring;
1 Box Borax Toilet Soap, 1 lb. and 1 lb. Bars
1 " Oatmeal " " " "
1 " Castile " " " "
1 " Crown Soap, 16 Bars;

1 Bbl. Bean Meal;
1 " Pea Meal;

Manufactured by Parker Hazelbeck & Co., N. Y., and a delicious Soup, it is claimed can be made in 5 minutes. A trial asked.

W. S. LOGGIE.

N. B.—Apples and Cabbage, fresh every Friday or Saturday.

HELPLEY'S

EMPRESS SKATES.

The Most Reliable, Durable, and Convenient self-adjusting Skates ever invented.

No Wrenches, Keys, Screws or Nuts to Lose.

Patented in England, the United States & Germany.

☞ Read the following testimonial from Mr. John Cummings, Champion Skater of the Maritime Provinces:—

I have skated at six different places giving exhibitions, and used your skates, (the Empress) each time, and I find them in every way satisfactory, and like them better than any skate I have ever used.

Also—Whelpley's Wood Top Skates, cheaper and better than can be imported.

CLARKE, KERR & THORNE.

Prince William Street, St. John, N. B.

SOLE AGENTS FOR CANADA

SEND FOR PRICES.

SHERIFF'S SALE.

To be sold at Public Auction, on THURSDAY, the 30th day of MARCH next, in front of the Post Office, in Chatham, between the hours of 12 noon, and 5 o'clock, p. m.

All the right, title and interest of Phillip Dwyra, in and to all that piece, or lot of land, situate, lying and being in the Parish of Rogerville and County of Northumberland, in what is known as the Collet Settlement, and bounded as follows:—Beginning at a Birch tree, standing on the South-Eastern side of the Collet Settlement Road, at the North-West angle of Lot, No. 73, purchased by Moses Martin, in said Collet Settlement, thence running by the magnet South, 20 degrees, East 80 chains, thence South 89 degrees West, with a rectangular distance of 11 chains and 40 links, thence North 20 degrees, West 67 chains to a Maple tree standing on the South-Eastern side of the aforesaid Settlement Road, and thence along the same, North 30 degrees, East 15 chains to the place of beginning—Containing 84 acres more or less, and distinguished as Lot, No. 72, in said Collet settlement, as by reference to the Grant thereof, dated the Fifth day of October, A. D., 1881, will more fully appear.

The same having been seized under and by virtue of an Execution issued out of the Northumberland County Court by Nicholas Barden, against the said Phil'ip Dwyra.

JOHN SHIRREFF,
Sheriff of North'ld County.

Sheriff's Office, Newcastle, 10th Dec., A.D., 1881.

JUST RECEIVED

10 Packages Woodenware.

CONTAINING:—

WOOD BOWLS,
CHOPPING TRAYS,
BUTTER PRINTS,
LADLES,
SPADES,
SPOONS,
ROLLING PINS,
Steak and Potato Pounders,
Lemon Squeezers,
Towel Rollers.

1 doz. Imperial Wringers,

The best and cheapest in the market.

5 Coils "Lyman" Four Barb

Steel Wire Fencing.

G. STOTHART.

Auctioneer.

The Subscriber begs to announce that he has taken out a License as an Auctioneer, and is now prepared to carry on business thereunder. Any sales entrusted to him will be promptly attended to. Orders may be left at the store of John Brown, Esq., Chatham, or with the undersigned,

WM. KERR, Napan

BUSINESS NOTICE.

The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" is published at Chatham, Miramichi, N. B., every TUESDAY morning in time for despatch by the earliest mails of that day.

It is sent to any address in Canada, the United States or Great Britain (Postage prepaid by the Publisher) at the following rates:—

If paid in advance, $1.00.
" " within 2 months, $1.50.
" " after 2 months, $2.00.

Advertisements are placed under classified headings.

Advertisements, other than yearly or by the season, are inserted at *eight cents* per line nonpareil, (or eighty cents per inch) for 1st insertion, and *three cents* per line (or thirty-six cents per inch) for each continuation.

