

European Intelligence.

From *Wilmot & Smith's European Times*
July 1.
ENGLAND.

Lord Heytesbury, G. C. B., the successor of Earl de Grey in the Lord Lieutenancy of Ireland, is in his 65th year, has been Ambassador at the Courts of St. Petersburg, Naples, Madrid, and Lisbon. He was appointed Governor-General of India on the accession of Sir Robert Peel to office in 1834, but on the return of the Whigs in 1835, the appointment was cancelled. The Noble Lord married the daughter of the late Hon. W. H. Bonner, grand-daughter of the first Earl of Rothes. His Lordship's son, the Hon. W. H. A. A. Court Holmes, who married the daughter of the late Sir Leonard Holmes, is Member for the Isle of Wight.

We received with much regret the death of Mr. O'Hanlon, an Irishman, who died at the age of 70, after a long illness. It appeared that the deceased swallowed a fish bone on Sunday last, which, after some difficulty, passed into the stomach, but unfortunately it caused irritation in the lower intestines, which were at the time predisposed to inflammation. On Tuesday evening a violent inflammation came on, and in the middle of the night, the next day death. Mr. O'Hanlon was still in the full vigour of manhood, and his healthful and cheerful appearance gave all earthly promise of a long life. Mr. Percival Banks, of Gray's Inn, is named as successor to Mr. O'Hanlon, the Government having resolved to bestow the office upon an Irishman, entitled to the English bar, and resident in London.

The Great Britain.—This vessel was advertised to sail on the 11th of July. As, however, she still remains in dock at Bristol, and the attempt to obtain her liberation cannot be immediately made, the day of her sailing for New York, is indefinitely postponed.

The new Lord Lieutenant of Ireland, Lord Heytesbury, appointed to succeed Earl de Grey, appears to stand well in the estimation of all parties in the state. He is moderate in his views, and no doubt, will be instructed to administer the Government of Ireland with as far as possible, even handed justice. In any other country than Ireland such a man would see the "even tenor of his way," but, as paradoxical as the state of society there, the very fact of his being "moderate" is the best reason why he is likely to prove the reverse of acceptable to all.

During the imprisonment of O'Connell, the "rest" keeps up to the mark, and the excitement of the people appears to be at fever heat. The Catholic clergy have set Sunday, the 25th inst. apart, as a day of general humiliation and prayer for the incarceration of the Chief.

The great sporting trial concerning the pedigree as well as the age of "Running Rein," the winner of the "Derby," at Epsom in May last, has terminated against the horse and its owner. The stakes amounting to between £4,000 and £5,000, will consequently be given up to Colonel Peel, who owns Orlando, the horse which came in second.

The weather throughout England, since the sailing of the last packet, has been, generally speaking, favourable to vegetation. In most parts of the country considerable quantities of rain have fallen, and in some localities heavy thunderstorms have been experienced; but, from the long continuance of the previous drought, moisture in almost any shape was acceptable.

PARLIAMENTARY.

One of the most prominent topics of discussion, during the last fortnight has been the system of espionage which Mr. Dancombe, the member for Finsbury, first brought before the House of Commons some three weeks back. It has been discussed in both Houses of Parliament since, with marked bitterness on either side. From the reading, by the members, of the act of Parliament which gave the power of issuing a warrant for the opening of any letters in the Home Secretary may seem dangerous or treasonable to the public, it would seem that not merely the letter, but the spirit of the law has been overruled by that functionary, Lord Denman, Lord Campbell, and other great legal luminaries, have distinctly proclaimed the violation of the law from their places in the House of Lords, and their views have been supported, with more vehemence than legal or moral force by Lord Brougham, once the most virulent denouncer of whatever smack of official tyranny, or interference with the liberty of the subject. The daily prints are apparently with truth, for the statement has received no official contradiction, that the General Post-office embraces a regularly organized system for the opening and inspection of letters; and that it was owing to the bungling on the part of the official, connected to the recent astounding disclosure. This seal-breaking, letter peeping system, which relieves the Government to the slightest attack of a policeman waiting, "only" his victim has caused no little stir throughout the country. Although the alleged system has hitherto been confined to the residents named Mazzini, an Italian, resident in London, and Mr. Schlegel, formerly a captain of artillery in the Polish secret service, there is every reason to believe Mr. Dancombe asserted that if the House granted him a committee he would prove it—that during the last two years, indeed more or less, this system of espionage has not been confined to the metropolis, but has been extended to the provinces, and has been more or less, practised in all the leading periodicals in the country. Few disclosures have produced in the public mind greater amazement and indignation.

