THE TWO ZIONITES WERE COMMITTED

BROOKS AND ROGERS MUST STAND TRIAL

Preliminary Hearing in the Police Court Yesterday Before Magistrate Hall —Accused Had No Counsel.

In the police court yesterday afternoon John Rogers and Eugene Brooks were committed for trial on the charges in the information in the case of Victoria Helen Rogers.

Neither of the accused was represented by counsel, but the case for the prosecution was conducted by H. A. McLean, deputy attorney-general.

Mr. McLean expressed a desire to withdraw the two informations which had been laid, substituting others, which would cover both cases. These were the charges against the father, John Rogers, for neglecting to furnish the necessaries of life to his infant children Victoria Helen and Cecil Alexander Rogers, the charges of accessory negligence on the part of Brooks, and the general charges of manslaughter against both prisoners.

The informations were then read to the accused.

The first witness examined was James Wilson, sanitary inspector, who, being sworn and under examination by the deputy attorney-general, said that on September 4th on receipt of information he proceeded to Rogers's house, accompanied by Dr. Hart, the coroner. They found the dead body of Helen Victoria Rogers, which witness took to the morgue.

He was present at the post mortem which was made by Dr. Frank Hall, Drs. Fraser, Fagan and Hart, also being present. He visited Rogers's house the next day at 2 o'clock. Rogers did not ask him to get him anything in the way of stimulants or medicines. The appearances would denote that Rogers was able to obtain necessaries and medical attendance. The house was quarantined at that time for diphtheria. Witness returned at 3 o'clock, and took Mr. Rogers to the inquest over the death of Victoria Helen. He went back to the house after the inquest with Rogers, and found the baby, Cecil Alexander, dead. He took the body to the morgue on the evening of the same day. He was not present at the post mortem examination.

To Rogers—"I am not certain whether you told me that the doctor had not called while on the way. I know that you made enough noise about it when you returned home. You mentioned it to me after the baby was dead."

Dr. Fagan, the provincial health officer, was next sworn, and testified that he attended the post mortem examination on Victoria Helen. Dr. Hall performed the autopsy, and Dr. Fraser was also present. Witness made bacteriological examination of specimens from the child's throat, and found the diphtheric bacillus. There was diptheric membrane in the throat. As to treatment in the earlier stages of diphtheria anti-toxin was usually resorted to, and together with special treatment of the throat, such as swabbing with antiseptics, was very effective. In cases of strangulation tracheotomy was performed. Inhalations might be given frequently and applications every second hour. Such treatment had a very beneficial effect, and undoubtedly prolonged life. From his bacteriological examination, and what he saw at the autopsy he would say that the child died of diphtheria.

He also took specimens from the throat of the baby, and found the diphtheria bacillus. He found no membrane in the child's throat. Stimulating nourishment was the treatment for patients who were convalescing from a severe attack of diphtheria. If these were not administered death from exhaustion was likely to ensue. The death of the second child was due to diphtheria.

Elder Brooks—"Would you swear that the child's life would have been prolonged by medical treatment?" Answer—"Yes, I will swear it."

F. S. Hussey, superintendent of provincial police, was next examined. He stated that on September 4th he took a statement from Rogers at his house. Dr. Hart the corner was also present. The latter informed Rogers that his statement was voluntary, and he was not compelled to sign it.

The statement was then submitted and identified by the witness. It was as follows:

"Victoria, B.C., September 4th, 1901.

