The Toronto World

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GO SHY ON WALL STREET.

The World is surprised to find that two or three of our newspapers are writing up the rise in Wall-street stocks. This may be done in order to show that business conditions are on the mend, but we suspect their real result will be to lure Canadian investors into the treacherous quicksands of Wall-street speculation.

There is no gambling game on earth to compare with Wall-street, and none where the outsider is so quickly and mercilessly stripped of all he possesses.

The Wall-street houses, at least the majority of them, are expressly organized with a view to getting money away from the rich and well-to-do in all the cities of the North American continent. And this system is so successfully organized and so carefully worked that it has been remarkably successful in the past, and millions and millions of dollars have been steadily poured into New York from every village, town and city of North America to maintain the owners of the game in that city. Comparatively few of these millions have ever returned. The cost of Wall-street and the style of living of those who control the business there is so enormous and so expensive to maintain that it requires incessant streams to keep it going. But this is not all. The securities that are mainly dealt in in Wall-street are of a character that are under suspicion, and that have been under suspicion for years. The sum and substance of the fight that Roosevelt has been making for years is to get for the public a square deal in Wall-street as much as in other places.

The great bulk of these Wall-street securities have been so saturated that for every dollar of substance there is ten dollars of water.

These inflated stocks were some years ago nearly all held by the public. They had been bought by investors, speculators, and one class of people or another, who had paid substantial margins on them, and who had borrowed the money to pay for the balance from the loaning institutions of the United States. Gradually, however, panics came, the public were forced to drop the stocks, and the loaning concerns were compelled to take them over, and for three years or more now, the great bulk of these stocks have been held by the loaning companies, banks, trust companies and rich money lenders.

For a good many months these loaning concerns have been organizing and trying, with the assistance of the New York Stock Exchange, to get the public to take them up again, and the market is to-day being manipulated and advanced with this end in view. The thing must be made attractive, the people must be lured back again, and the best organizing game that was ever constructed to get the people back into speculation is now under way. There are many newspapers engaged in this work. But as a matter of fact, the water has not yet been squeezed out of the New York stocks, and if the manipulators have their way, will not be squeezed out until the stock has passed into the hands of the public, when they will then take good care to see that this is done, and that they get another chance to handle the market.

Our advice to Canadians is to keep out of this Wall-street market. It may be that during the process of manipulation to get the public in, the market may be scalped, and may advance so that those who buy may be able to sell out and make some money, but he will be a clever man who makes money under these conditions and keeps it. There is more likelihood of a great slump in Wall-street securities. The water has yet to be wrung out and they'll wring it out when the public have taken the stocks—if they can be got to take them. Europe still refuses to take them, and if Europe does take them it will be because Europeans went into Wall-street securities some years ago, at a time when they were able to buy them and sell them at an advance back to the American people, in that way beating our neighbors at their own game. But for the ordinary Canadian investor to make money out of Wall-street is not a likely probability.

If there are any Canadians who want to go into something to make money without much speculation, our advice to them is to look at Toronto real estate. We know of no investment so good as Toronto real estate. It is steadily advancing, and with the growth of Toronto it will continue to rise. There are sure profits in well-bought Toronto real estate. People who want something of a more speculative nature can also find good speculation and even good investment in Cobalt. The World has long said and long preached that Cobalt silver mines are bound to be the best mining propositions in the world.

GREATER TORONTO.

The movement for annexation to Toronto on the part of the districts adjacent in the township continues. Yesterday the board of control discussed the question of admitting the territory lying immediately north of the Canadian Pacific, between the Avenue-road annex and the eastern boundary of West Toronto, which happens to be the Northern Railway, and south of a line 200 feet north of St. Clair-avenue. This is a populous district, known by the several suburban names of Bracondale, Wychwood, Dovercourt and Earlscourt, and is to-day essentially a part of the city.

