Hurry and Haste.

"Nover do anything in a hurry," 's the advice given to attorneys and solicitors by Mr. Warren. "No one in a hurry can positive his wits about him; and re. And to our lips is held the cup of strife; possibly have his wite about him; and remember that in the law there is ever an apponent watching to find you off your guard. You may occasionally be in haste, but you need never be in a hurry; take care—redulve—never to be so. Itemumber always that others' interests are occupying the strength of the properties. your attention, and suffer by your inadver tence—by that negligence which generally occasions hurry. A man of first-rate business talents—one who always looks so calm and tranquil, that it makes one's seli feel cool on a hot Summer day to look at him—once told me that he had never been him—once told fale that he had never been in a hurry but once, and that was for an entire fortnight, at the commencement of his career. It nearly killed him; he spoiled everything he touched; he was al-ways breathless, and harassed, and miser-able; but it did him good for life; he resolved never again to be in a hurry—and never was, no, not once, that he could re-member, during twenty-five years' practice! Observe, I speak of being hurried and flustered—not of being in haste, for that is often inevitable; but then is always seen the superiority and inferiority of different men. You may indeed almost de-fine hurry as the condition to which are inferior man is reduced in haste. I one day observed, in a committee of the House of Commons, sitting on a railway bill, the chief secretary of the company, during several hours while great interests were in jeopardy, preserve a truly admirable cool-ness, tranquility, and temper, conferring on him immense advantages. His sugges-tions to counsel were masterly, and exquisfiely well timed; and by the close of the day he had triumphed. 'How is it that one never sees you in a hurry?' said I, as we were pacing the long corridor, on our way from the committee-room. 'Because it's so expensive,' he replied, with a significant smile, I shall never forget that observation, and don't you."—Warren on Attorneys and Solicitors.

The Power of a Voice. Alady living near Boston, owned, some

years ago, a horse of whom she was both fond and proud. He was not one of those styled "family horses," because they have neither spirit to prance nor strength to run away, and who, if left to themselves would never go at all. He was as fleet as a deer, and as sensitive as a bird. No one must have nor the road nor the pass him on the road, nor touch him with whip, as if he could be outdone. or need edurging on to his duty. He was not a horse you would ask your grandmother to drive! And yet he had sound sense and good judgment; and sometimes he showed presence of mind and submission to cir-sumstances which might have put to shame many with reasoning powers. He also manifested affection and gratitude for the kind treatment he received. Once when his mistress was driving, they came to the foot of a hill down which a teamster was suhing with tremendous speed, keeping the middle of the road as if the driver thought middle of the road as if the driver thought there was nobody in the world too good to there was nobody in the world too good to be run down by his plumber's wagon! The lady drew her horse up to the last inch of ground on her side; but all in vain. On rushed the plumber, driving as recklessly as he nips bits from our pipes to replace them with whole feet of lead, colliding with and crushing the wheels of the phaeton, throwing the leaf forward over her horse. throwing the lady forward over her horse, and dashing a superfluous old man he had in his wagon down the hill head foremost! Brave Charlie cleared himself from the wreck, ran up the hill a few paces, and then turned back to see what had become of his mistress. She, not being seriously injured, rose up and called his name, when he turned round, walked deliberately back, and allowed himself to be led home. Do you think that gay horse would have obeyed so meekly a harsh voice, associated with the memory of the whip? Never! There came a time, not long after this, when the power of that same voice saved Charlie from a frightful death. At the dead of night the bells began to ring for fire; and it was soon found that the large livery stable at which he was kept was in flames, and the horses frantic with terror and trying to break away from all control. Charlie's owner was absent; but his mistess, who had such power over him, companied by a servant, she set off in the darkness for the scene of terror. We need not describe the fury of the flames as they shot up against the black sky, and lighted the region with a lurid glare, nor yet he wild confusion among the men who were shouting to the horses that were neigling and stamping in their efforts to escape. Among the foremost of these restless pran-cers was Charlie, who, having on neither bridle nor halter, defied all the efforts of hostlers to hold him, and seemed bent on rushing back into the flames. When his brave mistress reached the wild scene, she called out "Charlie, Charlie!" in her usual sentle tone; when he at once grew quiet and looked eagerly about in the crowd for his friend! He walked gently off in the direction of her voice; she came forward and laid her hand on his velvety nose, and with no other means led him off to a place of safety. A musical voice is doubiless, like personal beauty, a gift from heaven his porsonal beauty, a gut from neaven-but low and gentle tones can be cultivated and attuned to the spirit of love and peace within the heart. We are as responsible for the influence of our voices, as for that of our words, on others; and should there-fore study not only to say what is right. fore study not only to say what is right, but also to say it pleasantly. These who have the care of children should train their voices, so as to banish all harsh and bois-terous tones from the house, and they will then have

