Every added Subscription Helps to make This paper better For everybody

# The Atteckly Monitor

Featuring the

VOL. XLV-No. 29

BRIDGETOWN, ANNAPOLIS COUNTY, N. S., WEDNESDAY, OCTOBER 24, 1917

TERMS: -\$1.50 per Year in Advance. Single Copies 3 cents

## Why Canada Needs More Money

TP to date the war has cost Canada about \$700,000,000.

Canada has spent in Canada over \$400,000,000 on her own account.

Canada has spent in Canada on behalf of Great Britain over \$300,000,000. What Canada spends for Great Britain is really loaned to Great Britain and will be repaid or credited to Canada later on.

cash to finance her own expenditures at . home for herself and for our Allies that she must buy on credit from Canada, and from every other country where she can get

Of course Great Britain's credit is so good that other countries, in order to get her trade, are quite as willing to give her credit as we are in Canada.

Canada wants to help Great Britain not only because Canada wants Britain's trade but because we are Canada and she is Great Britain-both members of the same gustat Empire, kin of our kin, our mother-

For Canada it is both a filial and patriotic duty to supply Great Britain's war needs and remember, her needs are our needs. Also it is in Canada's self-interest to supply those needs and thus keep open a market for our products.

Now, Britain needs our wheat, our cheese, cattle, hogs, and many manufactured articles.

Canada also needs many of these things -between the two it amounts to more than a million dollars a day in cash.

And the producers must be paid in

Neither Canada nor Great Britain could go to a Canadian farmer and buy his wheat or his cattle on credit.

The farmer and all other producers might be ever so willing to give their country credit but they could not do it because they have to pay cash for wages,

Great Britain needs so much ready a for rent, materials, etc. They must be paid in eash, or its equivalent.

So Canada says to Great Britain:-"I will lend you the money so that you can pay cash to Canada's producers for what

"I will borrow this money from our own people just as you borrow money from

your people.
"I will also borrow from the people of Canada money to pay cash for all the products that Canada, as well as Great Britain, needs in Canada.'

That is Canada's practical, patriotic part in helping to win the war.

Without this credit the Canadian producer could not sell to Great Britain, and without these Canadian products the war would be prolonged.

So it is necessary for Canada to give to Great Britain the credit in order that Canada's own producers, who need a market, will have one; and in order that Great Britain which needs the products to win the war, will get them.

Now how does Canada get the money by which both Canada and Britain can pay cash for Canada's products?

By borrowing it from the people of Canada through the sale of Canada's Victory Bonds to be offered in November.

That is why Canada's Victory Bonds are offered to the people—to raise money to help to finish the war.

"Canada must keep her shoulder to the wheel even though it be a chariot of hre, and the way for Canada to keep her shoulder to the wheel is by buying

UNDER CONVOY

the Antilles, Homeward Bound, Was
Torpedoed With Loss of Nineteen
Lives Submarine Remained Submerged.

When the exception of ne scort values ing steamer. The statement as to the locality of the attack is untrue, as is also the statement regarding the destruction of the escort vessels.

"The enemy raiders succeeded in evading the British watching squade in the exception of the scort vessels. The Antilles, Homeward Bound, Was

WASHINGTON, Oct. 22-The American transport Antilles, homeward bound, was torpedoed in the war zone, Oct. 17 and went down with a loss of about seventy lives. The ship, a former Ward liner, was under convoy by

THE DEPARTMENT STATEMENT Secretary Daniels authorized the fol-

Secretary Daniels authorized the following statement:
"The Department is in receipt of a despatch from Vice Admiral Sims, states that the steamship Antilles, an army transport was torpedoed on Oct. 17, while returning to this country from foreign service. This vessel was under convoy of American patrol vessels at the time.

The other the Factor authorized the for the work. One at Saulnier-wille is known as the Acadian Ship-building Co., Ltd., with F. E. Comeau, see y-treas.; F. P. Comeau, manager. This yard is located just inside of the building has commenced.

The other the Factor authorized the following statement:

"The torpedo which struck the Antilles, was not seen, nor was the submarine which fired it. The torpedo hit abreast of the engine room bulk-head, and the ship sank within five minutes. One hundred and sixty-seven persons out of about two hundred and thirty-seven on board the Antilles were saved. About seventy men are missing.

THREE OFFICERS DROWNED

"All the naval officers and officers of the army who were on board the ship at the time were saved, as were the officers of the ship, with the exception of the third engineer and two junior engineer officers.

"There were about thirty-three of market of the company."

