

extends. At this spot the bearings of the following objects were taken, with a good surveying instrument, October 22, 1780.

Summit of the White Mountains, N. 15. W.

Cape Porpoise, N. 63. E.

Rocheſter Hill, N. 64. W.

Tuckaway South Peak, S. 80. W.

Froſt's Hill, Kittery, S. 57. W.

Saddle of Bonabeag, N. 14. W.

Iſle of Shoals Meeting-houſe, S. 6. E.

Varney's Hill, in Dover, diſtant 104 miles by menſuration, N. 89. W.

Variation of the Needle, 6. W.

AGAMENTICUS, a river in the centre of York county, diſtrict of Maine. It is indebted to the ocean for its waters, through Paſcataqua Bay; having no conſiderable aid from ſtreams of freſh water. Its mouth is about four miles ſoutherly from Cape Neddick river. Small veſſels can enter here.

AGAMUNTIC, or *Amaguntic Pond*, in the diſtrict of Maine, ſends its waters northward to the Chaudiere, through the weſt branch of that river.

AGOMISO, an iſland in James's Bay, near its weſtern coaſt, N. N. E. from Albany Fort.

AGUGA Cape, on the coaſt of Peru, S. America, lies ſouthward of Puira, in the 6th deg. of S. lat. and in the 82d of W. long.

ALABAMA, a conſiderable river in E. Florida. Alſo ſaid to be the name of a branch of St. Mary's river.

ALABAMA, an Indian village, delightfully ſituated on the banks of the Miſſiſſippi, on ſeveral ſwelling green hills, gradually aſcending from the verge of the river. Theſe Indians are the remains of the ancient Alabama nation, who inhabited the eaſt arm of the *Great Mobile river*, which ſtill bears their name, now poſſeſſed by the Creeks, or Muſcogulges, who conquered the former.

ALABAMA River, is formed by the junction of the *Coofa* or *Coofee*, or *High Town river*, and Tallapoſſee river, at Little Tallaſſee, and runs in a S. W. direction, until it meets Tombigbee river from the N. W. at the great iſland which it there forms, 90 miles from the mouth of Mobile bay, in the gulf of Mexico. This beautiful river has a gentle current, pure waters, and excellent fiſh. It runs about 2 miles an hour,

is 70 or 80 rods wide at its head, and from 15 to 18 feet deep, in the driest ſeaſon. The banks are about 50 feet high, and ſeldom, if ever, overflowed. Travellers have gone down in large boats, in the month of May, in 9 days from Little Tallaſſee to Mobile bay, which is about 350 miles by water. Its banks abound with valuable productions in the vegetable and mineral kingdoms.

ALABASTER, or *Eleuthera*, one of the Bahama or Lucayo iſlands, on which is a ſmall fort and gariſon. It is on the Great Bahama Bank. The ſoil of this iſland, and Harbor Iſland, which lies at the north end of it, is better than Providence Iſland, and produces the greateſt part of the pine-apples that are exported; the climate is very healthy. N. lat. 25. to 26. W. long. 75 to 76. 5.

ALACHUA SAVANNAH, is a level green plain, in the country of the Indians of that name, in E. Florida, ſituated about 75 miles weſt from St. Auguſtine. It is above 15 miles over, and 50 in circumference; and ſcarcely a tree or buſh of any kind to be ſeen on it. It is encircled with high ſloping hills, covered with waving foreſts, and fragrant orange groves, riſing from an exuberantly fertile ſoil. The ancient *Alachua town* ſtood on the borders of this ſavannah; but the Indians removed to *Cuſcoquilla*, 2 miles diſtant, on account of the unhealthineſs of the former ſcite, occaſioned by the ſtench of the putrid fiſh and reptiles, in the ſummer and autumn, driven on ſhore by the alligators, and the noxious exhalations from the marſhes of the ſavannah. Though the horned cattle and horſes bred in theſe meadows are large, ſleek, ſprightly, and fat, yet they are ſubject to mortal diſeaſes; ſuch as the water rot, or ſcald, occaſioned by the warm water of the ſavannah; while thoſe which range in the high foreſts are clear of this diſorder.

ALACRANES, LOS, a long range of ſhoals, banks, and rocks, on the ſouth ſide of the gulph of Mexico, oppoſite the peninſula of Yucatan, eaſt from Stone Bank, and weſt from Cape St. Antonio; within the 23d deg. of N. lat. and between the 89th and 91ſt degrees of W. long.

ALASKA, a long peninſula on the N. W. coaſt