be in favor of the course
f this House has adopted.
say that, apart from the
ions that arise from asso-
n a particular Church, you
l men on public questions
are not in favor of the
ce to Ireland which we are
nce. There is no man on
use who will undertake to
ny men, by any species of
scopic investigation in any
who have a claim to intel-
e on public questions, who
r sanction and approval to
House has pursued. Sir,
ted in the peace and pros-
d of the United Kingdom
the opposite side of the
have for more than twenty
interest in Irish questions,
ondition of that country;
scandal to English states-
said so often and often. I
for twenty years the con-
ght honorable gentleman
overnment held then—and
ble now to put him under
ion from which he could
e obliged to say that he
on a recent occasion, he
n sentiment of that speech
wenty-five years ago was
different position from the
eman. I have not been en-
he ladder of parliamentary
iety. No sir; I have only
—so far as I had anything to
ons—to promote what ap-
that country, and which
advantage of the United
t honorable gentleman the
mixture of pompousness,
rvility—talked at large of
he had had with his Sove-
the conspirator who would
not charge the right hono-
deceiving his Sovereign;
nged the opinion which he
rs ago, and which he has
right, then I fear that he
t it was his duty to state in
he had with his Sovereign.
ble gentlemen opposite, and
gentleman in particular,
country who puts the Sove-
of a struggle like this into
are about to enter—who
people, and says from the
, "Your Queen holds the
e, the enemies of religious
to Ireland, are marshalled,"
ter who does that is guilty
and a great misdemeanor
n and against his country.
or, no reputation, there is
name that any Minister can
this that will acquit him to
the most grievous offences
which a Prime Minister can

olics in the United States.

er of the *Atlantic Monthly* ble article on this subject. It with a description of "The er established in the north- w York, near the Central this organization is Father rom Protestantism, and its er the American people to fai h by the publication of t is in other words, a "Ca- ociety," not unlike the Me- n. The writer of the arti- ibes the tracts issued by this ghtly and attractive, and as circulated in cars and boats ces. One of these is quoted,

SAID ABOUT THE POPE.

entral Park, we sat down . Uncle George took out . As his eye glanced down lenly gave a grunt, and hit rply with his cane. ncle ?" said I. nothing but the old Pope

e ?" I inquired. y he's a bad man my dear," e, looking at me over his ays was" police take him up, then, ked. re so many people who be- d man," answered my Un- ng him, Fred, there's been only understood it; but the into court, the fewer wit- o appear against him, and o come off 'not guilty.'" le believe he is a good man, "A dozen now, I shouldn't

aimed the old gentleman; ommenced drawing figures k with his cane. "There," the sum he had marked on o you make of that?" d I, "and a 0, and an 8, by, uncle, that's *two hundred*

Atlantic, besides giving an tholic Publication Society, ns of which will be news in- readers, gives a glowing ac- hools and of their methods oung. He says, there is a assurance of success about elf an element of strength. vailing and governing ma- ion in the United States to in about seventy years, say The writer in the *Atlantic* able that they may be right , and he gives the follow- nary of what has been achie- way of progress, in the last

, there were in the United holic bishop, 53 priests, and rs. There are now 7 arch- s, 3 mitred abbots, 3,100 olleges, 56 convents of men, en, and 4 800 000 Catholic r words, in 1800, the Catho- like one-seventieth of the he United States: they are They have increased fas- population of the country, and 1850, the general in- t. Judging from the past, conclude that in the year will form one-third of the ntry, and perhaps a ma- g cities and States of it. church increases at a rate e, in addition to the new shares largely in the con- value of real estate. The

only class of laborers in the country, who always earn much more than they need, are domestic female servants; and they spend most most of their surplus, either in direct contributions to the church, or in bringing across the ocean new members. As a rule, a female servant can appropriate half her wages to these objects if she chooses. How many of them do so, is known to housekeepers, and, still better, to bankers who sell small drafts on Ireland and Germany.

Comment on these statements is hardly necessary. The lesson which they teach is too obvious to require any special enforcement. Progress such as this is not to be arrested by denunciation and abuse. It is to be met by counter-progress. If England and the United States would not lose their position as the two great Protestant nations of the world, they must devote themselves more than they have ever done to the work of primary education. Common schools and Sunday-schools, not polemics, are the true weapons of the American Protestant Christian.—*Sunday-School Times.*

General Intelligence.

Colonial.

The Dartmouth Bazaar last week realized $354.

It is now well understood that His Honour Judge Wilmot is to be Lt. Governor of New Brunswick.

New quarantine regulations are published, under the Great Seal of Canada. The penalty for contravention of regulations is $400, with imprisonment.—*Wit*

An order in Council has passed forbidding fishing for salmon in the Canada waters with swing nets.—*Ib.*

Lewis W. DesBarres, has been appointed Registrar of the Court of Vice admiralty, in place of the late James R. Smith, Esq.

