

THE SEMI-WEEKLY TELEGRAPH, ST. JOHN, N. B., OCTOBER 8, 1902.

JAIL AND PROVINCIAL.

formation received regarding the condition of the prisoners in the St. John's Jail, is that the condition is satisfactory. Doctor Stockton has been in the jail and has found that the prisoners are well and that the jail is in good condition.

The Toronto Star says W. G. McFarlane's room, Jarvis street, was entered the other night and his gold watch and chain and topaz ring were stolen. W. G. McFarlane, formerly of St. John, is now a resident of Toronto and probably it is to him that the items were sent.

Contractor Joseph McVey, of St. Stephen, who is in charge of the bridge-building operations on the Atlantic division of the C. P. R., has had his working force increased this week by a number of men from the bridge at St. John. Mr. McVey has a big contract on his hands, and the work done by him is giving entire satisfaction to the railroad officials.

Some persons have been circulating bank notes in Hamilton and eastern cities of the State Bank of New Brunswick. Many people think they are notes of a New Brunswick bank in Canada. The bills are no good. The Bank of New Brunswick failed 30 years ago, and no provision was ever made for redeeming its notes. Manitoba Free Press.

The Suez exhibition passed off successfully. However, a warm fight was in session in a hotel during the earliest part of Friday morning. Two well-known gentlemen from this city were spending the week among the fair's visitors and had "made" considerable between them, but when it came to the "divvy" of the money trouble. The result of a heated airing of opinions was a free fight, which was carried on quite fairly though rather unquietly for some time, until one of the principals, who was a Canadian, was water run over by his opponent's head. The water pitcher that the Canadian had in his hand was thrown at the other man's head, and the water cooled his temper and the fight was called off.

TAKE OFF YOUR COATS AND
WORK, SAYS MR. PERKINS,
TO THE MINISTERS.

Evangelical Alliance Gathered to
Deal With Boy Problem, Re-

ceived a Letter.
On Paik's the Writer's Advice to
a Crusade Against the Beer Shops
discussed by Clergymen But They
No Action.

Members of the Evangelical Alliance received a surprise Monday morning, at the monthly meeting, when the following letter was read from Eben Perkins:—
St. John, N. B., Oct. 6, 1902.
To the Evangelical Alliance, City:
Gentlemen,—I note that you meet this morning to discuss "The Boy Problem." Now, if I may make a suggestion, from a non-work standpoint, you have, to my mind, overlooked the most potent factor in this matter. What the boys need is your assistance in creating such conditions as will leave them fairly free from temptation for six days out of each week, and these obtained, no further enactment of Sabbath legislation will be necessary, as the conditions thus produced will enable them to tide over the "beer shop" temptation which your men are so anxious to suppress. The boys are facing a standing invitation to intoxication in the innocent (?) beer shops of the city.

The excuse that this cannot be attributed to the court or police, is a reason to positively deny. The court and police are both, like yourselves, servants of the public, and their actions, now, if you are prepared to work as well as pray, you can immediately close 90 per cent of the "beer shops" in the city, and I tell you from a long personal experience, that their effect for evil on the boys is immeasurably greater than are the bar rooms. The latter, few boys—and I speak of the average boy—care to enter; the former, where he is supposed to obtain non-alcoholic liquors only, he has no hesitation in visiting; and what he does drink there is, in nine cases out of ten, not only intoxicating but vastly more injurious to his system than pure liquor sold over the bar. Now if you really want to clear the moral atmosphere, why not pull off your coats and go to work. This is only one direction for your energy. There are many, but is not this a good place to start? The time is opportune and I can not only offer you a guarantee of the honest, hearty co-operation of His Honor Judge Laidlaw and the police of the city. If you want to know how, call me up at any time.
Yours very truly,
EBEN PERKINS.
Telephone No. 93, No. 785, No. 1108.

