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HONEST BUT PREJUDICED.

MR. PARNELL'S FRIENDS SATISFIED WITH HIS DENIAL.

His Opponents Do Not Consider It Conclusive of His Innocence—Davitt Challenges the Government to Try Him—A Disturbance in Trafalgar-square.

LONDON, July 8.—The press on the O'Donnell trial is not very instructive. The views expressed are on both sides partisan; honest, no doubt, but prejudiced. All the Unionist papers consider a strong prima facie case against Mr. Parnell made out. All the Home Rule papers are confident that the letters on which this prima facie case rests are forged. Mr. Parnell's statement in the House of Commons convinces, so far as I can see, only those who were convinced before. His denials covered the whole ground. He spoke coldly and contemptuously, amid silence hardly broken except by Irish cheers. The Liberals observed in the House an attitude of reserve which they certainly do not in private or in the Gladstonian press. Mr. Parnell's speech was the result of a conference with his English allies, who profess entire confidence in his innocence.

The Times retorts upon him with two long articles, and makes its points sharply enough. Mr. Parnell based his denial in part upon the theory that Mr. Egan's letter to Carey was admittedly found by the police in Carey's house, and that police evidence is worthless. "No," says his accuser, "that was not alleged and is not admitted." Mr. Parnell says that his "Dear E." letter about "making it hot for Forster," is alleged to be in the handwriting of his secretary, Mr. Campbell. "It was not so alleged," answers The Times; "the Attorney-General expressly said that he did not know whose handwriting it was." Mr. Parnell told the House that he had been two days in court, ready to give evidence. "Yes," replies The Times, "you were there on a subpœna and would have to go to jail if you had not obeyed the summons of the court." "The signature of the facsimile letter," says Mr. Parnell, "is one I had not used since 1879." "But you told the House last year," cries The Times, "that that signature was an audacious fabrication, containing only two letters which bore any resemblance to any letters in your own signature!" And The Times winds up with a fresh challenge to Mr. Parnell to bring an action for libel. Other Unionist journals think that in no other way can the issue be fairly tried.

You may judge of the heat generated by this controversy from Mr. T. P. O'Connor's remarks. Nobody would think of calling Mr. O'Connor, to use an expression which this trial has made classical, mealy-mouthed, even in ordinary matters. He now observes that Sir Henry James told a deliberate falsehood in court in order to gain an advantage over his political opponents; that the Attorney-General, who is the head of the English bar, was guilty of a scandalous violation of all the decencies and of all the traditions of his profession; and that Mr. Walter, the proprietor of The Times, uses the foulest weapons ever employed since —note the phrase—since the well-merited death of Titus Oates. Yet I think that Sir Henry James continues to practice in court, the Attorney-General is still Attorney-General and The Times came out yesterday morning as usual.

The Daily News follows Mr. O'Connor's lead, and pronounces the charges against Mr. Parnell absurd and the documents produced in support of them mere rubbish. Then this zealous advocate discharges its whole armory of adjectives on Mr. Walter and the Attorney-General. It accuses the latter of using his position as a member of the Government to obtain official information for the purpose of his private practice, of bringing silly and infamous charges, and of making defamatory impressions of the grossest kind, which he declined to support in any way, and concludes: "It is he, not Mr. Parnell, who stands upon his trial."

The judgment of the English public, like that of the press, follows to some extent party lines, but is among impartial men—if such there be—held in suspense; nor will it be determined by mere violence on either side.

A Variety of Opinions.

LONDON, July 8.—The Pall Mall Gazette says the ministers obviously do not consider Mr. Parnell's denial as conclusive of his innocence. Their supporters declare the denial is false. The ministry, the paper says, must either expel Mr. Parnell from Parliament or dismiss Attorney-General Webster. No middle course is compatible with the honor and responsibility of the Government.

The St. James Gazette calls Mr. Parnell's statement a flabby mixture of unsupported denial, inaccuracy, inconsistency, misrepresentation and mendacity. If Mr. Gladstone, it says, continues to be a friend and ally of Mr. Parnell and does not clear himself from the reproach of indifference as to whether charges are repelled or not, he will achieve the apparently impossible feat of further disgusting his party and the country which gave him a chance for a splendid career.

The Star, O'Connor's paper, rejoices over the fact that Mr. Parnell will not fall into The Times' trap and subject himself to Attorney-General Webster's dishonorable treachery and unscrupulous cross-examination before a London jury. Mr. Parnell, it declares, is now and always has been ready to submit his case to a committee of inquiry appointed by the House of Commons.

Tynan is Not an Informer.