On Tuesday morning last an attempt was made to set fire to the new Academy in Liverpool, Queen's County, but it fortunately was unsuccessful. At a public meeting held the same evening the Custos was requested to offer a reward of, at least $500, for the arrest of the guilty party.—*Chron.*

The Cape Breton *News* of the 30th ult., says: "The country is looking well, and farming operations are being conducted with more than ordinary care and industry. We regret to learn that the quantity of seed likely to be put into the ground this season will be far below the average quantity of former years."

A serious shooting fray occurred at Herring Cove on Sunday. Two brothers named Henry and Hugh Latta, who have been on bad terms for some time, had a dispute about some unimportant matter, and Henry shot Hugh in the leg, inflicting a severe, though it is not thought, dangerous wound.

We call the attention of Ministers to a special notice of medicine intended for the benefit of such as may be troubled with cough or with throat affection. The remedy is spoken of highly by those who have tried it.

WINDSOR AND ANNAPOLIS RAILWAY.—A heavy force is now actively engaged on nearly the whole length of the line. The building of the bridge across the river near this town, is rapidly progressing. A ship arrived at Annapolis last week deeply laden with railway iron, which is being brought up the river in scows, and is being landed here and at Paradise. Before a snow-flake again whitens the earth, it is probable that the iron horse will be careering through our valley.—*Bridgetown Free Press.*

SHERBROOKE.—A proclamation in Wednesday's *Gazette* announces that the Sherbrooke gold district has been enlarged, in consequence of gold having been discovered outside the limits of the District. The district is now bounded as follows: "commencing at the north-east angle of Wine Harbour Gold District; thence northerly on the west line of the Stormont Gold District to the Guysborough road; thence by said road westerly, crossing the Forks at St. Mary's Bridge, until up the West River of St. Mary's five miles above said bridge; thence southerly to the Western limits of Charles Pye's Island on the east side of Liscomb Harbour; thence by the Ship Channel down said Harbour; and easterly, including all the Islands, to the mouth of St. Mary's River; thence northerly up said River to the north-west corner of the Wine Harbour District; thence easterly by the north line of the said last named District to the place of beginning."

The salmon, lobster, and oyster trade of this Colony is assuming larger proportions year by year. Messrs. Wilson and Waddell put up eleven thousand five hundred cans of lobsters last year, most of which found a ready sale in England.—Mr. Cairns has been engaged in the salmon preserving business for several years, and annually exports a large quantity to Britain. This year, Messrs. Wilson and Waddell intend to preserve 20 000 cans of lobsters and oysters, and the other parties engaged in the business intend to prosecute it on a larger scale than they have hitherto done.—*Charlottetown (P. E. I.) Herald.*

OTTAWA, June 5.—Authentic information has been received here of the transfer of large quantities of Fenian arms and ammunition from St. Albans, to points along the frontier.

Mr. Rose, Minister of Finance, leaves here the 10th for England, on Government business. The orders for the transfer of three companies of Rifles from Quebec to Ottawa have been countermanded.

United States.

The prospects of the wheat crop in the United States and Canada are very good.

The fare from New York to Boston—a distance of two hundred and fifty miles—by steamboat is only one dollar. The New York *Evening Post* says the fare by boat and rail has been reduced in ten days from five dollars to one dollar. This reduction is the result of a bitter warfare between the Norwich and Worcester, Stonington, Bristol and Fall river line of steamboats.

WASHINGTON, June 6th.—It is said the British Minister has addressed a letter to the Secretary of State calling attention to the fact that the Canadian Governments admits American coal free of duty, which has been done in hopes that the American Government might sanction some reciprocal legislation, and asking whether this Government is prepared to consider the question. The matter having been referred to the Secretary of the Treasury, it is said he replied that Congress having abrogated the old Reciprocity Treaty he did not consider it proper that the Executive should re-open the question, unless Congress shall give some indications of its desire to do so. The papers are before the committee of Ways and Means.

NEW YORK, June 6.—Dispatches from Montreal report continued military activity against feared invasion of Fenians.

European.

LONDON, June 2nd (eve.)—The Grand Jury have refused to bring in a bill of indictment against ex-Governor Eyre of Jamaica, on the evidence adduced by the prosecution.

The Royal Commission on Neutrality Laws have made a Report in favor of granting to the Executive authorities additional powers to detain ships supposed to be for belligerent purposes. They also recommend that the building, fitting out, or manning of such vessels in a British port, be declared a misdemeanor—that any ship built in Great Britain in violation of such law, shall not be permitted to enter any British port, and that their prizes, if brought within the British jurisdiction, shall be returned to their owners.

LONDON, June 4.—Official despatches from Gen. Napier state that his column had passed Senate, one of the last posts on the route to the coast. He reports the rainy season had set in with the usual violence and disastrous consequences to the inhabitants. The flood running through the Sooroo defile, a vast mountain gorge was already in such volume that six hundred natives have been drowned.

