

REINFORCEMENTS FOR GENERAL DRUDE.

**He Will Have 5,000 Under Him When Additional
Troops Arrive.**

Paris, Aug. 26.—An official note was issued today announcing that Gen. Drude, commander of the French expeditionary force in Morocco, will, when the reinforcements now on their way to Casa Blanca reach him, have at his disposal 5,000 men, which number is considered to be sufficient to insure the protection of the town unless the unexpected happens, for which emergency further reinforcements are ready to embark for Morocco.

It is stated that as a result of the Cabinet conferences and exchanges of views with Premier Clemenceau, who is at Maribad, where he met King Edward, the Government remains firm in carrying out its programme, which it is reiterated is not one of conquest.

To-day's despatches from Tangier show that the situation throughout Morocco is becoming more serious. There are fears that the whole country will soon be ablaze with a holy war, which will not be checked until after a native sacrifice of human life, as the awful fanatics have no fear for consequences when the fever of a war against the unbelievers has taken possession of them. The interior is in a ferment. The rebels have proclaimed Mulai Hafiz, the brother of the Sultan, as the true Sultan. This has aroused the natives to a condition of wild excitement, and they are crying for revenge on the "foreign dogs." A new Moorish army has appeared before Casa Blanca and another attack is expected. The constant strain of fighting is beginning to tell on the French troops of Casa Blanca, while the Moors are advancing on the French camp near Casa Blanca yesterday morning under the cover of a fog, the fog lifted and permitted the French batteries ashore and afloat to shell the Moors with deadly effect. At 2 o'clock in the afternoon Gen. Drude had moved forward his field guns to a ridge, situated about four miles from the camp, whence he shelled the Moors, who were then in full flight eastward.

U. S. Consul Safe.

Washington, Aug. 26.—Through the courtesy of the British charge at Tehran, the Persian capital, the State Department has received the following from the disturbed border country where certain American residents were supposed to be in danger:

"The British Consul at Tabriz reports

HOLY ROLLERS LET CHILD DIE

**CORONER'S JURY HOLDS FATHER
AND MOTHER FOR NEGLIGENCE.**

Both Pray Aload in Court Before They
Testify—Admit They Gave Baby No
Medicine—Frenzied Sect's Noisy
Meeting Disturbs Inquest at Totten-
ville.

New York, Aug. 26.—Several weeks ago the Holy Rollers of Tottenville, Staten Island, prayed for five hours that Peter Peterson, a member of the strange sect, might die, because in the excess of religious zeal he had proclaimed that he was ready to be received by the Lord.

Peter Peterson still lives, but yesterday Ruth, Peterson's still living, died at his home on Breunhau avenue unattended by a physician. Following the tenets of the Holy Rollers, Peterson and his wife had prayed over the sick child instead of administering the medicines a physician had prescribed.

Last night when Peterson and his wife, Anna, were called before a coroner's jury to tell why they had allowed the child to suffer without medical aid, both requested that they might pray for divine guidance before giving their testimony.

The mother of the dead child knelt before Coroner Martin Cahill and the jury and lifted up her voice in a prayer.

"Almighty God," she said, "I left my loved one in Your hands for I knew that if You saw fit to save his life You would. Now that You have taken my child away I know that You have done it for the best, but I know you will permit me to see it in heaven some time. The Almighty God is powerful, and I am satisfied that no doctor on earth could prescribe medicine which would cure my child if God saw fit to take it away. If God saw fit he could restore my child to me."

While Mrs. Peterson was praying the Holy Rollers, who had purposely hired a hall next door to the Knights of Pythias Temple, where the inquest was in progress, were engaged in praying vociferously for the souls of the man and woman who were being examined. Their shouts of glory and hymns of praise drowned out the proceedings. Mr. and Mrs. Peterson were held by the coroner to appear before the magistrate's court in Stapleton today.

As soon as the fact of the child's death was reported to the Tottenville police station yesterday morning, District Attorney John J. Kenny, of Stapleton, was notified and Coroner Cahill began an investigation. Peterson admitted that the child had been allowed to suffer without the administration of medicines because, he said, it was the Lord's will that the little one should die.