NEW YORK, July 7.—Mr. Patrick J. Tynan, known as Number 1, was called on to-day by a United Press reporter with regard to the statement cabled from the other side that the Parnellites accuse him of having furnished the information that led to the slanders against the Home Rule party. Mr. Tynan emphatically denied that he had any hand in furnishing the information.

He Acted Under Advice.

LONDON, July 8.—Mr. O'Donnell writes to a news agency that his counsel adopted the mode of procedure taken at the investigation on the unasked advice of two eminent Gladstonian members of the House of Commons.

A Protest.

LONDON, July 8.—A demonstration was held at Glasgow yesterday to protest against the imprisonment of Mr. Dillon. Mr. Michael Davitt challenged the law officers, if they believed Mr. Parnell guilty of the gravest crimes, to try him. The Government, he said, were false to their oaths if they did not put both himself and Mr. Parnell in the prisoner's dock.

Fenwick's Resolution Rejected.

LONDON, July 7.—In the House of Commons last night Mr. Charles Fenwick (Liberal) introduced a resolution in favor of the payment of salaries to members. The resolution, which was supported by Mr. Gladstone, was rejected by a vote of 192 to 135.

They Had to "Move On."

LONDON, July 8.—A crowd assembled in Trafalgar-square yesterday afternoon with the intention of holding a meeting. A strong force of policemen tried to break up the gathering. Sir Charles Warren, the Chief of Police, instructed them to keep the crowd moving but to make no arrests. In accordance with his instructions Messrs. Saunders and Conybeare were allowed to make speeches. The assemblage also succeeded in passing resolutions denouncing Mr. Balfour, Chief Secretary for Ireland. Scrimmages occurred constantly during the proceedings, and finally the police lost their temper and charged and dispersed the mob, making a number of arrests.

The French Revenue Surplus.

PARIS, July 8.—The French revenue surplus for the first six months of the year amounts to 28,000,000f.

Found with Four Bullet Holes in His Head.

NEW YORK, July 7.—Arthur Otto, aged 55 years, a butler of Gov. Robinson, was found in a room at No. 419 Sixth-avenue to-night dead with four bullet holes in his head. They were probably inflicted last night. He had valuable jewelry on his person.

PERISHED IN THE FLAMES.

Four Persons Burnt to Death in a Sault Ste. Marie Farm House.

SAULT STE. MARIE, Mich., July 7.—The farm house of George Dobbs, located seven mi's from here on the Canadian side of the river, was burned early yesterday morning. George Dobbs, aged 72; David Merrifield, 21; Alice Thomson, 9, and another child perished in the flames. The fire started from a smudge, and when discovered by Mrs. Dobbs, who is 70 years old, was beyond control. Mrs. Dobbs quickly awoke her husband and Mr. Merrifield and descended to the lower floor. While groping about in the stifling smoke she stumbled and fell through a trap door into the cellar; and from there made her escape to the open air. The two men, unable to find any means of exit, fell back into the flames and were consumed. The children were asleep in another part of the house and were suffocated. The woman, who had no time to put on any clothing, lay exposed to the chilly air till morning, when her cries attracted the attention of a neighbor. There is little hope for her recovery.

No Insurance.

CAMILLA, July 7.—The shingle mill of Mr. James Smith, Elba, was destroyed by fire about 3 o'clock this morning. How the fire originated is not known. The loss is estimated at $1000. No insurance.

Serious Fire at Bowmanville.

BOWMANVILLE, July 7.—Fire this afternoon totally destroyed the Alma Hotel, Trinity Congregational Church, the residence of Mrs. Shaw and the outbuildings of David Fisher. The church was insured for $4000.

A STABBER IN WINDSOR.

Frank Gardner of Detroit is Not Apt to Find a Safe Asylum.

DETROIT, July 8.—Saloonkeeper John Daley, who was stabbed about 11 o'clock Friday night by a teamster named Frank Gardner, is reported to be in a fair way to recover. Gardner fled immediately after inflicting the wounds. Detectives Connolly and Downey traced him to Windsor and procured his arrest. Gardner, upon refusing to return to Detroit, was arraigned before Magistrate Barlee on a charge of assault with intent to kill and murder, and remanded until July 16. Assistant Prosecuting Attorney Barlow, who lodged the complaint, will immediately begin extradition proceedings; but it is thought Gardner will weaken before July 16 and return of his own volition.

JOHNSTON'S HANDIWORK.

An Italian Arrested in Washington While Trying to Pass a $5 Counterfeit.