Yearly, or season, advertisements are taken at the rate of *Five Dollars* an inch per year. The matter in space secured by the year, or season, may be changed under arrangement made therefor with the Publisher.

The "MIRAMICHI ADVANCE" having its large circulation distributed principally in the Counties of Kent, Northumberland, Gloucester and Restigouche (New Brunswick), and in Bonaventure and Gaspe (Quebec), among communities engaged in Lumbering, Fishing and Agricultural pursuits, offers superior inducements to advertisers. Address

Editor "Miramichi Advance," Chatham N. B.

Miramichi Advance.

CHATHAM. - - JANUARY 5, 1882.

PARLIAMENT is summoned to meet at Ottawa, on Thursday, February 9th.—Among other measures proposed is a bill to readjust the representation according to the census, with a view, no doubt, of favoring the Conservatives in the next general election.

A New Paper.

We understand that Mr. J. L. Stewart, a gentleman who has had a qualifying experience in New Brunswick journalism, is about to establish a new paper in Chatham, and that it is to be the organ of the Conservative party in this County. There ought to be a field for such a paper if properly conducted, and as Mr. Stewart does not lack either ability or industry, we have no doubt that between the new venture and the ADVANCE, the public will have little left to require which should be furnished to them by local papers.

The Guiteau Murder Trial.

That most singular murder trial at Washington, is still in progress, Guiteau the assassin of President Garfield being as impertinent and full of self-importance as ever. On Friday last, District Attorney Corkhill, for the prosecution, announced that he had but one more witness to call, and asked Mr. Scoville, Guiteau's counsel, how much time he required in sur-rebuttal. The latter replied. "We have some witnesses whose names have been presented since we closed our case, and shall ask that they may be sworn on the ground of newly-discovered evidence, material to the case, relating to the state of the prisoner's mind just before the shooting.' He added that probably all the next week would be consumed in sur-rebuttal.

Some discussion then ensued on the renewal of Scoville's proposition that the jury be allowed to separate, going to their respective homes and relying on their integrity. The discussion was cut short by the foreman, who stated that the jury did not care to separate provided they could have reasonable opportunity to exercise and obtain fresh air.

Political Contrast.

President Arthur's new Attorney-General seems determined to push the exposure and punishment of the politicians engaged in the United States "StarRoute" postal contracts to a proper issue. As this movement is entirely within the Republican party, and evinces the determination of its best men to assert their political and personal integrity, as against the leaches who supported the party for corrupt purposes, the action of the new Attorney-General will be approved. The *New York Herald* says:—

The star route prosecutions will begin early in the new year, and the evidence in hand is undoubtedly sufficient to convict a number of the men most prominently engaged in this enormous steal. All reports that the prosecuting officers are dilatory or that evidence in hand lacks strength to convict are false. Attorney General Brewster has written a letter to Colonel Bliss notifying him that he intends to appear in person as one of the prosecutors for the government. There will be some curious and probably unexpected revelations when the trials begin. The Attorney General's letter is as follows:—

MY DEAR SIR—I have received your letter, together with the correspondence between yourself and Mr. Postmaster General James. I read it all with satisfaction, and approve of that which you have written. As soon as I enter on the duties of my department, which will be in a few days, I propose to give you a special authority to pursue these suggested civil suits with all of the promptitude that orderly litigation will permit.

The uttermost penny lawlessly received and taken from the public Treasury must be recovered. Hitherto you have given diligent attention to the criminal proceedings, and before I came into the cases had acquired complete knowledge of the subject. These prosecutions must be earnestly pressed, the trials must be prompt and the cases must be well prepared.

On you, together with the other counsel who have been before this investigating these cases, I must rely for their preparation. All that is essential must be ready for use. I have resolved that my duty will require me to take active part in the trials in court, and I propose to be present with you and in person lead in the prosecution for the United States.