Through the boy problem was the theme which the ministers were called together to discuss. Mr. Perkins' letter drew out some opinions. Rev. D. N. Nobles, the writer had a weakness for attacking clergymen.
Rev. Mr. Deinstadt gave a summary of a paper on the boy problem, which he read recently, in which he gave as the chief cause of the moral delinquency of the boys, the liquor habit, the forming of clubs and the cigarette question.
Rev. Howard Roach advised that healthy sports be provided for the boys, and that they judiciously get the advantage of right moral training.
Although some pertinent points were drawn out in the discussion, no action was taken.

FASHIONS OF THE SEASON.

LOCAL AND GENERAL NOTES OF INTEREST TO THE LADIES.

Convenient and Beautiful Styles of Evening Dress Shown Here—Points Which Will Be Found Useful in the Home—The Arranging of Portieres.

In one of the King street stores are shown several styles of evening dresses that are certainly beautiful and a great convenience, as much as they can be made up in a few hours. They include beautifully embroidered nets, in black, cream and white, some of them being heavily sequined. The skirts are already draped over a foundation and the bodice can be put together in an hour or two.

Some charming shirt waist boxes or window boxes are lined with cedar and covered on the outside with soft red or soft green prairie grass matting, framed by polished mottled bamboo. These boxes are really decorative as well as useful, and are suggestive of what one might accomplish with wood and making one's self at very small cost.

Never were so pretty or quaint picture frames than are now shown—burnt work, carving, tinting, etching, gold gilding and silvering contributing to very charming results. The styles of the picture frames are of the equally quaint and suggestive. Oblong ovals, upright ovals, oblongs and circles are seen, the surface being generally plain and flat and sometimes only relieved by carving or etching and the drawing of attractive pictures.

Handwork is coming every day more and more into favor, its value winning it merited appreciation. True, it is so far removed from personal adornment as to be decoration of the home, which is to be regretted.

Herringbone and feather stitching, also cross-stitch work, ornament many costumes. Shirt waists in creamy silk look exceedingly well with feather stitching in black silk down the back and front, and down the tucked portions of the sleeves.

Less appliques and incrustations are exceedingly fashionable. Square applique at the head of box pleats look very rich. They also make charming neck, collar and belt decorations.

Blouse fronts are made very charming by being embroidered in a conventionalized floral design. The weaver's favorite is now the flower, which is a motive for a design and very pretty the fashion is. Anyone who can draw should be able to get up a suitable design for embroidery on the cuffs and collars or bands of a blouse.

Many of the blouses for winter will fasten down the back, but not nearly so many as the past summer, and a local dressmaker this week. This is more on account of the difference of material than anything else. In the thinner, lighter fabrics the fastening down the back will be very general, but all blouses of heavier materials, such as flannels or any of the woolen materials, will be found to fasten at the front or at the side.

Arranging Portieres.
The methods of hanging portieres are generally very simple. In rich materials, such as silks, velvets, plushes, etc., the edges are finished with heavy cord or with a trimming of galloon. As the material is placed between the folds of the top hem, and balloons are fastened into the lower part and slipped into the rings on the poles.

The portieres should be made of a material which will stand the wear and tear of the room. The material should be of a quality, weight and fineness of mesh are used for portieres. The heavy "hats" with open hair finishings are also used. Some times, when used for portieres, are sometimes lined with silk or satin of the same color as the color scheme of the room. A contrasting shade of "these fabrics are six inches wide and cost 50 cents a yard. An evenly woven net, with meshes not larger than a pinhead comes all colors. No trimming is needed for this net.

Linen fabric is still used for moderate priced drapery. It costs from 50 cents to \$2 a yard, and it comes in all colors. A material which is very popular is a fabric that is made up without a lining. It comes in all colors and is very satisfactory. The single is lined with silk or satin and finished with a heavy cord. The double is trimmed with a heavy embroidery, galloon or heavy cord. Many of the art denims are beautiful. They should be made without any trimming.

DECIDE AGAINST FLUSHING.

THE SLAUGHTER HOUSES.

Commissioners Think the Present
Cleansing System Sufficiently
Good Under Existing Circumstances.