"John Rogers, 22 Sayward avenue:—Am the father of Victoria Helen Rogers, now deceased. The child would be four years of age October 22nd next. First taken sick two weeks ago to-day, called no medical assistance. The Reverend Brooks first called about one week ago and prayed for the child's recovery, and advised my wife and self to quarantine ourselves as it was likely to be something contagious, and we did so by keeping strangers out. Did not put up any notice and did not notify the health authorities. After the first visit of Brooks the child improved. The child got worse afterwards, and last Monday night it did not rest well. Brooks called several times and looked at the child, and he was present this morning when the child died. He stated previous to death that he did not know whether it was suffering from croup or diphtheria. There were no symptoms of strangulation at any time. Brooks prayed for the child before it died this morning, wife and self were both present, and the child died in my wife's arms. I asked Brooks what I had better do, and he advised me to see an undertaker, and that he would advise me as to what steps should be taken, and suggested Mr. Hanna. A boy named Jimmy Armstrong, who lives near us, was taken sick with sore throat after my son Willie, who first contracted the disease. My wife was the second one to take it, and afterwards Helen, the deceased, took the same disease. Brooks prayed for my wife three or four times and she got better. Brooks also prayed for Willie several times. We don't believe in medicine or doctors, and that is why we did not send for one. I don't think I would have sent for a doctor under any circumstances. The teachings of Brooks and the literature supplied by him are responsible for my belief and conduct. I have been a convert to the Christian Catholic church in Zion for the past fifteen months, and my wife has been a convert also for the same length of time and is of the same opinion as myself in respect to doctors and medicine. My wife had a very bad throat and it looked patchy and smelt very bad. I thought it might be diphtheria. I also thought that Willie and Helen had the same disease. The baby, six months of age, is now sick with the same disease. My family consisted of self and wife, Willie Louis Rogers, age 8 years; Dorothy Mary, age 7 years; Victoria Helen, age 4 years; and Cecil Alexander, age 6 months only.

"The above statement is correct.

J. ROGERS."

"F. S. H."

Rogers here explained that he had protested against that part which said that Elder Brooks "had looked at the children," as it would be open to the misconstruction that the elder had closely examined them.

The witness recalled that Rogers had mentioned this. Rogers also asked if Dr. Hart had not promised him that the statement would not be used against him and that it was not compulsory to sign it.

Witness—"No, I don't think Dr. Hart said that. I did not hear it, and feel certain that no promise nor guarantee was given."

Dr. E. C. Hart, the coroner, the next witness, testified that he accompanied Superintendent Hussey to Rogers's house. Rogers gave the statement, but hesitated somewhat about signing it. Witness thereupon told him, either voluntary or in response to a question, that it was not compulsory. He did not promise that it would not be used against him. Rogers had no objection to giving information.

Witness went to Rogers's house the first time at 2.30 o'clock in the afternoon. He rapped at the door and informed Rogers that he had heard there was death in the house, and as coroner came to investigate. Witness looked at the dead child, and in response to inquiries was told that it had been ill for about two weeks, and that the others had symptoms of what was believed was diphtheria. On one of his visits he examined the other children and found the mother and eldest boy with inflamed throats and hoarseness—typical throats in the convalescent stage of diphtheria. The throat of the eldest girl was also inflamed. The baby was very sick. Witness told Rogers directly that the baby had diphtheria.

He reported the case to Dr. Fraser, and together they went to the house between 8 and 9 o'clock. The baby was very much the same as in the afternoon. Dr. Fraser examined it, and witness believed the other children also. He distinctly heard Dr. Fraser advise them to stimulate the baby with spirits, as it was very weak. Witness was present at post mortem examination on Victoria Helen Rogers. She undoubtedly died of diphtheria.

In response to the magistrate, Rogers replied that he had no questions, but that the last witness had made two false statements. When Dr. Hart visited his house the second time the body had been removed to the morgue, and was not, as he said, in the same position as when he first saw it.

The witness admitted that this was correct, the circumstance having escaped his memory.

Elder Brooks—"What was your object in taking a statement from Mr. Rogers?" Answer—"I did not go there to take a statement, but to ascertain whether an inquest was necessary. I have power to take statements under oath if required. I took none from Mr. Rogers. Supt. Hussey took that statement."

In reply to Rogers, the witness said that he did not question closely on his second visit. Supt. Hussey did the questioning.

Rogers replied that when he signed the statement he was given to understand that it would not be used against him.

The magistrate remarked that the statement was receivable against him as long as no promise was made that it should not be so used.

Rogers—"That was what I was promised when I signed it."

The Magistrate—"The evidence is against you on that point. Both Doctor Hart and the superintendent have sworn that it was a perfectly voluntary statement."

