

# Suits

ore Hours:  
30 to 5.30  
Saturday  
30 to 1 p.m.



Suits \$6.85  
for These.  
gathered up the  
\$11.50  
ush sale today.  
Materials  
and stripes. Sizes  
values  
Price 6.85

\$4.95  
Fifth Avenue long  
light weight Good  
Pumps, 99c  
rubber sole, white  
Every pair  
able special value.

Adjustments  
Clearances  
\$1.25  
to \$3.50 Values  
lines from regular  
pairs of each style,  
range of sizes in the  
cuff. Medium and  
hip styles, suitable  
medium figures; also  
suits included. Size  
not in any one  
phone or mail order.  
\$5.00 and 1.25

ette Keller  
Swimming  
Suits From  
\$3.50  
are wanting swim-  
ights to wear under  
athing suit, or for  
wimming, you can't  
ter than to get these  
e-fitting suits; made  
e ribbed cotton or  
mixtures in black-  
eck; sleeveless, and  
knee pants. Sizes  
44. Prices 85c to

men's Fibre  
Hose at 39c  
hose are perfectly  
of fine sheer fibre alkali  
white and pink. Have  
partier silk leg, deep  
top, double garter hem  
rable list 80c, heel  
A particularly good  
three pairs for \$1.10  
r. 39c.

Company  
Limited

## HOTEL MOSSOP

FOR SALE  
55-59 YONGE STREET  
Apply  
M. H. WILLIAMS & CO.  
38 King St. East, Main 5490

PROBS Moderate winds; fair and warm.

# The Toronto World

FRIDAY MORNING JULY 20 1917 — TWELVE PAGES

## Warehouse Space For Rent

—52,000 FEET—  
Reinforced concrete building; good lights;  
two freight hoists; excellent siding; im-  
mediate possession. Apply  
M. H. WILLIAMS & CO.  
38 King St. East, Main 5490

VOL. XXXVII.—No. 13,400

# GERMANS Open Offensive East of Lemberg—British Advance Twelve Miles Along Euphrates—French Win Victory in Region of Craonne—Order in Petrograd—British Expedition in East Africa Makes Headway—Third Reading of Conscription Bill Tuesday.

## LOYAL TROOPS QUELL REVOLT IN PETROGRAD

Disaffected Soldiers Repudiate Cause of Maximalists, Restoring Quiet.

## KIEV ARSENAL SEIZED

Leaders of Rebellious Groups Later Arrested and Arsenal Recovered.

Petrograd, July 19.—With the repudiation of the military elements concerned in the recent demonstrations and the repudiation of the cause in which they temporarily enlisted, the danger of further disturbances by the Maximalists appears to be over for the time being. Today the city is normal. As a safeguard, the bridge spans remained open this morning, as they did yesterday, troops being kept in readiness for any trouble that might arise.

During the night, several companies of infantry arrived from the front to assist in the preservation of order. A detachment of Cossacks also reached Petrograd. Telegrams have been received by the council of deputies from various parts of the country protesting a lack of sympathy with the Maximalist movement and giving assurance of support to the workmen and soldiers and peasants' organizations.

Only Kiev seems to have reflected to a minor degree the disturbances here. A group of soldiers seized the arsenal, but other troops gathered to protect public institutions and later arrested some of the leaders of the rebellious groups.

Troops Show Loyalty.

The staff of the Petrograd military district has received from all the units a declaration of readiness to support the government in its efforts to restore order.

(Concluded on Page 2, Column 6).

## The House of the Widow of Windsor; an 'Bill' Hot Tar.

The House of the Widow of Windsor; an 'Bill' Hot Tar.

The House of the Widow of Windsor; an 'Bill' Hot Tar.

The House of the Widow of Windsor; an 'Bill' Hot Tar.

## TWELVE MILE ADVANCE UP MESOPOTAMIA RIVER

British, Engaging Turkish Force in Direction of Ramadies on Euphrates, Drives it Back—Heat Stops Progress.

London, July 19.—An official report relating to the Mesopotamian campaign, was issued tonight, showing a considerable British advance. The report says:

"On July 11, one of our columns engaged a Turkish force in the direction of Ramadies, on the Euphrates. After a short action, in which considerable loss was inflicted upon the Turks, a further advance was broken off by us owing to the extreme heat. As a result of these operations we have been able to advance about 12 miles up the Euphrates in the last ten days."

## CANADA TO LET GO PUBLIC SERVANTS

Dominion Government May Discharge Seventeen Hundred Ottawa Employees.