The stirring speech of Mr. Dancombe

Sir James Graham made a feeble reply, sheltering himself under his official responsibility, and speeches of the other ministers who spoke in the discussion—Sir Robert Peel and Lord Stanley in defence of their colleagues were unusually weak and unsatisfactory.

The subject was again brought before the House on Tuesday, by Mr. Dancombe, when the Government appointed a secret committee to investigate the subject—four, of the members to be selected from the ministerial and five from the opposition side of the House. All the parties named on the committee, are respectable men; but it is observed that no lawyers are included; and this combined with the fact that the evidence to be taken will not transpire has shaken the confidence in the committee which would, had its proceedings been made public have existed.

The name too, of Mr. Dancombe, who brought the matter before the House, has been studiously excluded from the committee—another ugly feature in the proceedings.

The corn laws were discussed two nights last week. This annual debate on a topic which has been worn threadbare, is so popular. The public soon tire of speech-making which has no legitimate result.

Mr. Cobden took, as usual, a high position as a practical man a debater; he made an able speech, to which he demanded the reply of Sir Robert Peel, and the call was responded to.

The Bank Charter Bill, the Sugar Bill, in committee—where some further hares are being indulged in—the Vestry Meeting in Church St. and some allusion by Sir Robert Peel to the quarrel between France and Morocco—these form the other leading parliamentary events of the fortnight.

REPEAL ASSOCIATION.

At the usual weekly meeting of this body, on the 24th ult., J. H. Talbot Esq. M. P. for New Ross, occupied the chair. The Rev. Dr. Heagerty, one of a deputation from Manchester, addressed the meeting, and handed in a contribution of £325, amidst enthusiastic cheering. There were various deputations from other parts of the country, and numerous addresses were read. The rest of the business was almost entirely confined to the receipt of money. Mr. D. O'Connell Esq. was happy to report that all the travellers were in excellent health and spirits, and in particular that Mr. O'Connell was never better, and never enjoyed greater animation, the imprisonment agreeing perfectly with his constitution. The amount of the repeal rent for the week was announced, and deferring cheers, to be £3 17s 11d.

The Dublin Evening Post remarks, that there has been held four meetings of this association since Mr. O'Connell's imprisonment, and the following are the weekly returns of the amount of the Repeal Subscriptions:

June 3	£2 600
10	3 100
17	3 380
24	3 178

These are sterling evidences of the extinction of repeal agitation by the state prosecutions.

The usual weekly meeting of this body was held on the 1st of July, and was very fully attended. On the motion of Mr. W. S. O'Brien, the chair was taken by Nicholas Maher Esq. The meeting was distinguished by Mr. O'Neill Daunt announcing that the Corporation of the City of Dublin had fixed upon Daniel O'Connell Esq., as Lord Mayor elect. The announcement was received with deafening cheers, which were again renewed. It is stated that the "Martyrs" were in excellent health and spirits. The collection of the rent was proceeding during the whole of the meeting, and before its close, was announced to be £2,152 4s. 1d.

Sir David Roche, Bart. has resigned the representation of the city of Limerick, which he has served upwards of twenty years, in consequence of domestic arrangements. James Kelly, late high sheriff of the county, has been unanimously adopted as his successor.

A Dublin paper says:—The weather through the island is superb; we have plenty of rain, sunshine, and heat, leaving the husbandman nothing to desire. The promise for the harvest, under such circumstances, is decidedly favourable.

Mr. Daniel O'Connell, jun. has addressed the Repealers of Ulster after the manner of his father, calling upon them to abstain from any outrage upon the Orangemen, who it is said, intend to walk in procession on the 1st and 12th of July.

Day of General Humiliation.—Sunday, the 25th of July, has been selected as a day of general humiliation and prayer amongst the Catholic population of Ireland, in connection with the imprisonment of Mr. O'Connell. The bishops it is understood, are to arrange a form of prayer to be used at church service during the entire period of the imprisonment.

FRANCE.