Continuing, the witness said he was coroner at the inquest over the child, Victoria Helen. On the first occasion Brooks refused to answer questions except under compulsion. Subsequently he desired his objections recalled and made a voluntary statement.

This was then produced by Mr. McLean, identified by the coroner and put in as evidence. Witness was also coroner before whom the inquest on the late Cecil Alexander Rogers was held. No objection was registered to giving evidence in this inquest.

The depositions of Brooks and Rogers in the second inquest were then put in.

Dr. R. L. Fraser was then sworn. He stated that he first went to the Rogers house on the day Victoria Helen died. He examined all the members of the family. The mother had a diphtheric throat and other diphtheric indications. The eldest boy and eldest girl had the same. The baby was lying asleep and had no difficulty in breathing, and there was no diphtheric membrane in its throat. It looked pale and weak, but witness did not think it had diphtheria. He advised the parents to administer stimulants. The father did not say anything, but the mother demurred to giving stimulants.

Witness promised to return the next day, but did not do so. His explanation for this was that his term as health officer expired that night, and that he reported the case to Dr. Robertson, his successor.

He was present at the post mortem examination. The child, Cecil Alexander, died of cardiac failure, consequent on an exhaustive disease. Taking into consideration Dr. Fagan's finding of the diphtheric bacillus he would attribute death directly to diphtheria.

Elder Brooks—"Would you swear that the child died of diphtheria?" Answer—"Yes; taking into consideration the fact of there being diphtheria in the house and the result of Dr. Fagan's examination of the specimens taken from the child's throat."

Brooks—"Would you swear that physical means would have prolonged its life?" Answer—"Yes."

Brooks—"Can you swear that you will be alive in five minutes' time?" Answer—"No; none can tell the future."

Elder Brooks—"Then your statement is only based on supposition?" Answer—"It is my opinion."

To Rogers, the witness said that he believed he mentioned to Dr. Hart when he was at the house that the time for the removal of the family to the isolation hospital was past. Rogers might have said he was willing to go to the hospital.

Question—"Don't you remember me saying we had no whiskey?" Answer—"Yes, I remember that."

Rogers—"I don't think you heard me make any demur."

William Christie, manager of the C. P. R. telegraph, the next witness, produced a copy of the telegram dispatched by Elder Brooks at 10.40 on September 3rd to Dr. Dowie. It was as follows:

Rev. John Alex. Dowie, 1201 Michigan Ave., Chicago:

Pray for Nellie and Baby Rogers. Very sick from diphtheria.

EUGENE BROOKS.

This closed the case for the prosecution. Both the accused were asked if they had anything to say, being duly cautioned. Elder Brooks replied: "I have nothing specially to say at present except that I just wish to say that I feel that the decision in the other case (Maltby's) has really barred the proceedings in this case, and for that reason felt that it was not necessary to have counsel, and the matter having been taken up through the higher courts and decided, for that reason, we very gladly leave the matter in Your Honor's hands believing that you will vindicate the action of the higher court by the new action. We therefore very gladly rest the matter in your hands."

Neither the accused desired to call any witnesses.

Magistrate Hall then said that as he understood the decision in the Maltby case the accused were acquitted because they were given the benefit of the doubt as to certain facts, and not because the law did not cover the case. There was in his opinion a prima facie case against both, especially in the case of the death of Victoria Helen Rogers, and he therefore committed them for trial.

Brooks then renewed his application for bail, but the magistrate replied that it was out of his power to grant it. An application will be made to the Supreme court.

NEWS FOR SPORTSMEN.

Official Gazette Contains Interesting Announcement— School Holidays in Sight.

The official Gazette published yesterday contains the proclamation declaring that it shall be lawful to shoot cock pheasants and quail within the North and South Victoria, Esquimalt and Cowichan electoral districts during the months of October, November and December, 1901.

