CANADIAN AFFAIRS.

(FROM OUR OWN CORRESPONDENT.)

TORONTO, March 1, 1851.

Some confusion has begun to be felt by those who have been most active in opposing the removal of Government to Quebec next summer, that their exertions may, after all, be successful. It is whispered that there are good grounds for this belief; but, if so, I confess myself totally ignorant of what those grounds are. It is felt that no relaxation in the opposition to the declared determination of the Government ought to be permitted. In accordance with this view, there is to be a public meeting in this city on the subject; but it is a long time coming.

The steamer *Chief Justice* came up to Tinning's wharf to-day, a quarter of a mile further up the Bay than the Queen's wharf, at which she ordinarily stops during the winter. The ice in Burlington Bay is covered with water; but it is not likely that it will move off before the first of April.

The "reconciliation" between the Governor-General and Sir Allan McNab, which took place at the Mechanics' Institute Festival, in Hamilton, is a subject of very general conversation here. Sir Allan, during his speech, assured the audience that they would hear from His Excellency one of the best speeches ever made. Then came the reconciliation—the shaking of hands. Sir Allan said:

"It is true that occasionally we have our little rows, and squabbles, and misunderstandings; but we soon get over them, and then we shake hands, and are as good friends as ever. His Lordship, will admit, I am convinced, from the specimen before him this evening, that our wives cannot be surpassed; but I hope that our daughters can, and will be, *matched*, for I am sure they will be right lucky chaps that will do it."

This brought forth the following reply. His Excellency the Governor-General rose, and said:

"Ladies and Gentlemen, a moment before Sir Allan McNab rose, he asked me if he had liberty to say that, during the evening, I would address you; I replied that I had full confidence in him, and that he was at liberty to say anything he pleased; but I could not at the moment have supposed that he would have made such an unwarrantable assertion as to have stated that I would give you one of the ablest and most learned speeches you had ever heard; if it were for no other purpose than to prove to you its incorrectness, and to give it a flat contradiction, I would appear before you at the present time. But there was another remark which he made that I cannot let pass without noticing it, it was a noble sentiment: that although 'they had their rows, and squabbles, and misunderstandings, yet they soon got over them, and they then shook hands, and were as good friends as ever.' I honor such sentiments, and shall ever cultivate them—(he here turned round and presented his hand to Sir A. McNab, amidst the most rapturous applause.")

Lord Elgin has, beyond all doubt, a remarkable faculty of turning enemies into friends; but to do this, he must be personally present, and the occasion be one where political partizanship is tolerably quiescent.

An Anti-Slavery meeting, called by the Mayor, in compliance with the requisition of certain inhabitants, was held in the City Hall, on Wednesday night. The chief movers in the affair were Clergymen. There were the Reverends Dr Willis, Lillie, McClure, Roaf, and Dr. Burns. The latter gentleman did not address the meeting, but went away in consequence, it is understood, of the presence of another Clergyman, with whom he lately declared he would never again meet on a platform, till certain statements to the prejudice of the obnoxious Clergyman were cleared up, or satisfactorily explained. The speaking smacked somewhat of cant and maudling fanticism. These philanthropic gentlemen propose to themselves a share in the glory of abolishing Slavery throughout the world. One of them insisted on having the decree go forth, that "Slavery shall be abolished." The means are to be an after consideration altogether. No man whose heart is in the right place, but desires the extinction of Slavery everywhere. But there are right-minded men courageous enough to denounce the wretched demagoguism that cants, and raves, and refuses to look at the difficulties of the question—that will listen to no reason, but only shouts from the borders of a foreign country, "down with Slavery, you inhuman Yankees on the other side of the Lake." A sober man will be apt to ask himself, have we Canadians any right to interfere with the domestic affairs of a neighboring country? Can we interfere effectually? But the ardent philanthropists who met in the City Hall, asked themselves no such questions. Now, in my opinion, we have nothing to do with American Slavery, except in so far as the extradition of its victims to these shores may impose upon us any obligations. And our further interference can be productive of no result but to create irritation and hatred between countries that ought to live on terms of friendship. It would tell of a much more practical kind of benevolence, if those warm philanthropists, instead of making bunkum speeches, would put their hands in their pockets to relieve the necessities of those destitute fugitives from Slavery, which a cruel law has thrown friendless upon our shores, where they have to encounter the horrors of a Canadian Winter. The Resolutions passed, were as follows:—

1st. That Slavery, that is, the wanton and forcible bringing into bondage, and retaining indefinitely in that state, of rational beings, is an outrage on the laws of humanity, and of the Bible; and that the continued existence of the practice on this continent is just cause of grief, and demands our best exertions, by all lawful and practical means, for its extinction.