The most interesting portion of the intelligence received from France since our last publication relates to the affairs of Algeria and Morocco. The Emperor of Morocco, on receiving the report of the defeat sustained by his troops, disavowed the conduct of their commander. It appears that another attack was made by the Moroccan army, in a most treacherous manner, whilst El Guennell, the son of the Emperor, was engaged in negotiating with General Bidaud, at a spot about three-quarters of a league from the French camp on the Oued-Moulouh. The attack was made by the fanatic and undisciplined soldiers, without the knowledge of their chief. The conference was, of course, abruptly interrupted, and the French, being taken by surprise, at first

tired in good order; they however, speedily resented the onset, and inflicted a terrible vengeance on the enemy. More than three hundred lay dead on the field of battle, not including those carried away by the defeated. On the side of the victors 330 men were wounded and 6 killed; amongst the latter a young officer of great promise, the son of General Rovigo. This affair will, it is said, cause much further difficulties, as it was the spontaneous act of an undisciplined army, without the sanction of their leader. Before the negotiation was interrupted, the French generals demanded that, for the future, Morocco should be forbidden to Abd-el-Kader, who was to be immediately sent out of the empire. They demanded, in addition, that the left bank of the Tafne should be henceforward recognized as belonging to France. On the first point they obtained complete satisfaction, and on the other it was agreed, after long discussions, to refer the matter to the decision of the diplomatic body.

The Government papers announce the departure of the Prince de Joinville from Toulon, at the head of a squadron composed of three sail of the line, Suffren, Jemmapes, and Triton, the Belle Poule frigate of 60, Asmodeus man of war steamer, the steam corvette Pluton, and the steamer Phare and Corvus. Twelve hundred troops, including a company of engineers and three companies of marine artillery, have been embarked. The destination of the fleet is Cran, as the first duty of the prince is to put himself into communication with the Commander-in-Chief, now in the vicinity of Jran, and act under the marshal's orders.

The appointment of the Duke de Nemours and the Prince de Joinville, to successive commands of importance, has given much offence to the army.

SPAIN.
We are in possession of accounts from Madrid of the 24th ultimo. The Minister of Finance and the state creditors had come to an understanding respecting the price at which the New Three per Cent Stock should be issued. The latter, it appears, had consented to accept it at 35, and agreed to deliver up the bills, coupons, and other securities which they had received as guarantee from the government.

The necessary funds for the payments of the dividends due at the end of June, at Paris and London, have been remitted to Paris. And the affair between the Minister of Finance and the Contrabistas having been decidedly arranged, the decree for the annulment of all the contracts has been forwarded to Barcelona, to receive the royal sanction.

THE STANDARD.

ST. ANDREWS, WEDNESDAY, JULY 24, 1844.

Charlotte County Bank.
Hon. HARRIS HATCH, President.
T. B. WILSON, Esq., Solicitor.
Director next week—J. Wilson Esq.
Discount day—TUESDAY.
Hours of business, from 10 to 2.

Bills and Notes for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Monday, otherwise they must lie over until next week.

Atms and Bank House.
Commissioner next week—Thomas Turner.

Saint Stephens Bank.
G. D. KING Esq., President.
Director next week—Abner Hill.
Discount day—SATURDAY.
Hours of business, from 10 to 1.

Bills and Notes for Discount must be lodged with the Cashier, on or before Friday, otherwise they must remain in his hands until the following discount day.

LATEST DATES.
London, July 3 | Montreal, July 12
Liverpool, July 4 | Quebec, July 12
Edinburgh, July 1 | Halifax, July 12
Paris, July 1 | New York, July 19
Toronto, July 12 | Boston, July 17

ARRIVAL OF THE

Steam-Ship Hibernia!

The Steamship Hibernia, with the first July mail arrived at Halifax, on Monday, the 15th inst., with Liverpool papers to the 4th and London to the 3rd inst., extracts from which, will be found in our columns this morning.

In Commercial affairs there was but little change. The Crops favoured by the fine weather, are very promising.

The Timber Market, was inactive, no advances in prices.

It is reported that the present session of Parliament will be brought to a close about the middle of July.

It is now settled that the Count de Trepani, brother of the King of Naples, is to marry the Queen of Spain.

During the last 12 months, Spain has had seven different ministries.

The Prince de Joinville has sailed in command of the expedition against Morocco.

Mr. Thomas Hudson, a popular comic writer and singer, died in London on the 19th ult.

Charles Dickens is now on a tour in Italy, and intends to be absent from England about a twelve-month.

The King of Naples has prohibited the export of grain from his dominions.

The smallpox is at present prevailing to some extent in London.

In the county of Suffolk alone there have been 131 incendiary fires since Christmas.

The coal fields of Great Britain, are calculated to cover 4,990,000 acres, those of France only 692,000 acres.

By Lloyd's returns, it appears that the annual loss to the country by shipwreck is 610 ship's £2,000,000, of property, and 1500 lives.