A notice is also issued by the council of public instruction that on the occasion of the visit of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York, Monday, September 30th, be observed as a holiday in all public schools on the Mainland, and Tuesday and Wednesday, October 1st and 2nd, be observed as holidays in all public schools on Vancouver and adjacent islands, in order to give an opportunity to the children of the province to see Their Royal Highnesses.

Monday, September 30th, is proclaimed a public holiday in Vancouver, and Tuesday, October 1st, a public holiday in Victoria.

James R. Brown, of Fairview, is appointed assistant assessor and collector, and a collector of revenue tax for the Kettle River assessment district.

Frederick Fraser, J. P., of Revelstoke, is appointed deputy registrar of the Revelstoke registry of the Supreme court.

The following companies have been incorporated:

The Laborers' Co-operative Gold, Silver and Copper Mining Company, Limited, with a capital of $150,000 in 10 cent shares.

The Owl Music Hall Company, Limited. Capital, $5,000, in $50 shares.

The Canada Shingle Company, Limited. Capital, $30,000, in shares of $100 each.

The Ladysmith Lumber Company, Limited. Capital, $25,000, in shares of $250 each. The company proposes to acquire the good-will of the business carried on in Cranberry district, and at Extension and Ladysmith, by Robert Kilpatrick, and to carry on a general lumbering business.

The Rockland Copper Company, Limited. Capital, $2,000,000, in $1 shares.

The Vancouver Chess Club, of which the first directors are W. D. Wood, Peter Sass and H. Hemming, all of Vancouver.

The Burrard Club, Vancouver. First directors, J. H. Fitzgerald, F. E. Doran and H. G. Brown.

The Minister of the Interior recommends to His Excellency the Governor-General in Council the further amendment of regulations governing the cutting of timber within the railway belt in British Columbia so as to provide that such timber must be manufactured at a sawmill to be operated in connection with berth from which it is cut, and thus prevent the exportation of logs cut on Dominion lands in British Columbia.

Tenders are invited for the building of a government office on lot 7, block 6, Alberni. Plans and specifications may be seen on and after September 23rd, at the government offices at Victoria, Nanaimo and Alberni. The time for receiving tenders closes at 4 o'clock p. m. on October 1st.

THE SAANICH SHOW.

Several Features of the Event to Be Held a Week From Saturday.

The thirty-fourth annual fall exhibition of the Saanich Agricultural Society will be held on Saturday, the 28th inst. Live stock will be judged in the morning, and in the afternoon, commencing at 2:30 o'clock, a lengthy programme of sports will be provided. Horse racing, including Indian events, log chopping and sawing contests, and bicycle races are among the features arranged for the afternoon. Trains will leave the V. & S. station at 7 a. m., 10:30 a. m. and 2 p. m.; and returning, will leave Saanichton at 8:30 a. m., 11:30 a. m., 6 p. m., and 11:30 p. m.

Crops throughout the Saanich district have been very heavy this year, and for this reason it is thought the number of exhibits will be large. Dairying, too, has been an important factor of the agricultural industry this year, and the stock display at the show can therefore be expected to be even better than heretofore.

CANCER CURED.

No knife, no plaster, no pain. Send 6 cents in stamps for new booklet, "Cancer and Its Clauses." Stott & Jury, Bowmanville, Ont.

KIRMESS WILL BE OPENED NEXT WEEK

COMPLETE PROGRAMME OF THE FESTIVITIES

Booths Representing All Great Nations of World to Be in Evidence—Programmes Each Evening.

Preparations commenced this morning at the market hall for the holding of the Grand Kirmess, which will be opened on Friday evening, September 27th, by Sir Henri Joly de Lotbiniere. The carpenters are now at work erecting the numerous stalls and structure work for the decoration of the hall.

The Kirmess promises to be a grand success. The ladies of the Metropolitan Methodist church commenced their work many months ago, long before even the Victoria exhibition dates were set, and ever since they have labored with a zeal and earnestness that certainly deserves success. Social concerts were given and the proceeds devoted to sending away to England, Ireland, Scotland, Germany and other countries for costumes to be used on the occasion.