2nd. That, entertaining the feelings of brethren and friends to the inhabitants of the neighboring States, (in the most part united to us by a common origin and a common language) and disclaiming all desire to intermeddle officiously, with their internal affairs, we feel we but take the privilege of our common humanity in asserting that the slavery endured under their laws is not to be confounded with ordinary oppression, however severe, either political or domestic, civil, military, or naval; it is the forced servitude in perpetuity of the helpless poor, unaccused, untried and uncondemned; imposed on them by a power which they cannot resist, supported by laws in which they have no voice. These laws are grievously aggravated by the Fugitive Slave Bill, are at open varience with the best interests of man, as endowed by our Great Creator with the privilege "of life, liberty, and the pursuit of happiness,"—privileges and rights always inalienable except when forfeited by crime charged and proved.

3rd. That this meeting heartily bids God-speed to the noble and ever-increasing band of Christians and Patriots in the United States—the truest friends, in this particular, of their country—who publicly plead, without fear or favour, the cause of their enslaved fellow-subjects, by all constitutional and Christian means, pursuing this object with singleness of aim, and not mixing it up with ulterior and irrelevant designs

4th. That a Society be now formed, to be called "the Anti-Slavery Society of Canada," the object of which shall be to aid in the extinction of Slavery all over the world, by means exclusively lawful and peaceable, moral and religious, such as the diffusing of useful information and argument, by tracts, newspapers, lectures, and correspondence, and by manifesting sympathy with the houseless and homeless victims of Slavery flying to our soil.

5th. That a committee, now to be named, shall be appointed, with suitable officers, who shall conduct the business of the Society, have power to make by-laws, and shall meet on an early day for that purpose—three to be a quorum.

SNOW-SHOE RACE.—We understand that a Snow-Shoe Race, the competitors being from the officers and men of the garrison, will come off at 2 o'clock this afternoon, on the ground opposite Sherbrooke Street, near the head of the St. Lawrence Main Street.

The *Literary Garland* for March has been received, with its customary amount of interesting reading.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.—"B. K. H." is requested to call any morning, about 11 o'clock, at the *Courier* Office.

At a meeting of the City Council last Friday evening, the Treasurer's Annual Statement was submitted, together with the Auditors's Report, who testified that the Treasurer's accounts were perfectly correct, and complimented him highly on the careful and business-like manner in which his books are kept.

It was ordered that 150 copies of the Treasurer's Statement should be printed in English, and the same number in French.

His Honor the Mayor then addressed the Council. He congratulated them on the improved state of the city finances, and offered some suggestions respecting the works now going on or in contemplation, particularly the new water pipes, and the drainage of St. Mary, St. James, St. Antoine, and St. Anne Wards. In conclusion, he thanked the Council for the indulgence and kindness he had received during the two years he had occupied the Chair.

It was then resolved, unanimously, on the motion of Alderman Beaudry, seconded by Alderman Macfarlane:—That the city of Montreal is under great obligations to His Honor the Mayor, E. R. Fabre, Esq., for the zeal, attention, and assiduity with which he has discharged the duties of his office; and that the re-establishment of the credit of the city is mainly owing to his efforts. Further, that the Address delivered by His Honor the Mayor be printed, together with the City Treasurer's Report.

STATEMENT OF THE CITY DEBT ON THE 15TH FEBRUARY, 1846:—

Corporation Bonds, issued in that date	£125621	12 10
St. Ann's Market Bonds	15584	18 6
Unsettled Claims against the different Departments	3843	12 0
	£145050	3 4
New Bonds, issued from 15th February, 1846, to 31st January, 1850	9410	0 0
	£154460	3 4
January 31, 1851:—		
Corporation Bonds still outstanding this date	£118302	14 6
St. Ann's Market Bonds	15534	18 6
Arrears, unpaid	1264	7 10
	£135101	0 10
Reduction in the City Debt in 3 years:		
Say in Bonds	£ 16929	19 1
In Arrears	4429	4 2
	£ 20230	3 3

N. B.—Corporation Debentures to the amount of £125,000 have been issued as a Loan to the St. Lawrence and Atlantic Railroad Company, to enable that Association to complete the Railroad from this City to the Province Line. Preferential Railroad Stock to the same amount (£125,000) has been transferred by the Company to the Corporation, as security for the said Loan—and £25,000 additional of Preferential Stock has also been transferred by the Company as a further guarantee against any possible loss on the Stock first transferred, should it be necessary to dispose of the same for the payment of the Corporation Debentures.—*Pilot.*