Quite a number of poor people who bought lots there within the last two or three years, have put up their own houses and are somewhat afraid of city taxes; they ask that if they are taken into the city they be given the same assessment which they now have, for four or five years longer, so that they can adjust themselves to the new conditions. The wealthy district to the east of them, viz., the Avenue-road annex, was given a fixed assessment for ten years when it was admitted, and The World thinks it would not be bad policy if the council and controllers showed some little consideration towards these people who are making a strenuous fight to clear their own little homes.

SUBURBAN SERVICE WANTED NOW.

There being a rumor afloat that an electric railway is to be built from Toronto to Rochester via Buffalo, The Mail appears to think that the question of suburban train service for Toronto has been disposed of. We are told that, "as the street railway system has been a great force in the making of Toronto, so will electric lines ramifying from the city into the surrounding country help to people that surrounding country." Then follows this gem of thought:

> Steam railway lines constructed for heavy traffic have their function in the economy of transportation somewhat rigidly limited, and they do not easily adapt their service to the widening of cities' local spheres of influence. Efforts have again and again been made without success to persuade the Grand Trunk and the Canadian Pacific Railway Companies to give Toronto the suburban service it needs. If the steam lines cannot meet the demands for the enlarging commerce of city environs, electric railway enterprise is sure to do so.

It is true "that efforts have again and again been made without success to persuade the Grand Trunk and the Canadian Pacific Railway companies to give Toronto the suburban service it needs." Is it not high time that they were compelled to give it—not "give" it, but furnish it as a public duty? The City of Toronto and the other municipalities interested should bring this matter promptly and vigorously before the railway commission. No other city on the American continent the size of Toronto is without cheap and efficient steam railway suburban service. Montreal has it, because the C. P. R. and the G. T. R. are officered from that city, while Toronto is treated as a way station.

Ultimately, no doubt, the radials may perform suburban service to a large extent. But that is a matter for the future. They are not doing it now. It may even be years before a way is found to admit them into the city. Manwhile Toronto and her neighbors are entitled to steam railway suburban service here and now. They should lose no time in getting it.

Willow River Timber Company.

Following the supply of timber, the next thing in order of importance in connection with a timber limit is the transportation facilities. It is evident that the Willow River Timber Co. has an adequate supply of timber, and along with this the transportation facilities are all that can be desired. The fifty-two berths controlled by this company are all close to the Willow River, in the Cariboo District, British Columbia. This river is a navigable river, with a current of from six to eight miles an hour, which runs into the Fraser. British Columbia is noted for its fine timber, and this company controls some of the best berths at present existing in the province.

Drowned in Avon River.

STRATFORD, Nov. 25.—(Special.)—While in a state of mental aherration Mrs. Pequegnat, wife of a prominent jeweler, left her home between 3 and 7 o'clock this morning and was found about 7 o'clock lying face downwards in shallow water in the Avon River. For two years she had been constantly brooding over the loss of her daughter. She is survived by her husband and five children.

Couldn't Prove Rake-Off.

ST. CATHARINES, Nov. 25.—(Special).—Arthur J. Brown, King-street barber, whose place was raided Sunday by Chief Parnall, appeared before Police Magistrate Campbell on a charge of keeping a common gaming house. The crown, however, could not prove that Brown had received a rake-off and the case was dismissed.

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is such a Company. It has to-day—at the end of 21 years—more business in force than any other Canadian Life Company ever had at the same age.

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IN THE LAW COURTS

IN THT HIGH COURT.

Osgoode Hall, Nov. 25.

Announcements.

Motions set down for single court for Thursday, 26th November, inst., at 11 a.m.: 1, re S.S. No. 8, Walpole, and Harrison; 2, Beardmore v. City of Toronto; 3, re McPhee Estate; 4, re Fitzgerald Estate; 5, Coupon Securities v. Stark.