He human aid could avail to save her. He said that a week ago he had called on Dr. David Coleman, who had recommended medicines for the infant, but the prescriptions were never filled. The doctor had been called only because Peterson thought that in case of her death the physician would sign a death certificate.

When the District Attorney made an investigation of the case yesterday he learned much of the peculiar practices of the Holy Rollers. The Christian Alliance is the name the denomination gives itself. The sect has a church in Tottenville and carries on religious services of a character to set most of the people of Tottenville in protest against the votar-

HETTY GREEN TALKS.

**SUMMER GIRL AND HER LITTLE
VANITIES JUST FOOLISH.**

Admits She Was Gay Once—Wore as
Many Trimmings as a Christmas
Tree; Now She Detests 'Em.

New York, Aug. 26.—Young girls of to-day are too extravagant. They think too much about clothes and they don't have enough to do. If they had some useful work to occupy their thoughts they would not run to such extravagance."

So spoke Mrs. Hetty Green, the world's greatest woman financier, as from her corner in the Chemical National bank she watched the tide of girls, young and old, in summer finery, turning toward Brooklyn bridge and Coney Island.

"I speak from experience," she added. "Perhaps you don't know it, but I was quite a belle when I was young. But I outgrew all that sort of thing. These rainbow silks and metal fingers are not to my taste. I used to wear those things. I used to have more fixings and trimmings on me than there is on a Christmas tree. I have more sense now."

She tugged restlessly at the strings which, in a careless, listless sort of way were holding her tiny bonnet on her head. She spoke in a hoarse, almost inaudible voice and the most careful concentration was necessary in following her remarks. In one hand she held a much worn, small, black bag. With the other she was constantly doing something, tugging at her cap, pulling or pulling her bonnet strings or emphasizing her remarks by jerking the lapel of my coat.

"No, I don't like society, and I seldom go out. Last season I went to one reception given in my honor. One reason why I'm so tired to-day that I can hardly talk to you is that my daughter Sylvia is going away to one of those swell places. I will be busy for a week yet getting her ready."

The bonnet strings received a particularly vigorous tug this time, which said quite plainly that daughter Sylvia was going to visit the social elite with her mother's consent, but not her blessing.

"Society hasn't enough to do to keep it out of mischief. Those so-called fashionable women spend all their time these days at bridge and smoking cigarettes and drinking weak tea and doing nothing but work, and they would be better off."

Her manner changed to an odd combination of indignation and humor.

"The air some of those people put on amuse me. Before they got their money some of them made pants for their children and now they drive about in their own carriages and hold their noses up in the air. They do not know how to use their money yet. They are not accustomed to it. We had money in our family for four generations. O, they can't teach me anything about that."

She paused in her reminiscences to laugh until tears came to her eyes, and then she added grimly: "But Hetty is living yet."

To describe the real Hetty Green is a difficult task. To describe her clothes and her personal appearance, or, rather, her face, separately, is to create two distinct persons, and only an alchemist could amalgamate the two personalities in a single description. But even a mere man recognizes the fact that the clothes and the woman are somehow a part of each other in Hetty Green's case.

PREFERRED SUICIDE.

Once Prosperous, Now Old and Neglected,
Shoots Himself.

Jamestown, Aug. 26.—Neglected by members of his family, it is charged, to whom he had given away his fortune, amounting to \$30,000, Andrew Johnson, at the age of 83 years and living in the cellar of a house he had once owned, committed suicide last night by shooting himself through the head. Had he not done so he would have been removed to the county house at Dewittville today. Arrangements to that end had been made, and it would have been a very great improvement over the life that the old man had led for some years, deserted by his children, who had squandered the money he had given them.

Johnson was a former prosperous builder of the city and had accumulated considerable property. His wife died and he decided some fifteen years ago that he would remarry. Before he did so, however, he divided his property among his children and the second wife, who was much younger than himself.

When the proper authorities discovered the condition in which he was living a few days ago they determined to give him a home in the county house, and arrangements to that end had been made. It was this, doubtless, that led to his suicide. The dead body was found by members of the family who lived in the house where he had made his home in the basement, and it was taken in charge by the overseer of the poor and will be buried to-morrow.

A BOLD ROBBERY.

