

THE FARMERSVILLE REPORTER & COUNTY OF LEEDS ADVERTISER.

Farmersville Reporter
IS PUBLISHED
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AT THE OFFICE,
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T. R.M.S.
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The Farmersville Reporter.

ADVERTISING.
Editorial notices in local column, five cents per line for first insertion and three cents per line for each subsequent insertion. Transient advertisements, three cents per line for first insertion; each subsequent insertion, two cents per line. Contract advertisements inserted at reduced rates. Advertisements unaccompanied by written instructions will be inserted until forbidden and charged accordingly.

JOB WORK.
The Reporter job room is fully equipped with the latest styles of type and presses, and possesses every facility for turning out first-class job work.
BETHUEL LOVERIN,
Publisher and Proprietor.

THE EAGLE WRINGER.
Best in the World!
ANTI-FRICTION GEARING, REQUIRING NO OIL.
SOLID WHITE RUBBER ROLLERS, VULCANIZED TO SHAFTS.
CONSTRUCTED ENTIRELY OF MALLEABLE IRON, GALVANIZED IN THE BEST POSSIBLE MANNER.

CONNOR'S IMPROVED WASHER!
Best Washing Machine in the Market.
These machinings will be left on trial for a reasonable period, and no sale unless a fair trial proves them to be satisfactory to the customer. Read our circulars carefully.
R. W. CHALIS,
Agent, Farmersville.

COAL! COAL!
'WILKESBARE'
All Coal
Well Screened.
Office and Yard,
WATER ST., BROCKVILLE.
W. T. McCollough.

SEE SEASONABLE PRESENTS
AT
PREL. CLOW'S, FARMERSVILLE.
Electro-Plate,
Watches, Clocks,
and Jewellery,
IN GREAT PROFUSION.

FARMERSVILLE Cemetery Vault.
THIS vault is now ready for the reception of bodies during the winter. A moderate fee will be charged, payable in advance.
All bodies excluded who have died of Small Pox, Diphtheria or malignant Scarlet Fever.
The caretaker will take every precaution for the safe keeping of bodies that may be entrusted to his charge.
For further particulars apply to
Geo. W. Brown.
Farmersville, Nov. 24th, 1886.

LAMB'S HORSE POWDER
For Coughs.
IT HAS proven a great boon to horse owners, from its great curative properties for Coughs, Colds and Distempers in horses. It always cures a cough unless caused by Heaves. Try it. It relieves the heavy breathing. Try it. 25 cents.

Hunt's Cough Syrup
Of Wild Cherry & Tar
Is par excellence, and all who have used it never take any other. It allays all irritations of the throat and bronchial tubes, checks expectoration, and always acts like magic. Try it and you will never use any other. 25 cents per bottle.
J. F. LAMB, Druggist, Farmersville.

Sawing & Grindings
AT
NEW DUBLIN.
The undersigned having purchased the KENDRICK & McCONKEY MILL, and put in some new machinery, he will be prepared to about
January the First, 1887
to saw and grind on short notice.
Logs sawed by the Thousand, or on shares, on fair terms.
Logs, Shingle Bolts and Basswood Heading Timber wanted at Highest Cash Prices. Call before selling.
BYRON CADWELL.
New Dublin, Dec. 20th 1886. 3 m. 52.

GO TO **H. H. ARNOLD'S,**
FARMERSVILLE
FOR **DESIRABLE GOODS!**
AT **GLOSEST LIVING PRICES.**
Fashionable Tailoring **UPSTAIRS,**
Under the Management of **John Baillie.**

TO MY OLD PATRONS AND THE PUBLIC GENERALLY:
I BEG to inform you that I have opened out my harness shop in the **OLD PREMISES**
But with far better facilities than before. During the past few weeks the shop has been thoroughly overhauled and enlarged, and I now have the **Finest Rooms for Business in the County.**
I have now on hand a large and well assorted stock of **HARNESS!** of all kinds, as well as BRUSHES, CURRY COMBS, WHIPS, &c., which will be sold at **Rock Bottom Prices!**
Harness made to order on the shortest notice in the best style, and as cheap as can be had anywhere.
A. E. WILTSE.