"There were about the Antilles where they have just completed a milk which will be fitted with modern may controlled by the Clare Shipping Co., Ltd. The following officers have been elected: President, J. W. Comeau, M. L. A.; seely-treas., E. L. Comeau; masterbuilder, Leo Melanson.

At Meteghan River, just south of the pup property for shipbuilding purposes. They have erected two large mills on the premises and they propose to commence building operations as soon as the necessary milling machinery is received. Sigefroid Robicheau is yard-market.

the officers of the ship, with the exception of the third engineer and two junior engineer officers.

"There were about thirty-three of the army enlisted personnel on board, of whom 17 were saved. As soon as the Department is in receipt of further details, concerning the casualties, they will be made public immediately."

SECOND AMERICAN SUNK The Antilles is the second American vessel the Germans have torpedoed during the past week, and on succeeding days. The other craft was a tor-

during the past week, and on succeeding days. The other craft was a torpedo boat destroyer, which suffered a loss of one life and five men injured.

Both vessels were attacked within the warzone, the destroyer last Tuesday and the transport the following day. The destroyer made port, although severely damaged, but the transport sank within five minutes after a torpedo from an uniseen submarine sturck her abreast the engine room bulkhead. The Antilles, home ward bound, presumably from a French port, where probably she had debarked troops and stores, had two hundred and thirty-seven persons aboard, among them navy and army officers and some thirty-three enlisted men of the army. All the officers were saved, but sixteen of the soldiers and three of the ship's officers perished. The remainder of the dead belonged to the craw of the transport.

MCTTAWA, Oct. 22—A reminder is being issued here that those convicted of making seditious utterances are liable to a fine of \$5,000 or a term of five years in the penitentiary, or both under the Defence of Canada Act. It was under this Act that a foreign-orn individual was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary, or both under the Defence of Canada Act. It was under this Act that a foreign-orn individual was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary, or both under the Defence of Canada Act. It was under this Act that a foreign-orn individual was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary, or both under the Defence of Canada Act. It was under this Act that a foreign-orn individual was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary, or both under the Defence of Canada Act. It was under this Act that a foreign-individual was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary, or both under the Defence of Canada Act. It was under this Act that a foreign-individual was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary, or both under the Defence of Canada Act. It was under this Act that a foreign-individual was sentenced to two years in the penitentiary, or both under the Defence of Canada Act. I

to the crew of the transport.

The torpedo of the submarine found its mark against the side of the transport notwithstanding the fact that the transport was being convoyed by vessels of the American patrol. The ofsets of the American patrol. The officers of the army and navy and the enlisted men on board were returning to the United States on special assignments or possibly invalided or discharged from the service.

BRITISH LOSE TWO WAR SHIPS German Raiders Made a Dash Into the Mr. Sweet. North Sea.

The text of the admiralty statement, The text of the admiranty statement, giving the details of the Norh Sea incident, reads: "Two very fast and heavily armed German raiders attacked a convoy in the North Sea about midway between Shetland Islands and the Norwegian coast on Wednesday, Two Piffish destroyers." Two British destroyers, Wednesday. Two British destroyers, His Majestry's ships, Mary Rose, Lieutenant-Commander Charles Fox; and Strongbow, Lieutenant-Commander Edward Brooke, which formed the anti-submarine escort, at once attacked the vessels and fought until they were sunk after a short and unequal sunk after a short and unequal

engagement.
"Their gallant action held the German raiders sufficiently long to enable three merchant vessels to ef-

fect their escape. "Anxious to make good their escape before the British forces could interceed at Albany, Oct. 27th, 2.30 p. m. Conference at Albany, Oct. 27th, 2.30 p. m. and at Inglisville on Nov. 3rd, 2.30 p. m.

Mt. Hanley United Baptist Church

Rev. R. W. Lindsay, pastor. Sunday, Oct. 28th, preaching services as follows: Gates Mt., 11 a. m.; Douglasville, 3 p. m.; Mt. Hanley, 7.30 p. m.

Minard's Liniment Cures Dandrund

"Anxious to make good their escape before the British forces could interceed the British forces could interceed to reserve the British forces could interceed the Br "Anxious to make good their escape

EUROPEAN WAR

"The German official communique on this subject states that the attack took place within territorial waters in the neighborhood of the Shetland Islands and that all the escort vessels, including the destroyers, were sunk with the exception of one escort fishing steamer. The statement is to the

rons on long dark nights, both on their hurried outward dash and their home-

nurried outward dash and their nomeward flight.