WASHINGTON, D.C., July 7.—Guiesse Crugiera, an Italian, was arrested in a furniture store in this city to-day while attempting to pass a counterfeit $5 silver certificate of the new issue. The appearance of the note aroused the suspicion of the salesmen and Crugiera was arrested. He said he had just come from New York, knew nothing about the note and did not remember where he got it.

The note was examined at the Treasury Department and proved to be one of the counterfeit issue discovered last February in Detroit. They are said to have been made by Charles Johnston, alias Davis, the notorious counterfeiter who was arrested this week in Toronto for making money on his own account.

THE COUNT'S LETTER.

The Right Postpone Their Interpellation—The Seizure Denounced.

PARIS, July 7.—The members of the party of the Right in the Chamber of Deputies have decided to postpone their interpellation of the Government respecting the seizure in the house of M. Deufeuille, the director of the Orleanist press, of copies of the letter written by the Count of Paris advocating the establishment of a monarchy.

The Conservative newspapers denounce the seizure of the letter as an illegal act. The Republican journals criticise the letter as seditious and ridiculous. Many of them condemn the seizure and say it was a clumsy measure on the part of the police.

PITCHER'S BOODLE.

All the Union Bank's Stolen Securities Recovered in London.

PROVIDENCE, July 7.—The Union Bank officials have received word by cable to-day that the whole bundle of securities, bills receivable and other property stolen by Charles A. Pitcher, the defaulting teller, have been recovered in London. Pitcher had mailed them to "J. A. Roberts," his assumed name, and believed them safe from the bank and that it was in his power to keep their hiding place a secret until the bank would be ready to compromise and come to terms on a basis of Pitcher's holding out for $500,000 cash. His stealings aggregated $700,000.

MONTREAL, July 7.—The examination in the case against Pitcher for bringing stolen money into Canada was continued to-day when the evidence of officials of the bank as to Pitcher's hasty departure and the concurrent disappearance of the funds and securities was taken. A number of letters written by Pitcher confessing his crime were also read.

A Passenger Train Bombarded.

CHICAGO, July 7.—As passenger train No. 17 on the "Q" Road was leaving Chicago last evening a rock was thrown through the cab window of the engine, narrowly missing Engineer Farnsworth and Fireman Corkery. The windows on both sides of the cab were broken. At Riverside and again at Naperville the engine was bombarded. At the former place a perfect storm of stones was thrown, battering the side of the engine and breaking more glass. At Naperville Fireman Corkery was struck on the head with a flying missile, inflicting a slight scalp wound, but he was not injured but so he could continue his work.

Drunken Rioters Killed.

LONG ISLAND CITY, L.I., July 7.—A drunken mob attacked Thomas Tiernay's saloon last night and when they began to batter down the doors Tiernay fired several shots into the crowd. Richard Owens, a bricklayer of New York, was killed and Cornelius Walsh was mortally wounded. Both were young men. Eight of the attacking party were arrested on a charge of rioting and Tiernay was also locked up.

A Big Blow at Ontario Beach.

ROCHESTER, July 7.—The structure being erected at Ontario Beach for a summer hospital for children was blown down to-day, and a workman named Anson Rogers of Brockport killed. Another man named Rice was injured, but not seriously. Eighteen men were in the building when it was demolished.

Financial Distress Causes a Suicide.

LOUISVILLE, July 7.—R. B. Parrish, once a wholesale shoe dealer here reputed to have been worth $100,000, committed suicide this morning because he could not pay his board. He left a note to his landlord regretting that he was unable to pay $5 then due and directing what should be done with his trunk and contents.

Smallpox on an Ocean Steamer.

NEW YORK, July 7.—Mr. W. D. Harper, a saloon passenger on the steamer Celtic, which arrived here to-day from Liverpool, was taken down with smallpox during the passage. The ship is detained at quarantine.

A Steamship Collision.

HAVRE, July 7.—The steamer Ville de Brest, belonging to the General Trans-Atlantic Company, collided with and sank the steamer Charles Quint belonging to the same company. The captain of the Quint and four of her crew were drowned.

Signed the Scale.

PITTSBURG, July 7.—The Linden Steel Company of this city has signed the scale and will resume operations next week. The scale now has eighteen signatures, including two of the largest firms in Pittsburg.

UNHAPPY QUEEN NATALIE.

A ROYAL BLACKGUARD'S SCANDALOUS INTRIGUES.

Unionist Peers Decide to Support Lord Salisbury's Bill to Reform the House of Lords—Pensions for German Work-People—The Vatican and the Slave Trade.