What a new moral era would it be, if an influential wing of the Conservative Party in Canada, were to earnestly set about the duty of placing on trial the politicians who made a "star route" of the Pacific Railway.

Mr. Blake vs. Sir Charles Tupper.

In the course of his Coburg, Ont., speech, in reply to Sir Charles Tupper, Mr. Blake referred to personal references made by the latter to himself. He said Sir Charles had modified some former statements of a personal kind. Some of those statements the hon. gentleman had not ventured to repeat in his presence, and he would not, therefore, advert to them. As to the motives ascribed to him in accepting the position he now held, Mr. Blake said:—

These statements contain suggestions which I know my friends in my own Province, where I have dwelt for eight years, will do me the justice to disbelieve. Those who know me best know that I never aspired to any position of place or emolument as a public man. I do not claim that as a virtue. I admit that it is an honorable thing to serve one's country in a responsible office. My own anxiety and wish has been to serve my country in the ranks of my party as an independent member of Parliament. I have been from time to time constrained at the request of my friends to accept other positions. Sir Charles Tupper has said that there were times during the administration of Mr. Mackenzie when I did not record my vote or raise my voice in support of some measure. I have always said that I would not sacrifice for any man, party, or cause, my conscience or my convictions. I ask from those who follow me no more close allegiance than I myself would give to any leader, and I would not ask them to record a vote which, after due deliberation, they conceived to be contrary to their duty to give. I have in Parliament given as loyal support to my leader as was consistent with my own conscience, and the line of public duty I have indicated. The hon. gentleman has said that I was induced to accept the office I hold by the prospect of the preferment of Prime Minister of Canada. Well, I think the responsibilities of that office enormous, and I have never felt for an instant anything but repugnance in taking it. The hon. gentleman gave as a reason for thinking such was the motive actuating me in accepting this position, that he found me active and energetic the moment I assumed the duties of leader of the Opposition. Of course I am active and energetic. Of course I intend to be active and energetic to the utmost of my power and weak strength in the discharge of the duties I have undertaken. I would be false to the cause did I not do all I might to lead you to success in the struggle in which I am embarked as your chief and leader. I will tell you this, that while I want a triumph I want the triumph of a good cause, not a personal triumph, nor (pointing to Sir Charles Tupper) those trappings of office and knighthood. I suppose you all know that Mr. Mackenzie and I might have had them two or three years before this hon. gentleman. We were honored by the offer, but respectfully declined! We have proved that we were not induced to serve you for that sort of reward. The one thing which could make me struggle, which could keep me in the course I have enjoyed is not a party triumph as distinguished from the triumph of the cause for which the Reformers of Ontario, and of late of Canada, have been struggling for some years, and which they intend to struggle for until they achieve success. The hon. gentleman had said that I could not sincerely anticipate a triumph at the next election, and pointed to the enormous majority obtained at the last election. I would remind him that the popular vote in this Province was very nearly balanced even then. I can not recollect the exact majority of votes they received, but it was an insignificant three, four, or five thousand out of the total vote polled. But the fortunes of war favored the hon. gentleman, who can boast of an enormous majority not represented by the vote at all. I appeal to the people to contrast promise with performance, and if the people of Canada do not abandon their high prerogative of sitting in judgment upon those to whom they trusted not to increase their burdens, then on that issue if on no other I confidently expect success.

A Fiendish Crime in Nova Scotia.

A tramp named Arthur Foster has committed a most unprovoked crime in Annapolis County, Nova Scotia, by deliberately shooting two inoffensive persons there on Monday of last week. He fled on committing the crime, but was pursued and captured. The mother of the persons shot gave the following testimony before the court:—