Music in the simplest words Of household love or toil."

Ir is better to find out one of our own faults than ien of our neighbors.

We think that the man who said that most people are tired of hearing what re-ligion is not," and that the Christian faith "meets the demand of the age for the posi-tive," uttered truths which the Christian ministry may well consider and lay to

Three Angels.

And yet-u little Love can brighten life.

They say our hands may greep but joys destroyed Youth has but droams and age an aching yord. Which Dead Hea fruit long, long ago has cloyed, hose night with wild, tempestuous storms is rife, And yet—a little nors can orighten life.

They say we ding ourselves in wild despair Amid the broken treasures scattered there Where all is wrecked, where all once promised fair, And stab ourselves with sorrow's two-edged knife: And yet—a little parience at congitions life.

Is it then true, this tale of bitter grief, Of mortal anguish finding no relief? Lo! midst the winter shines the laurel leaf; Three angels share the lot of human strife, Three angels glorify the path of life.

Love, Hope, and Patience cheer us on our way; Love, Hope, and Patience form our spirit's stay; Love, Hope, and Patience watch us day by day, And bid the desert bloom with beauty vernal, Until the earthly fades in the eternal

-Prazer's Magazine.

'Jonnio June".—Gossip About Ready Made Garments for Ladies

There is nothing that is working a more certain change in the dress of women than the gradual growth of the ready-made clothing interest. Ten years ago a dress for a lady could not be purchesed ready made in the city of New York, and a few years prior to that time under clothing could only be obtained by special order, and at heavy cost. Now every article of ladies underwear can be purchased at a small advance on the cost of material. Dresses can be found as readily and in as great variety as shoes and hosiery. The greater part of this clothing is produced en masse by

manufacturers.

The whole interest is in the hands of business men, who put capital into the pur-chase of material and employ women to do

the work.
There are from twenty-five to thirty such manufacturing houses in the city of New York; four or five of these employ from four to five hundred girls about nine

months in the year. Ready-made suits and dresses never make an early appearance, for the reason that the manufacturer waits for hints from imthe manufacturer waits for hints from imported styles before venturing on their production in large quantities. When ideas are obtained about styles which are likely to be popular, the work is pushed with incedible rapidity. Hundreds of dozons are turned out daily, and put upon the market at a very moderate cost; and are sold, if the style takes, faster than they can be furnished—with all the pressure that can be brought to bear upon the workers, supplemented by steam-power applied to thousands of sewing-machines.

ands of sewing-machines.
The greatest success that has ever been achieved in any one class of goods has been accomplished during the present summer, by the sudden eruption of self-colored lawns and cambries in place of the eeru linens, which are unbecoming to many ladies, and of which not a few others were exceedingly tired. The black, brown, navy blue and bottle green cambries adapt themselves to all complexions, and with simple hair lines of ecru, cream, or white in linens or lace, present an extremely attractive appearance. Only the quantity which is produced and the counterparts, which are

mot at every street corner suggest the possibility of their outliving the season.

It is rather curious that as yet no such popularity has been acquired for fall and winter ready-made suits as that which has attended the productions of the lighter materials for the summer season. The reason undoubtedly is that, the cost of material heing greater, and the retail cost nearly or quite double that of the most elaborate summer costumes, they do not strike the same class, nor the imagination of any class, as do the five ten and twelve dollar

At present there are only three sizes of ready-made dresses to be had. Dresses for misses and girls of fifteen to seventeen can-not be bought at all; but very soon the number of sizes will be increased, and the grading be more thorough .-- The Illustrated Weekly.