LONDON, July 8.—The movements and counter-movements for divorce by King Milan attract general attention throughout Europe. Queen Natalie receives almost universal sympathy on account of her husband's scandalous and unfaithful conduct. Even King Milan does not allege that the Queen has been unfaithful, yet because she will not condone his offences and resents the betrayal of Servia's interests to the Austrian court the King asks the Ecclesiastical Synod to punish her, which is obediently proceeds to do. The Pall Mall Gazette asserts that a more wife job was never undertaken by a spiritual court at the dictation of the temporal power. King Milan proposes a separation a mensa et thoro, provided Her Majesty accepts the conditions which will be made known to her by Bishop Dametrius, who has taken them to Wiesbaden.

It is said that at a state reception Queen Natalie refused to follow the Servian custom and kiss a foreign minister's wife who was notorious for certain of her actions. When King Milan demanded an explanation Queen Natalie said: "I will leave that agreeable duty to Your Majesty."

Mr. Gladstone was present at a garden party at Lord Aberdeen's at Dallis Hill yesterday but he would not speak, pleading a sore throat. The Liberal leader was otherwise beaming and happy.

The relations of women to politic grows closer and closer. The Primrose League provoked the foundation of the Women's Liberal Federation for Gladstonian missionary work, and that in turn has given rise to the Women's Liberal-Unionist Association, which starts into being under the roof of that wonderful and admirable relic of an earlier generation, the Dowager Lady Stanley of Alderney. The Duke of Argyll made a speech; Mr. Chamberlain, whose goat is better, sent an approving letter, and Mrs. Fawcett spoke. The new league seems fairly launched, and more fair ladies are to dabble in the dirty water of politics.

Anxiety about Mr. Stanley is once more quickened by a statement imputed to Zobehr Pacha. Zobehr, who knows all about the Soudan, thinks that the White Pacha is not Mr. Stanley, but Dr. Emin. The military authorities at Suakim and Cairo, however, still say it is Mr. Stanley who is marching on Khartoum.

Lady Salisbury's second Foreign Office party, given on Wednesday, is said to have been the most brilliant ever known in those great rooms. No royalties were among the guests; court mourning is still in a stage too strict to allow of their presence. The two kinfolk of the Queen who are supposed to have a very strained sense of the compensation for social purposes are Princess Mary and the Duke of Cambridge. They are to be seen in the world, but even they were not at the Foreign Office party. This assembly was given to soothe the feelings of the humbler politicians for whom no room was found at the first. A consolation party is what people call it. Lady Salisbury, whose command of idiomatic English is considerable, calls it a wash-up. Many diplomatists, however, put in an appearance, the smart world was not wholly absent, but there was a moment when some of the rooms seemed nearly half full. There were bishops, too. There are few places in London this week where there are no bishops.

The report of the German doctors concerning the late Emperor Frederick's disease will be published this week. Each doctor is to give his individual opinion, dealing with the nature of the disease alone.

Emperor William continues his grandfather's state social policy, and in most of his acts follows in the steps of old Emperor William rather than those of his father. A bill passed in the Federal Council Thursday last provides that working people who are incapacitated or who have arrived at the age of 70 shall receive an allowance beginning with $30 and increasing to $60 per annum. Women are to receive two-thirds of the allowance given to men. The money is to be raised by subscriptions of employers and the employed. The bill provides that men shall subscribe 21 pfennigs and women 14 pfennigs weekly to the fund, and the Government is to contribute a third of the required sum. It is estimated that the bill will affect 12,000,000 persons.

At a meeting of Unionist peers it was decided to support Lord Salisbury's bill to reform the House of Lords.

A religious treaty was ratified yesterday between the Vatican and the United States of Colombia. Pope Leo is making strenuous efforts to suppress the slave trade throughout the world and non-Catholic governments are invited to assist in the endeavor to put down the infamous traffic.

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CAPITAL NOTES.

Sir John Leaves for Dalhousie To-Day—Dr. Montague's Trip Abandoned.

OTTAWA, July 9.—Sir John Macdonald leaves for Dalhousie to-morrow afternoon, where he will spend a few days and then proceed to the beach and afterwards to Halifax and some other points in the Maritime Provinces, being absent probably about a month.

Dr. Montague, M. P., was here yesterday on departmental business. The Doctor finds that he will not be able to spare the time to accompany Hon. Mr. Chapleau to the Maritime Provinces.

Hon. C. H. Tupper, Minister of Marine and Fisheries, is not expected here till near the end of the month.

Windsor Notes.

WINDSOR, July 8.—The new steamer City of Chatham, which is now at the Detroit dry dock, will commence making regular trips between Windsor and Chatham this week.

