

<u>Paper</u>	<u>External Issues</u>						<u>Total Score</u>	<u>% Support Score</u>
	1	2	3	4	5	6		
Le Devoir, Montreal				12	10	6	28/75	37
L'Action Catholique, Qué.					5	12	17/55	31
Montreal Star	2	5	3	10	5	6	31/105	30

Issue Code: 1. Broader base for NATO (1959-62), 2. Consultation within NATO (1960-63), 3. Berlin crisis (1961), 4. NATO nuclear force (1960-65), 5. France's withdrawal (military command) (1965-66, 6. Canadian forces in Europe (1966-67).

An example from table No. 9 will show why the weighting factor was employed. The Toronto Globe and Mail supported Government policy for five out of the six issues. This would seem to indicate it is a fairly strong and consistent supporter of NATO, which it was up until 1965. Since that time the Globe has pressed for the withdrawal of Canadian troops from Europe, and has questioned the utility of continuing the alliance system. However, with the weighting factor it is possible to take account of this attitude pattern. Similarly, the Montreal Gazette has shown increasing support for NATO since 1960, and this can also be taken into consideration. Consequently, the overall support score for the Gazette is higher than that of the Globe.

Of the five papers with scores greater than 60, the Ottawa Citizen (84) and the Winnipeg Free Press (79) have been the staunchest supporters of NATO. This does not mean they have not been critical of how the alliance has functioned, but on every issue they offered solutions which would strengthen the concept of an Atlantic Community. The St. John Telegraph Journal (76) and the Toronto Telegram (70) have also been consistent supporters of NATO and Government policy on most issues. At the low end of the support scale are the Montreal Star, l'Action Catholique, Le Devoir, and the Halifax Chronicle Herald with scores ranging from 30 to 42. Since a score of 20 representing the minimum, the above papers can not exactly be considered as strong supporters of either the Government's policy or of NATO.

The remainder of the papers all fall within a range of 11 support points vis-à-vis the Government's score of 60, with La Presse (49), the Vancouver Sun (51), and the Toronto Globe and Mail (51) being the furthest away. However, three of the papers with less than 60 - the Windsor Star, the Montreal Gazette, and Le Soleil - are close enough to the Government's position (within 6 points) to say that, in general, they are favourably inclined toward NATO. (This is substantiated in the section dealing with NATO's future). The remaining paper, the Edmonton Journal, shows a decreasing pattern of support.

From the data in table No. 9 there seem to be four general attitude patterns with respect to NATO policy. These patterns, and the papers in each are outlined by the following table: