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The Toronto World.

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IXTEENTH YEAR — SATURDAY MORNING APRIL 27 1895. — ONE CENT.

Clerk of Senate 1Jan96
SENATE P O

SENATE PASSES THE ADDRESS

SENATOR FERGUSON CRITICIZES THE LIBERAL POLICY.

Premier Bowell's Formal Announcement of the Cabinet Reconstruction—The Negotiations With Newfoundland—Prince Edward Island Tunnel—Notes and Gossip From the Purlieus of Parliament.

Ottawa, Ont., April 26.—The feature of to-day's Parliamentary proceedings was the speech delivered by Hon. Donald Ferguson, the new member of the Cabinet from Prince Edward Island. It ranks in importance a close second to that delivered by Sir Mackenzie Bowell the other day. It was a capital address, delivered with such fluency and readiness as to stamp Mr. Ferguson as one of the ablest debaters in Parliament. He is undoubtedly a splendid acquisition to the Government forces.

Another matter of importance in the Senate was the Ministerial statement by Sir Mackenzie Bowell in reference to the Cabinet changes since last session. Mr. Foster was about to read the same statement in the Commons when Mr. Laurier asked him to hold it over until Sir C. H. Tupper could be in his place.

The debate on the address in the Senate was concluded by Senator Ferguson, the new member of the Administration from Prince Edward Island. He playfully alluded to the destructive tendency evinced in the speech of Mr. Scott towards principles which had become time-honored bye-words. He had been wholly unprepared to hear that gentleman denounce the Government for not disallowing the Manitoba Acts of 1890 in view of the fact that in the past the Liberal party had always professed provincial rights as the foremost plank in its platform.

Senator Scott: The disallowance of those acts would have been no interference with provincial rights.

Senator Ferguson: That is the hon. gentleman's opinion, but his leader in the Lower House is of quite another opinion. He was likewise astonished at the hon. gentleman's open condemnation of the course pursued by his Liberal friends in Manitoba on the school question, by his agreeing with all that had been said in denunciation of their action by the Premier in his speech the other day. (Hear, hear.) He had also been surprised to hear Mr. Scott vigorously denouncing The Toronto Globe, the organ of the Liberal party.

Senator Scott: The Globe is not the organ of the Liberal party.

Senator Ferguson: If I keep on I will have the hon. gentleman denouncing everything and everybody connected with the Liberal party.

Senator Scott: I speak for myself. It is not the organ of the Liberal party so far as I am concerned.

Senator Ferguson then referred to Senator Scott's denunciation of Sir Oliver Mowat's policy in reference to the Ontario iron bounties, as a piece of folly, and his denunciation of the action of the Hon. Edward Blake in securing the enactment by Parliament of the resolution directing that the Government should obtain for its guidance a judicial opinion upon all questions affecting the constitution. This, he thought, was a fairly good record of denunciation of party and political principles for a speech lasting a little over an hour. (Hear, hear and applause.)

Manitoba Schools.

Coming to the Manitoba school question, he thought the matter should not be regarded as a question between Protestant and Roman Catholic. Parliament, he thought, should approach the discussion of this question free from all religious or racial bias. The issue was really whether the national schools were those guaranteed under the act of 1871. The question of efficiency of the Separate schools in Manitoba did not affect the real issue, for the Legislative Assembly of the province had full power and it was its duty to establish regulations and provide means to make those schools efficient. It was for Manitoba now to decide what she would do and for the minority to say whether the remedy proposed was acceptable. He referred to the speech of the Premier as an explicit statement of the policy of the Government. There could be no mistaking the attitude of the Government on the question, but he asked, where do the Opposition stand? It was true, Mr. Scott approved of the action of the Government, but the country looked to Mr. Laurier for some expression of opinion binding the Opposition on this question. The failure of Mr. Laurier to put himself on record on the school question had enabled the Liberals in the recent bye-elections to assume a variety of attitudes.

Senator Power: The Government only placed itself on record the other day.

Senator Ferguson: The Remedial Order itself indicated the attitude of the Government, but in Haldimand Dr. Montague placed himself on record, and in Antigonish Sir C. H. Tupper and himself had done the same in almost the same language used by the Premier the other day. He quoted from Hon. Mr. Laurier's speeches in the House of Commons and before the Liberal convention held at Ottawa, to show his position on this question in 1893. At that time the Government were a pack of cowards for shunting the question into courts instead of announcing its policy. The Liberal party then, according to Mr. Laurier, had no option but to await a decision of the courts before announcing its position on the question. The question had been decided by the courts and yet there was no announcement of a policy by the Opposition. He quoted from Mr. Laurier's speech at Winnipeg, where he posed as the champion of provincial rights, to show that the logical result of his position on the school question was that he could not consistently approve of the course adopted by the Government for the relief of the minority, nor could he have disallowed the local acts of 1890.

The Address Carried.

Mr. Ferguson spoke at some length on the trade question and argued that free trade was impossible in a country situated as Canada is alongside a high protective country like the United States. Speaking of a deficit, there would be a yearly surplus. The sugar duties alone amounted to $20,000,000 and the duty on tea to $1,200,000 a year. The net surpluses of the Conservative administration since 1878 were $17,000,000, while the net deficits of the Mackenzie regime were $6,000,000, and that despite the removal 10 years ago of the tea duties and the cost of the Northwest rebellion.

In conclusion he acknowledged the congratulations offered him on his elevation to the Cabinet and regretted some of the remarks made by the Senators from British Columbia in commenting upon the importance of Prince Edward Island as a province of the Dominion.

The address was carried without division, after which in response to a request by Senator Power the Premier read the following statement:

Cabinet Changes.

In accordance with constitutional practice on similar occasions, and with the permission of the Crown, I have briefly to acquaint the House with the proceedings which took place consequent upon the lamented death of Sir John Thompson.

On the evening of the day following that which witnessed the tragic event at Windsor Castle, England, I received the Governor-General's commands to wait upon him. In the course of the interview His Excellency did me the honor to propose that I should undertake the formation of a new Administration. This task I conceived it my duty to accept. The first step towards its fulfilment was to ascertain from my late colleagues whether they would consent to retain their positions, and on their agreeing to do so I advised that they be continued in their respective offices, subject to any such changes as might, in the interest in the country, be deemed advisable. I may add that Mr. Patterson expressed his wish to retire, but consented to remain at my special request until such time as I could conveniently make other arrangements.

The Cabinet vacancy caused by the death of Sir John Thompson was filled by Mr. Dickey, M.P. for Cumberland, who accepted the portfolio of Secretary of State.

The isolated position of Prince Edward Island renders its direct representation in the Ministry desirable. Hon. gentlemen will, I am sure, agree with me that in the accession of the Hon. Senator Ferguson to the Cabinet, the people of the Island Province have every assurance that their interests will be well safe-guarded. The Hon. Sir John Carling, having intimated his wish to retire, it was considered expedient further to strengthen the executive by inviting Dr. Montague, the member for Haldimand, to join the administration without portfolio. In assuming the duties of First Minister, I felt it due to myself that I should be as far as possible untrammelled by departmental responsibilities. With this object, I assumed the presidency of the Privy Council, my colleague, Mr. Ives, accepting the office of Minister of Trade and Commerce, vacated by myself; Mr. Costigan became Minister of Marine and Fisheries in the room of Sir Charles Tupper, who succeeded to the portfolio held by our late leader. Subsequently, Mr. Patterson renewed his request to be relieved of the cares of office; and the state of his health precluding further postponement of his determination to retire, I was reluctantly compelled to submit his resignation to the Governor-General. Mr. Dickey was thereupon transferred to the vacant portfolio of Militia and Defence and Dr. Montague was appointed Secretary of State.

In the Commons.

Hon. G. E. Foster introduced a bill to amend the Dominion Notes Act, by providing that the Government should keep in reserve dollar for dollar in gold on all note issues over twenty millions.

Mr. Bryson introduced a bill to amend the Railway Act by providing a guarantee for payment of wages of employes. If any company becomes three months behind in payment of the wages of its employes, the Railway Committee of the Privy Council may then appoint a receiver and see that the men are paid.

Mr. Coatsworth introduced a bill to extend the privileges of the Trade Marks and Design Act to goods produced by union labor. The general public had the privilege of registering their designs and trade marks, and Trade Unions wanted to be placed in the same position.

Union Negotiations.

Mr. Davies called attention to despatches in to-day's papers from Newfoundland relative to union negotiations. He wanted to know the points at which the two Governments are at variance, what proposals or counter-proposals had been made, and whether a final answer had been sent by the Dominion Government to Newfoundland.

Mr. Foster said it would not tend to a successful outcome of the negotiations if he were to give the information asked.

Mr. Davies then asked if, since the delegates left Ottawa, the Dominion Government had forwarded the final answer on points undecided.

Mr. Foster replied in the negative. The Canadian Parliament would be apprised of the progress of negotiations as early as the Newfoundland Assembly.

Sir Richard Cartwright asked if any negotiations were going on now in connection with a settlement of the French shore difficulty.

Mr. Foster replied that no negotiations were going on directly between the Dominion Government and the home authorities, The Newfoundland Government had been negotiating on the subject.

Mr. Haggart, answering Mr. Choquette, said that no money had been paid for extras on account of the Soo Canal. Neither had a claim for extras been received, but he understood the contractors intended to present such a claim.

Mr. Haggart, answering Mr. Mulock, said that the gross earnings of the Carquet Railway last year amounted to $18,088, with a gross expenditure of $18,389.

Prince Edward Island Tunnel.

Mr. Perry raised the annual discussion in reference to winter communication with Prince Edward Island. He charged the Government with not being in earnest in reference to the proposed tunnel.

Mr. Foster replied that the Government was thoroughly in earnest. It was solely on account of bad weather that so little was done last year.

Messrs. Macdonald (Kings), Welsh and Wood (Westmoreland) and Davies took part in the debate. A motion for papers passed.

Replying to Sir R. Cartwright, the Finance Minister said the estimates would be down on Monday.

The House adjourned at 5.45 p.m.

Notes.

If Private Bertram of the 13th Battalion, Hamilton, accepts a position on the Bisley team that crack corps will have four men in the Bisley 20. Private Hayhurst, Sergt. Morris and Color-Sgt. Skedden have already signified their intention of going over to England. Supposing these four men go it is stated to be the intention of Col. Gibson to pick out a fifth man from the 13th in order that the corps may be represented by a battalion team, which will be qualified to take part in all battalion matches. This extra man will be sent over at the expense of the 13th. It is probable that the 43rd Battalion will have four representatives at Bisley. Lt. Bovell, Capt. Rogers and Col. Anderson have already accepted. Capt. Jamieson has not yet accepted a place on team. Among this week's acceptances are Sergt. Nutting of the Governor-General Foot Guards and Sergt. Broadhurst of the 5th Royal Scots.

There is little new to-day in Hudson Bay Railway matters beyond the talk created by an editorial in The Montreal Gazette which expresses the belief that there is not sufficient data to warrant the Government in subsidizing the company to the extent of $10,000 a mile for 250 miles. Hugh Sutherland, president of the company, is in Montreal today. It is said the object of his visit there is to see Dan Mann. It is felt that unless he can come to terms with Messrs. Mann and McKenzie there is not the slightest possibility of the Government carrying out the subsidy arrangement

Continued on Fourth Page.

LOCAL SPECULATORS STUCK.

The Big Bucket Shop of Buffalo, With Fifty Agencies, Has Thrown Up the Sponge.

On the stroke of 10 o'clock yesterday morning, on the opening of the New York Stock Exchange, it was evident that something more than the usual fluctuations in prices were attracting the attention of the liabilities of the alleged bucket shops in this city. A little later on the message came from Buffalo: "It's all up, good-by—Allen."

John C. Allen is the chief shareholder and manager of the Standard Grain and Stock Exchange, Buffalo, which has been in existence about two years, and having agencies in Toronto, Hamilton, Kingston, Brockville, Montreal, Quebec, and about 40 others in different cities and towns in the States of New York and Pennsylvania. The business carried on in stocks and grain on margins of one per cent. and upwards was very extensive, and not long ago the profits of the house were said to be enormous.

The turn for the better in prices of stocks, oils and wheat is the reason assigned for the failure of this big bucket-shop. Many customers have been making money, while others saw a prospect of getting their margins back. But hopes have been shattered by Allen "laying down."

Citizens Lose $7000.

The amount due operators in this city is probably between six and seven thousand dollars. A larger sum than this was undoubtedly placed with the Standard, but at current market prices the sum named was all that was due. Some speculators were "short" of stocks that have had a big advance, while others were "long" of wheat at prices above present quotations. Among the losers are men of all classes, and not a few who deal with regular brokers and brokers themselves. One case is mentioned of an operator who had bought wheat which went against him to the extent of about $2500. Wheat went up to a price that allowed the speculator to sell out at the price that he could get back his $2500, but the money failed to come. This is the worst case as far as Toronto is concerned.