Magistrate Bartlet and Town Clerk Lusted were at Sandwich yesterday drawing the jury for the quarter session term of the court.

On Tuesday the special election of a councilman to succeed to the seat vacated by Councilman Hilroy will take place. The candidates are Edward Scully and O. E. Fleming.

Preparations are in progress for a grand celebration on Emancipation Day.

An Aged Woman Walks Off a Train.

KINGSTON, July 7.—Last night a woman 73 years of age, en route to Detroit, walked off the midnight express between Prescott and Cardinal while it was rushing along at the rate of forty-five miles per hour. An engine was sent back to pick her up. She was found and taken to Prescott, where she lies in a precarious condition. She was in charge of her granddaughter, who was sleeping when the accident occurred.

The Glengarry Election Case.

MONTREAL, July 8.—F. S. Maclennan, Donald McMaster's partner, received a cablegram to-day bringing the news that the Privy Council had refused leave to appeal the case of Kennedy v. Purcell (the Glengarry election case), on the ground that it was not within the province of the Crown to interfere in election cases which belong solely to the jurisdiction of the Canadian courts.

Quebec Shipping Statistics.

QUEBEC, July 7.—The comparative statement of arrivals and tonnage at this port to date shows thirty-nine ocean sailing vessels and 12,076 tons less than at the same time last year, and eighteen ocean steamers and 13,792 tons less than last year. Of the Lower Province vessels there were seventeen and 13,252 tons less than last year.

Sir John's Summer Suit.

MONTREAL, July 7.—Sir John Macdonald has instituted proceedings against Nathan Michaels, tobacconist, for using his name for advertising purposes.

A BLOW STRUCK IN FUN

Causes the Death of an Inmate of the Hamilton Asylum.

HAMILTON, July 8.—Yesterday afternoon a number of the inmates of the Asylum for the Insane were engaged assisting the gardener, when one of them named Joseph Burns struck another named David Moore in sport with the flat part of his spade on the head. Moore took no notice of the blow, and worked for almost two hours, talking to Burns occasionally as if nothing had occurred. The blow left no mark on Moore's head and nothing was thought of the affair until the men were taken into the institution for supper, when Moore began to complain of his head. Shortly afterwards he became stupid. Dr. Reynolds examined him, but still there were no external marks. He reported to Dr. Russell, who also examined the man. At that time his breathing and other symptoms indicated apoplexy. It was feared that the blow had caused internal injuries, and the fears proved true. In an hour the man died, despite all that could be done for him. Burns is a quiet sort of a man, and the officers of the institution are quite sure that he had no intention of doing any harm.

Word was received here this morning that Conductor A. Manners of this city was killed at Tottenham, on the Northern and Northwestern Division of the Grand Trunk Railway, while coupling cars.

At the Police Court this morning 14-year-old James Walton pleaded guilty to the larceny of a silver watch, a chain and $30 belonging to his employer, Mr. Alfred Nicholson of Elfrida.

Charles Hutchins gave an exhibition of fancy swimming at the James-street Swimming Baths last night.

HOSPITAL NOTES.

Fatal Fall from a Hotel Window—Downey Out of Danger.

On Saturday morning about 6 o'clock, Thos. Kenny, who with his wife boarded at Roylan's Hotel, 24 West Market-street, fell out of the second flat window and seriously injured himself. He was taken to the Hospital, where he died about noon.

David Murray, aged 16, residing with his parents at 8 Elliott-street, and employed by Fullerton & Co., plumbers, was engaged doing some work at a house in Ontario-street, when he got his left leg severely burned. The lad was with a young man doing some work when a gasoline stove they were using got out of order. They carried it outside the house and in doing so Murray got burned and is now in the Hospital. The plumbers on strike should inquire into this case.

Saturday was the busiest day at the Hospital for some time, no less that 18 patients being admitted. Not one of the medical staff got any rest from the time the man Downey was admitted about midnight Friday till a late hour Saturday evening.

Downey, who was stabbed in a dive on Friday night, is now considered out of danger.

RAIDING THE ISLAND AGAIN.

An Army of Policemen Visit Hanlan's Point on Saturday.

Shortly after 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon the police crossed to the Western Point of the Island and made a thorough search of the various hotels for beer and whisky. Inspector Archabold and Inspector Armstrong visited Heber's, Inspector Johnston and Policeman Geddes John Hanlan's, Inspector Breckenreid and Policeman Macdonald Mrs. Dunnan's, and Sergeant Vaughan and Inspector Hall Yielding's bar. In only one instance was a seizure made, Heber being the victim. Eleven kegs of lager were rooted out of the ice-house. They were taken to Headquarters where they are now stowed away.