The Princess Alice, from Dublin for Fleetwood, on Sunday last, brought 38 tons or seven hundred thousand eggs.

A most important post-office arrangement is in progress, by which it is anticipated that by steamers letters will be sent to China in fifty days.

The *Revue de Paris* says that the visit of the King of the French to England will not extend beyond the Isle of Wight.

Sheriff's for London.—Mr. Alderman William Hunter, and Mr. Thomas Sydney, have been elected Sheriffs of London for the ensuing year.

It is stated that a grand naval review will take place off the Isle of Wight, before her Majesty and Louis Philippe, on the occasion of his visit.

Mr. Kirkwood, of Philpot-street, Commercial-road, a retired West India merchant, committed suicide on the 21st ult., by cutting his throat.

The Ojibway Indians, whilst in London made a purchase of some 15,000 brass thumbles, for the purposes of ornament and barter when they get home again.

An immense steamer, to be named the Terrible, and fitted with engines of 800 horse power, is about to be launched at Deptford.

Francis, the young ruffian that shot at the Queen some time ago, is comfortably situated as a teacher in the Government School at Port Arthur, Van Dieman's Land.

It is said Mr. Monk Mason is about to spend £3000 on the construction of a huge aerial machine, with which he expects to conquer all difficulties.

Levasser, the French comic singer, who contributed so largely to the amusement of the public last season, is expected to arrive in this country on the 15th instant, when he will again make his appearance at the Saint James Theatre.

The process of raising the sculptural establishments, executed by Mr. Westmacott for the pediment of the grand facade of the new Royal Exchange is now being proceeded with. The principal or centre figure, the whole being seventeen in number, is a colossal personation of Commerce, ten feet in height, and chiselled out of a solid stone.

A fishing smack called the John Wallace, was run down on Sunday night by the Sapphira, a Gravesend steamer, and now lies a wreck with the top of the mast visible at low-water, in Eritch reach.

We understand that Capt. Rye, formerly commander of the Royal Mail Steamer Acadia, will take the command of the steamer Hibernia on her next trip. Capt. Jackson will take command of the new steamer now building at Glasgow.

At the Central Criminal Court, on Monday last, Mr. Burton Newenham, aged 34 years, was convicted of abducting and marrying Francis Louisa Wortham, a young lady under 16 years of age, entitled to property worth £400 a year. He was sentenced to two years' imprisonment.

On Monday morning the West of London Railway was opened for the public traffic as far as its junction with the Great Western Line; but the station and other preparations at its junction with the London and Birmingham Line not being completed, the opening of that portion was deferred until next day.

The Queen has conferred the Grand Cross of Charles III., on Santa Anna, President of the Republic of Mexico.

The Carlist Chief, El Groe, so long the terror of the Maestrazgo, had been captured and shot on the 18th. Our letters from Gibraltar of the 16th ultimo, state the Governor has visited the Moorish Camp, near Ceuta, and the British Vice Consul at Tangier.

The result of his inquiries has produced an unfavourable opinion of the conduct of the Government of Calcutta, and the Spanish Consul at Tangier.

The price of gas is to be reduced from the 30th inst. to 7s per 1000 cubic feet by the leading gas companies in London.

On Sunday last a letter addressed by the Lord Bishop of London to the clergy of his diocese, on behalf of the fund for the increase in the number of metropolitan churches, was read in all the churches and chapels of the diocese of London.

Another million dollars have arrived from China.

There has been a serious disturbance at Bristol between the military and police. Incendiarism has extended to Cornwall.

The King of Saxony.—His Majesty left London on Thursday, for Scotland. He stops at different noblemen's houses in his progress.

INDIA AND CHINA.
The news by the overland mail, a summary of which will be found in another column, is generally regarded as being favourable in a commercial point of view. The demand for British manufactured goods had been somewhat checked during the interval of the previous arrival. One of the accounts states, that the American merchants were most persevering in their efforts to dispose of manufactures received from the United States, and that "American domestics" had, for the first time, been inserted in more than one of the prices currents, although not much is

reported to have been done in them.

The main incident of the political news, is, that Lord Ellenborough contemplated the subjugation of the Punjab, which was in a very distracted state, for which purpose he had issued orders for a force of 80,000 to assemble. The warlike pranks of the Governor-General, who is generally understood to be what is vulgarly called "half-cracked," would, however, receive, in all probability, a permanent check from the presence of Sir Henry Hardinge, as the latter would arrive at his destination before the time that the arrangements respecting the attack upon the Punjab could be carried out. Sir Charles Napier, it will be seen, was about to meet the unfortunate and dispossessed Belchee chiefs, to whom he has some proposition to make, and to which, if it be at all reasonable, they will, no doubt, greedily listen,—as any change which restores them to even a shadow of their ancient sway must be acceptable.