THE ST. JOHNS BALL.—A correspondent, "A Guest," gives us the following description of this Ball:—It would be a dereliction of duty were I to pass unnoticed the very gorgeous entertainment given by the Messrs. MacDonald to nearly two hundred of their friends, from all parts of the District of Montreal. I was struck on entering the ball-room with the hundreds of lights which lent their brilliance to the scene, and dazzled the eye as they shone upon the many beautiful objects contained in the splendid and spacious room. The enlivening strains of Maffie's Band were in attendance, and dancing commenced at half-past eight o'clock. It was kept up without intermission till twelve o'clock, when the folding doors were thrown open, and then was presented to the eye, a table of some fifty feet long, laid out with elegance, and groaning with all the *recherche* dishes that McConkey's skill in the *art de la cuisine* could possibly afford. At one end of the table was our host; at the other extremity was the father, the old veteran soldier, Major MacDonald, who did the honors right well. The Queen's health, and other loyal toasts, were drunk with due honor. Our worthy and most affable hostess was next proposed, and drunk with three times three, and one cheer more. Our excellent hosts were next drunk, and responded to. Major MacDonald's health was next proposed, and drunk with unbounded applause. Several other toasts were drunk, and then the great attraction was again the ball-room, and dancing went on with unabated spirit, and did not terminate till nearly six o'clock in the morning—all happy and sorry to part—*Gazette.*

The Cecil (Md.) *Democrat* says:—A company of Gipsey wanderers visited North East, Cecil County, Maryland, last week. They travelled in wagons, and lodged in them at night, notwithstanding the severity of the weather. They came from England, and have been in this country about three months. They conversed in English, but had an unintelligible jargon among themselves. They relieved the good people North East of much of their small change by fortune-telling.

H. M.'s S. *Wellesley*, bearing the flag of the Earl of Dundonald, put to sea from Bermuda, on the 14th ultimo. Prior to the sailing of the *Wellesley*, the Admiral inspected the ship channel leading into St. George's Harbor, for the purpose of seeing whether the buoys which mark the channel, could be placed further apart, in order to give a Steamer, towing in a crippled vessel, more room and accommodation, and prevent her coming in contact with the buoys. On the 31st December, the *Wellesley* was inspected by the gallant Admiral. The inspection seems to have been a grand affair; his Lordship was received with a full guard, and yards manned. Every evolution incident to a sea-fight was gone through with in grand style, and the Admiral expressed himself much pleased. During the inspection, says the *Bermuda Royal Gazette*, a man's hat fell overboard from aloft, and the cry of "man overboard" reverberated through the ship. Lieut. Molesworth, although stationed at a gun, and fully accoutred, with that impetuous valor which so characterizes the British Naval Officer, darted overboard, but finding it was only a hat, exclaimed, "what matter—? England expects every man to do his duty,' is my motto." He is none the worse for his dip. Mr. Collier, one of the Captain's Aides-de-Camp, broke his arm, having fallen into the hold.

AN EDITOR'S REASON.—The London *Leader* tells the story of a Provincial Editor, who, discovering that one of his neighbors had hung himself, would not cut him down, nor mention the discovery to any one, but kept the body under lock and key for two whole days. His reason was simple and sufficient. His paper appeared on Thursday; the paper of his rival on Wednesday, and "Do you think," he triumphanty asked, "I was going to say anything about the suicide, and let *that accursed have the paragraph?*" That was the true editorial passion. The desire for special news in the soul of an Editor, is intense, all-absorbing. Life itself is viewed only with reference to the "paragraphs" it will furnish. Calamities are God-sends. A murder is like rain in the drought season. Revolutions are fortunes. If a Poet were discovered by us, hanging in his bedroom, we would let him hang till Friday; if information reached us that an august political economist had murdered his grandmother, or that a dramatist had thrown a manager into the river, a padlock would close our lips, and this column should be the first to announce the fact to the world!

WHENCE COME WARS AND FIGHTINGS.—Thomas Carlyle, in an article in a late number of Leigh Hunt's new Journal, says that "Duelling, in Queen Elizabeth's reign, was very prevalent, nor had it abated in King James's. It is one of the sincerities of human life, which bursts through the thickest-quilted formulas; and in Norse-Pagan, in Christian, New Christian, and all manner of ages, will, one way or the other, contrive to show itself. A background of wrath, which can be stirred up to the murderous infernal pitch, does lie in every man, in every creature; this is a fact which cannot be contradicted—which, indeed, is but another phase of the more general fact that every one of us is *Self*, that every one of us calls himself *I*. How can you be a *Self*, and not have tendencies to self-defence? This background of wrath—which surely ought to blaze out swelcome as possible, and then be nobly as possible—may be defined as no other than the general radical fire, in its least elaborated shape, whence *Life itself* is composed. Its least elaborated shape, this flash of occasional murderous rage;—as the glance of mother's love, and all intermediate warmths and energies and genialities, are the same element better elaborated. Certainly the elaboration is an immense matter—indeed, is the whole matter! But the figure, moreover, under which your infernal element itself shall make its appearance, nobly or less ignobly, is very significant. From Indian Tomahawks, from Irish Shillelahs, from Arkansas Bowie-knives, up to a deliberate Norse *Holmgang*, to any civilized Wager of Battle, the distance is great."

Misplaced Confidence.