The prisoner came to my house last Monday evening, 26th inst., about dark. He had been to our house before, about three weeks ago. He pretended to be deaf and dumb when he came last Monday night. I felt sorry for him, because I thought he was deprived of speech and hearing. I made him understand that he might stay all night, to which he consented, by signs, to be relieved of his overcoat. I took his coat and hung it up. After that he went to the washstand and washed himself. My little girl gave him some papers to read. We had tea; after tea he took up the papers and looked at them awhile. I then went to my brother's on an errand, and when I came back my son George told me the prisoner fell on his head, or hands, I cannot exactly make out. I thought he might wish to go to bed. I took a slate and wrote that he might go to bed at any time. He wrote on it: "What county do you live in?" I wrote "Annapolis." He then wanted to know how far it was to the county line. I wrote "three miles." He then wrote: "Is that your son?" I nodded my head. He then pointed to the little girl I expected to know if she was my daughter. I made the same motion. He then went out doors. He shortly after came to the room door and fired a shot from a revolver. The shot struck my son behind the ear.

When I heard the report, I turned round, and he fired a second shot at me, the ball hitting my little girl below the right arm, and the doctor said the ball went through her lung. After the second shot was fired, my son sprang up and went for the prisoner, who turned round and went out doors. I then shut the door. The prisoner then went to the window and in plain language demanded his hat. I gave him the hat and then the overcoat out of the window. This is the last I saw of him till now. The prisoner is the very man who shot my children.

After committing the crime, Foster made his way to New Germany, travelled towards Bridgewater, and being hotly pursued, he turned and drew two revolvers to defend himself, saying that he would not be taken except by the proper officer. On the constable arriving he gave himself up, saying: "I have committed a crime." As yet he has made no other statement. In his pockets were found a card case, containing a photograph of a young woman, and several ladies' visiting cards; also a pocket memorandum book, filled with prescriptions for horses and cattle. The book leads to the belief that he has gone by several *aliases*, such as D'Albert Ammondale, Arthur Ammondale, and Zacha Simpson, and that he has been in the habit of passing for a deaf mute, is evident from the fact that in the book referred to there, are several sentences printed with a lead pencil, such as: "I am tired out; can I rest awhile; how much will you charge me to stop to-day?"

It is thought that the young man will recover, but the girl is unable to speak, and no hopes are entertained of her recovery. As yet no cause can be assigned for the deed.

The Pope's Intentions.

Nothing more strikingly expressive of the Pope's frame of mind has yet been made public than his few emphatic phrases to the cardinalate Saturday. Leo XIII. is not only the head of the great church of historical primacy, he is recognized as reviving the highest traditions of statecraft associated with the papacy. When, therefore, he feels it incumbent to utter his mind so freely as he does to the cardinals, one of two things may be inferred: Either he has resolved irrevocably to quit Rome and break the imposing association of centuries, or he hopes to exact from the secular powers certain guarantees, without which the papal tenure of the Eternal City has become impossible. It has been asserted explicitly in French and Italian journals that since the summer outbreak on the removal of the late pope's remains, the most precious relics of the church in the Vatican and St. Peters have been carefully inventoried and removed by night to the various legations in Rome accredited to the Papal court. The significant precaution, in conjunction with the Pope's explicit assertion on Saturday, gives weight to the growing rumor that Leo XIII., feeling himself virtually in the same position that Louis XVI. found himself after his failure to escape in 1789, means to assure his own safety and the church's treasures before it is too late. The sentiment in Rome to day is very nearly as rabid as it was in Paris before the terror set in. It is doubtful whether the Italian government could, even if it dared, interpose any real resistance to a Roman mob bent on the destruction of visible signs of the holy see. It is no secret that the only consideration that has kept the Pope in Rome since the outrage in July, is the reluctance of the cardinalate to quit the historic city of the church.—*Philadelphia Times.*

A Deserving Charity.

