

17. What was the greatest School of Christian Antiquity and what were its characteristics?
18. What were the questions which the Gnostics raised and sought to answer?
19. Enumerate the Antilegomena of Eusebius.
20. In what respect was Gnosticism the opposite of Ebionitism?

20TH APRIL, 1894.

1. What privilege did the Council of Sardica grant to the Bishop of Rome?
2. Upon what did Leo I. base the Roman Primacy?
3. Assign causes for the rapid spread of Monasticism in the fourth and fifth centuries.
4. Who were the founders of Monasticism in the *East* and *West*?
5. By what steps did the worship of images become an established practice?
6. Name the four groups of liturgies which grew up during the early centuries.
7. What was the general structure of the service in all the liturgies?
8. What doctrinal parties were present at the Council of Nicaea?
9. What was the effect of the Council of 381 upon the Nicene Creed?
10. By what Creed and addition was the Trinitarian doctrine of the Western Church perfected?
11. State generally the Alexandrian and Antiochian views with respect to the union of the two natures in the Incarnation.
12. What gave rise to the Nestorian Controversy?
13. At which General Council was Nestorius condemned?
14. Give the substance of the decree of Chalcedon with respect to the two natures.
15. What General Council at last terminated the whole controversy with respect to the two natures?
16. State the principal points of difference in the opposing systems of Pelagius and Augustine.
17. What was the system finally adopted by the Western Church as the result of the Pelagian Controversy?
18. How may the period between 1660 and 1690 in Scottish Church History be divided?
19. Explain the effect of the Act Recissory.
20. What Manifestoes did the Covenanters publish?
21. Give the substance of the Revolution Settlement of 1690.