It is stated that the Standard Oil Company is responsible for the failure of this Buffalo concern. Several large buying orders were placed for oil about $1, when the price was there a few weeks ago. Allen sold them the oil without "hedging" in Oil City, and the sharp advance in this product was a heavy drain on his finances. This, however, is merely street talk. The majority of operators are of opinion that the bucket shop "lay down" with a plentiful supply of the long green.

Allen has been arrested by an Elmira speculator on a charge of grand larceny, and steps are likely to be taken by local operators on the same line. This is the third time in five years that Allen has "gone under."

There were several representatives of the Standard Grain and Stock Exchange in Toronto, and some of them are paying their losses in full. The telegraph companies have said to be large losers through the failure.

TORONTO UNIVERSITY QUARTERLY.

Vol. 1 No. 1 of the Literary and Scientific Magazine a Brilliant Issue.

The students of the University of Toronto have with great enterprise inaugurated a quarterly magazine, containing literary and scientific articles on highly interesting and instructive subjects, contributed by members of the faculty and undergraduates. The first number, for sale by John P. McKenna, Bookseller, 80 Yonge-street, contains, among others, "The Reformation," by William Dale, M.A.; "The Limitations of the Senses," by W. H. Pike, M.A., Ph. D.; "Kindred Phenomena," by G. F. Hull, B.A. There are in all 80 pages. Price 35 cents per copy. The next number will appear shortly. The magazine is a most creditable production in every particular.

THE REGISTRAR OF BRANT.

Another M.L.A. to Receive a Fat Plum.

W. B. Wood, M.L.A., for North Brant, has been appointed registrar of Brant, and will resign his seat in the Legislature.

Sword's Saturday Specials.

Colored front shirts, cuffs attached, 45c, sizes 13 to 17; white shirts unlaundried, 45c; cambric shirts, collar attached, 50c; regular 75c; all cambric, 2 collars and cuffs separate, $1, regular $1.50; best quality French cambric, sizes 14, 14 1-2, 16 1-2, 17, $1, regular price $1.75. Special sale of sweaters, hosiery and underwear, 55 King-street east, opposite Toronto-street.

Dog Show afternoon and evening to-day 10c.

Don't Worry.

You will save time, money and annoyance by ordering your spring outfit from Corrigan, the tailor. Every garment a work of art, elegance of style, beauty of outline and perfection of fit. Special features no extra charge.

Turkish baths, bed for all night bather

A Gratifying Report.

The new business received during the year 1894 by the North American Life Assurance Company was over $3,000,000, being the largest in the history of the company. Notwithstanding the procurement of this large volume of new business, and the payment to policy-holders of death claims, matured endowments, profits, etc., of the large sum of $133,425, it increased its reserve and surplus funds for policy-holders by $284,000.—Globe, Toronto, Feb. 2, 1895. 246

Ask for delicious "Salada" tea.

Mills End.

We have purchased this season's samples from one of the largest mills, each sample makes a pair of pants. No two pair alike. These are snaps at $4. See them at Waterson's, 126 Yonge-street.

Monumental.

D. McIntosh & Sons, the leading sculptors, have best designs and most complete facilities for turning out best work in monuments, etc., in the Dominion. Showrooms, 524 Yonge-street; works, Yonge-street, Deer Park. 146

Mortgage Loans at 5 Per Cent.

Owners of central productive city property can secure loans at 5 per cent. by making personal application to J. L. Troy, 5 King-street west. 6

Eggs 11c per doz., Redpath gilt sugar 3 1-2c. Peas, corn, tomatoes 7c per tin, potatoes 70c per bag: John Miller & Co., 77-81 Queen-street west. 246

Arlington Hotel.

This elegant, comfortable hotel offers every inducement to those desiring permanent winter accommodations.

Before buying your type-writer paper it will pay you to get samples and prices from Blight Bros., 65 Yonge-street. 246

Turkish baths, day and night, 204 King-st

Ask your shoe dealer for Cerol Russet Dressing. Price 15 cents.

MAY BE BLOODSHED TO-DAY

NICARAGUA IS IN A HOSTILE FRAME OF MIND.

The Government May Pay at the Last Minute, But a Number of Men Are Under Arms and May Resist the Landing of the Bluejackets—No United States Interference.