Osculations Historical.

There have been some kisses in history and some that have been important in shaping political events. When Cardinal John of Lorraine was presented to the John of Lorraine was presented to the Duchess of Savoy, she gave him her hand to kiss. The great churchman was indignant. "I'll not be treated in this manner," raid he; "I kies the Queen, my mistress, and shall I not kiss you who are only a Duchess?" and, despite the resistance of the proud little Portuguese Princess, he kissed her three times squarely in the mouth. Voltaire was once publicly kiesed by the young and lovely Counters de Villers, who was connelled to this south by lars, who was compelled to this salute by the clacquers in the pit, who were mad with enthusiasm over the great writer. Georgiana, Duchess of Dovenshire, gave Stoele, a butcher, a kiss for a vote, and another lady, equally beautiful, Jane, Duchess of Gordon, recruited a regiment in a similar manner. She was in the habit of placing a shilling between her teeth, the sum usually handed recruits to bind the bargain, and inviting any man who filled the physical requirements of a soldier to take the silver from its place and become one of the famous Ninety-second. Said Daniel O'Connell, in securing votes for his favorite candidates, "Let no woman salute the man who votes against them." salute the man who votes against them." Of course he carried the day. The portrait painter, Gilbert Stuart, once met a lady in Boston who said to him, "I have just seen your likeness, Mr. Stuart, and kirsed it because it was so much like you." "And did it kiss you in return?" said he. "Nc," replied the lady. "Then," returned the gallant painter, "it was not like me."

NEVER abandon the wholesome practice of saying your own private prayers night and morning. I have never abandoned it myself, and I know the comfort of it.—Charles Dickens to his son.

Extremes Meet.

Eggs can be cooked by the extreme of cold as well as by the extreme of heat. Butter can be made like ivery, so that it can be turned. We may by the agency of this solidity many of the other liquid sub-stances, and, indeed, many of the gascons, but a more intense legree of cold is used, and we employ laughing gas. This laugh. ing gas, which is heavy, is the carbonic acid we have shown; when squeezed foreibly by the pump it becomes as beautiful and lluoid a liquid as carronic acid, and if allowed to remain produces a most intense degree of cold. We can, however, show the liquid. Let me ask you, however, to observe, prior to making that experiment, a very curiously interesting one in regard to the spheroidsi state of matter. We have here a glass lamp, and we place over this lamp a platina dish. In the platina dish we place some of this mixture of solid carbonic acid, and in the middle of it introduce the mercury, and we shall find that the mercury would freeze, showing that we have a cold at least forty degrees below zero. We used to make an experiment such as melting lead inteasely hot, and then putting the hard in cold by and then putting the hand in and ladling it from one vessel to another; for if, in lieu of this, you take a quantity of metted iron, you can plunge your hand into it with impunity, and workmen have even been able to walk on a bed of melted iron. Take a poker and put it in a hot coal fire, get it very hot, and you may lift it or wipe it on the tongue with impunity. We may have it so hot that the vapor actually protects us.

Here we shall have a more extraordinary illustration of it, for we cannot only mak ice, but can freeze mercury. We will fill this little thimble with mercury, and as soon as it is intensely hot we will introduce the mixture, and will show this curious illustration and attempt to freeze the mer-Those who make the experiment of the heated lead please remember to have the lead intensely hot and you will find that it gives out cold .- Dr. Doremus.

Clearness.

The capital defect of the writers and rine capital detect of the writers and speakers of the present day is a want of clearness, method, and power in dealing with matters which daily come to hand. Education has come to be a mere thing of bulk or quantity. It consists of accumulation. Men are losing their mental as well as physical digestive functions. Confusion, intellectual lassitude, and a want of method and of powerts green the correct method and of power to grasp the core of a subject are the consequences.