It is gratifying to learn that the call made upon the charitable a short time since, to aid in paying off the debt of the Protestant Orphan Asylum, S. John, has been responded to in a most effective manner. The address of the President of the Board of Management, S. D. Berton, Esq., struck a chord which could only find a response from the pockets of those whose sympathies were genuine, and whose ability to give was commensurate therewith. The North Shore is not behind other communities in aiding the good work, and we find the following among the acknowledgments in last Saturday's *Telegraph*.—

I have the pleasure to acknowledge the following subscriptions on behalf of the St. John Protestant Orphan Asylum. From Miramichi, through F. E. Winslow, Esq.:—

John McLaggan, Esq.	$10
R. P. Whitney, Esq.	10
Scott Fairley, Esq.	10
F. E. Winslow, Esq.	5
W. Mackenzie, Esq.	2
Dr. J. P. Street	5
Miss Percival	10
George Burchill, Esq.	5
	—
	57

J. E. IRVINE, Treasurer.

If others on the North Shore able to give, were appealed to, it is probable that the above list might be more than doubled, and it is to be hoped that the good example of the donors named will be daily followed.

Bathurst R. C. Church Grand Lottery.

The following is the list of numbers which drew prizes at the Grand Lottery in aid of the erection of two Catholic Churches in Bathurst (Town and Village) which took place at Bathurst on the 19th, 20th, and 21st Dec.:—

4529, Farm, T. Birmingham, Halifax.
15013, Brown Mare, Sorrel Mare Comr. Bathurst.
2948, Driving Sleigh, James Hayden, Pokemouche.
1,868, Silver-Mounted Harness, P. J. Kenayne, Montreal.
590, Milch Cow, Mary A. Delaney, Chatham.
7718, Cooking Stove, John Cox, Bathurst.
9 13, Chest Tea, James English, Nelson.
11835, Silver Watch, Joseph A. Melanson, Bathurst.
11048, Gold Chain, Rev. W. Yarrily, Bathurst.
5590, Bronze Eight Day Clock, C. Baldwin, Charlestown, U. S.
1685, History of Canada, Bridget Mead, Boston.
5881, Barrel of Flour, T. Girouard, Quebec.
6252, Sheep No. 1, Charles Dunwell, St. John.
8643, Child's Sleigh, Theophilus J. Doucet, Bathurst.
13020, Tea Table, Rev. P. Farrell, Petersville.
3740, String Bells, L. Wallace, Halifax.
1944, Fair Top Buggy, Oliver E. Belleveau, Memramcook.
416, Gold Ring, Mrs. Baldwin, Nelson.
12987, Twenty Dollars, Mrs. J. B. Richard, St. Louis, Kent Co.
8897, Ten Dollars, Peter Landry, Bathurst.
5923, Five Dollars, D. McKendrick, Campbellton.
1221, Five Dollars, Sister Martina, Halifax.
12589, One Dollar, Henry A. Meinson, Bathurst.
8051, One Dollar, Rev. T. F. Barry, Caraquet.
6331, One Dollar, Emma Canty, Tetagouche.
14581, One Dollar, Samuel Melanson, Bathurst.
8228, One Dollar, Maggie Power, St. Martins.
2030, One Dollar, John King, Douglastown.
14419, One Dollar, Rev. M. Joyce, Jacquet River.
15323, One Dollar, Patrick Morrison, Bathurst.
1245, One Dollar, M. J. Power, Halifax.
8395, One Dollar, Timothy Roy, Petit Rocher.
5714, Sheep No. 2, Mrs. Thos. Kearney, Bathurst.
6113, Sheep No. 3, Charles Devine, Dipper Harbor.
3766, Framed Photograph of Leo. XIII, Z. Leduc, Montreal.
13896, Picture Immaculate Conception, Thos. Leahy, Jr., Bathurst.
13703, Clock, Wm. Booth, Montreal.
3730, Life and Letters of Lord Macaulay, 2 Vols., Frank Hebert, Montreal.
1843, Half Hours with Best Authors, 2 Vols., Philip Tragase, New York.
4805, Photographic View of Westminster Abbey, Timothy Crowley, Boston.
1133, Picture Eve Home, Sister M. Cleophas, Halifax.
7161, Picture Mater Dolorosa, Lily McInerny, Nelson.
7387, Picture Italian Scenery, Eushere Somer, Tracadie.
13583, Chromo Leo XIII., Nicholas McCarthy, Waterford, Ireland.
13962, Chromo Leo XIII., Mr. Currie, Stillwater.
3706, Chromo Leo XIII., Rev. P. Doyle, Summerside.
7588, Chromo Leo XIII., Mrs. Burgess, Grand Falls.
12 66, Chromo Leo XIII, Lorn & Co., Montreal.
1342, Picture of Sacred Heart of Our Lord, Mary Walsh, Halifax.
13970, Picture of Sacred Heart of B. V. Mary, Ellen Nolan, Portland, Me.
11327, Picture of Sacred Heart of Our Lord, John J. Young, Tetagouche.
11148, Picture of Sacred Heart of B. V. Mary, Mrs. James Bassett, Balmoral, Restigouche.
11471, Picture of Robert Emmett, James Tierrian, Caraquet.
10842, Picture of Father Mathew, Miss Power, Halifax.
101, Picture of Pius IX., Rev. C. Bernard, St. Hyacinthe.
2078, Picture Southern Beauty, J. A. Williston, Bay du Vin.
5545, Picture of Sacred Heart of B. V. Mary, James Fitzpatrick, Napan.
6211, Picture of Sacred Heart of B. V. Mary, Edward Coote, Cambridge port.
2513, Picture of Sacred Heart of B. V. Mary, David Rinsman, Halifax.
5668, Arabian Night's Entertainment, Rev. L. H. Pare, St. Laurent.

