

THE DEAR LITTLE DAISY.

There's a dear little flower that blooms in our land. 'Twas the Almighty Himself sure that set it, It sprang like a smile from His infinite hand.

It grows in the meadows and valleys of our land. And we call it the dear little daisy of flower-land.

Like a beautiful virgin it blooms in the fields. 'Mid the buttercups and the sweet clover.

With its heart of pure gold and its petals of snow. Like a crown on all hillsides adorning.

It opens its sweet eyes in the morning. It opens its sweet eyes in the morning.

Renous River, N.B., July, 1892.

YOUTH'S DEPARTMENT.

LINCOLN'S FIRST DOLLAR.

One evening in the executive chamber, there were present a number of gentlemen, among them Mr. Seward.

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"Well," replied Lincoln. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

"No," said Mr. Seward. "I was about eighteen years of age. I belonged, you know, to what they called down South the 'scrubs' (people who do not own land and slaves were nobody there).

seemingly produced with almost no expenditure of energy. How great an improvement it represents upon all known artificial lights can be imagined when it is stated that in candle light, lamp light or gas light, the waste is more than 99 per cent. In other words, if they could be so obtained as not to throw anything away, they would give nearly 100 times the illumination which they do afford. Even the electric light is mostly waste.

HOUSE AND HOUSEHOLD.

HINTS FOR THE HOUSEHOLD.

Almond meal is very softening and whitening to the skin.

A weak solution of cooking soda will clean a hair brush without weakening the bristles.

Wash white flannels in cold water with suds made of white soap, and they will not shrink much or look yellow.

Caster oil has not failed in any case to remove warts to which it was applied once a day for two to six weeks.

To prevent colored stockings from fading put a tablespoonful of black pepper into the water in which they are rinsed.

Fine shavings from soft pine wood make a pleasant pillow. They have special curative virtues for cough and lung troubles.

Many a man, and perhaps more women, would have been saved from insanity if they had positively obtained sufficient sleep.

Pine may be made to look like some beautiful wood by giving renovated coats of hot linseed oil and rubbing hard after each coat.

For chafing, try fuller's earth pulverized, moisten the surface first when applying it. Oxide of zinc ointment is also excellent.

PEARLS.

Pearls are very perishable. They can not be considered a first-rate investment like diamonds. After a time they decay.

Sometimes a fine specimen will lose its luster and beauty within a few months, so that the possessor of such treasures does well to keep them put away in a safe place.

They are very delicately made, consisting of thin muscled ovals one upon another, with more or less annual matter between the layers, and it is no wonder that they deteriorate. Nevertheless there is a pure and lustrous pearl beauty about them which seems to last for ever.

Nothing varies so much as pearls. Their fashion affects the market constantly. Sometimes white ones are sought, while other times at intervals are in demand. For some years past black pearls have been the rage.

TREATMENT OF RHEUMATISM.

It is said that if everybody is complaining of rheumatism nowadays, young and old, rich and poor, Science ever ready with something new to alleviate the sufferings of mankind, has not failed in this direction, and now the remedy extensively used for rheumatism, the Medical Times and Register says: "The medicinal property of salol in the cases that are rheumatic in nature."

The first triumph of salol was won in the treatment of acute rheumatism, excelling as it apparently does all other remedies in its power to abate and lessen fever. It all the conditions be prepared, by the end of the second and third day fever and joint pain and swelling will have disappeared. Salol has a further use, in that it is antiseptic, and excellent results have been obtained from it when used as a disinfectant for the bowels in cases of cholera, typhoid fever, etc.

In connection with the cure of rheumatism, it may be stated that of late years massage treatment has found great favor with rheumatic patients. In practicing massage the fingers are usually moistened with some sort of oily preparation, and for this purpose nothing better can be used than another. Many physicians consider this vastly superior to vasoline or any other preparation, and its use is invariably attended with the greatest success.

MOURNING CUSTOMS.