It it true that men always see the beauty and value of clearness of conception and strive after them. But too many labor at expression alone or chiefly. They whine about their want of utterance. They labor at parturition, as they suppose; and the result is a minimum quantity and a maximum of weakness and deformity in quality. Such people have no clear ideas. Instead of putting their minds in order and laboring for clear ideas first, they strive for clearness of expression. It is pitiable to see one of these people struggling and writhing to say what he has not got to say. Yet their lips go and they make a sound—"ephemeral sound of a sound." If any one who has clear ideas himself has any doubt as to the truthfulness of this criticism, let him listen to the halting, inconclusive, rambling sermons which he can hear from many of our popular extemporaneous pulpit orators. Let him hear and carefully analyze the confused, misty, frothy discourses which too often fall from some pulpits, and which the young women cannot too much bepraise, because "the language was so beautiful," and his doubts will soon vanish.

will soon vanish.

Now, what is the remedy? Simply let us give up the hallucination that we have anything worthy of the name of ideas, except those which are sufficiently clear to be expressed in clear language. Style is the mero skin of thought, and will be radiant and precise as thought is bright and well defined. All matured ideas which one has, he can express. Clearness of thought and distinctness of enunciation will secure any of our preachers large and attentive audiences. The reason that people go to sleep in the morning service and stay at home in the evening, is because the preacher has either a muddy mird, or a thick tongue.—Transylvania Presbyterian.

A Scene in Cairo.

As we sit in our hotel windows, awaiting the moment of departure, we enjoy a last tableau of Cairo. A long train of camels file by, each one attached to the tail of the one preceding. They march on erect beneath the large building stones with which they are laden. They look innocent, even sad; yet they are said to bristle with rage if provoked beyond measure. They have nardly passed when there tollows a wed-ding precession. At the head singer since ding procession. At the head pipes a piper upon a reed, which squeaks mightily; upon a reed, which squeaks mightly; then two drummers supply with great volume supply what the reed lacks in sweetness. Now follow long lines of Arabs arm in arm across the highway; then the bridegroom bestraddling a donkey. Throngs kies his hands, and prophesy happiness. Now follow women; thickly veiled walks the bride between two bridesmaids who support her and seem to address her write. the bride between two bridesmaids who support her, and seem to address her with much gesticulation, as if to tease her; but perhaps they are giving her lessons in marital matters. Four gaily-decked boys bear a canopy over her head, and she moves with the air of a stage-queen. Behind these, with much talking and shouting count he rabble tend the vile little. ning these, with much taking and shouting, come the rabbl; and the vile little donkey boys, congregating in numbers before the hotel, when not besieging some excursionicts, take part in the merry procession by pushing the bright little donkeys among them. The beasts take the brunt of the beating with gentleness, but appear not to relish the fun.—S. C. Welles, in Scribner for Describer. in Scribner for December.

In the intercourse of social life it is by little acts of watchful kindness recurring daily and hourly—and opportunities of doing kindness, if sought for, are forever starting up—it is by words, by tones, by gestures, by looks, that affection is won and

How Newspapers can be Spoilt.

"Good-natured editing," says some wise man, "spoils half the papers in the United States." Yea, verily. "Will you please publish the poetry I send?" says one, "it is my first effort; and some crude lines go in to encourage budding genus. "Our church is in great poril," says another; "will you publish our appeal?" and a long and dolorous plea is inserted. "My father took your paper for 20 years," writes another; "I think you ought to publish the resolutions passed by the session of Big Brake church when he died, and in go resolutions of no interest to a majority of the readers. "I am particularly anaious that the views I present should go before the church this week," and out go a covey of small, pithy contributions to make room for three columns from a ponderous D.D. "There is an immediate present for the for three columns from a ponderous D.D. "There is an immediate necessity for the exposure of one who is a bitter enemy to the truth," writes another as he sould an attack upon an antagonist which will fill an entire page. "I am about to publish a book identifying the Great Image of brass, iron, and clay, and I would be obliged to you to publish the advance sheets of the fifth chapter, which I herewith enclose to you." "Why do you ret publish in full R—a speech in the General Assembly? It would increase your circulation largely." "If you will publish the sermon I transmit to you." will take gight extra copies!" to you I will take eight extra copies!" The church must be aroused on the subject of foreign missions," says a pastor as he forwards the half of his last Sabbath's sermon. And the ladies—bless their sweet smiles and sweet voices—the good natured editor surrenders to them at once, and they go away happy, utterly unconscious that they have helped to spoil the paper.—Presbyterian.