Christmas Decorations.

ST. PETER'S, DERBY.

The most striking feature in the Christmas decorations of St. Peter's, Derby, was a very fine reredos richly illuminated in colors and gold. It was divided into three panels by pilasters bearing equilateral arches in dark mahogany color, the spans between them being filled with circles containing quatre-foils of the same. The central panel contained the sacred monogram in scarlet and blue bearing on its face a large gold cross. The lateral panels contained scrolls in scarlet and blue on a drab ground, bearing respectively in silver letters, "He is our Peace," and "Prince of Peace." In the apex of each lateral arch appeared a star in scarlet and gold and silver. The quatre-foils contained the symbols for Christ Jesus, the Lord. The pulpit was decorated with a scarlet banner having a scalloped border of gold edged with blue and bearing Alpha, and Omega and St. George's cross in blue and gold and dark brown woven into the form of a monogram. A new Brussels carpet for the chancel added an attraction that none who had seen the church before it was put down could avoid admiring. The space on each side of the chancel arch was filled with shields bearing scrolls in dark brown and red bearing in white antique letters "Peace on earth, good will to men." White panels between the windows wreathed in hemlock bore in letters of cedar, "Of the increase of his government and peace, there shall be no end." The windows, doors, pulpit, lectern and prayer-desk, as well as the lamps, were wreathed in hemlock and moss and decorated with large clusters of scarlet berries. On the whole, this pretty little church prevented quite a cheerful and attractive appearance.

TRINITY CHURCH, BLACKVILLE.

The young people here with much labor and care have succeeded in decorating their church this year with more than ordinary good taste. The windows and various articles of furniture were wreathed in fir and moss, while appropriate texts adorned various parts of the building. "God is love," over the chancel window met the eye of the worshipper on entering. "Behold thy King cometh," over the arch reminded him of the advent of the Prince of Peace, two scarlet shields against the east end taught him how this was brought about in "God manifest in the flesh," and over the doors "He is our Peace," exhorted all to live peaceably with all men. A Christmas tree a few days afterwards in connection with this church came off very creditably and realized the handsome sum of $40.

CHURCH OF ST. JOHN THE EVANGELIST AT BAY DU VIN.