VIENNA, 3rd—Plans for the reorganization of the Military forces of the Empire are now being gradually carried into effect. The standing army is to consist of 800,000 men, and the landwehr 200,000.

MADRID, 3rd.—The Spanish Government has granted the necessary authorizations for the establishment of additional submarine telegraph lines in the gulf of Mexico.

LIVERPOOL, June 4th—John Bright was entained this morning at a public breakfast, by prominent members of the Liberal party of this city. Mr. Bright made a powerful speech after reviewing the policy of the various Tory administrations up to the present time, on the question of the Irish Church. He drew a strong contrast between the course of the present Premier, and that of Mr. Gladstone in dealing with this matter. He advised the Liberals to put forward all their strength in the next Parliamentary election, and with great earnestness exhorted the people of Great Britain to support the Liberal party, declaring the success of its policy to be the only means of adjusting the dissentions of Ireland, and perfecting her union with England. The speaker was frequently interrupted by applause, and loudly cheered at the close.

LONDON, June 5.—In the House of Commons this evening, an amendment to the suspensory bill was offered, placing the office tenures, under the Maynooth College grant, on same basis as livings in the Irish Church. The amendment was opposed as destructive, and not supensory, in accordance with the character of the bill under consideration, and was rejected by the House. The House then voted in favor of permitting new appointments to be made to the Maynooth College, and also in favor of the continuance of the *regium donum* during pleasure of Parliament. The suspensory bill was then passed in committee. The announcement of the result was received with cheers.

The Emperor of Austria asserts that he had to make his choice of two alternatives, with regard to the recent laws hostile to the concordat—sign them or abdicate; and he choose the former. This explanation is intended to soften the resentment for his violation of the concordat.

LONDON, June 7.—Despatches dated 30th May, from Napier, say that he hoped to reach the coast of the Red Sea at Zeoulla by the 1st of June. He parted company with Kassai, his native ally, the day before.

The Pope has sent an agent to the United States to raise troops there for the Papal army.

Gen. Garibaldi has written several very earnest letters to his friends and to the authorities in America, entreating them in behalf of the liberal party of Italy to discourage the project.

BRUSSELS, 7th.—*Lenoid* asserts that the opinion widely prevails in Paris that war will break out in Europe before the close of Autumn.

VIENNA, 7th.—Prince Napoleon has arrived from Badan, he was received by the Emperor Francis Joseph, with whom he had a close consultation.

The Chamber of Deputies, the lower House of the Roiscrath, have voted to fund all the different forms of national indebtedness, with the exception of lottery obligation, placing the rate of interest at 5 per cent. per annum, and imposing a heavy tax on coupons.

BERLIN, June 6.—Bismark urges an adoption by the nations of Europe and America of treaties establishing uniform international system for measurement of tonnage and capacity of shipping. He proposes the English method of measurement as the best basis for such system, but suggest that it be modified by the application of the metrical principle. The North German Confederation is prepared to open negotiations with Foreign Governments on this subject.

ST. PETERSBURG, June 6.—The Emperor of Russia has issued a ukase setting free all persons of foreign birth now exiled to Siberia, and all natives of Russia Poland who are sentenced to less than 20 years exile.

In the House of Cammons on the 19th ult., Mr. John Bright gave notice that he would defer bringing on his motion with reference to the petitions from Nova Scotia on the question of the Repeal of the British North America Act, until Tuesday the 16th of June.—*Chron.*

A NEW AND GRAND EPOCH IN MEDICINE.

Dr. Maggiel is the founder of a new Medica System! The quantitarians, whose vast internal doses enfeeble the stomach, and paralyze the bowels, must give precedene to the man who restores health and appetite with from one to two of his extraordinary Pills, and cures the most virulent sores with a box or so of wonderful and all-healing Salve.

These two great specifics of the Doctor are fast superceding all the stereotyped nostrums of the day. Extraordinary cures by Maggiel's Pills and Salve have opened the eyes of the public to the inefficiency of the (so called) remedies of others, and upon which people have so long blindly depended. Maggiel's Pills are not of the class that are swallowed by the dose, and in which every box full taken creates an absolute necesity for another. One or two of Maggiue. Pills suffices to place the bowels in perfect order tone the stomach, create an appetite, and render the spirits lights and buoyant! There is no griping, and no reaction in the form of constipation. If the liver is affected its functions are restored and if the nervous system Is feeble it is invigoratitg. This last quality makes tne medicine very desirable for the wants of delicate females. Ulcerous and eruptive diseases are literally extinguished by the disinfecting power of Maggiel's Salve. In fact, it is here announced that Esggiel's Billious, Dyapetic and Diarrhœa Pills cure when all others fail. While for burns, sealds, Chiblains, Cuts, and all Abrasions of the skin, Maggiel's Salve is infalible. Sold by J. Haydock, 11 Pine street, New York, and all druggists, at 25 cents per box.