## MOVE FOR ECONOMY

Important Recommendation is Laid on Senate Table at Capital.

Ottawa, July 19.—Fifteen per cent of the government service in Ottawa, or 1,750 in all, may lose their jobs. This is a result of the recommendation of the public service committee of the national service board, which has been confirmed formally by an order-in-council.

The bill, tabled in the senate today. It is based, as stated, on a report of the public service committee which reads:

"Your committee would point out that strong appeals are being made to the people of Canada to economize in every way, with the object of assisting in bringing the war to a successful conclusion; and your committee are of the opinion that the great majority of the public service in Ottawa are quite willing to give heed to this appeal their part. After careful investigation your committee are of the unanimous opinion that the public service in Ottawa could be reduced twenty per cent without affecting its efficiency, by proportionately increasing the hours of service, thus effecting a considerable saving to the country. But, to be within safe limits, an immediate reduction of fifteen per cent, or say 1,750 employees, of the public service in Ottawa is recommended."

On the basis of this the government recommends, "in view of the increasing financial demands upon the government and the public service, and the consequent necessity of economizing our expenditures so far as is possible, consistently with maintaining the efficiency of the public service, that the ministers in charge of the several departments of the government give immediate attention to the recommendations of the public service, and to reducing their staffs to such extent as may in their judgment be practicable and expedient in the public interest."

## Finnish Diet Votes to Adopt Bill Calling for Autonomy

Helsinki, Finland, July 19.—The Finnish diet, having by a vote of 165 to 27 votes, declared the necessity of immediately voting the autonomy bill, adopted it forthwith in full by a vote of 126 to 56.

The diet, rejected by a vote of 104 to 86 an amendment by Deputy Callius proposing that the bill should be submitted for the approval of the Russian provisional government.

## ENEMY GUARD DIVISION DEFEATED BY FRENCH

Germans Suffer Check in Attempted Coup Between Craonne and Hurtebise—Centre Only Reaches First-Line Trench.

Paris, July 19.—The official communication issued by the war office tonight reads:

"The artillery was particularly active today between the Somme and the Aisne. South of St. Quentin a fresh enemy attack delivered about 1.30 o'clock against the hillock of Moulin Sous-Toutvent failed completely.

"After a bombardment of extreme violence, lasting the entire morning, the Germans attacked our positions from northeast of Craonne as far east as Hurtebise, sending forward the Fifth Guard division, which engaged at several points in thick waves. The attack was a complete failure on both wings; only in the centre were the Germans able to reach some elements of our first line trench, where counter-attacks arrested them after they had suffered additional heavy losses.

"There was a prolonged enemy bombardment on one side south of Corbeny, and on the other far as the region of Cerny, where the German infantry, caught under the fire of our artillery, was not able to debouch. The artillery was active on the left bank of the Meuse.

"During the days of July 18 and 19, 1,100 shells were thrown into Rheims. Belgian communication: During the course of the night the artillery was active in the direction of Steenstraet and Wulpen today. The enemy shelled the rear of our positions, especially near Woodstein and Lamasse. The night theatre, July 18: The day was again on the whole front except on the Serbian sector, where the enemy artillery carried out some bombardments."

## ENEMY OPENS OFFENSIVE ON RUSSIAN LINE

Heavy Artillery Duels Prevail on Smorgon-Dvinsk Front.

By a Staff Reporter.

## MANY ACTIONS RAGE

London, July 19.—Having brought up heavy reinforcements all along the line, the Germans and Austro-Hungarians in eastern Galicia have started what apparently is a tremendous offensive against the Russians. From Brody, near the northeastern border of Galicia, southward to below Kalusz, the operations are in full swing, but have not yet developed to an extent where particulars of the battles in their entirety are available.

The latest German official communication announces that the Germans have taken up the pace of battle thrust upon them by the Russians, and in a counter-attack on the line guarding Lemberg from the east, have defeated the Russians on a wide front near Ziochoff.

To the north of Volhynia and still farther north on various sectors to the Baltic coast, the fighting is being fought. Near Lutsk, in the famous Volhynian triangle, the Germans report the capture of many Russian prisoners.

The Germans in east Galicia have penetrated the Russian positions near Ziochoff on a wide front, according to the supplementary official communication issued at Berlin this evening. The region of the fighting is some forty miles northeast of Lemberg; Galicia. The German communication says:

"Challenged by the offensive which the Russians have begun on our fronts by order of their government and despite the peace assertions, we have launched a counter-attack in eastern Galicia. German corps have pierced Russian positions east of Ziochoff, on a wide front."