Peremptory list for divisional court for Thursday, 26th inst., at 11 a.m.: 1, McKeown v. Toronto Railway; 2, Lehman v. Kester; 3, Rex v. Reedy; 4, Lewis v. Cole; 5, Western & Northern v. Goodwin; 6, re Walton-Walton v. Walton.

Peremptory list for court of appeal for Thursday, 26th inst., at 11 a.m.:

1. Luppage v. C. P. Railway (to be continued).
2. Carroll v. Erie County and Provincial Nat. Gas Co.
3. Durrant v. C. P. Railway.
4. Sovereign Bank v. Parsons.

Master's Chambers.

Before Cartwright, Master.

Robb v. Mulhall, Smyth v. Mulhall, Wardell v. Mulhall.—S. W. McKeown, for defendant, moved on consent for order dismissing actions and vacating certificates of lien and lis pendens in each case. Order made.

McKelvey v. Kidney.—Adam (Elliott & Hume), for plaintiff, moved ex parte for an order to amend endorsement on writ and to dispense with re-service. Order made.

Warren v. Bank of Montreal.—F. Arnoldi, K.C., for plaintiff, moved ex parte to amend endorsement on writ of summons. Order made.

Pringle v. Hutson.—F. Arnoldi, K.C., for plaintiff, moved ex parte for an order to add R. H. Smith as a party plaintiff. Order made.

Pittman v. McGibbon.—L. P. Sherwood, for defendant, moved for an order dismissing action without costs. Order made.

Watt v. Toronto, Hamilton & Buffalo Railway.—Spereman (Holman & Co.), for defendants, moved to change venue from St. Catharines to Hamilton. H. W. Mickle, for plaintiff, contra. Order made. Costs in cause to defendants.

Dillabough v. Friedrich.—G. B. Strathy, for defendant, moved to set aside statement of claim as irregular or to change venue from Peterboro to Toronto. J. F. Boland, for plaintiff, contra. Reserved.

Milton Pressed Brick Co. v. Marsh.—W. J. Tremeear, for a judgment creditor, moved for an attaching order. W. B. Raymond for garnishee. A. Cohen for a lien-holder. J. B. Smith for the judgment debtor. Order made for payment into court of the amount admitted due, less costs, fixed at $10, to await further order.

Goff Kirby Coal Co. v. McKay.—J. T. White, for plaintiff, moved for particulars of statement of defence. H. E. Rose, K.C., for defendant, contra. Reserved.

Burke v. Michigan Central Railroad Co.—Davidson (Kingsmill & Co.), for defendants, moved to dismiss action for want of prosecution. No one contra. Order made dismissing action without costs.

Bishop v. Bishop.—C. D. Scott, for plaintiff, moved ex parte for an order to amend writ of summons and for substitutional service of same. Order made.

Jones v. Henderson.—Lyon (Jones & L.), for plaintiff, moved on notice for P.O.P. No one contra. Order made.

General Brass Co. v. Holdworth.—T. H. Wilson, for plaintiff, moved for judgment under C.R. 603. N. G. Heyd, for defendant, contra. Order made.

Holmes v. Brown.—Gray (A. F. Lobb, K.C.), for defendants, moved on consent for an order dismissing action without costs. Order made.

Clarkson v. Canada Foundry Co.—Davidson (Kerr, D. & Co.), for defendants, moved on consent for an order dismissing action without costs. Order made.

Fair v. Hayes.—VanKleeck (W. R. Smyth & Co.), for plaintiff, moved for an order for issue of a concurrent writ for service out of jurisdiction. Order made.

Single Court.

Before Latchford, J.

Parry Sound Lumber Co. v. Ontario Lumber Co.—A. G. Ross, for plaintiff, on motion to continue injunction, asked enlargement pending negotiations for settlement. F. J. Dunbar, for defendant, contra. Enlarged for two weeks on same terms as last time. Injunction continued meantime.