The Woman's Auxiliary and Daughters of Pity will participate in the celebrations, and one half of the net proceeds will be devoted towards the furnishings and fittings for the thorough equipment of the children's ward when completed.

The Kirmess will be under the distinguished patronage of His Honor the Lieut.-Governor and Lady Joly de Lotbiniere, His Worship the Mayor, Admiral Bickford, C. B., commander-in-chief of the North Pacific station, and Mrs. Bickford, Lieut.-Col. Grant, R. E., commanding troops at Work Point barracks, and Mrs. Grant, Hon. James Dunsmuir and Mrs. Dunsmuir, Hon. Abraham E. Smith, United States consul, and Mrs. Smith. It will be open on Friday, Saturday, Monday and Tuesday, September 27th, 28th and 30th, and October 1st. Tea will be served each evening, except Friday, from 6 to 8 o'clock.

The programme, which has just been issued is of a very elaborate character. On the front page is a splendid cut of the Jubilee hospital, which is very appropriate, as part of the proceeds are to be devoted to that institution. On the third page is a picture of the Metropolitan Methodist church. An explanation of the word Kirmess is also given. Kirmess is in other words a church fair, and derives its name from the old word Kirmesses, meaning church ale, referring to that part of the brew given as a tithe to the churches. The word was later used to signify a "gift," and was so applied to any festivity, bazaar or entertainment, which gave pleasure to the populace. Still later it was used to designate a sacred festival which expressed by song and dance the joy of the German villagers at the completion of a church edifice.

The following is the management committee of the Kirmess Society of the Metropolitan Methodist church, who have the festival in hand: Mrs. Elliott Rowe, president; Mrs. J. W. Williams, 1st vice-president; Mrs. Geo. Powell, 2nd vice-president; Mrs. Berridge, secretary; Mrs. McCulloch, treasurer.

On Friday evening the special features of the musical programme will be solos by Miss Loewen, Miss Lombard and Messrs. Kent and Goward. On Saturday evening a concert will be given by the Fifth Regiment band, and on Monday evening a programme of bayonet exercises, physical drill, etc., by a squad of men from Work Point barracks.

Booths representing the greater number of civilized nations will be included. Each will be in charge of a party of ladies dressed to represent people of the stall to which they belong.

The English booth will be found to be a very cosy spot where a cup of good tea and the comfort of an easy chair may be had for ten cents. Callers at this booth will be reminded that "Christmas is coming," for here puddings and mince meat, together with relief from making them may be purchased at trifling cost.

In the Canadian booth articles indicative of the products of British Columbia and Canada will be on sale, also sporting outfits.

In the French booth there will be for sale street toys, menu holders, local photographs, etc. French chocolate and whipped cream will be served in the evening.

The Spanish booth promises to be an extremely attractive spot. Fancy articles and flowers will be for sale. Here will be the seductive "fish pond," filled with the products of the taste and skill of many fair artificers. For a sum not worth mentioning anyone can cast his Look. Visitors to this booth will enjoy the choice programme of music to be tendered by Miss Nellie Lughrin, Miss Green and Miss Florence Mills.

The Gipsy encampment stall will be decidedly interesting. In this booth will be represented the picturesque and nomadic race whose origin is one of the unsolved riddles of history. Visitors will have the opportunity of seeing representatives of these very interesting people, dressed in their native costumes, and engaged in some of their favorite amusements. Those who desire to peer into the future will be accommodated at the small cost of "two-bits."

In the Irish booth, which is under the direction of Mrs. Justin Gilbert, assisted by the Misses McClung, will be found real Irish linen handkerchiefs, bog oak ornaments (from the Ould Sod) Connemara marble, ware from Belleck Mountmellich Works, genuine shamrock in pots, dhudeens, crubeens and caubeens.

In the Japanese booth there will be on sale curios, dolls, china and fancy articles from Japan. The ladies in charge will be dressed in Japanese costume, and will serve tea to their callers.

The Goddess of Music will hold court in the German booth. Here also will be the Emperor, and some of his peasant subjects; a witch, a flower girl, Faust and Marguerite. An attractive feature will be a German garden, where visitors may rest and be refreshed while they listen to a choice programme of instrumental and vocal music that will be rendered each evening. Then there will be German toys, dolls and fancy articles at prices that will attract purchasers.