Jan 1 6m.

AN EFFECTUAL WORM MEDICINE.

Brown's Vermifuge Comfits,

OR WORM LOZENGES. MUCH SICKNESS, undoubtedly, with children and adults, attributed to other causes, is occasioned by worms. The "VERMIFUGE COMFITS," although effectual in destroying worms, can do no possible injury to the most delicate child. This valuable combination has been successfully used by physicians, and found to be safe and sure in eradicating worm, so hurtful to children.

Children having Worms require immediate attention, as neglect of the trouble often causes prolonged sickness.

Symptoms of Worms in Children are often overlooked. Worms in the stomach and bowels cause irritation, which can be removed only by the use of a sure remedy. The combination of ingredients used in making BROWN'S "VERMIFUGE COMFITS" is such as to give the best possible effect with safety.

Curtis & Brown, Proprietors, New York. Sold by all Dealers in Medicines, at 25 cents a box.

August 14 1y

PAIN KILLER!—An External and Internal Remedy for the Cure of *Cramp and Pain in the Stomach*, Bruises, Burns and Scalds, Sprains, Swelling of the Joints, Toothache, Pain in the Face, Neuralgia and Rheumatism, Sore Throat, Sudden Colds, Coughs, &c. Use it once for any of these, and you will never do without it.

☞ Beware of imitations! Sold by all Druggists.

PERRY DAVIS & SON, *Proprietors*,

April 17 3m. MONTREAL.

After a test of ten years, *Woodill's Worm Lo zenges* are still acknowledged to be the *very best* worm remedy known. They are *entirely free* from all *mineral agents* which so often prove injurious and even fatal to children; they are prepared without regard to economy, and contain the *purest* and *best vegetable medicines* known; and when given even where worms do not exist, no other constitutional effects follow than would be produced by an ordinary use of of Castor Oil or Senna.

Sheridan's Cavalry Condition Powders may be given to cattle whenever a need of condition medicine is indicated by loss of cud, horn-ail, and for red water in cows.

All who suffer from coughs, colds, bonchitis, croup, whooping cough, and, the most to be dreaded of all, consumption, can find sure relief in DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, which always cures where other remedies fail.

Conference Committees.

The Committees preparatory to the approaching Conference are appointed to meet at Fredericton as follows:—

1. *Committee for Examination of Candidates*—Thursday, June 18, at 9 o'clock, a.m.

2. *Stationing Committee*—Thursday, June 18, at 2½ p.m.

3. *Book Committee*—Friday, June 19, at 9, a.m.

4. *Educational Fund for Ministers' Children*—Friday, June 19, at 7, p.m.

5. *Theological Institution Committee*—Saturday June 20, at 9 a.m.

6 *Missionary Committee*—Saturday, June 20, at 3, p.m.

7. *Supernumerary Fund Committee*—Monday, June 22, at 9, a.m.

8. *Parsonage Aid Committee*—Monday, June 22, at 3, p.m.

9. *Contingent Fund Committee*—Tuesday, June 23, at 9, a.m.

10. *Committee on Conference Statistics*—Tuesday, June 23, at 3, p.m.

11. *Committee on Plan for Conference Education Society*—Tuesday, June 23, at 6, p.m.

Conference Travelling Arrangements.

Arrangements have been made for the extension of the usual privilege, of going to and returning from Conference *at one fare*, over the Nova Scotia Railways, and also over the E. and N. A. Railroad in New Brunswick. Ministers and lay gentlemen of our Church attending the Conference, and their wives, *return free* over the Nova Scotia road, by presenting at the Ticket Office a certificate from the Secretary of the Conference. In New Brunswick the privilege is extended to the Ministers, lay gentlemen, and members of their families travelling to the Conference, who on their way to Fredericton will ask for *return tickets* for the Wesleyan Conference.

It is expected that similar accommodation will be afforded in the Bay of Fundy and St. John River Steamers, of which more definite information will be given in our next.

To Ministers.

Ministers of the Wesleyan Conference can have a bottle of McDonald's Cough Cure for fifty cents—just half price—by calling on Robinson, Bros., 80 Prince William street, St. John, N. B., and at Brown, Bros., Halifax. It is a wonderful remedy—capital for public speakers. It cured Rev. Wm. McDonald when given up to die. Robinson, Bros., are also agents for Selee's Hair Life—now acknowledged to be the best Hair Preparation known.

3 ins.

Letters and Monies.