Letter of Credit Taken From French
General's Pocket in Montreal.

Montreal, Aug. 26.—A daring robbery was committed to-day, when General De Negrier, of Paris, a guest at the Windsor Hotel, was relieved of his wallet, containing a letter of credit for a large amount, while he was attempting to board a street car.

General De Negrier, who is well known in French army circles, having had command of the French troops in Algeria, is on a visit to Canada. According to his story, he was followed to the Bank of Montreal, where he drew a considerable sum on his letter of credit, by those who eventually stole his wallet. After leaving the bank while trying to board a car, in order to return to the hotel, he felt himself pushed, but paid no particular attention to it.

At the time his wallet was in his right hip pocket, and in the same pocket were the bank notes and gold which he had just drawn from the bank. Strange to say, the thieves missed the money and got away with the wallet, which contained the letter of credit, which is of no negotiable value except to the general himself.

VIENNA LOVE AFFAIR ENDS IN MURDER AND SUICIDE.

**Jealousy Leads Man to Slay His Bride and Send
Bullet Through His Brain**

New York, Aug. 26.—In a fit of insane jealousy Julius Teich, a silk weaver, shot and mortally wounded his beautiful young wife, a bride of two months, in their flat at 510 West 126th street, just before noon yesterday. He then turned the revolver on himself and sent a bullet crashing through his right temple. Both died an hour later at the J. Hood Wright Hospital.

Teich and his wife were heard to quarrel earlier in the day, although none of the occupants of the house where they were living paid much attention to them. Teich, it is said, frequently resented the attention his wife attracted when they were out together, and their differences had become a matter of gossip among the neighbors.

The police had to force an entrance to the Teich apartments after the shooting. They found the man and his wife lying in bed clad in their night clothes and unconscious from their wounds. A 38-calibre revolver lay on the floor near the bed, where it had evidently fallen after Teich shot himself.

Neighbors of Teich and his wife said the husband lavished his money on

her to the last cent he could earn. He was employed by Smith & Kaufman and drew a salary of \$30 a week. He had furnished his four-room flat well and his wife always dressed in the best of style. Back of the tragedy was a love romance that had its beginning in Vienna, when Teich and the girl were schoolmates. They were sweethearts as children, according to Josephine Herter, a cousin of the dead woman, but when they grew up the girl's parents objected to her marrying Teich. Thinking that if they were separated she might forget him, the parents sent her to America to visit her aunt.

Teich left Vienna soon after his sweetheart departed. He first went to Germany, then to other European countries, and finally to New York. He had been working here a little over a year when he located the young woman at her aunt's home in 159th street.

When Julius Teich found Emily he at once proposed that they elope, according to Josephine Herter. She did not take to the idea, however, and it was a month before Teich could get the aunt, Mrs. Herter, to consent to the wedding, though Teich was 25 years old and his wife about 30.

territories rescued from barbarism, he said, should be sent out for the benefit of the world. The natives, however, should obtain an equal share of the results with the citizens of the civilizing power on the principle that all men are equal.

Mr. Quetch, of London, spoke for the minority and favored the proposal that all nations give up their colonies. He referred to the peace conference at The Hague as a "gathering of thieves and murderers," who are endeavoring to organize easier methods for the carrying out of crimes."

LABOR MEN'S TRIAL.

**TWO MEN FOUND GUILTY AND
OTHERS WILL BE TRIED.**

Shoeworkers Decide That Charges
Against Hickey and Murray Have
Been Proven—End of Sensational
Case.

Toronto despatch: Hickey and Murray were found guilty of the charges of bribery and corruption brought against them in connection with the last election of officers of the International Union of Boot and Shoe Workers.

Counsel for the prosecution and defense delivered stirring addresses. Hickey, in a speech full of emotion, endeavored to pose as a martyr who was being crucified on the altar of To-binism.

At the conclusion of the addresses the chairman of the judges said it was unnecessary to hear all the evidence and it was for them to say which side had told the truth. A vote was taken of all present, each delegate's name was called by the secretary, and the response was either aye or nay. Of the 236 who answered the roll, 136 considered the charges proven.