There is the great affair-moral and religious improvement. What is the true business of life? To grow wiser, more pious, more benevolent, more ardent, more elevated in every noble purpose and action—to resemble the Divinity! It is acknow-ledged; who denies or doubts it? Wilst then? Why, care nothing at all about it. Sacrifice to trifles the energies of the heart, and the short and fleeting time allotted for Divine attaiuments—such is the actual course of the world. What a thing is man-

Special Actices.

A DOCTOR'S OPINION.

Mesers. Oraddock & Co., 1082 Race Street, Philadelvhia.

You will perhaps remember that I sent for three bottles of East India Hemp about ten years ago, when I had a severe cough, and every one thought I was fast going into Consumption, especially as my physician told me I could never get well. After taking your medicine I found myself cured. Intelly I have not been feeling yell and Lately I have not been feeling well, and, having good faith in the Cannabis Indica from what it did ten years ago, I again order three bottles.

Respectfully, Henry B. Spangler. MONTROSEVILLE, Lycoming Co., Pa., Sept. 20, 1875.

-This remedy speaks for itself. single bottle will satisfy the most skeptical. there is not a single symptom of Consumption that it does not dissipate. \$2.50 per bottle, or three bottles for \$6.50. Pills and Ointment, \$1.25 each. Sent at our risk. Address, Craddock & Co., 1082 Race Street

MANITOBA LANDS

Half-Breed Scrip for Sale.

Lands located anywhere in the North-west by my correspondents in person. Information about the Country cheorically given on receipt of stamp to pay roturn postage. HEFERENOES—The Editor of BRITISH AMERI-CAN PARSITZENIAN, and Hon. G. Brown, Toronto.

ARCHIBALD YOUNG, 37 Colborne btreet, Toronto.

ANGUS G. MACKAY,

INSURANCE, LOAN

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Port Huron, Michigan.

Cultivated Farms and Wild Lands for sale in St. Clair, Sanilac, and Huron Counties, Michigan, at fair prices and on the most favocable terms. Can obtain a high rate of interest and the best of Real Estate Security for Leans entrusted to me.

REFERENCES: First National Bank, J. J. Boyce & Co., Banker and Atkins Bro's.. Attorneys at Law, Port Huro Michigan.

Alexander & Stark, STOCK BROKERS.

AND ESTATE AGENTS

10 KING ST. EAST.

(Members of the Stock Exchange.)

Buy and sell Stocks, Debeutures, &c. Mort gages and Loaus negotiated.

ORDERS PROMPTLY EXECUTED

GREY. DRY.

Is now restored to its natural condition by the use of Wood's IMPROVED Hair Restorative. FADED

The IMPROVED ARTICLE is now taking she lead over all others, leaving the hair clean, soft and glossy. C.A. COOK & Co., Chicage, Sole Agents for the United States and Canada. Sold by all Druggists everywhere. Trude supplied by J. F. HAIR HENRY, CURBAN & CO., New York.

J. BRUCE & CO.

Artists and Photographers,

118 KING STREET WEST, TORONTO. (Opposite Rossin House.)

Operating done by Mr BHUCE, so wellknown as Guef operator and Manager at Retman's for the past six years.

PORTRAITS IN EVERY STYLE-THE FINEST IN THE DOMINION.

Batisfaction guaranteed at moderate prices. Discount allowed to Clergymen and Students

D'ARY'S

Curative Galvanic Belts, Bands

AND INSOLES.

are made on the most approved scientific princi-ples, and will certainly our all diseases of the sexual organs, nervous disorder,

RHEUMATIC AFFECTIONS, NEURALGIA'

weak back, and joints, indigostion, constitution, liver complaint, consumption and diseases of the kidneys and bladier. All these yield to the mild but powerful application of Electricity. Send for circular to A. NORMAN, 118 King Street West, Toronto.