The American booth, with Uncle Sam, the Goddess of Liberty, George and Martha Washington, Barbara Heck and many comely and pretty Puritan damsels (not to mention ice cream, candies, peanuts and cake which can be had for the asking—and a trifle of cash) will surely be a popular place of call. It will be easily found for "Old Glory" will drape the door.

The art gallery will be one of the most attractive features of the Kirmess. It will contain paintings in oil and water colors, wood carving, carved and burnt leather work, tapestry, hand-painted china, embroidery, etc. There will be for sale china, fancy articles, lamp-shades, plaques, paintings, etc. Visitors to the gallery will be entertained by a programme consisting of a series of Greek posings by Mrs. Gideon Hicks, violin solos by Master Edgar Fawcett and songs and recitations by Miss Ethel Green.

In the Oriental corner will be found curios from India and Ceylon and other Eastern lands. Costly rugs, drapes and curtains and precious stones will be for sale.

The following drills will be given by the young ladies under the direction of Miss Underhill: Scarf, Grecian, flag, fan, tambourine, Mother Goose and doll drills.

Altogether the church fair promises to be a very attractive entertainment during the visit of the Duke and Duchess of Cornwall and York.

BACK FROM ESSINGTON.

W. A. Pratt Tells of Trip to That Point—Excitement Over Proposed Railway.

W. A. Pratt has arrived down from Port Essington and the surrounding district, where he has been visiting the different mining propositions and obtaining a general idea of the value of the country from the standpoint of a mining man. He was very favorably impressed. Although his visit only covered a week's time, yet he visited the Yema, I. X. L., Tolon, Golden Crown, and Golden Eagle. All of these properties he reports more or less developed. They are on the same belt of ore. The rock, he says, runs very well in copper and gold. Each of the mines had a tunnel sunk, and in other ways preliminary work was commenced. No ore had, however, he said, from what he could see, been shipped from any of the properties.

This, he said, could be accounted for with no difficulty. The country was almost inaccessible for private persons. Mr. Pratt did not visit Mr. Singlehurst's mine, but, according to what he had heard, however, Mr. Singlehurst was making favorable progress. The country will, in a very short time now, be closed, and Mr. Singlehurst was about to give up work for the year.

The contemplated building of a railway from Kitimat to Hazelton is hailed with delight by all residents of that district. It will open up extensive coal fields and will facilitate the shipment of ore from properties all along the Skeena. Mr. Pratt says that although the country is an exceedingly rich one, no one could be got to invest in any property there unless the railway was built. The distance of the proposed line is about 110 miles. At the present time there is about 30 or so engineers looking over the ground, and last reports say that favorable progress is being made.

POLITICAL NOTES.

R. F. Green and T. Taylor came down from the Interior last night, and rumor is busy with Mr. Green's name in connection with the event. It is considered improbable, however, that he will join the cabinet even if invited.

There is a sentiment among local politicians that it would be desirable if an arrangement could be reached among the various parties in the House to allow the Premier to meet the House and submit a redistribution bill. He could then resign or appeal to the country, as he thought best, and the House which would follow would be properly representative of the province.

Hon. Mr. Brown is still in the city, administering his deparment. Mr. Martin has gone to the Mainland.

AFTER A LAPSE OF MANY YEARS

A Letter Comes to Light Which Shows the Undoubted Permanency of Cures by Dodd's Kidney Pills.

Mrs. Edward Patterson of Conboyville, the Writer—Her High Opinion of Dodd's Kidney Pills—Her Advice to Others.

Conboyville, Ont., Sept. 20.—(Special).—Mrs. Edward Patterson of this town is one of those who can testify to the lasting nature of cures by Dodd's Kidney Pills, the great Canadian remedy for all affections of the Kidneys.