—The highest medical authorities endorse Adams Tutti Frutti Gum for indigestion. Sold by all druggists and confectioners: 5 cents. x

A GIDDY GIRL.

How 16-Year-Old Ismi Martin of Detroit Victimized Business Men.

DETROIT, July 8.—A 16-year-old girl named Ismi Martin has been victimizing a number of business and professional men in this city. Her plan of operations usually was to request the cashing of a worthless check after banking hours in the afternoon, and her innocent and childish appearance generally had the effect of enabling her to accomplish her object.

Her most remarkable exploit was as follows: The firm of Savage & Farnum, in whose office she had been allowed to bring her typewriter and occupy desk room, have a correspondent in the State of New York who owed them a balance of $500 and had promised to soon remit. A few days since they received a memorandum from the Western Union Telegraph office saying that their dispatch to this gentleman had not been delivered on account of his absence from town, but that it would be upon his return and requesting them to pay the charges. They had sent no such dispatch, and, their suspicions being aroused, they went to the telegraph office and found the original of a most unusual message, signed with their own name and addressed to their New York customer. It read, in substance: "If we do not receive your draft by 3 o'clock, we will foreclose." The message was in the girl's handwriting.

Gen. Sheridan's Condition.

NEW LONDON, July 7.—The Swatara anchored here at 6 p.m. after a run of two hours from New York. Gen. Sheridan continues to do well, has shown no unfavorable conditions and is apparently not at all fatigued by his journey.

NONQUIT, Mass., July 8.—The Swatara came to anchor off the village at 2 o'clock this afternoon. About two hours afterward Gen. Sheridan was brought ashore without any apparent discomfort. His condition is quite as favorable as it was when he left the capes of Delaware.

His Pocket Picked of $224.

DETROIT, July 8.—As the 11 o'clock passenger train on the Grand Trunk Line was leaving the Brush-street depot last evening, David Fisher of Goderich, Ont., had his pocket picked of $224. The money consisted of two $100 bills, one $20 and two $2 bills. Three men were seen to jump from the train, but although the train despatcher notified the police at once no clue to the thieves could be obtained.

Pullman Cars on the New York Central.

NEW YORK, July 7.—On account of a decision of Judges Gresham and Blodgett in the United States Circuit Court at Chicago dissolving the preliminary injunction obtained by the Pullman Palace Car Company against the Wagner Palace Car Company, the latter company will proceed to equip all fast express trains over the New York Central and Vanderbilt system with vestibuled drawing-room, sleeping and dining cars.

U. S. Legislators.

WASHINGTON, July 8.—Senator Cullom intends to call up to-morrow his bill to amend the Interstate Commerce Law. Senator Hoar will speak on the Fisheries Treaty. In the House less than a dozen pages of that part of the Tariff Bill which fixes duties remain to be acted upon, but as they include the wool and woolen schedule, upon which much debate is expected, it is thought unlikely that the bill will be disposed of this week.

The Canada-Australian Cable.

NEW WESTMINSTER, B.C., July 7.—The Japan Gazette says that H.M.S. Egeria is to survey a track 200 miles wide for a telegraph cable from Australia to British Columbia, a task which is expected to last three years. The route is to be from a point on the Australian coast to the north end of New Zealand and Fiji and thence to the terminus of the Canadian Pacific Railway.

Fixing Hours for the Sale of Sunday Papers.

NEWPORT, R. I., July 7.—Mayor Powell issued an order this morning forbidding the sale of Sunday papers here after 10 a. m. The action is the result of complaint of church authorities.

Extra Session Called.

ALBANY, N.Y., July 7.—Gov. Hill has called an extra session of the Legislature for July 17 for the purpose of appropriating funds to provide work for prisoners in the state prisons.

THE CZAR AND THE KAISER

A RUSSIAN PROTECTORATE TO BE PROPOSED FOR BULGARIA.

Bismarck Reported in Favor of the Scheme, but It is Thought that Austria May Object—Emperor's William's Active Interest in Military Matters.