Jones is in general a good husband and a domestic man. Occasionally, however, his convivial tastes betray him into excesses which have subjected him more than once to the discipline of Mrs. Jones. A few nights since he was invited to "participate" with a few friends at Florence's, by way of celebrating a piece of good luck which had befallen one of his neighbours. He did "participate," and, to his utter astonishment, when he rose to take his leave, at the "wee short hour ayont the twal," he found the largest brick in his hat he ever saw. Indeed, he was heard to remark soliloquently, "I think, Mr. Jones, you were never quite so tight before."

He reached his home finally, but by a route which was anything but the shortest distance between two points, not, however, without having experienced very considerable anxiety about the reception which awaited him from Mrs. Jones. He was in luck that night, was *Mr.* Jones, barring, always, his primal transgression; he got into his house, found his way into his chamber without "waking a creature, not even a mouse." After closing his door, he cautiously paused, to give thanks for the "conscience undefiled" which secured to Mrs. Jones the sound and refreshing slumbers, which had prevented her taking notice of his arrival. Being satisfied that all was right, he proceeded to remove his integuments with as much dispatch and quiet as circumstances would permit, and, in the course of time, sought the vacant place beside his slumbering consort.—After resting a moment, and congratulating himself that he was in bed, and that his wife did not know how long he had been there, it occurred to him, that if he did not change his position, Mrs. Jones might detect from his breath that he had been indulging. To prevent such a catastrophe, he resolved to turn over. He had about half accomplished his purpose—we are now obliged to use the idiomatic language of Mr. Jones himself, from whom we receive this chapter of his domestic trials—"when Mrs. Jones riz right up in the bed, and," said she, in tones that scraped the marrow all out of my bones, said she, "*Jones, you needn't turn over, you're drunk clean through.*"

COMMERCIAL.

Ashes Statement.

FRIDAY EVENING, February 28, 1851.

POTS.	Barrels.
Inspected 23rd to 28th Feb., 1850	231
Same period, 1851	184
Decrease, 1851	47
PEARLS.	
Inspected 23rd to 28th Feb., 1850	143
Same period, 1851	37
Decrease, 1851	106
POTS.	
Inspected 1st to 28th Feb., 1850	1046
Same period, 1851	1032
Decrease, 1851	14
PEARLS.	
Inspected 1st to 28th Feb., 1850	510
Same period, 1851	202
Decrease, 1851	308

POTS.—Single bills taken at 28s. 6d.; tendency downwards.

PEARLS.—Still dull; buyers do not feel disposed to give over 27s. 6d. @ 27s. 9d.; 28s. has been paid during the week; there will be a tolerably large increase in the receipts of Pearls during March.

JOHN G. DINNING,
Ashes Broker,
35, St. Francois Xavier Street.

New York Markets.

MARCH 5.

ASHES—Easier, and dull at a decline for Pots, with good demand at $5,44 @ $5,50. Pearls steady and saleable.

FLOUR.—Increased heaviness for low grades of State and Western, and prices easier. Better grades in good request, and steady. More disposition to meet buyers. Sales of Domestic, 12,000 barrels, at $4,25 @ $4,31½ for No. 2 Superfine, $4,44 @ $4,56 for Common to Straight State, and $4,68¾ @ $4,94 for Michigan and Indiana, and $4,87½ @ $5 for Pure Genesee.

CORN—Heavy, and supply not large. Western Mixed, 62½ cents. A sale of Southern Yellow, on the spot, at 63 cents.

PORK heavy. New Mess easier. Sales in small lots; in all 500 barrels at $13 for old Mess, and $13,44 @ $13,50 for new ditto; old Prime $10, and new ditto $11,25.

BIRTHS.

On the 3rd instant, at 13, Bellevue Terrace, the lady of Assistant Commissary-General LEONCE ROUTH, of a son.

In this city, on the 3rd instant, Mrs. ANDREW KIRKPATRICK, of a son.

At Mount Pleasant, on the 1st instant, Mrs. LAKE, of a daughter.

At Chelsea, on the 24th ultimo, Mrs. T. B. PEMBERTON, of a son.

MARRIED.

By the Rev. W. TAYLOR, D.D., on the 4th instant, Mr. JOSEPH ROBERT, Farmer, East Concession, Lachute, to Miss CATHERINE MCLURE, fourth daughter of Mr. WILLIAM MCLURE, of the same place.

DIED.

In this city, of consumption, on the 5th instant, BARBARA MASSON, wife of Mr. WARTER FRENDERGAST, aged 28 years.

In this city, on the 4th instant, ALFRED, fourth son of Mr. GEORGE YOUNG, aged 9 years and 10 months.

On the 3rd instant, aged 8½, CATHERINE, only surviving daughter of the late COLIN ROBERTSON, Esq., M. H. B. C.

On the 2nd instant, at the residence of JOHN SMITH, Esq., Alexander Street, Miss PRUDENCE REA, daughter of the late ALEXANDER REA, Esq.

