

FOREIGN.

HIGHLY IMPORTANT NEWS FROM LIMA.—*The Usurper Salaverry defeated and taken prisoner.*—By a letter from our correspondent at Payta, March the 2d, 1836, we have the important information that the civil war in Lima has terminated by a pitched battle, Feb. 7, on the heights of "Alto de la Luna," near Areduipo, in which the army of Salaverry was completely routed, and he taken prisoner attempting to make his escape to Islay on the sea coast, where his vessels of war were assembled. He had 2,500 men, while Santa Cruz numbered 6,000, composed of Peruvians and Bolivians.—The battle lasted seven days, when Salaverry, after repeatedly repulsing the assaults of Santa Cruz, was ultimately compelled to yield, from fatigue and exhaustion, to an overwhelming force. Our correspondent adds, "The slaughter is said to have been terrible, and the field was covered with headless trunks, the dying, and the dead." Santa Cruz acknowledges a loss of 600 men.

On the 13th of Feb. Salaverry, together with his Generals, and Cols. Fernandez, Picoaga, Moya, Cardenas, and five others, were shot. The officers suffered first, and when Salaverry was brought out to have the bandage on his eyes, he disdainfully refused, saying "I can look my murderers in the face, for fear is no part of my composition." We may admire the courage, but must despise the cruelty, and rejoice in the fate of this wretched tyrant.—He expressed a wish to be shot by a guard of his own countrymen, which was complied with. This soidisant "Napoleon of South America" then carried out the farce still farther, but very inappropriately, by imitating that great captain at Grenoble, and saying, "If you will kill your General—fire!" which they did. Eighty more of his officers were sentenced to be shot, and about 100 more condemned to hard labor, in chains, for three years, on the public works of Peru. Among which will be a splendid bridge near Arequipa, which Salaverry blew up in the course of the action.—*Star.*

In addition to the above, we learn from the Baltimore Gazette, that previous to the battle, Gen. Orbegoso, the rightful President of Peru, (in whose behalf Santa Cruz engaged in the war) had purchased the barque Silas E. Burrows, of N. York, for \$22,000, and schr. Olive, of Boston, for \$7,000, and fitted them out as cruisers against the navy of Salaverry, which consisted of 2 brigs and a schooner.

UNITED STATES.

From the Richmond Compiler.

THE FLORIDA WAR—We have been favoured, by a gentleman of this place, with the subjoined extract of a letter. It excites strong apprehensions in our mind, and will cause us to look for farther particulars with intense anxiety.

MONTICELLO, FLORIDA,
April 9th, 1836.

"The Indian news within the last two days have astonished us. I am really afraid that they have treated Gen. Scott as they had before treated Gen. Gaines. There is good reason to believe they have cut off all communication between Gen. Scott and the other forces. I saw yesterday a gentleman, immediately from East Florida, who assured me that this was the fact. I think the information may be relied on. Osceola acknowledges that he is nearly out of ammunition—but in the last week he has cut off Gen. Scott's baggage wagons, on their way from Fort Drane, to the Wahla-cochee, and it is very much to be apprehended that he has gained enough ammunition to supply him for some time.

GREAT BRITAIN.

"DUCHESS OF SUTHERLAND."—This new steam vessel, destined to ply between Inverness and London, arrived in the Moray Firth on Monday evening, and has had numerous visitors. She is a noble vessel, built in the first style of modern art, with all its improvements, and bears sufficient evidence, both in security and elegance, that no exertion nor expense has been spared in making her as desirable a possible of the support of merchants, agriculturists, and passengers. The *Duchess of Sutherland* built by Wood & Mill of Duglass, and the machinery by Mr R. Napier, Glasgow, which may be considered a sufficient guarantee to the public for the sufficiency of the workmanship; she is 574 tons burthen, and 250 horse power; and is considered one of the fastest sailing boats that ever left the Clyde. As a proof of this we may mention that she made the passage from Greenock to Inverness, a distance, we believe of about five hundred and twenty miles in forty-eight hours, fifty minutes' sailing, although the wind was unfavourable. The cabin is spacious and beautifully furnished, and the bedrooms seem very convenient. We congratulate the public on the commencement of this new source of communication, which promises to be highly advantageous to the agricultural and commercial interests of the north of Scotland. She is to call at the intermediate ports only, when wind and water will permit.—*Inverness Journal.*

THE WEEK.

WEDNESDAY MORNING, MAY 25, 1836.