From the earliest times the manner of expressing grief at death has differed in different countries. The Hebrew period of mourning was usually seven days; but in some instances, as at the death of Moses and Aaron, it was extended to thirty days. The mourners wore their hair cut, cut off the hair and beard, strewed ashes on their heads and cast themselves on the ground, weeping and smiting their breasts. The Greeks mourned thirty days, except in sparta, where the mourning period was limited to ten days, and wore coarse black garments, cut off their hair and secured themselves from the public gaze. In the event of the death of a great general the whole army cut off their hair and also the names of their horses. The Roman mourning period lasted only a few days; but if the death was that of some great ruler or general all business was stopped, and the funeral and the obsequies were held.

Among the Fiji Islanders the women are required to burn their bodies on the death of a chief, and in the Sandwich Islands the people go into mourning by knocking off the front teeth and by painting the lower part of the face black. The mourning of the Romans under the republic was black or dark blue for both sexes, but during the empire the women wore white. In Europe and America the color is black; in Turkey, it is violet; in China, white; in Egypt, yellow; in Ethiopia, brown. It is customary for the courts in all European countries to go into mourning on the occasion of the death of a member of a royal family. The custom of draping buildings on the death of a great man or a hero of national reputation has always prevailed in the United States.

BEWARE OF GREEN PEPPERS.

Now that the hot weather is approaching, people should be particularly attentive to their diet, above all things avoiding turpentine and stale vegetables, which invariably bring on cramps, cholera morbus, or diarrhoea. Children are particularly subject to complaints of this kind, and no mother can feel safe without having a bottle of PEPPER'S PAIN EXPELLER within easy reach. It is a safe, sure, and speedy cure for the disorders named, and no family medicine chest is complete without it. Ask for the big 25-cent bottle.



Driven from home

—dirt by Pearline. It cleans it away gently but thoroughly, easily but safely. Nothing that needs washing is too good for it; nothing that can be washed can be hurt by it. Pearline saves work. Use it once and you will never do without it; you will never do without it, half that you can with it.

Send it Back

Peppers and some medicinal uses will tell you the value of it. It is the same as 'Pearline.' IT'S FALSE. Pearline never perishes, and it never gets soiled. You can wash it in place of soap. Do it first thing in the morning. JAMES PALE, New York.

DRUNKARD'S CORNER.

KILLED IN A SALOON FIGHT.

Three men were killed in a saloon fight in Clarendon, Texas, last week.

DEATH ENDED THE STRIFE.

A young man, 25 years old, shot and killed his uncle in their cabin, near Great Barrington, Mass., last week, and then shot and dangerously wounded himself. They are charcoal burners, and were celebrating the Fourth by drinking.

WHISKEY CAUSED A FIGHT.

The miners employed at Dunreith, Ohio, celebrated the Fourth by a big drink and a riot. Forty men participated, and twelve were injured. One man had his arm badly cut, another had his teeth knocked out, and another was hurt internally. A building was demolished.

HELY FIGHT OVER WHISKEY.

About twenty-five drunk men had a desperate fight on Commercial street, Portland, Maine, one day last week. Several were badly hurt. The rowing originated from a dispute concerning the ownership of a bottle of liquor. One man was dragged through the mud, and was kicked about the head and face in a savage way.

CHILDREN BEHOLD TO BEY BEEB.

Agent Caselina of the Brooklyn Society for the Prevention of Cruelty to Children recently saw two children being sold on 34th avenue. He told them to go home and not follow them, and they led him to the 34th street. They had a few pennies, which they gave to their mother, who went straight to the saloon at the corner and bought beer. She was drunk then, and Caselina ordered Officer Hogan to arrest her.

MURDERED IN A DRUNKEN FIGHT.