At St. Norbert, on the 25th ultimo, Mrs. EMILIA ST. GEORGE DE LAFOTTE, wife of EDWARD DE GRANDPRE, Esq., Lieutenant of Militia, at the age of 34 years. She leaves a sorrowful husband and 7 children, (the last one being but 4 days old,) and numerous relations and friends, who accompanied her funeral, which took place on the 27th ultimo.

At Berthier, on the 15th ultimo, Miss MARIA LOUISA PHILOMENA DE DONTALES, daughter of Mr. F. DE DONTALES, of the same place, at the age of 15 years 2 months and 16 days, after an illness of 3 months and 16 days.

At Quebec, on the 5th instant, of scarlet fever, HENRY STEINHAUER PRICE, youngest son of the late WILLIAM PRICE, Esq., aged 9 years and 3 months.

In Kingston, on the 6th instant, deeply regretted by his numerous friends, Mr. BENJAMIN HORNER, First Clerk in Her Majesty's Customs, aged 31 years.

Suddenly, at the Rectory, in Cobourg, on the 24th ultimo, ELIZA, eldest daughter of the Venerable A. N. BETHUNE, D.D., Archdeacon of York.

In Brampton, on the 12th ultimo, Mr. ALEXANDER MOORE, late of Lonsdale-terry, aged 22 years.

On the 20th ultimo, HELEN CHARLOTTE, aged 2 years, youngest daughter of the Rev. WILLIAM RITCHIE, Rector of Goodrich.

On the 2nd December, at Weeds' Diggins, California, of typhus fever, Mr. WM. H. BUTLER, of Brighton, C. W., brother of Mr. T. O. BUTLER.

ADDISONIAN LITERARY SOCIETY.

THIS EVENING, (Friday,) D. LATTE, Esq., will deliver a LECTURE, introductory to the FRENCH COURSE, before the above Society, in the ODD FELLOWS' HALL, Great St. James' Street, at EIGHT o'clock.

SUBJECT:—"The necessity of a cordial and intimate union between Canadians of all origins, for the progressive advancement of the general interests of the country."

Admission 7½d. Ladies Free.

C. DROLET,
Rec. Sec.

March 7, 1851. 303

MACHINERY OIL, in Casks of 15 and 20 Gallons each. The superiority of this article over Sperm, Olive, or Lard Oils is daily being proved. It is now used in preference to all others, both on account of economy in price and cleanliness and durability, by the following gentlemen:—Messrs. BLACK, WOOD & Co.; WILLIAM DOW & Co.; LACHINE RAILROAD COMPANY; Captain SUTHERLAND, Steamer Kingston; and T. B. WRIGG and THOMAS PECK, Esqs.

A few 5-gallon Tins on hand.

TANNERS' OIL, in 30-gallon Casks, Nos. 1 and 2; a very superior article, direct from the Manufactory.

BRIGHT VARNISH.—Orders received for packages of from 15 to 40 Gallons. Samples may be examined at the Office of the Subscriber.

N. B.—Samples of LEATHER, with Certificates from the Tanner, have been received from the Manufactory, and can also be seen at the Office of the Subscriber.

JOHN G. DINNING,
Sole Agent for Canada East.

Montreal, 7th March, 1851. 303-i

CALEDONIA WATER.

200 20-GALLON KEGS of this celebrated WATER RECEIVED THIS DAY from the SALINE SPRING, and FOR SALE at 15s. each, or 10s. and the Keg returned.

CALEDONIA WATER DEPOT,
Place d'Armes.

March 5, 1851. 302-c

RECEIVED:—
Harper for March
Snow Drop for March
Agricultural Journal for March

R. W. LAY,
193, Notre Dame Street.

March 5. 302

WHOLESALE AND FAMILY GROCERY STORE,
Corner of McGill and College Streets.

REFINED, Muscovado, and Crushed SUGARS
Old Hyson, Gunpowder, Young Hyson, Oolong, Souchong, and Twankay TEAS, of Superior quality and flavor
Fresh Ground COFFEES, Spices, &c., &c.
Stoved Salt, (in bags,) Coarse Salt, (in barrels and sacks)
No. 1 Herrings, North Shore, Mackerel, Wet and Dry Codfish, Smoked Halibut
Pastry and Superfine Flour, in barrels and half barrels
Buckwheat Flour, and Indian Meal, fresh ground, constantly on hand.

—JUST RECEIVED,—
25 tinnets Dairy Butter
2 tons American Cheese.

R. L. GAULT.

February 21, 1851. 297

JUST RECEIVED a Fresh Supply of—
Orvis' highly celebrated Corn Starch,
Hecker's Farina, put up expressly for Family use.

—ALSO,—
3 tons of Fresh Ground Oatmeal,
A few kegs of York Bay Oysters,
Wholesale and Retail, by

R. L. GAULT,
Corner of McGill and College Streets.

February 21, 1851. 297

REMOVAL.