Dominion District Steam Heating Co. v. Berlin District Steam Heating Co.—J. A. Macintosh, for the Ridgeway Dynamo Co., who claim a lien on certain property. A. C. McMaster for liquidator. Negotiations for settlement proceeding, and so motion stands sine die, to be replaced on list by either party on two days' notice.

Farquhar v. West Toronto.—W. C. Mackay, for plaintiff, on motion for injunction. A. J. Anderson for defendants. Enlarged for one week.

Guest v. Knowles.—G. B. Strathy, for Knowles, on motion to commit. J. King, K.C., for Roberston. By consent motion enlarged for one week.

Re Frier Estate.—J. J. Coughlin (Stratford), for applicant, Christlieb Herbord. J. A. Davidson (Stratford) for three Friers. F. W. Harcourt, K.C., for infants. Order by consent relieving Christlieb Herbord from executorship and appointing Catherine Ann Bechtel in his stead.

Stortts v. Bentley.—W. E. Middleton, K.C., for plaintiff. P. C. McNee (Picton) for an executor. F. W. Harcourt, K.C., for infants. Motion for judgment on F.D. enlarged for one week.

Tanner v. VanEvery.—H. H. Shaver, for plaintiff. H. H. Dewart, K.C., for defendant, Fortier. J. F. White for defendant, Van Every, asks enlargement. Enlarged until 3rd December. Injunction continued meantime.

Sturrock v. Doolittle.—G. A. Kingston, for plaintiff. F. W. Harcourt, K.C., for infants. Plaintiff's husband was accidentally killed on 6th July, 1907, and parties have now settled action, subject to the approval of court. Judgment approving settlement on behalf of infants for plaintiff for $600 and costs. Of this, $300 to be paid to widow and $300 to be paid into court to credit of infants, and $50 per year to be paid out for maintenance of infants.

Petrie v. Clement.—G. H. Sedgewick, for plaintiff, moved for leave under C.R. 352 to issue execution for recovery of specific chattels. Order as asked.

Re Lister and Township of Clinton.—E. F. Lazier (Hamilton), for Marion Lister and Henry F. Konkle, moved to quash a bylaw, No. 222, of the township, being a bylaw to provide for the opening up of the original allowance for road between Lots 15 and 16, on some eight different grounds, the principal ones urged being that the proper steps as provided by statute had not been taken by the council. A. C. Kingstone (St. Catharines) for the council. Reserved.

Greenberg v. Greenberg.—L. V. McBrady, K.C., for plaintiff, on motion to continue injunction. H. C. Macdonald for defendant. The parties agree that defendant be at liberty to remove the stock from Queen-street store to York-street store, the leases of both premises and stock-in-trade to continue in name of defendant, who is restricted from moving stock, except as above, and from dealing with or disposing of same, except in regular course of business, until such time as all the creditors are paid in full, or plaintiff released therefrom, plaintiff to be at liberty to take stock in both stores, and to inspect premises from time to time, proceeds of businesses to be deposited in bank to joint credit of plaintiff and defendant, defendant to keep account of daily sales, etc. Each party to pay their own costs. Terms of such consent judgment approved by court.

McKelvey v. Kidney.—W. J. Elliott for plaintiff. W. J. McWhinney for defendant. Motion for receiver. Parties agree that matters in dispute be referred to J. A. C. Cameron. Consent minutes to be put in.

Sheepway v. Sheepway.—W. A. Henderson, for plaintiff, moved for an injunction to restrain the son (defendant) from shutting his father (the plaintiff) out of the business. G. S. Hodgson, for the defendant, contra. Injunction refused. Costs in the cause to the defendant, unless the trial judge otherwise orders.

Litton v. Church of the Covenant.—T. H. Wilson, for plaintiff, moved to add J. B. Laidlaw, S. B. Coon and James Sinclair, members of the building committee of the church, as party defendants, and that the said Laidlaw, Coon and Sinclair represent themselves and the other members of the building committee. R. McKay, for Laidlaw, Coon and Sinclair, contra. Reserved.