THE accounts we have published to day from the seat of war in Texas, are of a highly interesting nature, if their accuracy can be depended upon. Colonel Fannin, who commanded at Goliad, with about 330 men under him, in evacuating that Fort by orders of General Houston, was surrounded by a superior force, and we regret to say, that in place of trusting to their swords, in cutting their way through the perfidious enemy, got entrapped into capitulation; thus affording the ruthless and merciless Mexicans an opportunity of renewing their Bexar atrocities, and a second commentary on their leader's declared maxim, that "faith is not to be kept with heretics and rebels." But by far the most important part of the intelligence, we conceive, is the fact, that Santa Anna has succeeded in stirring up the neighbouring Indian tribes, to make common cause with him against the Texans and Americans! In order to avail himself more fully of this new posture of affairs, it appears he has divided his army, he remaining in person with the main body on the Brazos, to contend with General Houston, and sending a strong detachment across the Colorado, through the Upper country, to concentrate the Indian auxiliaries; and it appears that this combined force, (by some accounts said to be 10,000, and by others 1,500 strong,) had made a rapid movement on the Sabino river, and were committing excesses not only on the Texans, but also on the American citizens on their own territory. The United States Gen'l Gaines having lately taken the command of a corps of observation on the Frontier, on hearing of these hostile movements, had, with just promptitude, marched with the troops under his command, to the Sabine, which is the boundary line, to protect the persons and interests of the citizens of the United States. We shall not be much surprised, therefore, if we shortly hear of a hostile collision between the troops of the two Republics. We need scarcely add, that this event would of all others, be the most likely to save the Texans from utter destruction. It is quite impossible that the few thousands of Texian colonists can contend single-handed with their blood-thirsty oppressors, and we think that Jonathan is on the watch, for a favourable pretext to protect his countrymen in the south, and add another State to the already unwieldy confederation.

UPPER CANADA.—The Assembly of this Province have, by a large majority, withheld the supplies; his Excellency Sir F. B. Head has prorogued the Parliament, and it is reported that he has refused the royal

assent to many important bills, and that he will shortly appeal to the people for a new Parliament.

LITERARY SOCIETY.—We are desired to intimate that DR GESNER, from Parrsboro, will deliver a Lecture this evening, at the usual hour, at the request of the Society, on GEOLOGY.

ARISAIG PIER.—We are informed that a subscription has been opened for repairing Arisaig Pier, and that the inhabitants in that neighbourhood have cheerfully subscribed to the extent of £100. Others who ought to consider themselves no less interested than those who have done so, should follow the laudable example thus set them. The utility of this place of safety for mens' lives and property has never been questioned by persons acquainted with the coast.

Subscriptions for the above purpose will be thankfully received at this Office.

FIRE.—The Court House and Jail at Annapolis, was entirely consumed by fire on the morning of the 9th April.

[COMMUNICATED.]

AN examination took place in the school room at Arisaig, on the 16th inst. where upwards of 50 English, 2 Latin, and 5 Gaelic pupils received instruction during the last 6 months, under the conduct of Alexander McGilvray, late from St. Andrews College, P. E. Island. The progress the scholars have made in these various departments, is no less satisfactory to their parents and guardians, than creditable to the teacher, whose zeal, abilities, and assiduity in the discharge of his obligations, fully realized the anticipations which his numerous supporters had formed of his religious and moral conduct, before he entered on this important situation.

W. B. McLEOD, P. P.

ANGUS GILLIES,

JOHN McDONALD,

ALEXANDER McDONALD.

Arisaig, 20th May, 1836.

[COMMUNICATED.]

ROMAN CATHOLIC CHAPEL AT PUGWASH.—The liberality of Mr Isaac Ladd, of this place, towards the above building, which is the first that ever was in contemplation in this part of the province, shows a nobleness of disposition, and a mind entirely destitute of religious animosity. He has most generously offered a valuable lot of ground situated in the centre of the village, to the Catholics of the place, which they gratefully accepted of, and which was to them a stimulus to exert themselves for the more speedy erection of their House of Worship. Many persons, tho' of a different creed, intimated their willingness to contribute towards it. Mr Napier Fursner has already given a handsome donation.

Editors of Papers and others who have kindly acted as Agents for procuring Subscribers for "the Harmonicon" will confer an additional favour by sending us their lists of Subscribers' names.

TRAVELLERS' MEMORANDA.

Arrivals during the past week.

At Mrs Davison's.—Messrs Clark, Walker, McDonald, Davis, Coston, Conroy, McCormick, Clark, and Mr and Mrs Hadley.

At the Royal Oak.—Dr Gesner, Messrs Stewart, McDonald, Brennan, and Grant.

At Mr. Harpers.—Mr Hollingworth, Mr and Mrs Archibald, and Mr Cowan.

At Mr Lorrains.—Messrs Scott, Wilson, Smith, and Heatherton.

DIED,

At Government House, St Georges, Grenada, on 21st March last, in the 45th year of his age, His Excellency Lieutenant Col. Mair, Governor of that Island.

At Parrsborough, on Monday, the 4th inst, James Ratchford, Esq. aged 73 years. He resided the last fifty years in that place, and uniformly manifested the most lively interest in the welfare and prosperity of its inhabitants.