The chairman then asked Hickey and Murray to stand up, and told them it was his painful duty to inform them they had been found guilty of dishonorable conduct in trying to illegally interfere with the election of officers.

When action will be taken as the result of the verdict will not be made known until the counter charges brought against the executive officers have been dealt with. The hearing of these will start on Friday morning at 9 o'clock. In the interval the election inspectors and committee of judges will go to Buffalo to bring back the ballots cast at the last election, as they will play an important part in the new case.

A resolution was unanimously passed "That Walter Edmunds and Jerry Donovan, election inspectors, be charged with entering into a conspiracy to control the result of the last election, and that the delegates deal with the matter at the present convention, so that the union be freed of two members who, by their own confession, are conspirators and traitors."

FIGHT FOR BIG FORTUNE.

Two Toronto Men Are Among the
Claimants.

Toronto, Aug. 26.—A fight for millions the rightful heirs of Edward Derry, a commercial traveller for Berry Bros., of Detroit, as his son, Mr. D. M. Derry, in the employ of Mickleborough, Muldrew & Co., 60 Front street west, who lives at 41 Woodlawn avenue. With about a hundred others they claim to be the rightful heirs of Edward Derry, a one time Milwaukee man, who became a diamond king in South Africa, and was afterwards murdered.

His estate has been valued at \$5,000,000, and for years efforts have been made by the British Government to find the rightful heirs to this fortune. One of the claimants is a Wisconsin woman, Mrs. Ruth Derry Vance, and her claim is protested, among others, by Mr. Derry

and his son, of Toronto. Mr. Thos. Derry, a Peterboro' farmer, is also said to claim to be a lawful heir.

Edward Derry, whose millions are now being sought by the many claimants was murdered by an Englishman, who sought to get possession of a large diamond found by the former. The diamond was afterwards found where it was dropped during the fight.

MAIL TELEGRAMS.

**No Law Against It in the United
States.**

Buffalo despatch: It is not illegal to send telegrams through the mail. That is the statement made to-day by United States Attorney Lyman M. Bass. Efforts were made by the striking telegraphers to bring the management of the Western Union and Postal Telegraph Companies into court for receiving messages at the regular telegraph rates and sending them by mail. Mr. Bass said that there is no Federal law to cover the case; therefore no prosecution could be brought into the Federal courts.

Went Back.

A Toronto despatch: William Barber, the second operator to be discharged by the Great Northwestern Company for refusing to work with non-union operators, and whose discharge brought about the strike now in progress, returned to the employ of the company yesterday.

There have been no other desertions from the ranks of the strikers. The G. N. W. Company are unquestionably carrying on their business in a more or less satisfactory manner, but in order to do this a number of the keys on special services are not being manned.

The baseball bulletin service, which had been temporarily abandoned, has been renewed, and the service is being supplied in a more or less satisfactory manner.

KINGSTON PEN.

**Deputy Warden Speaks of the Con-
ditions There.**

Ottawa, Aug. 26.—"We have about 450 prisoners in the institution at present where a few years ago 600 was the normal number," remarked Deputy Warden Dan O'Leary to a Citizen reporter this morning. Mr. O'Leary has been spending a few days at his old home in this city.

"The operation of the ticket of leave system," he continued, "has resulted in quite a thinning out of the prisoners."

"What proportion came back to the penitentiary after being released on parole?" was asked.

"It is a very small proportion," said the deputy warden. "I recall only two or three cases." Mr. O'Leary says the discipline at the institution is good. McGill, of the Ontario Bank, Phillips, of the York Loan, and MacIntosh, of Ottawa, are engaged as bookkeepers, and seem cheerful in their confinement. "We need several bookkeepers for the different departments," Mr. O'Leary stated, "and they are the best men for the job. Their fare and treatment, however, are just the same as the other prisoners."

U.S. CROP FORECAST.

**MAY BE DEFICIENT IN QUANTITY
AND QUALITY.**

Business Situation Sound and Satisfac-
tory—Chicago Bank Gives Conclu-
sions of Many Correspondents' Re-
plies.

New York, Aug. 26.—The Times says: The Commercial National Bank of Chicago, in its summary of financial and commercial conditions, compiled with special reference to the crop outlook, to be issued to-day, draws the conclusion from the 30,000 replies received from its correspondents that the overwhelming preponderance of evidence is that the business situation is sound and satisfactory.