Remittances by Mail at risk of this Office, must be by P. O. Money Order or Letter Registered

Rev. E. Brettle (P.W.) Wm. Smith $2, Jos. Wilson $2—$4), Rev. G. M. Barrett (Mr. C.'s acct. to next Jan. will be $5.18), Rev. G. O. Huestis (B.R. $2), P.W., W. Bailey $1, Jacob Ritey, $1—$4), Rev. Thos. Smith (P.W., E. Atwood $2, A. D. Crowell $2, Jas. Coffin $2. Jas. Coffin $2, O. Davidson $2, J. Ells $2, Mrs. F. Kenny $2, T. Watt $4, J. B. Lawrence $2, R. Nickerson $2, Jos. Pinkham $2 50, Seth Reynolds $2, J. L. Smith $1, M. Thomas $2, A. Van Norden $2—$31 50), Rev. J. W. Howie (B R. $4.93, P.W., W. Ayles $1—$5 93), Jas Thompson $2, Rev. Jas. England (P.W., R. Read $2, W. H. Harrison $2 J. S. Turner $2, Jas. Sullivan $2, J. Hutchings $2, H. Whiteside $2, W. Tay $2, J. Woodburn $3, G. P. Sancton $2, D. J. McLaughlin $2—$21), Rev. R. Tweedy, Rev. W. Sargent (B.R. $12 67, A. W. Doane $5, P.W., A. Smith $1, J. Knowles 50 cts.—$19.17, all right).

GRACE'S SALVE CURES CUTS.
GRACE'S SALVE CURES BURNS.
GRACE'S SALVE CURES SCALDS.
GRACE'S SALVE CURES WONNDS.
GRACE'S SALVE CURES BRUISES.
GRACE'S SALVE CURES SPRAINS.
GRACE'S SALVE CURES ERYSIPELAS.
GRACE'S SALVE CURES SALT RHEUM.
GRACE'S SALVE CURES RING WORMS.
GRACE'S SALVE CURES CHAPPED HANDS.
GRACE'S SALVE CURES FROZEN LIMBS.
GRACE'S SALVE CURES BOILS.
GRACE'S SALVE CURES FELONS.
GRACE'S SALVE CURES CHILBLAINS.
GRACE'S SALVE CURES PILES.
GRACE'S SALVE CURES CORNS.
GRACE'S SALVE CURES CALLUSES.
GRACE'S SALVE CURES BITES.
GRACE'S SALVE CURES STINGS.
GRACE'S SALVE CURES ITCH.

DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY.

This preparation is a certain cure for all diseases of the *Throat and Lungs, Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis, Whooping Cough, Croup, Incipient Consumption, &c.* In confirmation of the highest medical authority that *"Consumption can be cured,"* numerous instances of complete restoration from this disease by the use of Balsam can be given.

The following Certificate from a respectable Lady of Halifax, exhibits the remarkable virtue of this renowned Lung remedy:

HALIFAX, N. S., June 16, 1860,

Messrs. S. W. FOWLE & Co., Boston.

Being requested by your Agent to state the benefit I have derived from the use of DR. WISTAR'S BALSAM OF WILD CHERRY, I have no hesitancy in saying that I have found it to give great relief of *cough* and *pulmonary disease*, of which I was some twelve years since so sorely afflicted as to be considered beyond recovery.—I therefore take occasion to say that I consider it be a valuable remedy for *coughs* and *consumptive complaints.* Yours respectively,

MRS. J. WEST.

may 27—1m.

"My father an old gentleman," (says A. C. Leighton) "has received greater benefit and relief from a protracted and distressing cough, (giving him rest and comfort nights) from Johnson's Anodyne Liniment, than from any and all the other remedies he has tried."

Marriages

At Rose Cottage, Cumberland Co., on the 4th inst., by the Rev. R. O'B. Johnson, Daniel McLaughlin, of Economy, Colchester Co., to Armina, eldest daughter of Capt. James A. and Catherine Hatfield

On the 1st inst, at the residence of the bride's father, by the Rev J. S. Addy, Mr. Jacob Valentine Eaton, of Wave Villa, Granville, to Henrietta E., eldest daughter of Mr. Charles Parker, of Belle Isle, Granville.

On the 4th inst, by the Rev F. H. Almon, at the residence of the bride's mother, Mr. John S Gumm, a native of England, to Miss Eleanor Jane, second daughter of the late Mr. Joseph Taylor, and niece of H. G. Hill, Esq., of this city.

At Wolfville, N. S., on the 1st inst., by the Rev. C. Lockhart, Benjamin Cowan, to Margaret A. Aikins.

On the 2nd inst, at Christ Church, Amherst, by the Rev George Townsand, A. M., Rural Dean, Henry Ernst Milner, eldest son of Edward Milner, Esq., Dulwich Wood, Norwood, London, G B, to Mary, eldest daughter of the Hon. R. B. Dickey, of the former place, Senator.

Deaths.

At Pugwash, on Tuesday, May 19th, Alexander A. Black, Esq., in the 37th year of his age.

At Economy, Colchester Co., March 24th, Elizabeth, beloved wife of Mr. George Allen, Port Greville, Cumberland Co. Her end was peace.

At Brookville, Cumberland Co., on the 3rd inst, Wilbert Edon, infant son of Thomas H. and Nancy Armstrong, aged 14 months.