MARRIED.
At St. Patrick's, on the 18th inst. by the Rev. John Cassals, Mr. John H. Armstrong, Jun. to Miss Sarah Jane Johnston, all of that parish.

DIED.
On Friday last, after a long illness, which he bore with Christian fortitude, Mr. MAXWELL RANKIN, in the 50th year of his age, leaving a wife & large family to lament their loss. Mr Rankin has been a resident of this place for upwards of 26 years, and was well known as a kind husband affectionate parent and true friend. His loss is regretted by a numerous circle of acquaintances.

At Digdegush, on Wednesday last, in the 39th year of her age, ANN, wife of Mr. Wm. CAMERON, leaving a husband and five children, to mourn the departure of an affectionate wife and kind mother—and her neighbors to lament the loss of an open hearted and Christian friend.

SHIPPING JOURNAL.
PORT OF ST. ANDREWS.

ARRIVED.
July 19, schr. Prince Albert, Fitzgerald, Eastport, sundries, B. R. Fitzgerald.
—20, " Sarah Ann, Waycott, Eastport, ballast.
—22, " Wm. Henry, Avery, Calais, ballast.

DEPARTED.
July 19, brig George, Kildon, Trinity, N. F. Timber, plank, &c. Thos. Wier.
—22, " Argyle, Clements, Denvers, Lumber, B. R. Fitzgerald.
—23, " Beche MacEvers, Clancy, Cork, Deals, E. & J. Wilson.

Bankrupt's Sale.

ON Saturday, the 24th August next, at 12 o'clock (noon) in front of the Market House, in Saint Andrews.

By order of the Commissioners of Bankruptcy, will be sold by Public Auction.

The Right and Title of Wm. Chase, in the Equity of Redemption, to the Farm at present occupied by said Wm. Chase, in the Parish of St. Patrick.

The Equity of Redemption, of a House and lot, lately occupied by Capt. T. Lockhart, situated at the Ledge, in the Parish of Saint Stephens.

1 Gold Watch.
1 Silver Watch.
100 acres of land, in the Parish of Pennfield, situate near Knights Mills, being part of the Estate and Effects of Charles McGee.

Thomas Davis's Equity of Redemption to the House and Lot, situate at the 2d Falls, in the Parish of Saint George, at present in the occupation of the said T. Davis.

20 acres of land, more or less, near land sold to Alex. Greenlaw, on the Friso road, in the Parish of St. Andrews, being part of the Estate and Effects of Wm. Cookson.

H. H. HATCH, Prov. Assignee.

St. Andrews, July 24, 1844.

IN THE MATTER OF JAMES FRASER AN ABSENT DEBTOR.

THE Trustees of the Estate and Effects of James Fraser an absent Debtor, will proceed to sell, at Public Auction, at the New Court House, in Saint Andrews, on Friday the ninth day of August, next, at 12 o'clock, at noon.—All the Right, Title, Interest, Property, Claim, and Demand of James Fraser, of, in and to, all that certain Lot, Piece or Parcel of Land, situate, lying and being in the Parish of Saint George, in the County of Charlotte, bounded and beginning at a marked Ash Tree, distant on a course by the Magnetic Needle, North 2 degrees 25 minutes, West 316 chains, and 50 links from the Northern angle of lot Number 15, on the road leading from Saint Andrews to Fredericton, granted to John Henniker, thence North 60 chains to a marked Cedar Tree, thence West 55 chains, to the place of beginning, the said piece or parcel of land, having been granted to Moses Shaw, containing 300 acres, more or less, and commonly known as Shaw's Meadows.

TERMS CASH.
Dated this seventeenth day of July, A. D., 1844.

WILLIAM O. SMITH, } Trustees.
MICHAEL FISHER, }
JAMES T. KAYE, }
CHARLES TUFF, }
Attorneys of Trustees.

BLANKS
For Sale at this Office.

TENDERS.
The tender next, a House on the cent where the Light to be 16 feet by 16 feet and the 2 boarded with gilded with gold to be battened & laid with two in some or double or near the cent with Shingles, 1 and all the Mat by the 15th

St. Andrews, July 24, 1844.

THE SUBS.
125 Barr
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