- 462. E. intestinata, Gn.—Fairly common. June to middle of July.
 463. E. vitalbata, Schiff.—Common. End May to middle of July.
 This species, widely distributed in Europe, was first recorded as North
 American from Calgary. It occurs in Manitoba. I have it from the
 Red Deer River, a hundred miles north-east of Calgary; so it seems to
 be a prairie rather than a mountain species in this hemisphere. In
 Europe the larva feeds on Clematis vitalba, the "Traveller's Joy," whence
 its name, but from localities where I have sometimes found it here it is
 almost certain that it does not, at any rate, confine itself exclusively to
 Clematis in Alberta.
- 464. Erchæca albovittata, Gn.—Common, though apparently somewhat local in woods, and rarely met with outside them. End June and July.
- 465. E. cretaceata, Pack.—Fairly common. In this district I have found it more commonly on the prairies than in the hills. In the Kootenai list Dr. Dyar seems to imply that there it occurs most frequently at the higher altitudes. I have met with it very sparingly at Laggan, the highest-up capture being at Agnes Lake (6,850 ft.). End June and July.
- 466. Calocalpe (Hydria) undulata, Linn.—Not common. End June to middle Aug.
- 467. Eustroma testata, Linn.—Fairly common. At light, and occasionally at treacle. August.
- 468. E. propulsata, Walk., = Packardata, Lint., = populata, Pack., non. Linn.—Rather rare. July 20th to Aug. 13th. The synonymy is Mr. Taylor's, who says: "I don't believe we have the real populata in America. Dr. Dyar's (Hulst's) synonymy under this name is all wrong." In the Kootenai list Dr. Dyar suggests that European populata, Linn, and Packardata, Lint., are probably distinct, but records both forms from British Columbia. Mr. Taylor, however, who has compared a good series of the European populata, claims that Dr. Dyar's "true populata" from B. C. is quite a different insect, and hitherto undescribed.
- 469. E. destinata, Mœschl.—I have taken five or six specimens in the mountains. On Sulphur Mt., Banff, 4.500 to 6,000 feet, and at Laggin up to about the same altitude. The Laggan specimens are a little the smaller. August 7th to 13th, 1900. Mr. Taylor says: "These appear to be variations of what Dr. Dyar decides to be Eustroma destinata. It differs considerably from the destinata of the prairies." He refers a Calgary male doubtfully to the same species.