"It is regretted that all the eighty-six officers and men of H. M. S. Mary Rose and forty-seven officers and men of H. M. S. Strongbow were lost.

TEN REPORTED SAVED

a naval patrol when attacked. The submarine was not seen nor was the torpedo.

All naval and army officers were saved and all but three of the ship's officers, but sixteen soldiers out of 33 aboard were lost.

No army units were aboard the vessel. Such officers and men of the army as were aboard were being sent home on special assignments, invalided home or those to be discharged for some reason or other.

The list of those will not be available until it can be obtained from General Pershing in France.

Two more ship building companies have been organized in the Municipality of Clare, Digby County, and each have their yards excellently situated for the work. One at Saulnier-

sels at the time.

"The torpedo which struck the Antilles, was not seen, nor was the submarine which fired it. The torpedo hit abreast of the engine room bulkhead, and the ship sank within five minutes. One hundred and sixty-sevaluations.

The other, the Comeau Shipbuilding Co., Ltd., is located at Comeauville, where they have just completed a milk which will be fitted with modern machinery. A large proportion of the stock of this company is controlled by the Clare Shipping Co., Ltd. The following officers have been elected: The other, the Comeau Shipbuilding

master for the company.

## WAR MEASURE IS EFFICIENT

### Defence of Canada Act Stands Be tween the Public and Lawless Elements.

OTTAWA, Oct. 22—A reminder is being issued here that those convicted

NEW YORK, Oct. 22-The Government forecast of the first war crop of potatoes is 452,000,000 bushels, an increase of one hundred million bushels, over last year, according to an an-nouncement of L. D. Sweet, head of the potato division of the United States Food Administration here last night.

"We are now faced wth the problem of utilizing this one hundred million excess to the greater advantage of the farmers who have grown them and the public which will eat them," said It is no longer necessary to eat

sparingly of potatoes. Not only is there a sufficiency of food, but also enough for next season's seed supply.

## Increased Postage in the U. S.

the U. S. tax bill, the postage on letters throughout the Republic will be raised from 2 cents to 3 cents. This will not apply to foreign countries, but will apply to all domestic mail and under the classification is included mail to Canada, Mexico. Cuba, Panama, the United States Postal Agency at Shanghai, and all persons in the military service of the United States in Europe.

## Issued by Canada's Victory Loan Committee in co-operation with the Minister of Finance of the Dominion of Canada.

AMONG THE CHURCHES

Next week this space will tell why Canada raises money by selling Canada's Victory Bonds

Canada's Victory Bonds

## Bridgetown United Baptist Church

Rev. M. S. Richardson, pastor. Sunday School at 10 a. m., preaching

Rev. M. S. Richardson, pastor. Sunday School at 10 a. m., preaching service at 11 a, m. and 7 p.m. Preaching service at Centrelea, Sunday next. Oct. 28th at 3 p. m.

Prayer and praise service Wednesday evening at 7.30, B. Y. P. U. Friday evening at 7.30, Members of the church and congregation are urged to be present at the week night services. Strangers are cordially well-med to all the services of this church.

## Parish of St. James, Bridgetown.

The services next Sunday (21st Sun-

day after Trinity), will be: Bridgetown, 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. St. Mary's, Beliesle, 3 p. m. Sunday School at usual hour, WEEK DAYS

Wednesday—7.30 p. m., Bible class 8.30, choir practise.
Friday—4.30 p. m., Service of Intercession on behalf of the war; 7.30, Meeting of the Anglican Young People's Association.

## Presbyterian Church

Gordon Memorial Church, Queen Street. Pastor: Rev. F. C. Simpson. Services every Sabbath at 11 a. m.

Bible Class every Sabbath morning at and 7 p. m. Sabbath School at and 7 p. m Sabbath School at 10 o'clock. Prayer meeting Wednesday evening at 7.30 o'clock. Visitors cordially welcomed at fill

services. Bridgetown Methodist Church Circuit

Congregational social on Wednesday evening at 7.30. Epworth League Friday evening at 7.30.

Services next Sunday, Oct. 28:
Sunday School at 10 a. m., public worship at 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. This is being observed as Anniversary Sunday December 11 a. m. and 7 p. m. is being observed as A day, Bentville, 3 p. m.

## Lawrencetown Baptist Circuit.

61

There will be public worship with preaching Oct. 28th, on the Lawrence-town Baptist circuit as follows: Albany, 11 a. m.; Inglisville, 3 p. m.; Lawrencetown, 7.30 p. m. Conference at Albany, Oct. 27th, 2.30 p. m. and at Inglisville on Nov. 3rd, 2.30 p. m.