The Austrian official communication issued today says:

"South of Kalusz the Russians attempted the strong forces to capture the heights we won from them. The efforts failed with heavy enemy losses.

"In the engagement near Novica our successful shock troop operations have brought about lively artillery firing which, especially early this morning, increased on some sectors to the greatest violence.

"Also in Volhynia Austro-Hungarian and German shock troops have been active, to favorable results."

The text of today's Russian official statement reads:

"Western front: As the result of a night attack our detachments occupied the village of Novica, to the south of Kalusz, but, suffering great losses in this operation, withdrew to the village of Novica. Two enemy attacks on the above-mentioned detachments were repulsed by our fire.

"In the engagement near Novica on Tuesday we captured three machine guns, eight officers, and 220 men.

"Romanian front: Fusiliades have occurred."

## IRISH TRADES UNION DELEGATES CANNOT PROCEED TO STOCKHOLM

London, July 19.—The government has refused passports to the delegates, O'Brien and Campbell, of the Irish Trade Union Congress and the Labor party, to attend the Stockholm Peace Conference.

## CHEAPER HATS NOW.

A stock reduction sale of men's straw and Panama hats is the feature of the week's selling at Dineen's. All straws, except the American Dunlap, reduced one-third in price. Dineen's, 140 Yonge street.

## GRANT NO EXEMPTION TO DIVINITY STUDENTS

Clause Struck Out By Two to One Vote, House Dividing Largely on Religious Lines—Conscription Bill's Third Reading Deferred Until Tuesday.

Ottawa, July 19.—The conscription bill was reported back to the house from the committee of the whole tonight after a long and heated debate. The objectionable clause was eliminated by a majority of two to one in spite of many protests from the Province of Quebec, the vote would indicate that the house divided on religious rather than upon party lines. The discussion this afternoon was free from acrimony or recrimination. A good deal of the discussion ranged about the meaning of the word "clergy" as applied to the Roman Catholic Church, and Hon. C. J. Doherty, Sir Wilfrid Laurier and Hon. Rodolph Lemieux delved deeply into the intricacies of canon law. Hon. Wm. Ferguson joined in the debate without shedding much light on the subject, as he apparently labored under the impression that the "minor orders" in controversy were religious communities instead of religious rites.

Playing for Time.

At the evening sitting the anti-conscriptionists were apparently playing for time, as a number of Ontario Liberals were scheduled to leave on the 11 o'clock train for Toronto. Hon. Frank Oliver attacked the clause authorizing the suppression of newspapers, and Hon. Mr. Lemieux raised the point that Salvation Army officers would not be exempted as clergymen. Mr. Meighen said that Salvation Army officers were protected by the bill as drafted, and the measure was finally reported without further amendment.

The house then went into committee of the whole on the bill to amend the Railway Act.

The only contentious clauses remaining related to expropriation. The bill as reported from the special committee made the county judge sole arbitrator, but, in view of the many objections to this change, the government announced tonight that the old law would be continued substantially as it has always been.

(Concluded on Page 3, Column 1).

## BRITISH CRUSH ENEMY IN ACTION IN BELGIUM

Stiff Fighting Defeats German Attempt South of Lombaertzyde—The Pressed With Determination, Foe Cherish Raid Fails.

London, July 19.—The official report from British headquarters in France tonight, reads:

"Early this morning the enemy again attacked our positions south of Lombaertzyde, under cover of a heavy bombardment, to which our artillery replied vigorously. His troops succeeded in reaching our line only on a small portion of the front attacked, and those who entered our trenches were at once driven out by our counter-attack.

"Later reports show that the raids attempted by the enemy last night, west of Cherisy, were pressed with great determination and strongly supported by artillery. His raiding parties were repulsed by our infantry with rifle and machine gun fire and failed to reach our line at any point."

## British Advance in Africa

London, July 19.—Describing operations from July 11 to 15, an official statement from headquarters in East Africa reports the continued success of the encircling movement of columns working southward of Kilwa against enemy forces established on the line of Ishikale-Utuger.

## Attack in Dutch Waters?

The Hague, July 19.—An official announcement issued by the navy department tonight says that the British attack on German steamers, July 16, occurred within Dutch territorial waters.

## CHANCELLOR SUPPORTS SUBMARINE CAMPAIGN

Dr. Michaelis Makes Maiden Speech in Reichstag—Plea for Continued Piracy—Blames Britain for German Frightfulness.