E. E. SHELTON, *GROCER*, will REMOVE on the First of May next to the STORE, No. 172, forming the corner of Notre Dame and St. John Street, where he intends keeping a general assortment of the best FAMILY GROCERIES, to which he respectfully invites the attention of the Public.

Montreal, March 3, 1851. 301-2m

FOR SALE, Wholesale and Retail, by the Subscriber:—
Twankay, Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, Hyson Skin, Gunpowder, Congou, and Pekoe Souchong Teas; Tobacco, 16's, 8's, and 5's; Loaf Sugar, in hhds. and barrels; Muscovado Sugar, in hhds. and barrels; Crushed Sugar; Coppers; Epsom Salts; Black Lead; Berger's, Lescher's, and London Starch; Castor Oil; Carraway Seed; Saltpetre; Steele's Liverpool Soap; English White and Windsor Soap; Playing Cards; Cayenne Pepper; Cross & Blackwell's Ketchup; Assorted Pickles and Sauces; Wix's Mustard; American Honey; Bermuda Arrowroot; Day & Martin's Paste and Liquid Blacking; Sugar Candy; Indigo; Ginger, Whole and Ground; Crackers and Soda Biscuits; Sperm and Tallow Candles; Stearine Candles; Glass, 6½ x 7½; Gin, in cases; Chocolate; Tobacco Pipes; Raisins.

—AND,—
Brandy; Gin; Rum; Whiskey; Wines; Liquors; Lemon Syrup; Peppermint; London Porter; Molasses, in hhds. and barrels.

—ALSO,—
Liverpool Salt, in bags and barrels; Herrings; Codfish; Oils, &c., &c., &c.; Wines, of superior quality, in Bottle and in Wood.

J. S. SUTHERLAND,
Corner of McGill and St. Joseph Streets.

Montreal, February 19, 1851. 296

YOUNG HYSON TEA!—
435 hf-chests Superior Quality, ex *Toronto*.
For Sale by

LEMESURIER, ROUTH & Co.

Montreal, August 29, 1850. 149

10 BARRELS POWDERED ARSENIC
40 CASES REFINED BORAX.
For Sale by

LEMESURIER & Co.

September 7, 1850 202

JUST RECEIVED, and for Sale by the Subscriber:—
Fine Oswego Starch.

—ALSO,—
Refined Corn Starch Farina, unequalled, for delicacy and purity, as an article of food.

A. F. SABINE,
Agent for the Oswego Starch Company.

September 18, 1850. 211

FOR SALE by the Subscriber:—
UPPER CANADA BEECH and MAPLE FIRE WOOD.

JNO. KER.

8th January, 1851. 277

UNITARIAN CHURCH.

THE Public are hereby informed that at the General Meeting of the Unitarian Congregation, held on 20th instant, it was Resolved, that the PEWS in their Church be made FREE to the Public. All are invited to attend who may feel desirous to do so.

January 31, 1851. 285

AUCTION SALES.

BY THOMAS BELL.

EVENING SALES OF DRY GOODS.—The Subscriber notices the Public, that he has SALES of DRY GOODS, FANCY ARTICLES, &c., on TUESDAYS, THURSDAYS, and FRIDAYS, at his AUCTION ROOMS, No. 179, Notre Dame Street, where Parties can furnish themselves very cheap, particularly with Winter Clothing. Every Article sold without reserve.

☞ Sale commences at SEVEN o'clock.

THOMAS BELL,
Auctioneer.

267

SLAUGHTER HOUSE.

FOR SALE OR TO LET.—The PREMISES known as OGDEN'S SLAUGHTER HOUSE, the Property of J. H. LAMBE, Esq., fronting on Priests' Road, Guy's Fields, near the Canal, St. Antoine Suburbs, consisting of an enclosed Lot of Land, 97 x 132 feet, through the centre of which a constant stream of pure Water is running. The Building is 80 x 60 feet, and contains a Slaughter House capable of slaughtering 100 head of Cattle per day, a large Brick Smoke House, and two large Furnaces, with Boilers for melting Tallow or Lard.

These Premises are well adapted for a Starch Manufactory, Steam Saw Mill, Tannery, Brewery or Distillery, or for any Business requiring space and a constant supply of pure running water. Possession 1st May next. Apply to

JOHN G. DINNING,
Registry Office, 35, St. Francois Xavier Street.

February 26, 1851. 299-m

TO BE LET,—with immediate possession,—Those two large CUT STONE HOUSES, situated in Lagauchetiere Street, nearly opposite to St. Patrick's Church, belonging to EDWARD M. LEPROHON, Esq., consisting of Dining-Room, Drawing-Room, Pantry, 3 large Bed-Rooms, and 2 large Attic-Rooms. The situation is delightful, commanding a fine view of the River, Nuns' Island, Laprairie, &c., &c. Ice-House, Coach-House, and Stabling for three Horses. Water Pipe in the Kitchen. These Houses are remarkably comfortable, being substantially built, and iron covered. The Rooms have been lately newly Painted and Papered. A Lease of 3 or 4 years will be given, if required. Rent moderate. Apply to

JOHN G. DINNING,
Registry Office, 35, St. Francois Xavier Street.