At Meagher's Grant, on the 15th of March last, of inflammation of the lungs, infant son of John and Hannah Mills, aged 3 months.

At Higgins' Settlement, Musquodoboit, on the 7th ult., of consumption, Mr. Thomas Higgins, aged 67 years, in possession of a good hope through grace.

At Government House, St. John's, Nfld, on the 7th, ult, Francis Edward Musgrave, aged 19 years, youngest son of his Excellency the Governor

On the 4th inst., in the 33rd year of his age, Henry son of the late Hugh Dugwell.

On the 4th inst. Mary Adelaide, fourth daughter of John and Theodosia Seals, aged 16 years and 7 months

Shipping News.

PORT OF HALIFAX.

ARRIVED.

THURSDAY, June 4

Brig Annandale, Foley, Pictou; brigts Cyrus, Boudrot, Little Glace Bay; Rainbow, Smith, Boston; schrs Margaretta, Lebee, P E Island; Rose, Little Glace Bay; Adelaide, Bay Chaleur; Ready, James, Newfoundland; Sardonyx, Antigua; Maggie, New York; R J Leonard, Haley, Philadelphia; Villager, Watt, Chatham; Glad Tidings Wolfe, Boston; Louisa Darling, Walters, St John, N B.

FRIDAY, June 5

Brigts Esquimaux, Greening, Porto Rico; Empress, Lessef, Portland; O Morris Crane, New York; schrs Annie, Ross, Boston; Condor, Romkey, do; Catherine, Boudroit, Sydney; Emeline, Saville, P E Island.

SATURDAY, June 6

Ship Nictaux, McArthur, Liverpool; brigs Italia, Hays, Boston; Elsimore, Moore, Portland; Maggie, Newport, GB; schrs J N S Griffin, Nickerson, Ponce, Maria, Lassen, Boston; Ripple, Lunenburgh—bound fishing.

MONDAY, June 8

Steamers Cartlotta, Magune, Portland; Alhambra, Nickerson, Boston; schr Nancy, Doane, Porto Rico.

CLEARED

June 5—Steamer Etna, Bridgman, Liverpool; schr Libby Fulton, McLeod, Baddeck; Sarah Elizabeth, Boudroit, Little Glace Bay; Eureka, LeBlanc, Cow Bay; Lion, Westhaver, Labrador; J L Vogler, Smith, Labrador; Hope, Hurst, Boston; V J Wallace, May, Baltimore; C Berrier, Berrier, Cow Bay; Spring Bird, Smith, Labrador; Pioneer, Miller, Canso

June 6—Brig Sarah, Forrest, Arichat; schrs Lady Speedwell, Heekman, Labrador; Mariner, Rissier, Fishing Voyage; W Wagan, Moser, do; Pheasant, Greser, North Bay; Day Spring, do; D Gillespie, Cochran, Sydney; Flash, Hyson, Labrador.

Government House Ottawa,

Saturday, 30th May, 1868.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under the authority given by the Act passed in the late session of the Parliament of Canada, 31 Vic. Cap. 8, intituled: "An Act respecting the Inland Revenue," and by the "Act respecting Raw Tobacco," 31 Vic. Cap. 51., His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order, and it is hereby ordered that the Regulations respecting the granting of Licenses and Permits to Tobacco Dealers, shall be and they are hereby made and established.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

REGULATIONS.

1. Licenses to deal in Raw Leaf Tobacco and to enter the same ex-warehouse for consumption on payment of duty, may be granted by any of the undermentioned Officers on application being made in the proper form, namely:

All Collectors and deputy Collectors of Inland Revenue.

Such Postmasters, not exceeding one in each Parish, Township or Municipality wherein there is no other Officer of Inland Revenue, as may be from time to time appointed by the Minister of Inland Revenue.

2nd. Application for a License shall be made in such form, and shall contain such information as may be required by departmental regulations and shall also state the name, place of residence, and occupation of the person applying.

3rd. A License shall only be valid when granted on a form supplied by the Department of Inland Revenue, and signed by the Commissioner; and any License may be forfeited by the Minister of Inland Revenue whenever he has satisfactory evidence that the person to whom it is granted has evaded or assisted in evading the payment of any duty to which Tobacco is liable, or that he has failed to comply with these regulations or any part thereof.

4th. Permits to take Raw Leaf Tobacco out of Bond or from the farm or premises where it was grown, for consumption, may be granted by the Officers and persons hereby authorized to issue licenses, on application being made in the form approved by the Department, and payment of the duty to which the Tobacco would be liable if manufactured, that is to say: on Raw Leaf 31 Vic. Cap. 51, sec. 4. Tobacco, the growth of Canada, five cents per pound, being the 31 Vic. Cap. duty to which it would be liable 8, sec. 31. if manufactured into Common Canadian Twist, and on Raw Leaf Tobacco not the growth of Canada, ten cents per pound.