Copenhagen, July 19.—Dr. Michaelis, the new imperial German chancellor, in his address to the Reichstag tonight, declared his adhesion to Germany's submarine campaign, asserting it to be a lawful measure, justifiably adopted, and adapted for shortening the war.

Dr. Michaelis opened his reichstag speech with a hearty tribute to Dr. von Bethmann-Hollweg, the retiring imperial chancellor, whose work, he said, history would appreciate.

The chancellor declared that the war was forced upon unwilling Germany by the Russian mobilization and that the submarine war was also forced upon Germany by Great Britain's ill-thought-out policy.

The faint hope that America, at the head of the neutrals, would check Great Britain's illegality was vain. Germany's final attempt to avoid the extremity by a peace offer failed, and the submarine campaign was adopted, said the chancellor.

The submarines, the speaker continued, had done all and more than had been expected, and the false prophets who had predicted the end of the war at a definite time had done a disservice to the fatherland.

## CANNOT EVADE SERVICE UNDER NEW CONVENTION

London, July 19.—A convention made between the British and the provisional Russian government was laid before parliament today, to the effect that British subjects of military age in Russia and Russian subjects of military age here must either return to their own country or serve in the army of the country in which they are residing. Russians who remain in Great Britain will be subject to the operations of the military authorities by an order-in-council which it is expected will be issued August 30.

## DELAY DRAFTING UNTIL ELECTORS RETURN VERDICT

Conscription's Enforcement Linked Up With Union Government Proposals.

By a Staff Reporter.

## SEPTEMBER ELECTION?

Outcome of Liberal Convention at Winnipeg is Eagerly Awaited.

Ottawa, July 19.—With parliament performing the last rites over the conscription bill, the question is: How soon will the act be enforced? The answer is necessarily linked up with the fate of proposals for union government. One of the principal terms of Sir Robert Borden's offer of coalition to Sir Wilfrid Laurier was that conscription should not be enforced until the proposed union government had appealed to the courts, not speaking with official sanction or authority, it is understood that that condition remains one of the basic terms of the union offer still held out to pro-conscriptionist Liberals.

The majority of the union Liberals, so far as all events as can be judged from their utterances in parliament, would prefer that the operation of the act be withheld pending an appeal to the courts, and as the delay involved would not be much greater than would be necessary in any event, and as there are other obvious reasons why the measure might be left in abeyance until after the verdict of the country is recorded, it is not likely that the prime minister will take chances on losing the benefits which most observers believe would result from union government by a step which conscriptionists might regard as consummation more difficult.

So that everything considered, the probability is that the conscription Service Act will not be put in operation until after the election.

Election in September?

When will the election come? There are certain manifest facts which make it practically certain that it cannot be held until the latter part of September. In the first place, there is considerable delay in the preparation of the electoral lists.

(Concluded on Page 7, Column 8).

## AUSTRIA TO STAND BESIDE GERMANY

New Imperial Chancellor Receives Message From Count Czernin.

Socialists Restless

## Radical Demonstration at Berlin Runs Foul of Police.

Copenhagen, July 19.—On the occasion of his acceptance of the German chancellorship, says a Vienna dispatch, Dr. Michaelis sent a message to Count Czernin, the Austrian foreign minister, declaring that it is Austria's duty to stand firm with Germany in the war.

When Dr. Michaelis, in reply, said that he saw the most secure guarantee of a happy future for the peoples in intimate and constant co-operation with the leaders of the German policy and firm insistence upon the well-earned peace, but otherwise was determined to fight to the last. Germany and Austria would in co-operation force conditions ensuring an undisturbed and peaceful future.

The Radical Socialists organized a demonstration in Berlin on Tuesday night, but it was dispersed by the police after reaching the centre of the city. The official version of the affair, which is the only one to reach Copenhagen, describes the demonstration including only a few hundred participants and as being unimportant.

The Berlin Tagblatt says the committee of the majority parties in the German Reichstag has unanimously decided to move the peace resolution. Previously the committee of the minority parties, including the Centre and one Liberal disagreeing with the majority, had proposed a similar resolution.

## Graham Denies His Move Upset Conscription Liberals

Ottawa, July 19.—Hon. Geo. F. Graham, interviewed by The World tonight, denied that his conscription resolution moved upon the extension resolution came as a surprise to the other conscription Liberals. He said that it was well understood by all of them, including Dr. Clark, of Red Deer, who voted against the amendment.