Mrs. Edward Patterson, according to her own statement, is to-day in splendid health. Her rheumatism has left her and although it is ten years since then, it has never returned beyond a slight touch in cold weather, which a Dodd's Kidney Pill or two immediately drives away. This proves what has always been claimed—that Dodd's Kidney Pills cure permanently. Their effects are lasting—in fact they do not merely relieve—they cure. Here is Mrs. Patterson's letter:

"It is many years, perhaps ten or twelve, since I started taking Dodd's Kidney Pills, and then it was not for Rheumatism that I took them. I was feeling miserable, did not know what ailed me, and while reading a paper I saw the testimony of some one who had been cured by Dodd's Kidney Pills, who had been feeling just as I was. I got a box and found they helped me. I found also that my Rheumatism was not nearly as bad, for I had suffered for many years especially in cold weather. I have used dozens of bottles of medicines and liniments, but it always returned until I used Dodd's Kidney Pills and now I seldom have a touch of it. I occasionally get a box, perhaps two a year. I never hear anyone complain of Rheumatism but I advise them to try Dodd's Kidney Pills."

What is CASTORIA

Castoria is for Infants and Children. Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. Castoria cures Diarrhœa and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. Castoria assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels of Infants and Children, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have repeatedly told me of its good effect upon their children."
DR. G. C. OSGOOD, *Lowell, Mass.*

Castoria.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription known to me."
H. A. ARCHER, M. D. *Brooklyn, N. Y.*

THE FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF

Chas. H. Fletcher.

APPEARS ON EVERY WRAPPER.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY

Help Yourself

To the wonderful bargains we are offering in Groceries. There is no excuse for living poorly when you can get all the necessaries of life at such remarkably low prices.

TESTED EGGS, per doz.	25c.
CREAMERY BUTTER, per lb.	25c.
TOMATO CATSUP, per tin	10c.
IMPERIAL MILK, per tin	10c.
BASS' ALE (quarts), per bottle	15c.
MORGAN'S EASERN OYSTERS, per tin	75c.

Dixi H. Ross & Co.

CASH GROCERS.

Flags, Flags.

We have the largest stock of flags in the province. Prices and particulars on application. Dealers in flags are invited to inspect.

J. PIERCY & CO.,
Wholesale Dry Goods. Victoria, B. C.

Butter Wrappers. Paper Boxes.

WRAPPING PAPER AND BAGS

We are the largest Paper house in Western Canada, and can at all times give favorable quotations for

ANYTHING IN THE PAPER TRADE.

T. N. HIBBEN & CO.,

69-71 Government St. 28 Broad St., Victoria
Write for quotations, it will pay you.

Take Time by the Forelock

Last year's experience will teach the wise farmer the necessity of having on hand a sufficient supply of

Paris Green for the Cut Worm

Its timely use will save you dollars. 40c. per lb. at our store.

Cyrus H. Bowes, CHEMIST
98 Government St., Near Yates St., Victoria, B. C.
OPEN ALL THE TIME

HAWAIIAN TRIALS.

Appeal From Judge Estee's Decision Will Be Taken to United States Supreme Court.

Honolulu, via San Francisco, Sept. 20.—United States Judge Estee has decided that the constitution of the United States was extended to the Hawaiian Islands by the Newlands resolution, sustaining the decision of Circuit Judge Gear and reversing the Supreme court of Hawaii.

The decision was rendered in the case of a Japanese convicted of manslaughter without the indictment of a grand jury and on a verdict of nine trial jurors.

An appeal from Judge Estee's decision will be taken to the United States Supreme court. The decision, if it shall stand, will have a very important effect. There are 25 or 30 prisoners in Oahu who were convicted illegally, and were sentenced under the ruling of the court, and all may have to be tried over again. Some of the cases are old ones in which the witnesses cannot be found. Large sums collected by the Hawaiian government in tariffs also may have to be refunded.

PUBLIC INSTITUTIONS have found Pain-Killer very useful. There is nothing equal to it in all cases of bowel troubles. Avoid substitutes, there is but one Pain-Killer, Perry Davis'. 25c. and 50c.

$1.50 Per Annum. $1.5

VOL 23.