Before Riddell, J.

Re Denison and Foster.—R. McKay, for Watson, assignee of the lessee, appealed from the award of J. S. Cartwright, K.C., an official referee. McGregor Young for the lessors. M. C. Cameron for the infants.

The applicant, on former argument, contended that the official referee had no jurisdiction to make an award in this matter, and on that point being decided against him now argued his appeal against the award on other grounds, mainly that (1) the master should have provided for the reimbursement in whole or in part of the lessee for the buildings, and (2) he should not have fixed a rental which would imply the expenditure of a considerable sum of money by the lessee. Judgment (G.). I see no ground upon which the award can be interfered with. The motion should be dismissed with costs.

Divisional Court.

Before Mulock, C.J., Anglin, J., Clute, J.

Curry v. Maclaren & Clarkson.—G. F. Shepley, K.C., for defendant, appellant. W. N. Ferguson for the plaintiff. Judgment (B.). Clute, J., dissenting. Defendants, Maclaren & Clarkson, appeal from the judgment of Magee, J., dated 7th June, 1908, whereby they are ordered each to transfer to plaintiff 3200 shares of the capital stock of the Peterson Lake Mining Co., and to pay plaintiff's costs of action. The plaintiff cross-appeals from so much of the judgment as dismisses his further claim that these two defendants should each be ordered to transfer to him 8000 additional shares of the stock of the company.

Without a bill duly rendered, or an agreement in writing it is impossible for the plaintiff to maintain this action to recover remuneration for his services. It follows that the appeal of the defendants, Clarkson & Maclaren, should be allowed. Altho the plaintiff's present action fails, it is much to be regretted that Mr. Maclaren has not dealt with the plaintiff in the spirit in which he apparently made the offer of October, 1906. His offer was to do what was fair and right with the plaintiff, and it was accepted by Mr. Curry. We also concur in the trial judge's view that the payment of a taxed bill of solicitor's fees is not what Maclaren at that time intended Mr. Curry to understand he would receive, and it is certainly not what Mr. Curry understood he might expect. The services rendered by Mr. Curry to the defendants were important and resulted in their obtaining very large profits at little cost of labor or expenditure on their part. They could well have afforded to remunerate the plaintiff handsomely. They need not be surprised if, when the plaintiff has taken the necessary steps to put himself in a position to maintain an action against them, or to secure the taxation of a bill, the court or the taxing officer should take the view that the circumstances surrounding the professional employment of the plaintiff were very exceptional, and justify a somewhat liberal allowance to him. The ground on which the defendants succeed in their appeal, because it is not set out in their notice of motion, is only available to them by the indulgence of the court. For these reasons the appellants are not entitled to costs of the action or of their appeal. The costs were not appreciably increased by the cross-appeal. The judgment should be vacated and judgment entered dismissing the action without costs, but without prejudice to any proceedings by the plaintiff to recover in respect of services rendered by him to the defendants.

Before Meredith, C.J., MacMahon, J. Teetzel, J.

Hutchinson v. Rogers.—A. B. Morine, K.C., for defendant, appellant. E. E. A. DuVernet, K.C., and W. B. Milliken, for plaintiffs, contra, and also cross-appeal. Argument of appeal resumed from yesterday and concluded. Judgment reserved.

Young v. Dominion Construction Co.—F. D. Kerr (Peterboro), for defendants, appealed from the judgment of Magee, J., of 18th September, 1908. G. F. Shepley, K.C., and R. F. McWilliams (Peterboro) for plaintiff. J. A. Paterson, K.C., for third party.

Action by a physician of Peterboro to recover for medical fees and attendance on one, David J. Moore, an employe of defendants, amounting to $30. Defendants deny liability on the ground that they entered into contract with the Canadian General Electric Company for the construction of a building, during the erection of which Moore was injured and was treated by plaintiff for the Electric Company, and they made the Electric Company third parties, and claimed indemnity against them. The action was tried before Magee, J., who gave judgment against the defendants for $301 and costs, and dismissed defendants' claim against third party, with costs. Defendants appeal. Appeal as against plaintiff dismissed with costs, and as against third party judgment reserved.