The bank comments on the fact that in the thousands of replies there is scarcely a reference to the present position of the speculative markets. That there has been a let-up in business compared with the feverish activity of last spring and winter, is generally admitted, but this, the bank says, is acknowledged by its correspondents with entire satisfaction.

On the crop outlook the bank reaches the conclusion from the data gathered by it that this year's wheat crop will amount to 640,000,000 bushels, the corn crop 2,800,000,000 bushels, and the cotton crop will be deficient by perhaps as much as 150,000,000 bushels.

Regarding the financing of the crops the bank says that though the yield may be deficient in quantity, as well as in quality, there will be required practically as large a volume of funds for financing the crops as was needed last year.

CHEAP TRAVEL.

**STEAMSHIP COMPANIES ENTER
UPON A RATE WAR.**

German Lines Reduce Fares to the United
States—Competition With the Rus-
sian Lines—English Company Hits
the German Companies.

Berlin, Aug. 26.—The Cunard line having offered a minimum first cabin passage from Hamburg to New York of \$127.50, including a free ticket to Liverpool and expenses there, the Hamburg-American announces a reduction of the rates from \$130 to \$107.50, and the North German Lloyd line a reduction from \$130 to \$117.50.

The German lines are becoming involved in rate wars in various directions. The Hamburg-American line's new connection between New York and Baltic ports is a blow at the Russian line, which has answered with a further reduction of the steamer rate to New York.

The German lines found it impossible to continue to draw Russian emigrants by the railroad from the Russian frontier to Hamburg and Bremen, because they preferred embarking at home ports, Riga and Libau. This necessitated bidding for emigrants at Baltic ports. The view prevails at Hamburg and Bremen that the Russian lines will prove unable to keep up the fight for any length of time, and will offer to compromise before many months have elapsed.

Demoralization prevails in the freight business to Brazil and other parts of the South American continent, caused by a cut from \$8.75 to \$7.75 per ton by the English shipping firm of Lamport & Holt. The latter went into the trans-Atlantic business owing to the entrance of the Hamburg South American Steamship Company and the Hamburg-American line into the trade between Brazil and New York, competing with Lamport & Holt and the Brazilian Lloyd. The German lines have been hard hit by the Lamport & Holt line.

AUTO CRASHED INTO BUGGY.

**Serious Injuries Result From Accident
at Chatham.**

Chatham despatch: The first serious automobile accident to be recorded here happened last evening when the machine owned by J. E. O'Keefe, and at the time under the control of Mrs. O'Keefe, collided with a buggy in which were seated Mr. and Mrs. W. J. Owens, and their little baby daughter. The auto was turning a corner, and was on top of the buggy before the latter was pushed by the lady at the wheel. Mrs. Owens was thrown under the machine, but, strange to say, the baby remained in the rig and was uninjured.

Mrs. O'Keefe escaped without any injury. The machine was not damaged, but the buggy was badly smashed. Mrs. Owens was unconscious for several hours.

AUSTRALIAN TARIFF STANDS.

**Commonwealth Government Declines to
Postpone Its Operation.**

London, Aug. 26.—The Birmingham Chamber of Commerce has asked the Commonwealth Government that the operation of the new tariff be temporarily postponed. Mr. Winston Churchill, speaking to-day in the House of Commons, stated that the Commonwealth has replied that it was not practicable to accede to a temporary postponement. Mr. Churchill also stated that there was no foundation for the report that the British flag had been raised on Isle Royale in Lake Superior.

TO IMPEACH JUDGE MARTIN.

**He Has Refused to Accept the Sitings
Made by Chief Justice.**

Vancouver, B. C., Aug. 26.—Legal circles in Vancouver and British Columbia are in an uproar over the refusal of Judge Martin to accept Chief Justice Hunter's appointments for sittings throughout the province.

As a result Vancouver is without a judge.

This is only the culmination of a long series of quarrels between Hunter and Martin. The Bar Society of Vancouver is discussing a proposal to have Martin impeached. A resolution has been passed by this law society to that effect.