ROYAL VISITORS START FOR W

DUKE AND DUCHESS LEFT OTTAWA TO

Enthusiastic Crowds Lined the S Leading to Railway Depot—D at Winnipeg on Thursday.

Ottawa, Sept. 24.—The Duk Duchess of Cornwall and York re their Western trip to-day, leavin tawa for Winnipeg on their special at 12.30 o'clock.

They were escorted from Gover House by a detachment of troops dragoons, and a special guard of was drawn up at the depot. The s through which the Royal party were lined with people, and their taking was in cheers. There was a larger crowd at the depot, and were more enthusiastic cheers whe Duke and Duchess appeared.

The pilot special, carrying Pr Laurier and other Dominion officials thirty minutes ahead of the special ing the Royal party.

The first stop of any length w made at Winnipeg, on Thursday noon.

Another Account.

Ottawa, Sept. 24.—Amid the boo of cannon and cheers of thousand Ottawa's leading citizens the R train left here exactly at 12.30 to Half an hour earlier the train in w was Sir Wilfrid Laurier, Lady M and the Government House party, a with newspaper correspondents, sta Their Royal Highnesses were ac panied to the depot by a full mou escort. At the station were ministers the Crown, Ottawa's mayor, in his robes which he got for the occas members of the reception committee a very large gathering, who lus cheered the Royal pair as they t their departure.

The Duke and Duchess stood on rear platform of the car and bow graciously to those who had assemb to say good-bye. Their stay here most enjoyable.

Missanabie, Ont., Sept. 25.—The spe trains bearing the party of the Duke Duchess of Cornwall to the Pacific co reached here at 8.30 o'clock this morni and halted for an hour for dressing.

The night run was through the nic producing district surrounding Sudbu and early morning brought the great la district, where the water divides to th to Hudson's Bay on the north and La Superior on the south.

The day ride was along the north sh of Lake Superior, of which the fi glimpse was caught at Heron Bay. Nig will bring the Royal trains to Fort W liam.

The Duke and Duchess have great enjoyed the trip. Last evening they we all through their train carefully inspec ing each car.

At White River.

White River, Ont., Sept. 25.—T Royal train passed here at 12.45 th afternoon. All well on board.

ARE JAPS GOING NORTH?

Officials Investigating Report That Num ber Will Work in Mines.

Vancouver, Sept. 25.—The New Eng land Fish Company has purchased steamer, building in Frisco, the sam size as the New England, to place in th halibut trade from this port. Carrie pigeons are being trained from here t bring down messages from the fishin grounds of number of pounds of fish th steamer is bringing.

Mayor Townley has refused to pro claim any public holiday for Westmin ster fair next week. The reason is tha Westminster has turned down severa requests from Vancouver lately, includ ing the sending of military here for th Duke of York celebration.

United States immigration officials here are making a thorough investiga tion of the alleged shipment of 500 Ja panese being arranged to go to the Klon dike to work in the mines.

INTERVIEWED CZOLGOSZ.

Father, Brother and Sister of McKinley's Assassin Visited Jail To-Day.

Buffalo, N. Y., Sept. 25.—Paul, Waldeck and Victoria Czolgosz, father, brother and sister of Leon F. Czolgosz, the convicted assassin of President McKinley, were granted an interview with the prisoner in the Erie county jail at noon. Assistant District Attorney Frederick Haller and Assistant Superintendent of Police P. V. Cusack were present, under instructions of District Attorney Penney, throughout the interview.

No other person will be allowed to see the prisoner until after the sentence of death is imposed to-morrow afternoon.

EVADING THE LAW.

How Chinese Manage to Return to the United States.

San Francisco, Sept. 25.—The Chronicle says that the Chinese are now seeking to evade the restriction act by taking advantage of transit privileges. They come to San Francisco, it is asserted, and at once depart for Mexico or other foreign ports, only to cross the border back into this country at the first opportunity. Since July 1st, 758 Chinese have arrived in this city en route to foreign countries. Of this number 259 were ostensibly bound for Guatemala.