5th. Every permit shall be valid only when the form supplied by the Department of Inland Revenue and signed by the person issuing it—And every such Permit shall be delivered to and retained by the Importer or grower of the Tobacco as evidence that the tobacco to which it relates was lawfully removed, and the said Permit shall be produced by him whenever demanded by any officer of Inland Revenue for the purpose of taking an account thereof.

6th. All persons issuing Licenses or Permits under these Regulations or who receive any duty on Raw Leaf Tobacco entered for consumption, shall transmit all money so received to the Receiver General at least once in each week or oftener should the amount collected in one week exceed fifty dollars, and they shall account to the Department of Inland Revenue in such manner, at such times and in such form as may be from time to time determined by Departmental Regulations in that behalf.

7th. All persons licensed to deal in Raw Leaf Tobacco shall keep an account of all that they receive or sell or otherwise dispose of in such form as may be prescribed by Departmental Regulations.

Government House Ottawa,

Saturday, 30th day of May, 1868.

PRESENT:

HIS EXCELLENCY THE GOVERNOR GENERAL IN COUNCIL.

ON the recommendation of the Honorable the Minister of Inland Revenue, and under and in virtue of the authority given by the Act passed during the late session of the Parliament of Canada, 31st Vic. Cap. 50, intituled:—"An Act to increase the Excise Duty on Spirits, to impose an Excise Duty on Refined Petroleum, and to provide for the Inspection thereof," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to order and it is hereby ordered, that the following Regulations respecting the Inspection and Branding of Petroleum, shall be and they are hereby made and established.

WM. H. LEE,
Clerk Privy Council.

REGULATIONS

1st. Refined Petroleum shall be tested by Taglibues Pyrometer or by such other similar Instruments as may be approved by the Minister of Inland Revenue, and all such Instruments shall be distributed under the Supervision of the Department of Inland Revenue, and shall be used in accordance with instructions sanctioned by the said Department.

Inland Revenue Act, 1868, Sec. 17.

2nd. Refined Petroleum which was on the 22nd of May, 1868, in possession of parties who were not Refiners, may be allowed to pass inspection provided it bears a fire test of one hundred degrees of Fareabeit Thermometer, without giving off vapor that will explode or ignite on the application of fire.

Sec. 12.

3rd. All Barrels, Casks, or Packages containing Petroleum which has been inspected shall be branded with.

The date of the Inspection.

Sec. 17. The name of the Inspecting Officer.

The degree of heat at which the vapor produced by it ignited.

The name of the refiner, or if imported the name of the importer.

4th. Refined Petroleum may be warehoused and removed in Bond under the regulations made by order in Council on the 27th day of April, 1868.

May 10. 3 ins.

New Advertisements.

JUST RECEIVED
—AT—
144 GRANVILLE STREET.

ONE CASE
Full Trimmed BONNETS,
" " HATS,
Latest London and Paris Fashion.

R. McMURRAY & CO.,
june 10—1m COMMERCE HOUSE.

Government House, Ottawa,

Tuesday, 12th day of May, 1868.

PRESENT:

His Excellency the Governor General in Council.

ON the recommendation of the honourable the Minister of Customs, and under and in virtue of the authority conferred by the Act passed during the present session of the Legislature, intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," His Excellency in Council has been pleased to make the following "Regulation:"

In addition to the Warehousing Ports mentioned in the Act passed during the present session of the Parliament of Canada, and intituled: "An Act respecting the Customs," and also in addition to the Ports named in Lists sanctioned by subsequent orders of His Excellency in Council passed under the authority of the said Act, the following Port be included in the List of Warehousing Ports in the Dominion of Canada, viz:

PROVINCE OF NOVA SCOTIA.

The Port of Shelburne.

Certified,

WM. H. LEE
Clerk Privy Council.

June 3—3 in

1868 JUNE 1868.

INLAND ROUTE.

St. John, Portland, Boston, &c.

THE STEAMER EMPRESS will leave WINDSOR for ST. JOHN during the month of JUNE as follows:

Saturday, 6th	12 00 noon
Wednesday, 10th	3 30 P. M.
Saturday, 13th	5 30 A. M.
Wednesday, 17th	8 30 A. M
Saturday, 20th	10 00 A. M.
Wednesday, 24th	3 00 P. M.
Saturday, 27th	5 00 P. M.

Connecting at St John with the International Company's Steamers, which leave every Monday and Thursday morning at 8 o'clock.

At Portland with the Grand Trunk Railway for all parts of Canada and the West.

At Boston with the Bristol Line for New York

FARES:

Halifax to St. John		$4 00
Do	Portland	7 00
Do	Boston	8 00
Do	New York	12 00
Do	Montreal	15 50
Do	Toronto	17 50
Do	Ottawa	16 75

Through Tickets and any further information can be had on application to

A & H CREIGHTON,
may 6 Agents, Ordnance Square.

99 Granville Street. 99

MOURNING GOODS.