R. D. Judson & Son,
UNDERTAKERS,
FARMERSVILLE.
Cabinet-making in all its Branches.
Charges Moderate.
THE OLD RELIABLE Tailoring House
A. M. CHASSELS
MAIN ST., FARMERSVILLE.
SUITS MADE UP IN THE LATEST STYLES AT SHORT NOTICE.
ALL WORK WARRANTED.
My reputation as a first-class workman is now so well established in this section that it is not necessary that I should take up space in recommending my work to the public.

NEW Hardware Store.
THE subscribers wish to inform the public that they have got into their new shop in the
NEW BRICK BLOCK, D. E. L. T. A.,
And have now on hand a full line of all kinds of
Builders' and Shelf Hardware, Nails, Screws, Locks, Hinges, &c.
Also PAINTS, OILS, VARNISHES, WINDOW GLASS, PUTTY, &c.
A full line of **STOVES**
From Chown & Cunningham, Kingston, which will be sold **Very Low for Cash.**
Early in the spring we shall add Carriage Hardware, Bar Iron, Steel Springs, Fifth-wheels, and in fact all kinds of Builders' and Carriage Hardware.
SINGLETON BROS.

CHURCH DIRECTORY.
Methodist.
Farmersville Circuit, Rev. G. Rogers, pastor. FARMERSVILLE—Sabbath services in the South Church at 10.30 a.m. and 7 p.m. Public prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7.30. In the North Church at 7.30. Young People's meeting Saturday evening at 7.30. Duncan Fisher, Superintendent.
**Lake Loynada at 1.30 p.m., and Sherborn's at 3.15 p.m. Sunday, June 28th and every alternate Sabbath thereafter.
Knox at 1.30 p.m. and Browns' at 3.15 p.m. Sunday, June 28th, and every alternate Sabbath thereafter.
WILKESBARE and HARD ISLAND alternately Friday evenings at 7.30.**

Baptist.
Church of England.
Church of England—Rev. N. J. James, incumbent. Service every Sunday at 7.00 p.m., except on second and fourth Wednesdays, when service will be held at 10.30 a.m. Holy Communion after morning prayer, Sunday School at 2.30 p.m. Service every Tuesday at 7.30 p.m. Seats all free.
Presbyterian.
Service in the Baptist Church every Sabbath Evening at 7. Rev. Mr. Roberts, Pastor.

DAIRYMEN IN COUNCIL.
The Annual Meeting of the Eastern Dairyman's Association a Grand Success.
A LARGE GATHERING OF ENTHUSIASTIC DAIRYMEN.—LEARNED AND INSTRUCTIVE ADDRESSES BY PROMINENT AND PRACTICAL AUTHORITIES ON DAIRYING.
(Condensed from Globe reports.)
The annual meeting of the association opened in Brockville on Wednesday last, a large number of members, and others identified with dairy interests being present, among whom were Messrs. D. Derbyshire, president; D. M. Macpherson, of Lancaster, the "Cheese King"; James Haggarty, James Bissell, Peter Daly, treasurer, Harford Ashley, secretary, and Howard Bissell and James Whitton inspectors. Messrs. Henry Wade and Archibald Blue, of Toronto, the Hon. Harris Lewis, of Frankfort, N. Y., Professor Robertson, of Guelph Agricultural College, and James Cheeseman, of the Dairyman, were also in attendance.

The President, in his opening address, adverted to the pride he felt in the position attained by the association in the dairy world, and more especially in connection with the recent Indian and Colonial Exhibition. Although the first shipment intended for that exhibition did not arrive in time, owing to the fact that the Dominion Government had engaged carriage for it by a tramp line of steamships, a second shipment was at once sent on, and thanks to the indefatigable exertion of Mr. Ballantyne, M. P., and Mr. Macpherson, and the able efforts of Professor Robertson, of the Dairy Department of the Guelph Agricultural College, placed on exhibition, where it attracted the favorable attention and admiration of everyone who saw it. In alluding to the present prosperous condition of the dairy men of the district, the president impressed on the meeting the great necessity that existed for increased vigilance and care in the selection of suitable stock and also of housing them in good warm buildings. After some practical remarks on the method of securing milk, Mr. Derbyshire referred to the great importance of having the best possible cheese makers employed, otherwise in all their care they would find their efforts unavailing. He also thought it was necessary that there should be further instruction and suggested the dividing of factory districts into sections of 10 factories, each of which should have a separate instructor, or, over whom again he would recommend the appointment of two general instructors. After some time spent in demonstrating the advantages to be obtained by this means, a general discussion followed, in which Messrs. Macpherson, Wheray, Alexander, McCrae, Ashley, and others took part, the feeling being unanimous in favor of the appointment of instructors as suggested by the President, the only question being as to ways and means. Mr. Ashley and others held that the benefit to be derived from such a course would be so great as to make it an object for all factory men and cheese buyers as well, to contribute to the funds needed for it; while others expressed the opinion that not much could be expected from the buyers.