The reredos was white, edged with green and divided into four parts, bearing in red letters the text, "The word was made Flesh, and dwelt among us." At the South and North ends of the chancel respectively, "Emmanuel," God with us", in the two middle parts. The texts on the nave were made of white letters edged with green and were as follows—across the chancel vail arch, "Lo, this is our God, we have waited for Him", and around the walls on both sides the words, "Wonderful", "Counsellor," "The Mighty God," "The Everlasting Father," "The Prince of Peace." The pulpit reading desk and lectern were beautifully decorated with evergreen and red berries. Over the pulpit and desks banners were hung bearing the words, "Unto us a Child is born, unto us a Son is given." This beautiful little church never looked better than it did when decked in its holiday attire at this Christmas and shows the good taste of our popular Missionary and his little band of willing workers. The services for the day were at the church in the morning at 11 o'clock, with a celebration of the Holy Communion. In the school at the Village at 3 o'clock, and again at the church in the evening at 7 o'clock.

Hymns suitable for the day were sung at the different services, and the sermons by the Missionary were as usual with him eloquent, and listened to with marked attention by large congregations, particularly at the church. The text at the morning service was taken from St. John 1st. Chap. and 3rd verse, and at the 7 o'clock service, St. Luke, 2nd Chap. and 10th verse.

Shocking Accident.

At Hainesville, Ohio, on Monday last (the holiday.) A local society had a ball in a public hall, the floor of which collapsed, causing several deaths and injurying many persons. The society, says a despatch, is composed of the first families of the place and the gathering included the intelligence and beauty of the neighborhood. The band had just ceased playing when a crash was heard and the floor began to settle lengthwise in the centre. The timber had slipped off the post in the rear and pulled out of the brick wall in the front. The centre settled rapidly and broke lengthwise, the joist being kept up at the outer ends of the inside walls. This threw people, tables and stove all together. The falling floors barricaded the front doors, but these were soon chopped down. The chandelier in the storeroom below was broken and the oil spilled over a number of persons and burst into a blaze. A child five years old, was burned to death in his mother's arms. She was fatally burned. Fortunately the building did not catch fire. A prevailing storm added to the confusion. The casualties were 2 killed. 3 fatally burned, 7 seriously injured, and 45 painfully, but not dangerously injured.

NEW PAPER.—The *North Star*, a new paper to be printed in the French language, is to be published at Summerside, P. E. I.

WHY?—The Dominion Goverment has decided to advance one month's pay to the Civil Service Clerks at Ottawa to be repaid during the current fiscal year, instead of the bonus asked for.

SOLD AGAIN.—A young English "blood" who boasts that he is a son of Sir Thomas May, of London, Eng., has been doing Guelph lately. After getting deeply in debt for board and incidentals, he borrowed freely of a number of friends, who had been attracted by his style and social habits, and suddenly left. He has been captured in Montreal.

THE SENATE,—The appointments of several senators are announced. Mr. Skead, who became bankrupt, has been reappointed. Mr. McKay, who made a vacancy in Colchester, N.S, for Mr. McLellan, has received the payment for which it was said at the time, he had stipulated. There was a warm contest for the seat rendered vacant by the death of Mr. Penny, of Montreal. Mr. Ogilvie it is said gets that. Mr. McInnis, of Hamilton, who some years ago did an immense business, Dr. McInnis, who has represented one of the districts of British Columbia for a few years, Dr. McMillan, of Glengarry, and Mr. Carling who has represented London, (Ont.) for many years, are the others named. London has always been regarded by the Tories as a constituency which the Liberals had no right even to attempt to carry, but we hope that the Liberals will endeavour to carry it now.—*Freeman.*

THE NEW VOLUME OF THE LIVING AGE. The new year of *Littell's Living Age* opens with the number for the week ending January 7th. Never before have the foremost thinkers, investigators and authors of the time been enlisted in the service of foreign periodical literature to so great an extent as at present: and *The Living Age* which gives with satisfactory completeness and in convenient form, what is most important in this literature, has therefore, never been so valuable as now.