Corinto, Nicaragua, April 26.—All is quiet here this morning. No English marines have yet been landed.

There has been much signalling and passing to and fro of small boats between the ships.

Great activity was noticed on board yesterday afternoon. The men drilled at the guns for two hours. It was announced that Admiral Stephenson and his officers would visit the port.

Telegraphic orders have been received to show all possible courtesy to the British, but under no circumstances to allow an armed force to land. Over 1400 men are under arms here now. The merchants here offered $12,000 to the Government to help pay Britain's claim, but no answer has yet been received.

The local authorities are making preparations to abandon the town. Whole families are leaving for various parts of the interior.

Strong Anti-British Feeling.

All arms are being removed from the capitol. The cannons at Fort Cardon, at the entrance of the port, have been removed. New telegraph stations have been established at Paso Caballos, and all the instruments will be taken away from Corinto, thus cutting off communication between Corinto and the interior in the event of occupation by the English.

No popular demonstration has been made, but the prevailing feeling is bitter and is running high against all English people. Hopes are still entertained of intervention by the United States. Admiral Stephenson has informed Special Commissioner Duarte that the ultimatum expires at 12 o'clock midnight on the 26th.

Will Allow Occupation of Corinto.

Special Commissioner General Duarte, bearing the reply of the Nicaraguan Government to Admiral Stephenson, and proclamation, arrived yesterday morning from Managua. The reply will not, however, be delivered until the eleventh hour. Although its terms have not been made public, it is understood that it will be of such a nature as to bring about the occupation of Corinto by the English. A permanent session is being held of the Cabinet and leading statesmen at the capitol.

Will Not Pay Until the Last Minute.

New York, April 26.—A special from Managua to The World says: The Government has assurance that it will receive from voluntary subscriptions more than enough to pay the British claim within the time allowed by the ultimatum, but there is a strong feeling among the people against acceding too quickly to Britain's demands, and the Government was deterred by the feeling that if it should seem too ready to obey England it would cause serious international trouble.

There is great excitement here. Two thousand men are ready to march to Corinto at a moment's notice.

The U.S. Will Not Interfere.

An intimate friend of President Cleveland, who is entitled to speak with authority and who has talked with the President about the crisis in Nicaragua, says this Government, while fully alive to the necessity of maintaining the autonomy of American states against foreign encroachments can find no warrant for interfering to prevent Great Britain or any other country from securing reparation for an offence similar to that charged against Nicaragua. He declared that in the Mosquito affair of a year ago the United States had fully demonstrated its determination not to permit the sovereignty and ijntegrity of Nicaragua to be assailed when DAmerican warships were stationed at Bluefields. The attitude of the United States on this question was then as ever, it was firm as ever, but this Government could not undertake to shoulder every quarrel of the Spanish American Republics whose faculty for getting into hot water seemed in some measure attributable to their excessive reliance on this country's help as well as to their impetuous temperaments, their frequently irresponsible and autocratic rulers. If the United States was compelled to take up all such quarrels as the present one it would have no time to devote to the greater questions arising, such as the Venezuelan boundary dispute.

It was his understanding that Nicaragua's difficulty with England would be promptly settled, and all the more quickly because of our position in the matter. He declared, however, that the determination of this Government to preserve Nicaragua's independence and her undisturbed control over her territory was unchanged, and that the United States would forcibly, if necessary, resent any attempt on the part of a European Government to establish itself on this continent.

Honduras Wants to Fight.

New York, April 26.—A special from Tegucigalpa, Honduras, says: The movement of soldiers towards Cape Gracias Adios continues. This seems to confirm the rumors that Honduras will aid Nicaragua with troops, if needed, in resisting the English. A strong feeling has been aroused throughout Central America against Great Britain.

Dog Show, extra day, admission 10c.

500 Pair.

Every pair different. Mill ends of pantings, selling them at $4, your pick. They are worth from five to eight dollars. See them at Waterson's, 126 Yonge-street.

Turkish baths, open all night, phone 1286

Michie & Co's Maple Syrup.

Owing to the prevalence of old syrup and every kind of adulteration this season, Michie & Co. have been particular to buy only absolutely pure stock, and, whether maple syrup or sugar, every sale they make is guaranteed new stock and pure.

Fetherstonhaugh & Co., patent solicitor and experts. Bank Commerce Building, Toronto

A Word to the Wise.