After recess a very able paper by the Hon. Harris Lewis, of Frankfort, N. Y., was read on the subject of butter-making. The most important factor in butter-making was stated to be the butter-maker, and the second essential a good reliable thermometer, no person, however skilful, determine the temperature of feeling to determine the temperature of milk, cream or butter. The building in which the milk is set, the essay laid down as the third essential requisite, a building entirely devoted to that use being a necessity for successful butter making. The breed of cow, the time to skim the milk, when to churn, what kind of churn to use and the method of packing the butter were successively and exhaustively dealt with, as well as many

other essentials to the success of the complete process. A discussion on the paper followed, which was continued with great vigor for some time.
Mr. James Whitton, instructor for the Eastern District, then read his report, in which it was stated that the quality of cheese produced showed a marked improvement, "it being all but an exception to find a cheese-maker who was not doing his best to turn out a fine article." It asserted, however, that more attention was needed toward the necessity of having pure milk sent to the factories, the instructor fully on hand of actual experience in the habit of tampering with milk, either by adding water or subtracting cream. The discussion elicited on this report turned mainly on the statement in regard to adulteration and the means of bringing to book the parties guilty of the practice.
Mr. James Cheeseman then delivered an address bearing on tests of the various breeds of animals, in which he advocated the setting aside by the association of a sum of money for prizes in this direction. Mr. Henry Wade, of the Agricultural and Arts Association of Ontario, at the close of Mr. Cheeseman's address, said that he would be very happy to have the tests made during the next Provincial Exhibition, at Ottawa, and that if the Dairyman's Association would undertake the conduct of it they would give entire control, and that any prizes offered by them would be supplemented by the Ontario Government.
The report of Mr. Howard Bissell, instructor for the western part of the district, was then read. This led to a highly instructive debate in regard to the system of drawing the curd and the use of the testing iron, in which Professor Robertson and others took part.
At the evening meeting Mr. A. Blue, of the Bureau of Industries, read a paper of comparative statistics bearing on the dairy interests of Eastern and Western Ontario, which went to show that although the climate or other influences the cheese-producing qualities of the milk procured in the West, the cheese of the latter nevertheless realized a higher average price in the English market than that of the East. After some discussion as to the probable cause of this, and the means to be adopted to remedy it, Prof. Robertson detailed his experience in connection with the Ontario cheese exhibit at the Colonial Exhibition, and the means taken of placing it before the British public.
The meeting adjourned at 10 p.m.

THURSDAY'S SESSION.
The proceedings were resumed at half-past nine o'clock, the attendance being so much augmented as to tax the seating capacity of the court room. Prof. Robertson continued his address on the lessons to be learned from the experiences of the Indian and Colonial Exhibition.
During its progress a deputation of the town council and citizens of Brockville, headed by the mayor, entered the court room, and presented an address of welcome to the assembled dairymen.
After the deputation had retired Prof. Robertson concluded his address which was beyond all question one of the most able and practical addresses ever given to any gathering of dairymen.
The opinion was freely expressed among those who heard it that the right man had been put in the right place when Professor Robertson assumed the management of the Ontario dairy exhibit at the Indian and Colonial, and that his efforts in that direction had been such as could not fail to produce favorable and lasting results for this province.
Mr. Peter McFarlane, of Huntingdon, Que., then read a paper on the production and handling of milk, in which he pointed out the great importance of a large average yield of milk per cow. To make a cow pay, he said, it was necessary that it should be more humanely treated than was too often the case, and should not be allowed to suffer from want of water and protection from cold. It was the habit to use pasture land that which was too poor to produce hay, but if this plan was discarded, and cows pastured on the best pasture, the average production of milk might easily be doubled. The practice of giving cows impure water was condemned, and the necessity of their free access to salt at all times dwelt upon. Treating on the other branch of the subject, the handling of the milk, regular milking, scrupulous cleanliness and proper precaution in cooling was strongly enjoined, as well as keeping the milk in a room at the proper temperature.
Mr. Lynch, of Montreal, followed with an essay on "Pedigree and Performance," opening by the statement that the individual qualities of an animal, and its power of transmitting the same to its offspring, constituted the value of any animal. There were many animals in this country, indeed, by far the greater number, that were