The first weekly number of the new year has the following table of contents:—Luxury—Ancient and Modern, *Quarterly Review*; Country Life in Italy, *Cornhill Magazine*; Mademoiselle Angele, *Gentleman's Magazine*; Crimean Town Life, *Temple Bar*; The Freres, by Mrs. Alexander, author of "The Wooing O't," etc.; William Whewell, *Macmillan's Magazine*; Words of Wisdom from Goethe, *Blackwood's Magazine*; together with choice poetry and miscellany. This, the first number of a new volume, is an excellent one with which to begin a subscription. For fifty-two numbers of sixty-four large pages each (or more than 3,300 pages a year), the subscription price ($8) is low, while for $10.50 the publishers offer to send any one of the American $4 monthlies or weeklies with *The Living Age* for a year, both postpaid. Littell & Co., Boston, are the publishers.

BIGAMY.—Fredericton has had a bigamy case, which is thus summarised by the *Freeman*,—A man named Arthur W. Oliver was married some sixteen or seventeen years ago to Rhoda L. Hawes, in Lawrence, Mass. About two years ago he came to Fredericton to work at his trade—carpentering. Last summer he boarded at the house of Mr. Jacob Barker. Mr. Barker had a daughter—Lillie Gertrude—who taught school at Stanley, but paid occasional visits to her father's house. Here she became acquainted with Oliver, and it came to pass that both fell in love with each other. Oliver asked Lillie Gertrude's parents consent to their marriage. Mrs. Barker objected on the ground that Oliver was not only too old, but she believed he had a wife living. The upshot was that Oliver changed his boarding house, and in the course of a few days Oliver and Miss Barker made an appointment to meet and have the marriage ceremony performed. This was on the 23rd of November last. As soon as the event came to the ears of the father and mother of the bride they resolved to take legal action, and made arrangements with a Fredericton lawyer to hunt up Oliver's antecedents. It was discovered that he had a wife and two children living at Lynn, Mass. Oliver was arrested and his preliminary examination on a charge of bigamy ended in his being committed for trial at the next County Court in

"Advance" Scientific Miscellany.

Considerable interest is now felt in ballooning, and the lovers of aeronautics are evidently determined that something shall be done to increase the usefulness of this department of science. The balloon society formed in England some months ago, is now followed by a similar association in Berlin which intends to hold an aeronautical exhibition at some time during 1882. Among the plans proposed to the British Balloon Society, is that of a balloon to be kept under control by means of compressed gas. The gas would be stored in a suitable tank under pressure, and the balloon would be reduced in size or enlarged at pleasure by admitting or withdrawing gas—which might be effected by simply turning a crank. The balloon would of course rise as it became expanded, so that ballast and waste of gas would be rendered unnecessary. Improvement in another direction is still sought by aeronauts who are striving to travel considerable distances in predetermined courses. Little success has attended these efforts. The most important ballooning scheme now before the public is commander Cheyne's project for reaching the North Pole. He proposes to travel by sea as far as practicable, and to complete the distance to the pole in immense balloons. He is very sanguine of success. It is to be sincerely hoped that the thought and money now being devoted to air navigation may lead to useful results. Progress thus far has been very slow, and it must be confessed that little material advance has been made since the time of Montgolfier.

Dr. Born, of Breslau, has found that when young tadpoles are fed exclusively upon certain articles of diet, an astonishing preponderance of females is developed. The proportion in the case of 1440 tadpoles thus reared reached ninety-five per cent. The experiments of M. Yung also show that special food has a remarkable effect upon the development of sex in tadpoles.

How greatly would human knowledge be narrowed had the microscope never existed! This wonderful instrument has not only revealed the magnitude and importance of the unseen world about us, and shown us many hidden marvels, but it has furnished all means of studying disease which will never cease to be an inestimable boon. It has shown that the animal body is preyed upon by a variety of organisms, producing disease whose cause would have never been suspected without its aid.—The knowledge thus gained has in several instances led to the discovery of methods of rendering the attacks of the minute parasites comparatively harmless, thus conquering certain dreaded maladies. Observations of this kind are only of very recent date, but the progress made has been very remarkable. All epidemic or contagious diseases are now believed to be due to microscopic organisms in the blood, and it appears quite probable that M. Pasteur's plan of vaccination may ere long be successfully applied to all ailments of this kind with the result of greatly reducing their ravages. It is h