THE attention of the city trade is particularly invited to the stock of MOURNING GOODS always on hand, which includes all the newest Black Materials.

GOOD BLACK CRAPE

And the very best

Black Kid Gloves.

Just received ex *City of Cork*, our Spring supply of

HORROCKS' SHIRTINGS,

JOSEPHINE KID GLOVES, Drab, Mauve, White, &c

SMITH BROTHERS.

may 6

WRIGHT'S
Patent Sectional Spring Bed!

THE Subscribers having been appointed sole Agents in the Province for the sale of this article, recommend it as being the easiest and most comfortable to rest upon, and to offer with its durability, and the facility with which it can be taken apart and cleaned, they feel certain that it will be found to be a most convenient article.

may 20 GORDON & KEITH.

EMPLOYMENT!

To do Good and get Paid for it!

TAKE AN AGENCY for the *Indispensable Hand-Book. How to Write, How to Talk, How to Behave, and How to do Business.* One vol. Sample copy, first post, $2 25.

S. R. WELLS, Publisher,

☞ Agents wanted. 386 Broadway, New York.

may 13

LANDING ex CARLOTTA.

May 11th.

Choice Canadian Flour.

400 bbls Pomona
100 bbls Nottawa

IN STORE

200 bbls No. 2

FLOUR.

R. C. HAMILTON & CO.
119 Lower Water Street

may 13 exp cit rep.

MRS. J. B. BENNETT,

Private Boarding House

No. 11 Poplar Grove,

HALIFAX, N. S.

may 6

WANTED!

AGENTS—$75 to $200 per month, everywhere, male and female, to introduce the

GENUINE IMPROVED COMMON SENSE FAMILY SEWING MACHINE.

This Machine will stitch, hem, fell, tuck, quilt, cord, bind braid and embroider in a most superior manner. Price only $18. Fully warranted for five years. We will pay $100 for any machine that will sew a stronger, more beautiful, or more elastic seam than ours. It makes the "Elastic Lock Stitch." Every second stitch can be cut, and still the cloth cannot be pulled apart without tearing it. We pay agents from $75 to $200 per month and expenses, or a commission from which twice that amount can be made.

Address SECOMB & Co., PITTSBURGH, PA, or BOSTON, MASS.

CAUTION.—Do not be imposed upon by other parties palming off worthless cast-iron machines, under the same name or otherwise. Ours is the only genuine and really practical cheap machine manufactured.

May 27

R. B. SALISBURY,
Shipwright, Spar Maker,
—AND—
SHIPSMITH
Horseferry Dry Dock,
Rotherhithe,
nov 20 LONDON, ENGLAND.

4300 YARDS CURTAIN MUSLINS, VERY LOW.

STAPLE GOODS lower than for several years or likely to be for several more.

LONDON HOUSE,
GRANVILLE STREET.

We beg to call particular attention to

SPRING IMPORTATIONS

of this season, as prices now are largely in favor of the purchaser. Call and see.

—ALSO—

OUR READY MADE CLOTHING,

In the various styles.

11 CASES FLOOR OIL CLOTHS,

per Forest Queen. Owing to the late arrival of these Goods they will be sold low. New Patterns.

THOMSON & CO.

Halifax, June 10, 1868.

PUBLIC BENEFACTRESS.

Mrs. S. A. Allen,

A LADY OF WORLDWIDE REPUTATION.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S

WORLD'S HAIR RESTORER is suited to both old and young. It strengthens the Hair, prevents it falling or turning grey, and imparts to it a beautiful glossy appearance. It never fails to RESTORE GREY HAIR

TO ITS ORIGINAL YOUTHFUL COLOR.

It is not a Dye, but acts directly upon the roots of the hair, giving them the natural nourishment required, producing the same vitality and luxurious quantity as in youth. It will restore it on bald places, requires no previous preparation of the hair and is easily applied by one's self. One bottle will usually last for a year, as after the hair is once restored, occasional applications once in three months will insure against grey hairs to the most advanced age.

THE RESTORER REPRODUCES AND THE HAIR DRESSING CULTIVATES AND BEAUTIFIES.

MRS. S. A. ALLEN'S

WORLD'S Hair Dressing, or Zylobalsamum, is essential to use with the Restorer, but the Hair Dressing alone often restores, and never fails to invigorate, beautify and refresh the Hair, rendering it soft, silky and glossy, and disposing it to remain in any desired position.

FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN.

whose hair requires frequent dressing, it has no equal. No lady's toilet is complete without it. The rich glossy appearance imparted is truly wonderful. It cleanses the hair, removes all dandruff and imparts to it a most delightful fragrance. It will prevent the hair from falling out, and is the most economical and valuable Hair Dressing known. Millions of bottles sold every year.

Sold by all Druggists throughout the World.
Principal Sales Office, 198 Greenwich Street, New York City.

Aug 14

THE STANDARD

Life Assurance Company,

ESTABLISHED IN 1825.