Court of Appeal.

Before Moss, C.J., Osler, J., Garrow, J., Maclaren, J., Meredith, J.

Bainard v. Michigan Central Railroad.—E. C. Cattanach for appellant. C. St. Clair Leitch and J. R. Green for respondent. Argument of appeal resumed from yesterday and concluded. Judgment reserved.

Waddell v. the Pere Marquette Railroad Co.—C. St. Clair Leitch and J. R. Green (St. Thomas), for defendants, appellants. L. F. Heyd, K.C., and R. H. McConnell (St. Thomas), for plaintiff, respondent.

Plaintiff, a car-repairer and inspector of cars in the employment of defendants at Rondeau, on 21st November, 1907, went into the pump-house for certain needed tools, when the boiler of the engine in the pump-house exploded, thereby seriously injuring plaintiff. Plaintiff charged explosion to negligence of defendants and brought action, claiming $10,000 damages at common law, or in alternative $3000 under the Workmen's Compensation for Injuries Act. The action was tried at St. Thomas before Magee, J., and a jury, and $3000 damages awarded to the plaintiff. By leave defendants appeal direct to this court. Judgment reserved.

Lappage v. Canadian Pacific Railway.—I. F. Hellmuth, K.C., and G. A. Walker, for defendants, appellants. E. E. A. Du Vernet, K.C., A. H. F. Lefroy, K.C., and G. W. Hood (West Toronto), for plaintiffs, respondents.

Action by widow and infant daughter of W. G. Lappage, who was a pipe-fitter in the employment of defendants, and was accidentally killed while repairing pipes under a car by the car falling on him, on 10th December, 1907, who claimed $5000 damages, alleging accident caused by negligence of defendants. Defendants denied negligence, and charged accident to negligence of plaintiff. The action was tried on 23rd September, 1908, before Clute, J., and a jury, and judgment for plaintiffs for $4000 and costs given. By leave defendants appeal direct to this court. Not concluded.

CAN PROTECT "WIRELESS."

Invention for Maintaining Secrecy in Despatch.

PARIS, Nov. 25.—Bellini and Tosi, two Italian scientists, who, with the sanction of the French Government, have been conducting experiments in wireless telegraphy for the past 18 months on the coast of Normandy, announce that they have solved the problem of independent wireless communication.

This result, they say, has been secured by means of two rectangular aerials fixed at right angles and so attached to the apparatus for reception and transmission as to permit the transmission of unequal currents. By a simple law of mechanics, these two electromagnetic forces unite and produce an electro-magnetic field and the Hertzian waves are projected in a single vertical plane which can be alternated instantly by means of the Bobine device.

DEPORTING CARPET MAKERS

U. S. Government to Send Back Fifty-Three Workers to Scotland.

WASHINGTON, Nov. 25.—A sweeping deportation of violators of the contract labor laws has been ordered by the department of commerce and labor.

Fifty-three persons, either contract laborers or dependents, who came to the United States under alleged unlawful arrangements with the Firth Carpet Co., located at Firth Cliff, N. Y., have been ordered to be returned to their homes in England and Scotland.

"CAN I GET WELL?"

If Your Trouble comes from the Kidneys, or from Kidney Poisons in the Blood,

YES!

And if you have been ailing a long time don't lose your courage. It takes a little time—takes some constitutions longer than others. But Doan's Kidney Pills will gradually drain the poisons out of your system; the pain in your back will stop; the sediment in the urine will cease; there will be no rheumatic pains; you will feel freer and brighter, and when the last of the poisons have gone you will be well.

There is no way of getting the kidney poisons out of the system except through the kidneys, and no medicine so effective in taking them out as Doan's Kidney Pills.