not pedigreed, but among which were a great number possessing marked merit, and some possessed of propensities, to which a pedigree would add great value. These animals, though excluded from established herd books, it was held need not be altogether deprived of a pedigree which he attached to them by means of a firm herd book. The naming of herds, and individualizing the animals in it were the first necessities toward this object. The advantages of this system would be that no one could be excluded from its benefits. The character of the book and the value attached to the herd would be under the owner's control. It would be a cheap, full and reliable record, and an incentive would be given to the improvement of stock and realization of profit from its benefits.
After recess, Mr. Henry Wade, Secretary of the Agriculture and Arts Association of Ontario, read a paper on stock raising, tracing the origin of the improvements in stock, and the manner in which they were effected, and explaining the results of cross-breeding. Pedigrees and herd books also received a share of attention.
The election of officers was then proposed with the following results: President, D. M. Macpherson, Lancaster; 1st vice-president, D. Vanderwater, Chatterton; 2nd vice-president, James Bissell, Algonquin; Directors, Wm. Eager, South Mountain; Edward Kidd, North Gore; F. H. McCrae, Brockville; James Haggarty, West Huntingdon; Platt Hinmann, Grafton; James Hamilton, Foxboro'; and N. H. Fields, Lym.
The President-elect then assumed the chair, and votes of thanks were tendered to the retiring President and vice president.
The President-elect then addressed the meeting thanking them for the honor conferred on him, and assuring them of his confidence in their support for the advance of dairymen in Eastern Ontario. He believed they were at present receiving as much support from the Ontario Government as the magnitude of their work deserved, and suggested making an application for a further grant, which he felt confident that the Government, if approached by a delegation from the Association, would be quite willing to extend to them. Referring to Prof. Robertson, of the Guelph Agricultural College, he said he was proud to see a gentleman who had shown such signal ability at the head of the Dairy Industry of the province.

The treasurer's report, showing a balance on hand of \$273.06, was then read by Treasurer Daly and adopted, after which Mr. Thomas McDonald, of Morrisburg, Ont., read an exceedingly able paper on butter-making which elicited an interesting discussion, in which ex-President Derbyshire and Prof. Robertson were the leading participants.
Mr. Shaw, editor of *The Live Stock Journal*, then gave the Association the benefit of his experience in regard to barn building, advocating structures combining warmth and comfort for the animals stabled, a good supply of water and improved facilities in handling fodder of different kinds required for the stock. After this subject had been briefly discussed, Professor Robertson again took the platform and addressed the audience on cheese-making at great length and in an eminently practical manner.
Mr. Evans then suggested the appointment of a delegation to wait on the Ontario Government with a view to securing a larger appropriation of money, not less than \$2,000 in addition to the present grant, to aid in furthering the aims of the Association. Some discussion on the matter ensued, in which the President, ex-President, Messrs. Field, Miller, and others joined, all being unanimous in the opinion that if the delegation could convince the Government that the interests of the Province would be served by such an advance they would not for a moment hesitate to make the grant. It was also suggested that the Western Association be invited to join in the movement, and that a sum of \$10,000 annually would not be too much for the combined associations to ask for. The following gentlemen were then nominated as delegates for the purpose stated: The President, ex-President, and Messrs. Wade, James Miller, F. McCrae, Harford Ashley, and James Alexander. The list was then adjourned until 10 o'clock the following morning.