Before ordering your spring suit or overcoat see our stock of Scotch tweed suitings at $16, $18 and $20; overcoatings from $15, trouserings from $4. Entire satisfaction assured. Corrigan, tailor and hatter, corner of Yonge and Adelaide-streets.

Ask for delicious "Salada" tea.

Hotel Del Monte, Preston Springs.

A comfortable heated room, board and mineral baths at $8 per week. You will be benefited by a change. Write for a pamphlet.

Ask for delicious "Salada" tea.

Gentlemen appreciating perfect-fitting, stylish, well made garments should visit Corrigan's, the leading tailor, 113 Yonge-street.

HAVE NOT HEARD OF THE MURDER

An Unfounded Rumor Which Is Denied by the Officers of the Attorney-General's Department.

It is reported in Kincardine that provincial detectives are working up an alleged murder case in the neigborhood of Southampton. It will be remembered that, a year or two ago, the schooner "Nettie Woodward" stranded in a storm, near Southampton. One sailor was reported drowned and the rest had a very narrow escape. The body of the drowned sailor was found 25 miles further up the lake than the wreck occurred. The clue upon which the detectives are working is an alleged confession made by one of the rescued men that the unfortunate sailor was thrown overboard because the man, being fagged out, refused to pump. The story told by the survivors just after the diaster was that the captain had held the exhausted sailor in his arms for an hour, in a vain endeavor to save his life.

The Attorney-General's department knows nothing of the case, nor has any of its officers been at work on it. The presence of Detective Murray in Southampton a few days ago, in connection with the alleged graveyard insurance matter, may have given rise to the rumor.

The Hen and the Eggs.

"The hen lays where there are eggs already." This is a very natural circumstance. Seeing the result of her past efforts, she is encouraged to add to her store.

Now, in this respect, if in no other, men are very much like hens. When a man has saved something, it gives him satisfaction, and he feels disposed to make further efforts to increase his savings.

Additions to his savings bank account always afford him pleasure. Just here, however, there comes in the obstacle which often sets at naught the best laid plans for the future. The necessity for such deposits being optional, the temptation to spend money for things not really needed is often too strong to resist.

Could a moderate element of compulsory saving be introduced, the result would be salutary, and this is afforded by life insurance.

The Mutual Life Insurance Company is a perfect savings bank for its policyholders, affording them larger profits than the ordinary interest received from savings banks, and at the same time, by the compulsory payment of premiums, exerts that stimulus which insures the desired additions to their savings.

It is stated that the hen sometimes hesitates much before selecting the place for laying her eggs, but when she has once entered upon this useful function by laying one or two she becomes intensely interested in it, and, if undisturbed, she stops not until the receptacle is well filled.

Talk with an agent of The Mutual Life Insurance Company of New York, and ask him to show you the new Continuous Income Debenture, incontestable, or write Henry K. Meserie, manager, 31, 32, 33 Bank of Commerce Building, Toronto.

NO SMALLPOX IN CANADA.

The General Health Condition of Ontario Remarkably Good.

Smallpox is increasing its area in the United States, although the cases are not much more numerous. At present Canada is free from the disease, and is in a healthy condition generally. Dr. Bryce states that should the present favorable state of affairs continue he will have a very pleasant report to make at the end of the year.

Hope Bros.' & Patterson's Handsome Hats

A new department opens to-morrow with the handsomest styles and shade in all the newest make of hats in English, German and American manufactures, at the closest prices. This department, along with our readymade clothing of the United Service at 50c on the dollar, puts us in the position as the most complete furnishers, clothiers, and hatters in Toronto. Call to-day and see our new spring overcoats, our new spring suits and our handsome hats. Hope Bros. & Patterson, Toronto's Napoleon Clthiers and hatters, 101 and 97 King-street east, Toronto. 246

Languid Stomach.

Persons suffering from languid stomach and of difficult digestion will find a prompt remedy by the use of Almoxia Wine. Highly recommended by all the physicians acquainted with the analysis. Sold by all druggists and wine merchants.

Dispels all uneasiness at the stomach and makes you feel first-class—Adams' Tutti Frutti. Beware of fraudulent imitations.

Fraulein Pauline Holtermann's free illustrated German lectures are decidedly popular, the large audiences showing great interest and enthusiasm. The regular classes which are now being organized begin on Monday, April 29. Those desiring to become members should register their names without delay. Free lectures in Y.M.C.A. library at 4.30 and 8 p.m. daily. 61

Useful for Spring.