A man 25 years of age was murdered by his brother-in-law on the Fourth in a house corner of Yale and Matilda streets, Pittsburgh. The affair was the result of a drunken brawl. All the participants were drunk. One of the men spoke disparagingly of the murdered man's wife. Her husband took up the quarrel in her behalf. One grabbed him by one arm and another by the other. The former pulled out a razor and cut the victim in the brain. Another dagger now took part in the fray. Some one of the fighting trio got a butcher knife and drove it to the hilt in the victim's abdomen. The man lingered for two hours only.

Ask Your Friends

Who have taken Hood's Sarsaparilla will think of it, and the replies will be in its favor. One has been cured of indigestion and dyspepsia, another kind of indigestion, and a third of rheumatism, and a fourth of skin troubles, others report remarkable cures of scrofula, salt rheum and other blood diseases. Still others will tell you that it cures "that tired feeling," and so on. Truly, the best advertisement which Hood's Sarsaparilla receives is the hearty endorsement of the army of friends it has won by its positive medicinal merits.

IT IS THE BEST.

DEAR SIR:—I have used your B. B. B. for the past five or six years, and find the best cure for sore stomach and indigestion. I have also used Hood's Pills and can recommend them highly. AMANDA FOOTE, New Bedford, Mass.

Tommy—"Paw, when a man commits political suicide does he shoot his head off?" Mr. Figg—"No," merely his mouth."

SUDDENLY PROSTRATED.

WILHELM, I was suddenly prostrated while at work by a severe attack of cholera morbus. We sent for a doctor, but he could not help. An examination about every forty minutes was fast wearing me out, when we sent for a bottle of Hood's Sarsaparilla, which saved my life. Mrs. J. N. VAN NAB, 1109, Mount Bridge, Ont.

The Emperor of China has ten men to do nothing but carry his umbrella. Which shows that the Emperor of China has an inexhaustibly suspicious nature.

STICK TO THE RIGHT.

Right actions spring from right principles. In cases of mania, dysentery, cramps, colic, summer complaints, cholera, morbus, etc., the right remedy is Hood's Sarsaparilla. It is a sure, safe, and speedy cure for the disorders named, and no family medicine chest is complete without it. Ask for the big 25-cent bottle.

The cabbage is about the only thing a farmer can raise to get a head.

NO BOCUS

Doctors' letters used to sell HOOD'S Sarsaparilla. Every one of its advertisements is absolutely true.

THE SUNLIT PATH.

BY JOHN SAVAGE.

I pity those who sing and sigh of happy days long gone by; Whose only thoughts of joy are cast Upon the memories of the past; Whose sole delight is with the hours That swiftly fly in young love's bowers.

As thro' advancing years had brought No trusting heart, no loving thought, No magic fount, no drug no drug, No face still thro' the years unaltered.

Alas! alas! That life should pass Thus, lifeless as a face of glass, Through shine and shade the changeless ray Of love brings blessings every day.

Though bright, 'tis not in boyhood's glow The dawn of man's desire; Nor in the maiden's fancy free The woman's proud holiday.

Young love but hearts the yearning tones By which the soul a pressure owns, That, lit by Faith, may lead the heart To find on earth heavy's counterpart.

This is no tale, no age in years, It suits all seasons and all years, As it should pass This best lives pass.

Thus, lifeless as a face of glass, Through wood and wall along life's way, True love brings sunlight every day.

Curtain Stretchers.

Large Curtain Stretchers: 12 ft. \$1.50; 14 ft. \$2.00; 16 ft. \$2.50; 18 ft. \$3.00; 20 ft. \$3.50; 22 ft. \$4.00; 24 ft. \$4.50; 26 ft. \$5.00; 28 ft. \$5.50; 30 ft. \$6.00; 32 ft. \$6.50; 34 ft. \$7.00; 36 ft. \$7.50; 38 ft. \$8.00; 40 ft. \$8.50; 42 ft. \$9.00; 44 ft. \$9.50; 46 ft. \$10.00; 48 ft. \$10.50; 50 ft. \$11.00; 52 ft. \$11.50; 54 ft. \$12.00; 56 ft. \$12.50; 58 ft. \$13.00; 60 ft. \$13.50; 62 ft. \$14.00; 64 ft. \$14.50; 66 ft. \$15.00; 68 ft. \$15.50; 70 ft. \$16.00; 72 ft. \$16.50; 74 ft. \$17.00; 76 ft. \$17.50; 78 ft. \$18.00; 80 ft. \$18.50; 82 ft. \$19.00; 84 ft. \$19.50; 86 ft. \$20.00; 88 ft. \$20.50; 90 ft. \$21.00; 92 ft. \$21.50; 94 ft. \$22.00; 96 ft. \$22.50; 98 ft. \$23.00; 100 ft. \$23.50.