BERLIN, July 7.—The Czar has asked in an autograph letter to Emperor William that Prince Bismarck accompany the Emperor to St. Petersburg, where M. de Giers will formally present a proposal for a nominal Russian protectorate in Bulgaria. The proposal does not involve the occupation of the country by Russia. A candidate for the Bulgarian throne is to be appointed by an ambassadorial conference to be held at either Vienna or Constantinople. If these terms are accepted, the Czar will order the army corps mustering on the Austrian and German frontiers back into the interior. Prince Bismarck, presiding at a Cabinet meeting yesterday, stated these proposals and said he believed that they offered a chance for a peaceful solution of the question, and that he intended to respond by going to St. Petersburg if the Austrian Government concurred in his views. In official circles here doubt is expressed as to whether Austria's assent to the proposals can be obtained. An article in The Wiener Tagblatt, written under information regarding Russia's offers, says that to allow Russia to have any special rights over Bulgaria is to ignore Austria's interests and stultify everything said by Count Kalnoky to the Delegations regarding her policy.

The Pan-Slavist party of Russia does not approve the Czar's rapprochement with Germany. A Warsaw paper, the acknowledged organ of Gen. Ghourko, asserts that the National party, with whom the Czar must reckon, is determined to reap the fullest results for the blood and money expended in the war with Turkey. In the same article the Poles of Posen and Galicia are exhorted to rally around Russia in the approaching war with Germany. All Slavs, the article says, must unite against the insatiable Germans, and the promise is held out that when Germany has been vanished the combined French and Russian forces the Poles will once more be joined in one nation under Russian protection. In connection with this article it is known that Gen. Ignatieff has been making overtures to the Tzechs committee in Vienna for mutual action against the Austrians when the war opens. The General promises Poles and the Pan-Slavist party to re-establish semi-autonomy in Poland, including the areas annexed by Austria and Prussia.

The Emperor in receiving the resignation of Gen. von Caprivi conferred upon him the Grand Cross of the Red Eagle and assigned him to command of an army corps at the autumn manœuvres. The Emperor appears to attach the utmost importance to these manœuvres. He is arranging to hold daily conferences with Gen. von Krosigk, leader of the cavalry division of the Third Army Corps, and with Capt. von Gossler and other cavalry officers. It is his intention to further develop the cavalry service. He is also experimenting with a view to the employment of pioneers for both the construction and destruction of railways, telegraph lines, bridges and tunnels. His energy has vivified every department of the military service. The manœuvres will be of exceptional interest, presenting the latest developments in the art of killing. The firing is to be under electric light, applied in various ways, and will be brought into full view the attacked and again the attacking forces.

A statement printed in The Paris Nouvelle Revue on an alliance between Germany and Belgium is reproduced in the papers here. While the statement is believed to be true in substance, it is considerate inaccurate as to details. No treaty has been concluded between Germany and Belgium, but it is known that Prince Bismarck has a written contract with King Leopold, under which, in the event of war with France, German troops will be allowed to pass over Belgium territory. If France should be conquered, Belgium is to be permitted to annex the French departments of Pas-de-Calais, Somme, Aisne and Ardennes.

The South Pole expedition, planned several years ago by Dr. Neumeyer of the Marine Observatory of Hamburg, is likely to start in October of this year. The Imperial Government has been asked to defray part of the expenses. Emperor William has made a favorable response, and has referred the question of the expedition to a committee of the Admiralty.

The Meinengen Company will start for the United States on Sept. 1 on a four months' tour. They will take all of the scenery and properties of the Meinengen Theatre. The material will be insured for 1,000,000 marks.

Candidate Morton's Statue of Liberty.

PARIS, July 7.—The Municipal Council of this city has granted $13,000 for the erection of a pedestal on the Grenell Bridge for the statue of liberty presented to the city by Mr. Morton.

THE MINISTERIAL CHANGES.

Ordination in Sherbourne-street Methodist Church Yesterday.

Yesterday the Rev. Dr. Stafford, President of Conference, commenced his ministerial duties at Sherbourne-street Methodist Church. Large congregations were present forenoon and evening and listened with evident pleasure to their new minister. At the close of the morning service the Rev. Robert B. Benyon was ordained to the ministry. The Rev. Dr. Stafford was assisted in the ordination services by Rev. Drs. Rose, Dewart, Hunter, Shaw, Revs. J. Gray and H. Johnston. Mr. Benyon will take charge of the church at Windermere, in Woodbridge Circuit.

The Rev. W. F. Wilson commenced his pastorate at Woodgreen Methodist Church yesterday and preached to large congregations forenoon and evening.

A number of other Methodist ministers commenced their ministerial duties in their new stations yesterday.

Journals, Ledgers, Cash Books, Day Books, Minute Books, Price and Memo Books. Best goods only. Grand & Toy, Leader-lane. 631

The Great English Hatter.