Now the season has opened what can one buy better than some of those wash ties Varcoe is showing, as low as two for twenty-five cents or his fifty-cent balbriggan underwear! New assortment of cambric Zephyr and Oxford shirts.

Extra Day for Dog Show.

ASSESSMENT SYSTEM.

St. Paul, a good authority, wrote: "But if any provide not for his own, and especially for those of his own house, he hath denied the faith, and is worse than an infidel." A policy in the Commercial Travelers' Mutual Benefit Society would be in accordance with this inspired instruction. 461

Dog Show extended a day.

Something Worth Knowing.

Where can I get a really first-class nice fitting suit or overcoat at a reasonable figure? That's the question. Answer: Go direct to Corrigan's, the leading tailor. Every garment guaranteed as regards fit, workmanship and style.

Try Sutton's Billiard Parlor, all new tables, 139 King W.

Mammoth Olives.

This season Michie & Co. are offering a "Mammoth Olive" of exceptional quality. They are the selected fruit from favored trees and are the best that can be procured. They also have some very fine bulk olives, which are selling at a low price. ed

Tonka is the only high-grade smoking mixture put up in 10c. packages in Canada. Try it.

Some Better Than Others.

Of course there are, but first come best served; 500 pair to pick from, no two pair alike, made to your order for $4 at Waterson's, 126 Yonge-street.

Beaver, "the gentleman's chew," can now be had in thin plugs. d

THE WORRIES OF POLITICAL GARDENING.

MR. FOSTER, resignedly: Oh, yes, I s'pose I'll have the usual trouble with those miserable Opposition hens in the garden this spring.

EULOGISED MR. CHAMBERLAIN

UNIONISTS A SOURCE OF STRENGTH TO TORYISM.

Lord Salisbury Disposes of the Inter-Party Friction Rumor—Mr. Balfour Looks for a Permanent Union of the Allied Parties in One Government—Gladstonianism and Radicalism Dead.

London, April 26.—Lord Salisbury has addressed a letter to E. H. Hulse, M.P., in which the ex-Premier declares that a vast mass of the Conservative voters, and certainly the leaders of the party, are desirous that the alliance between the Conservatives and Liberal-Unionist parties shall be confirmed and strengthened.

Lord Salisbury adds: "I meet some who seem to think the Conservatives have ceased to be sensible of the services rendered by the Liberal-Unionists, especially Mr. Chamberlain. We always have recognized most cordially the loyalty with which Mr. Chamberlain has devoted his great authority and splendid powers to the defence of the union."

The letter is intended primarily to be an answer to the reports of friction in the Conservative-Liberal-Unionist alliance. These reports may be summarized in the statement that the Young Tories are said to dislike the alliance and to object especially to Joseph Chamberlain's growing power in the Unionist coalition. At the Carlton Club the general opinion is that Mr. Balfour should either throw off Mr. Chamberlain's domination or resign the leadership.

Will Not Kick Away the Ladder of Power.

Mr. Balfour, the Conservative leader in the House of Commons, used language similar to that of Lord Salisbury in his speech at the annual assembly of the Primrose League, adding that the cordiality of the friendship existing between himself and Mr. Chamberlain was unimpaired. In the course of his speech, which is looked on as an important utterance, Mr. Balfour said that some of the members of the Conservative party, foreseeing victory in the next Parliament, seemed to suggest the kicking down of the ladder upon which they had climbed. Such a suggestion was unutterably mean. It was Mr. Chamberlain and his Liberal-Unionist colleagues, who for the past nine years had made a Home Rule policy impossible.

Permanent Union.

Continuing, Mr. Balfour said: "The present position of the Unionist parties is one of transition. What will follow permanent division or permanent union? I answer unhesitatingly, permanent union. Those persons who from a detached standpoint have watched the politics of England through the last decade must have noticed that old-fashioned Radicalism is now absolutely played out. The power of Gladstonianism is a power of tradition and history. That power is passed, and if it is to retain its vitality it must be done by the aid of revolutionary forces. Meanwhile the Unionist alliance aims at the greatness of the Empire alone, the right to subscribe itself the Imperial party, to promote social reform, to maintain industrial liberty and to resist Socialistic schemes. I look forward with absolute confidence to a time when the Liberal-Conservatives and Unionists will be united in one Government."