At the meeting of the slaughter house commissioners Friday afternoon, Chairman Hay, Secretary Shaw, Inspector Simon, Commissioners Shaw, Berryman, Drake, Gallagher, Frink, and O'Neill were present. The monthly killing was discussed.

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The buildings and surroundings were reported in the usual condition. The well at John Daney's barn was in good order and the floor of the cattle shed had been repaired, and although not in as good condition as it should be, it was better than in the past.

Another well had been sunk near the McCarthy house, and a good supply of water available. In view of the better condition of the inspector's report, Commissioner Berryman introduced the advisability of having the sheds cleaned by flushing and that if the sheds were well watered, the water would be used to flush the sheds.

Commissioner Frink pointed out that the inspector appeared satisfied, and that the sheds were well watered. Commissioner Berryman said that the present system of cleaning the houses was satisfactory and that the water was used to flush the sheds.

Other members also expressed themselves in favor of the present mode, seeing that flushing could not well be carried on under present circumstances. Commissioner O'Neill, on behalf of several of the members, had proposed that in the matter, wished the board to sanction the immediate killing of cattle arriving at the slaughter house from points within the city.

The board, after consideration, felt that the present mode was satisfactory. The board, after consideration, felt that the present mode was satisfactory. The board, after consideration, felt that the present mode was satisfactory.

The meeting then adjourned.

SUN OFFICE BURGLARIZED.

Counting Room Broken Into and \$60 in Cents Stolen—Other Cases.

A burglar robbed the Sun Printing Company of about \$60 in cents Saturday night. The office was closed about 9 o'clock, and when the door was opened, the cash drawers were found to be empty. The cash drawers were found to be empty.

The burglar evidently knew the building well. How entrance was effected, however, is not known. It is thought that a duplicate key to the door may have been used, as there are no signs to explain entrance otherwise. The counting room was broken into by the smashing of a pane of glass in the partition between the business office and the counting room.

The cash drawers were not smashed open without some difficulty, as lying on the floor of the counting room were a pair of scissors with the blades broken; a brass key used for the mailing list; all twisted; a ruler broken and other things used in the course of smashing open the drawers.

As soon as the robbery had been discovered Mr. Boyd notified the police who now have the case in hand. An attempt was made Friday night or early Saturday morning to cut a hole in the plate glass window of the C. S. Cogan Company's store, corner of Dock street and Market square, and steal a tray of watches and other valuables.

It is stated that some person went on board the Eastern Steamship Company's steamer St. Croix, while at her berth a few days ago, and stole a barometer. The theft was discovered shortly after the steamer left, and the stolen property was recovered in a second-hand store, but the thief is still at large.

It took 16 years to build the first Brooklyn bridge, but immensely larger suspension bridges can now be constructed in from four to five years.

BAND COMING FROM HALIFAX.

SEVEN CONCERTS FOR CARNIVAL WEEK BY ROYAL GARRISON ORGANIZATION.

Committee Forwards Preparations for Music Competition, Each Band to Perform Two Numbers—Bandmaster from Halifax Will Be Judge.

The band of the 5th Royal Garrison regiment, which has just landed in Halifax, will arrive in St. John on Wednesday afternoon next and will give concerts here during the week of the autumn carnival. This is reported to be one of the best imperial bands ever sent to Halifax and there is every reason to believe that their concerts will be most enjoyable.

W. W. Hubbard, director of the carnival, went to Halifax Saturday night to make arrangements for the band's transportation and the following despatch was received by B. R. Macaulay: "I have secured the kind permission of Colonel H. M. Hatcher, D. S. O., and officers of the 5th Royal Garrison regiment of 35 men, to give seven programmes Wednesday till Saturday night, 8th till 11th Oct., during our autumn carnival. The autumn carnival will certainly be 'long' on band music for in addition to the concerts by the Halifax band there will be a band competition of the maritime provinces will participate.