The greatest maker of hats in England today is Henry Heath of London. They are the highest standard of excellence and recognized as the leaders of fashion throughout the continent. His specialties are gentlemen's silk hats, Derbys, soft hats, tweed hats, hunting caps, ladies' riding hats, boating and seaside hats, deerstalkers, tweed traveling caps, etc. Dineen, corner King and Yonge streets, is the only firm that keeps his goods in Canada, having the exclusive agency. Heath's firm is specially patronized by

H. R. H. the Prince of Wales and the Royal Family.
H. I. & R. H. the Crown Princess of Germany.
T. R. H. the Duke & Duchess of Connaught.
H. R. H. the Princess Beatrice.
The Empress Eugenie.
The Imperial Family of Germany.
The Imperial Family of Russia.
The Royal Family of the Netherlands.
The Royal Family of Belgium.
The Royal Family of Spain, &c., &c.

Obstructing the Police.

The police had quite a lively experience on Albert-street on Saturday night. Policeman Crowe while attempting to arrest a man named William Donovan on that street for being drunk was set upon by a crowd of loafers who commenced pelting him with stones. Dr. Roach and Policeman Tripp went to his assistance, and in the scuffle the doctor lost his hat and got a bad blow from a stone, while Tripp received such injuries as to compel his going home. Before doing so he and Crowe not only captured Donovan but brought along two of the stone throwers, Michael Sullivan and James Lawson.

Who Will be Recommended?

Much interest is aroused in Catholic circles in this city as to a conference held in London at the residence of Bishop Walsh, at which Bishop Cleary of Kingston, Bishop Dowling of Peterboro and other prelates were present. It is understood that the object of the meeting was to take steps to nominate a successor to the late Archbishop Lynch. Nothing has been given to the public as to the outcome of the meeting.

MR. GODSON ON HIS DEFENCE.

He Will Answer and Explain Every Charge against Him.

The following letter has been handed to the Mayor:

TORONTO, July 7th, 1888.

To His Worship the Mayor of Toronto:

SIR: While the Works Investigation was proceeding I refrained from addressing you or doing anything to put myself straight before the Council and the public, but as I understand the proceedings now to be at an end from the fact that Mr. Justice Robertson has granted an order restraining any further proceedings in the matter so far as I am concerned, I now write to say that before the next meeting of the Council I will put a statement in your hands which will answer and explain every charge which has been made against me, and show that such charges are false from first to last, with the exception of the one that I was paid a sum of $58.50 twice, by mistake, with regard to which I need only say that I would like to know the merchant in this city who has not by mistake, at some time or other, in the course of his business received payment of an account twice. I am sir, yours etc.

A. W. GODSON.

Inspector Lackie and the Works Investigation.

The World had a conversation with Inspector Lackie on Saturday as to what he thought of Mr. Justice Robertson's deliverance in the matter of the Board of Works investigation. "I do not care," he said, "how soon they go to work with me. I can prove my innocence of everything laid to my charge, but there is one thing that juggles me. Every man, or almost every man, who could show that my conduct was without reproach is dead. There is first Acting City Engineer J. Bennett, who had charge of the department in 1871 during Mr. Shanly's absence in Europe. He died in 1878. Then comes Engineer Shanly, and then again Engineer Brouch. Following him comes James Craig, late secretary of the Board of Works. Then there is Fred. Lunn, foreman of St. Patrick's Ward, who died last May. Last of all there is Joseph Sayers, foreman of St. Andrew's Ward, and W. G. Denison, who had charge of the exhibition grounds. All these men are dead, and all of them could have given evidence which would have cleared me. It leaves me practically without a defence, as they were in the best positions to know all about the transactions involved."

THE ASSAULT IN A BROTHEL.

Three Assailants Before the Magistrate.

Mary McGinley, Thomas Downs and Sara Downing, alias O'Hara, appeared in the court on Saturday to answer the charge of having feloniously wounded Samuel Downey by stabbing him in the head. They pleaded not guilty, elected to be tried by the Magistrate and were remanded till Tuesday.

William B. Flack's Funeral.

The remains of the venturesome inventor, William B. Flack, who was drowned while experimenting in his boat in the Niagara Rapids on July 4, arrived in the city on Saturday morning at 11.30. Mrs. Flack accompanied the body, which was met at the Union Station by the members of Mystic Lodge, K. of P. The remains were placed in a hearse and conveyed to St. James' Cemetery, where they were interred. The coffin plate bore the inscription:

AT REST.
WILLIAM B. FLACK,
DIED JULY 4, 1888,
AGED 38 YEARS.

Artistic Signs.

Mr. R. A. Gilmor, the well-known painter and sign-writer of