Mr. W. Perkins, South Maitland, N.S., writes: "I feel it my duty to let you know of the great cure I have obtained by using Doan's Kidney Pills. For six months I could not obtain a good night's rest, had to get up four or five times to urinate, and the urine was very thick and red. I commenced using Doan's Kidney Pills and in a very short time I was right and fit again. I am very thankful to have found so speedy a cure."

Price 50 cents per box, 3 boxes for $1.25, at all dealers or mailed direct by The T. Milburn Co., Limited, Toronto, Ont.

In ordering specify "Doan's."

Hard Coughs

We publish the complete formulas of all our medicines. We are proud of them. We have nothing to conceal; no secrets to hide.

If your doctor fully endorses your taking Ayer's Cherry Pectoral for your hard cough, then buy it and use it. If he does not, then do not take a single dose of it. He knows all about this splendid medicine for coughs and colds. J. C. Ayer Co., Lowell, Mass.

BOOT BARGAINS

THE LAST FRIDAY of this great out-clearing of Men's high-class Boots. Full size range still. Big selection. Every pair Goodyear welted. All flawless. Workmanship perfect. Not a pair but is right in style. Made upon the newest and foot-conforming American lasts. Come Friday. Fix your feet for heavy travelling. Winter's just around the corner. Share in

THE TWO GREATEST BOOT VALUES IN TOWN

THESE BOOTS were made to sell at $4, $4.50 and $5, and they're worth it to the last cent. Solid leather calf-skin, Blucher or laced, black or tan, all Goodyear welted. Right weights for now wear. The wind-up sale price **2.85**

AND THESE were made to sell at from $5 to $8 a pair, the highest grade boots obtainable. Best of box, velour and chrome calfskin, black or tan, lace or Blucher. Double extension soles for wet walking, all Goodyear welted. The wind-up sale price a pair . . **3.50**

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Select any watch, chain, brooch, pin, links, piece of silverware, locket, and pay half the price. Remember, this is only for Wednesday and Thursday, and was never attempted before. Come early, and make the best selections. It's a chance of a lifetime to buy Xmas gifts of the highest quality. Welsman carries only reliable goods.

DIAMONDS AT $75 PER CARAT. They've sold like hot cakes. A few more left.

No. 1. 1 Carat Superb Cutting **$75.00** Cost elsewhere $125.00.

No. 2. **$60.00** 3-4 Carat Ball of Fire.

No. 3. **$40.00** 5-6 Carat Flawless Cutting

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Fireman's Desperate Chance.

NEW YORK, Nov. 25.—Lowering himself over the cornice of a five-storey tenement house, and dangling 70 feet above the sidewalk, Frank Semple, a fireman, early to-day by desperate efforts prevented David Lynch, his wife and five children from leaping from the window to escape the flames that were creeping up behind them.

Smallpox at Lyn.

BROCKVILLE, Nov. 25.—(Special.)—Five cases of smallpox have been discovered at Lyn. They were being treated for chickenpox.

Steel Steamer on Rocks.

AMHERSTBURG, Nov. 25.—A large steel steamer, name unknown, is on the rocks of Chicanok, south of Pelee Island, Lake Erie.

SHIP SINKS IN FOG.

Steel Steamers Collide in Lake Huron and One Goes Down.

DETROIT, Mich., Nov. 25.—The steel steamer North Star of the Mutual Transit line of Buffalo, was sunk early to-day in Lake Huron, by a collision with a sister ship, the Northern Queen.

The steamers collided in a dense fog, while off Port Sanilac. The North Star sank so quickly that her crew had barely time to escape to the Northern Queen, which also suffered considerable damage, but was able to proceed back to Port Huron. Both boats were built at Cleveland in 1889 and are 295 feet long.

Vincento Lucello, who wounded a fellow-Italian in a fracas among workmen at Chaudiere Falls, got three years in a Hull court.