24th February, 1851. 298-k

TO LET,—That most comfortable HOUSE, No. 69, St. Antoine Street, now occupied by Mr. ABBOTT, consisting of Dining Room, Drawing Room, Pantry, Five Bed Rooms, and Attics; a Winter and Summer Kitchen, and a large Room over the latter; Outhouses; a large Planked Yard; an excellent SPRING WELL, and Water in the Kitchen from the Water Works.

Rent moderate. Apply to

JOHN G. DINNING,
Registry Office,
35, St. Francois Xavier Street.

February 21. 297

FOR SALE OR TO LET,

THOSE extensive and well-known PREMISES, No 109, St. Paul Street, formerly occupied by the late Firm of BARRETT & HAGAR, Hardware Merchants, and now by Messrs. HIBBARD & Co., and belonging to the Estate of J. T. BARRETT, Esq., including a large and commodious WAREHOUSE in St. Jean Baptiste Street, well adapted for either a Wholesale Hardware or Dry Goods Establishment. Possession given on the 1st May next. For further particulars, enquire of

C. DORWIN,
St. Francois Xavier Street.

Montreal, February 14, 1851. 294

HOUSE FOR SALE OR TO LET AT ST. JOHNS.

THAT convenient and pleasantly-situated TWO-STORY STONE HOUSE, belonging to the Estate of the late W. D. LINDSAY, Esq., St. Johns, containing Eleven Apartments; with good YARD, STABLE, OUT-HOUSES, and GARDEN attached. Possession given on the 1st May next. For further particulars, apply to Mr. WM. LINDSAY, ST. JOHNS, or to the Subscriber, in MONTREAL.

CHS. LINDSAY,
No. 3, St. Sacrament Street.

February 10, 1851. 292

TO LET.

TO LET, from the 1st May next, those Extensive PREMISES in St. Urbain Street, comprising TWO DWELLINGS, Nos. 52 and 54, at present occupied by Mr. SAMUEL PHILLIPS, well adapted for a public School.

Apply to the Subscriber.

CHS. LINDSAY,
3, St. Sacrament Street.

February 3, 1851. 289

CHAMPLAIN AND ST. LAWRENCE RAILROAD.

NOTICE.

PROPOSALS will be received by the Undersigned, at the Office of the Company, in Montreal, until the TENTH day of MARCH next, for furnishing at the Rouse's Point Terminus the following TIMBER, viz.:—

250 Sticks Pine, 25 feet long, 14 x 14 inches
750 do do 32 do 12 x 14 do
125 do do 27 do 12 x 12 do
1500 Flatted Tamarac Ties, 25 feet long and 7 inches thick, and not less than 6 inches on the face at small end } Not less than 12 inches at large end.
800 Tamarac Piles, 30 feet long
700 do do 20 do

One half of the Piles to be delivered on or before the first day of May next, or on the opening of the Navigation, and the remainder on or before the 10th day of June next.

Proposals will be received for a part or the whole of the above—the Piles per lineal foot, and the Ties at so much each.

A. H. BRAINERD,
Superintendent, C. & St. L. R.

Montreal, Feb. 26, 1851. 299

WANTED,—a Situation, by a Married Man experienced in the DRY GOODS and GROCERY LINE, and who has been in business on his own account for the Country. Speaks English and French fluently. With excellent references. Apply at this Office.

24th February, 1851. 298

NEW YORK
PROTECTION FIRE AND MARINE INSURANCE COMPANY.

JOHN STRYKER, Esq.....*President.*
JESSE MATTESON, Esq.....*Vice-President.*
GEORGE R. THOMAS, Esq. *Treasurer.*
T. JONES, Jun., Esq.....*Secretary.*

ELON COMSTOCK, Esq., GENERAL AGENT, Rome, N. Y.

AGENTS.

JAS. WEIGHT, Esq., 60, Wall Street, New York.
OLIVER BREWSTER, Esq., 4, State Street, Boston.

REFERENCE.

Hon. WASHINGTON HUNT, Governor Elect, State of New York.
Hon. HORATIO C. SEYMOUR.
EBENEZER CORNING, Esq., President City Bank, Albany.

PROMPT adjustment and payment of LOSSES, combined with fair rates of Premium, have entitled this Corporation to rank among the first of similar Institutions in the United States.

The Undersigned will give immediate personal attention to applications for INSURANCE against FIRE on every description of Property, either in Town or Country.

M. H. GAULT,
AGENT.

Office—College Street, first door from McGill Street.

N. B.—STEAM and CANAL BOATS, in Dock or Repairing, INSURED.

Montreal, January 8, 1851. 279

AUCTION SALES.

BY JOHN JONES.