D. S. KEITH & CO.,

LUMBERS, GAS & STEAM FITTERS BRASS FOUNDERS AND FINISPERS

Manufacturers of

PETROLEUM GAS WORKS

Engineers and Plumbers' Brass Work, &c., Conservatory and Groon House Heating.

Importors and Wholesale Dealers in Iron and Lead Pipos and Plumbers' Materials.

109 KING STREET WEST, TORONTO

CANADA STAINED GLASS WORKS. ESTABLISHED 1856.

FIRST PRIZE PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION 1871-75 Reclesiastical and Domestic Stained Glass Windows executed in the best style.

BANNERS AND FLAGS PAINTED TO ORDER JOSEPH McCAUSLAND PROPRIETOR.



EFFECTUALLY DESTROYS TICKS

penetrating to the vermin in all grades of development, extinguishing both natched a. unhatched life. It also improves the growth and quality of the wool, adding weight and lustre; and enables sheep to rest well and thrive. No flock master who values his stock should be without it. Price 350., 700., and \$1.00 per tim. A 35c tim will clean about 20 sheep or 30 tambs Solleyerywhere.

HUGH MILLER & CO.,

Agricultural Chemists, 167 King Street East, Toronto.

CONSTITUTIONAL

CATARRH REMEDY.

LITTLEFIELD & CO.,

PROPRIETORS.

CATARRE

Cannot be curred by snuffs, washes or local applications. It is a weakness of the co-stitution, developing itself in the nasal organs first, afterwards extending to the threat and lungs, ending generally in Consumption, if not checked by proper romedies. Poins in head, back, loins, and weakness of kidneys are its attendant diseases. More people have Catarrit than any other disease. It is easily cured. Thousands of cases, some of roarr years standing, have been entirely cured in New Hampshire and the Dominion the past three years, by the Constitutional Catarri Remedy, Cortificates to back the above, and a treatise on Catarri sont free on application to T. J. B.. Harding, Chemist, Brockville, Ont, Sond name on postal card, and it will cost only a cent. Price, 31 per bottle, or six bottles for 25 Sent to any address on receive a money.

NERVOUSNESS.

Dr. CULERIER'S Specific or French Remedy, for Nervous Beblilty, etc., attended with any of the following Symptonis.—Deringe: Direction; Loss of Appetite; Loss of Flesh; Etital and Norvous or Heavy Sleep; Inflammation or Weakness of the Kidneys, Troubled Breathing, Fainire of Volce; Irregular Action of the Heart; Eruptions on the Face and Neck Headache; Afactions of the Eyes; Loss of Memory; Sudden Flushings of Heat and Blushings; General Weakness and Indoluce; Aversion to Secty, Mediancucky, otc. Clergenos, Physicians, Lawyor, Students, and persons whose pursaits involve great Mental Activity, will find this preparation most valuable.

Price SLOS, SIX Pockets for SSOO.

Address 168. AAVIDS & CO.,
Chemist, Toronto

(Solo Acents for the apove preparation.)

DECALCOMANTE
or TRANSER PICTURES, with book as
step, stylogical instructions in this new
and localitial six, ent post paid for is cus,
life and in the locality and the locality and the locality from the locality and loca

GENUINE CRAB ORCHARD SALTS.

THE MILDEGT AND BEST CENERAL PUR-CATIVE IN USE. Endorsed by the highest med ical men in the United States. Persons suffering with costimeness of the bowels or toppid liver, will find ready relief by the use of these Salts. Mone ganuine except those put up in bottles with the label of the Crab Orchard Springs Salts Company. J. B. WILDER & CO., Agents, Louisville, Ry.

WANTED.—Hen and Wemen out of Work to write for the extraordinary inducements to Agents on the 64 column family and religious paper, "The Centributer," with its unsurpassed pramium attraction. Only \$1.10 a year. Assents say, "Nover new anything take lit;" "Self-theory," Took 54 manes in 11; heurs," For terms, ample, etc., address, Jas. E. Lanks Boston Mon.