Kennedy's Medical Discovery

Takes hold in this order

Bowels, Liver, Kidneys, Inside Skin, Outside Skin.

Driving away the dirt that builds up the skin.

You know whether you need it or not.

Solely prepared by the manufacturer, by DONALD KENNEDY, Roxbury, Mass.

CASTLE & SON MEMORIALS AND LEADED GLASS

CHURCH BELLS—TUBULAR CHIMES AND BELLS

CHURCH FURNITURE MEMORIAL BRASSES FONTS LECTERNS

CASTLE & SONS, 20 University Street, Montreal.

High Class Pianos

DECKER BROS., NEW YORK.

The best now made.

GABLER & BRO., NEW YORK.

One of the best American makers.

MASON & HAMLIN, BOSTON.

Well and favorably known all over the world.

HEINTZMAN & CO., TORONTO.

The oldest and best makers in the Dominion.

Brantford Pianos, Brantford, Ont.

First-class instruments at a low price.

DOHERTY ORGAN, Clinton, Ont.

One of the best Canadian Organists in the Province.

Lowest prices and terms. Largest stock of second-hand Pianos and Organs in Montreal.

SECOND-HAND PIANOS AND ORGANS

on hand, Catalogues and price lists, mailed free.

C. W. Lindsay,

2270 St. Catherine Street, MONTREAL.

FOR SALE—Norman Upright Piano, \$75, \$1 per month. Good for country or business.

C. W. LINDSAY, 2270 St. Catherine Street.

FOR SALE—Broadwood Square Piano, \$150, \$1 per month in good order.

C. W. LINDSAY, 2270 St. Catherine Street.

FOR SALE—The following Upright Piano, \$100, \$1 per month in good order.

C. W. LINDSAY, 2270 St. Catherine Street.

FOR SALE—Broadwood Square Piano, \$175, \$1 per month in good order. A fine instrument.

C. W. LINDSAY, 2270 St. Catherine Street.

FOR SALE—Two Organs, \$25 each, \$1 per month. Very good value.

C. W. LINDSAY, 2270 St. Catherine Street.

HOTEL BALMORAL, MONTREAL—Now under an entire change of management, is unrivalled by any hotel in Canada. The equipment is most complete, the service is unexcelled and every consideration is given to the comfort of guests. It is in the heart of the city and within a few minutes' walk of the R. C. R. depots and shopping districts. Terms \$2 to \$3 per day. JAMES SMITH, Proprietor, 2216

DR. FULTON Cures patients of all Diseases by letter or interview. Enquiry FREE. Piles, Tumors, Cancer, Scrofula, etc., cured without Surgical operations. Hours, 10 to 10 p.m. Bell Telephone 3581 Residence, 2448 St. Catherine Street.

ST. BRENDAN.

HIS DISCOVERY OF AMERICA A. D. 545.

A Most Interesting Historical Letter From Dr. Ford, Written to the Charlotte Town Watchman.

St. Brendan discovered America, A. D. 545, according to the account given by Colum in his Acta Sanctorum Hibernia. He set sail from the port of Tralee, in the county of Kerry, Ireland, and landed at a port supposed to be Chesapeake Bay. He sailed his ship in an adjoining port, supposed to be Potomac Harbor, in Virginia, and named the continent after his