THE Subscriber begs to inform the Public that he has now OPENED his LONG ROOM, for the reception of such articles that may be offered for Public or Private Sale. He can, without contradiction, state that he has the largest and best situated Room in this city, (being ninety feet in length), for Sales of Household Furniture and Miscellaneous articles, where plenty of room is required. He flatters himself that with such accommodation, and his known punctuality in business, he will receive a share of public patronage.

JOHN JONES.

June 17. 122

THE Subscriber begs leave to return his most sincere thanks to his Friends and the Public in general for the very liberal support he has obtained since his commencement in business, and begs leave to say that at present he has a large Stock of Cloths, Cassimeres, Doeskins, Tweeds, and Pilot Cloths, Moleskins, Fustians, Striped and Plain Nankeens, White and Grey Shirtings, Coloured Silesias and Reefed Jaconets, Brown Holland, Striped Cottons, Turkey Stripes, Chintz and Apron Checks, Fancy Regattas, Irish Linens, Fancy Prints, White Cambrics and Checks, Brown and Mull Muslins, Silk and Cotton Shawls and Handkerchiefs, Gros de Naples, Silk and Cotton Velvets, Lawnings, Silks, Patent Threads, Hats, Fur Caps, Carpet Bags, best in town, all well selected; Stock of every Article in the Dry Goods Line, which he will Sell at a low advance, which shall insure satisfaction to those who may favour him with their custom, as the Goods have been bought low; together with a Stock which he has purchased at a Bankrupt Sale at 6——; with a great variety of other Articles.

Parties would do well to give a call before purchasing elsewhere.

P. MURPHY.

No. 35, MCGILL STREET,
Montreal, 13th March, 1850. 70-6m

W. C. MILES, Importer, Manufacturer, and Dealer in Ready-Made Linen, Cotton, and Woollen Undershirts and Drawers, Socks, Cravats, Gloves, &c. A new style of Patent Spring Socks; Cravats and Scarfs of plain and fancy colored Silk and Satin, (the most convenient Cravat ever invented.)

—ALSO,—

The Washington Suspender Shoulder Brace, of all sizes, for Ladies and Gentlemen.

Wholesale and Retail,
175½, Notre Dame Street, Montreal.

Sept. 19. 212

LINEN Shirts and Collars, Cotton and Woollen Undershirts and Drawers, made to order on the shortest notice.

—ALSO,—

On Consignment, a splendid assortment of Flint Stone Ware, among which are the following Articles, viz.:—

Pitchers, of different sizes and colors
Flower Vases do do do
Spittoons do do do
Candlesticks do do do
Urns for Hotels
Door Plates do do with White Porcelain Letters
Toilet Setts, &c., &c.

W. C. MILES,
No. 42, Great St. James Street,
Near the Ottawa Hotel.

Sept. 19. 212

WHOLESALE & RETAIL
FUR WAREHOUSE,
(98, *NOTRE DAME STREET,*)
MONTREAL.

THE Subscriber most respectfully acquaints the Public, that he has just received, per "*Great Britain*" and "*Pearl*," from London, an unusually WELL-SELECTED IMPORTATION of EUROPEAN Manufactured and Unmanufactured

FURS,

which, in addition to a LARGE STOCK, made up during the past Summer from the raw material, under his personal superintendence, comprises one of the RICHEST and most COMPLETE ASSORTMENTS of GOODS in the FUR LINE ever yet offered in Canada.

The Stock is now ready for inspection, and intending purchasers would be amply repaid by an early call, were it only to see the qualities of the Goods and Style of Manufacture, as well as the remarkably *LOW PRICES*, which will be found marked in plain figures on every article.

Country Merchants supplied on LIBERAL TERMS.

JOHN HENDERSON.

October 22. 240

DRY GOODS.

THE SUBSCRIBERS have now received, ex *I Dare*, *Tom O'Shanter*, and other vessels, a general assortment of Fall and Winter Goods, which they now offer to the Trade on reasonable terms.

GILMOUR & Co.,
9, St. Sacrament Street.

October 26, 1850. 244

HARRIS' OIL CLOTHS.

R. CAMPBELL & CO.

HAVE now received the completion of their Assortment of the above celebrated FLOOR CLOTHS, which, with other Makes in great variety of Styles, from 3 to 27 feet wide, they offer for Sale, at their

CARPET WAREHOUSE,
St. Francois Xavier Street,

Together with their usually Extensive Assortment of CARPETING, DRUGGETS, HEARTH RUGS, DOOR MATS, &c., on the most favorable terms.

25, St. Francois Xavier Street,
near St. Paul Street.

Montreal, June 13, 1850. 133

FOR PRIVATE SALE:—
No. 1 American Pails
Best India Rubber Shoes, Men's and Women's
Men's and Women's Leather Boots and Shoes, by

SCOTT & GLASSFORD.

Dec. 2. 268

THOMAS MUSSEN

HAS for Sale a good