In the evening a large number attended and very successful concert took place at the St. Lawrence Hall.
FRIDAY'S PROCEEDINGS.
The Convention reassembled at ten o'clock, when, after the reading of the Committee on Utensils had been read, Prof. Robertson announced the readiness to answer any questions suggested by his address.
Mr. Howard Bissell desired information about setting. He thought that more salt was required at the beginning of the season. He would also like the Professor's opinion

on maturing milk in the fall. His own experiments showed that milk raised to 90 or 98 degrees, and covered up till about one o'clock, then adding the rennet, produced good results.
Mr. Derbyshire agreed with Mr. Bissell on this point.
Prof. Robertson said there was a necessity for varying the amount of salt according to the season, spring milk requiring the least salt. And cheese made in the spring was not expected to keep so long and there was no necessity for so much. The use of salt was to preserve and dry the cheese and to fix its flavor. Too much would over dry the cheese and must be avoided. He did not believe in a fixed daily standard, but for dry curd 1 1/2 pounds in spring and 2 1/2 pounds in summer might be a safe quantity. He agreed that it was desirable to mature the milk by heat and lapse of time rather than by the use of any acid. It was difficult to scientifically define the maturing process. Patrons would do well to keep their milk warm at home in October, which would materially aid in the production of good cheese.
The President said he thought the maturing process was the formation of assimilating acid, which it was admitted was not the same acid which developed in whey afterwards. And this assimilating acid must be developed in the milk, because in the curd was formed a disintegrating acid which would counteract the effect of the assimilating acid if developed in the curd state. This assimilating acid could be best developed at from 90 to 98 degrees, while the other acid formed at a lower temperature. Maturing milk, he thought an ambiguous term; but when this idea of producing the assimilating acid was given it became clearer. After years of study he had concluded that the cultivation of this assimilating acid was the secret of cheese making.
In answer to further enquiries, Prof. Robertson said the best plan of handling coarse curd was to keep it at a temperature of 94 degrees until fully developed for setting.
Mr. H. Bissell desired an explanation of the difference between fermentation, acidification and aeration. The Professor said he preferred simple terms such as ripening milk, souring curd and curing cheese.
The Hon. Harris Lewis, of Frankfort, N. Y., then gave an instructive and humorous address on the "Dairy Cow."
Several votes of thanks were then passed, and the Convention finally adjourned.

CELEBRITY.
On Thursday last, the 7th inst., Anna Wiltse, after a long illness, which she endured with Christian resignation and fortitude, was taken from earth at the ripe age of nearly 74 years. The deceased was born March 15th, 1813, and on March 21st, 1832, was married to Joseph Wiltse. She was the mother of eight children, seven of whom are still living. The deceased died on the farm where she has continuously lived since her marriage. Some 38 years ago she joined the Society of Friends and lived a consistent member of that body. The funeral took place on Sunday afternoon, and was very largely attended. The Rev. Wm. Service conducted the obsequies, preaching from Matt. 25, 1st clause of v. 23. In the affectionate discourse which Mr. Service gave he referred to the Christian life and praiseworthy example of the deceased and to her happy departure to the other world, sentiments which were echoed in the hearts of all who heard him, and which were given utterance to by several who made short addresses at the conclusion of the sermon.
ANNUAL MEETINGS.
The annual meetings of the undenominational Township and Electoral District Agricultural Societies, for the election of officers and directors for 1887, and other business will be held at the places and times given below:
Kitley (township) Frankville, January 13th, 1 p.m.
Bastard and Crosby (township) Elgin, January 13th, 1 p.m.
Rear Leeds and Langdowne (township) Lyndhurst, January 13th, 1 p.m.
South Elmsley (township) Lombardy January 13th, 1 p.m.
South Leeds (E. D.) Town Hall, Delta January 19th, 1 p.m.
Brockville (E. D.) North Hotel, Unionville January 19th, 1 p.m.
Members of the above societies and the public generally are invited to attend.
Found that West's Cough Syrup is the best for coughs, colds, and all throat and lung diseases. All druggists.

Since the Scott Act was passed in Frederickton, N. B., in 1878, fines amounting to over \$10,000 have been imposed upon violators of the law by the police magistrates of the city.

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