Matters in connection with the competition formed the order of the discussion at Saturday evening's meeting of the carnival committee. It was arranged that each band competing should render two numbers, a march and a selection. The band of the 5th. All players in each band must be under the age of 21 years. Bands will be judged on the basis of the quality of their playing, and the quality of their appearance.

FARMERS' INSTITUTE.

Meetings Have Begun Well at North Shore Points—Mr. Sharp Called Home by Sad News.

Blackville, Northumberland Co., Oct. 3.—The fall series of the Farmers' Institute have again opened in the province and the meetings attended so far by the delegates, T. G. Raynor, of Roseville (Ont.), and J. G. Sharp, of Midland, are doing good work.

On the 30th inst., the delegation visited the Doolittle Institute which has been recently organized. They are commencing very well.

On October 3, a meeting was held at Blackville, where J. A. McDonald is president, and Ronald Henry is secretary. With a view of ascertaining the possibilities of trade with Japan and China, from a trial shipment of Canadian wheat it was said to be too dark.

Mr. Hinchinson, told, nine barrels of Oregon and Washington wheat and the same quantity of Manitoba and gave it to leading bakers in Ottawa. The result of the test was that the Manitoba hard spring wheat produced 21 pounds more bread to the barrel than that of the Oregon and Washington wheat.

The Coming Sunday School Convention. Sunday, October 5th, will be a day of interest in Sunday schools, when the Provincial Sunday School convention to be held in Germain Street Baptist Church, October 14, 15, 16. The executive committee of the convention is making every possible effort to prepare for a convention of unusual interest.

The meetings of the Blackville institute were not so well attended as they have been to the same day. The institute was held the same day, and the institute was held the same day.

Mr. Robertson, manager of the People's Bank of Halifax at Annapolis, has resigned his position with the Union Bank of Halifax, to accept a similar position with the Bank of Ottawa.

Mr. Clark, manager of the Bank of Montreal, went north to St. Catharines yesterday in search of the pride of the New Brunswick forest—Monoton Times.

Chas. Walker, of the Bank of Nova Scotia, has been transferred to the St. John agency of the same bank. Arthur H. Hay has been promoted to Walker's position in the bank—Woodstock Sentinel.

John H. Savary, son of Judge Savary, of Annapolis, has resigned his position with the Union Bank of Halifax, to accept a similar position with the Bank of Ottawa.

FOR MORE THAN SIXTY YEARS.

The Sustained Popularity of WOLFE'S ANTI-EMETIC SCHEPDAW SO NAPPS (for more than 60 years) was shown by its superiority as a reliable remedy for all cases of vomiting, whether it be caused by indigestion, or by the action of the stomach, or by the action of the bowels, or by the action of the lungs, or by the action of the heart, or by the action of the brain, or by the action of the nerves, or by the action of the muscles, or by the action of the skin, or by the action of the bones, or by the action of the joints, or by the action of the blood, or by the action of the lymph, or by the action of the glands, or by the action of the organs, or by the action of the system, or by the action of the whole.

REV. F. H. WARING'S PULPIT; REFERENCES TO THE MODERN DANCE.

Brussels Street Church Pastor Discusses Subject of Interest—Places the Matter Quietly Before His Congregation for Their Consideration.

The Modern Dance was the theme upon which Rev. F. H. Waring preached an eminently practical sermon Sunday evening in Brussels street church.

There was a large congregation present. The preacher took his text from I Timothy, v. 22: "Keep thyself pure, drink little wine, but a little wine for thy stomach's sake and thine often infirmities." At the outset he remarked that he did not purpose to be at all sensational in his remarks. His purpose would be to calmly and dispassionately consider the question of the modern dance from the standpoint of the dance as a recognized society institution.

Referring to his text he showed that the first portion of it was a command dealing with the moral status of those to whom it was addressed while the latter portion had to do with health. It was a command to regard one's health.