MARRIAGES.

VERNER—PRUDHOMME—On the 24th inst., at St. Margaret's Church, by Rev. Mr. Moore, Edwin Winnerfield Verner to Cora Prudhomme, youngest daughter of the late T. W. Prudhomme, both of this city.

DEATHS.

LELLIS—At Kleinburg, on April 25, Margaret Lellis, relict of Michael Lellis.

Funeral on Saturday morning at 9.30 to Toronto Gore.

SECOR—At Scarboro, on Friday, April 26, Joseph Marshall Secor, aged 68 years.

Funeral on Sunday, 28th, at 2 p.m. Chicago papers please copy.

IRON BOUNTIES IN QUEBEC.

Furnace Men Ask $1 Per Ton as in Ontario.

Montreal, April 26.—A deputation representing the Canada Iron Furnace Company of Radnor Forges waited on the provincial ministers here to-day. The spokesmen were Mr. George E. Drummond and Mr. J. B. McLean of Hardware. They invoked the example of Ontario in aiding the development of the iron industry, and asked that the Quebec Government follow a similar policy by giving a bonus of $1 per ton on iron ore and grant reserves of hardwood for charcoal burning.

ROBBED IN QUEEN'S PARK.

One of the Alleged Highwaymen Taken into Custody.

While passing through the Queen's Park on the evening of April 19, Arthur Braymer, was set upon by two men, who overpowered him and robbed him of $65 in cash and a gold watch and chain. Braymer resisted and put up a good fight for his property, but the thugs used him rather roughly. A description of the highwaymen was furnished the detective department, and yesterday Detective Burrows arrested Kenneth McRae, who says his home is in Alliston, Ont., on a charge of being one of them.

'TWILL BE A SIGHT INDEED.

Toronto's Classic Hall Will Be Thronged Next Week.

Fast following Easter comes conferring academic degrees. Proud mammas and sisters will gaze with admiration on sons or brothers as they meekly receive the coveted honors. And in the jolly throng will be the sweet girl graduate. Radiant at any other time, she will look a queen of learning's halls when she dons Dineens' college cap, popularly known as Varsity mortar-board. In Victoria's and McMaster's corridors next week will be seen the co-ordinates thus attired. Fine was the sight on Sunday last, when mortar-board in hand, one of these girl-graduates joined the surpliced choir. And whence come these Varsity caps? The source of supply, or rather distribution, is the corner of Yonge and Kingstreets. Two things are notable therenent this year: that the demand is equal to any two previous years, and that the price has been reduced from $2.25 to $1.50. The old refrain used to be, "O, would I were a bird"; now 'tis changed to, "Would I were a grad!" Another fact, not to put too fine a point upon it, is that Dineens' Varsity hats are made by Christys of England, and of the same quality as are seen at the time-honored Oxford Commemoration. But, as all cannot sport mortar-boards, Dineens' will to-day, aye, even up to 10 o'clock to-night, sell sterling Christy silk hats at prices to suit purses—from $4 to $8. Now, for those who wouldn't buy the cheapest and who for reasons not to be here explained fight shy of the dearest, Dineens' will stake their 25 years' reputation that for the money their $5 silk hats take the cake.

Natural beauty retained and enhanced by using Adams' Tutti Frutti. It aids digestion. Refuse imitations.

Sample Ends.

500 pair of pants, each pair different, good value at double the money, to your order $4. Waterson's, 126 Yonge-st.

Ask for delicious "Salada" tea.

Ask for Dewar's Scotch whisky, as supplied to her Majesty, Queen Victoria. 246

Why Physicians Recommend Tokay.

Physicians recommend California Tokay from the St. Clara Valley, because it is the most delicious red sweet pure wine ever sold in Canada. It is for sale at all first-class hotels and clubs at 10c per dock glass. We sell it at $2.50 per gallon, $6 per dozen, 60c per bottle. William Mara, 79 Yonge-street.

Showery.

Lowest and highest temperatures yesterday: Edmonton, 24—46; Qu'Appelle, 36—58; Winnipeg, 36—60; Parry Sound, 36—58; Toronto, 42—56; Montreal, 34—52; Quebec, 30—48; Halifax, 44—64.

PROBS.—Winds mostly easterly; fair to cloudy; showers in some places, chiefly at night; not much change in temperature.