The question of the dance is one which at present is receiving considerable attention. The Methodist recently devoted much thought to it at a session held in Winnipeg. In discussing it the great difficulty was not what to say about it but what to do with it. In this case he would omit everything of a sensational nature. He subdivided his theme under three heads, the delight of the dance, the danger of the dance and the duty of Christians concerning the dance.

Taking up the delight of the dance he said that the fascination about it was due first to the rhythmic movement of the body especially of the lower limbs. There was no harm in this. It is natural for the world to dance, children, when pleased dance. Another cause of delight was the accompaniment to the rhythmic movement, especially the accompaniment of music; another was the company, especially that of the opposite sex. To enjoy dancing it was necessary to dance with one of the opposite sex—and the pleasure due to this affected different people in different ways; spiritually, intellectually or physically. Of these influences the physical is most prominent and this is largely caused by dress or by the influence of physical touch.

STOOD THE TEST.

Manitoba Wheat in Competition With Product of Washington and Oregon.

Ottawa, Oct. 5.—(Special)—William Hutchinson, Dominion exhibition commissioner, has been making a test of Canadian and Oregon and Washington wheat with a view of ascertaining the possibilities of trade with Japan and China. From a trial shipment of Canadian wheat it was said to be too dark.

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John Clowes' Residence and Barns and Much Fittings Destroyed.

The highest barn of John Clowes, Upper Gagetown, was totally destroyed by fire early Saturday evening.

Beside the buildings, Mr. Clowes lost practically all his farming implements and 40 tons of hay also the most of his household furniture.

His residence was a large frame structure. The burned barn numbered three, several outbuildings and a destroyed. It is believed that the fire originated in the roof of an outhouse in which building there was a furnace in which pig's feed was being prepared.

It could not be learned last night whether or not Mr. Clowes' property was insured.

General Booth of the Salvation Army.

From 1903 to 1904, for an ash barrel pulpit in the arms of his native city of Nottingham (Eng.), to the centres of civilization of the old and new world, to the mammoth auditoriums of Europe, Asia, Africa, Australia and America, to the Albert Hall and Westminster Abbey of London, to the White House and senate of the United States from a solitary street preacher, to the leader of a band of 100,000, to the founder of a new religion, to the world's greatest leader.

What a 38 years' retrospect! What an accomplishment of centuries crowded into a lifetime! What a monument of God's goodness and His wonder-working power! What a blessed evidence of His presence in our midst—of the effectiveness of the gospel remedy—of the claimability of man's soul today as well as of old.

The world's greatest leaders—the philanthropists, preachers, statesmen, merchants and millionaires—have visited these shores, but it is doubtful whether any of them will ever have received a more spontaneous and heart welcome from tens of thousands of hearts and homes than that which awaits the beloved and venerable general who visits the city of St. John October 11th to 15th, conducting public meetings in the Opera House all day Sunday, Oct. 12th, commencing at 10 a. m., 2:45 p. m., 6:45 p. m. Early door tickets can be obtained from any of the commanding officers of the city corps. Landry's music store, King street; Nelson's book store, corner King and Charlotte streets.

Fr. Gode of Science.

Paris, Oct. 6.—Comte de Marsay and Vicomte Jacques de Marsay, his brother, have left this week in company with their cousin, the Vicomte Rene de Marsay, the Comte d'Hunolstein and M. Jacques Vanev, for a long voyage of exploration in the Caucasus, Persia and India.

All have long records as explorers and travelers in the Orient. They may be gone two years, and are equipped with all scientific paraphernalia for important observations.

SOME RESULTS OF THE BLEED.

A blotched, pimply, disfigured face, feeling of exhaustion, swollen nerves, headache and a dull brain. A proper cure is one Ferrero's Tablets after each meal. Ferrero's Tablets clean up the complexion, make the skin pure blood, remove the effects of brain and nerve troubles, give a healthy vigorous condition. It is the best of the physical and mental ailments, and gives strength and ambition to the depressed. Refuse a substitute for Ferrero's—it's the best tonic, re-builder and invigorator known. Price 25c, and sold by A. Chapman Smith & Co.