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Saint John Has Large Place Today In The Casualty List

Two Soldiers From Here Among Those Killed

Privates A. Clibe And P. H. Pursey Make Supreme Sacrifice—Confirmation of Report That Capt. F. B. Winter Has Met Death

That many New Brunswick troops have been taking a prominent part in offensive of the allies on the western front is evident from the large num- of casualties reported throughout the city today. Many St. John homes e saddened when word was receivedthat a loved one had been injured, but only two instances were the cases reported serious. Of the number two ve soldiers offered the supreme sacrifice—Pte. Alexander Clibe and Pte. illip H. Pursey.

Pte. A. Clibe

Mrs. Lottie Clibe of 28 Acadia street received a telegram announcing the death of her husband, Pte. Alexander Clibe, who was killed in action on August 15. No particulars were given, and wife is hoping against hope that re has been some mistake and that husband is still living. Private Clibe was a Syrian and was well known throughout the city. He was engaged some time going from place to place ing tin-type photographs and in this came in contact with many citi- s. He was twenty-eight years of and with the exception of his wife ves no relatives in this country.

Pte. P. H. Pursey

Mrs. Lucy M. Pursey, of 153 Adelaide eet, also received a telegram from tawa this morning ,which contained sad intelligence that her husband, e. Philip H. Pursey had been killed in tion on August 15. He left St. John th the 55th battalion, but upon his rival in England was transferred into other unit. He was forty-one years age and besides his wife is survived six children: Winifred, Constance, rtrude, Mabel, Lilley and Fred. He s born in South Africa, but resided some time in England. He has one other and six sisters residing in Eng- d. He came to St. John about ten s ago.

Pte. R. Garnett

er being decorated with a Military s for conspicuous gallantry and nning a silver medal for his achieve- ents as a bomb thrower, Corporal enneth Garnett, son of Mrs. Alexander arnett of 192 Paradise row, has been ounded. This morning his mother re- ived a telegram telling her that he d been admitted to No. 6 Casualty lear[illegible] station suffering from a gun- ot wound in the ear. He left St. John ith a well known New Brunswick bat- lion and has been fighting in its ranks nce it crossed to France. In a letter hich his mother received a few days o Corporal Garnett told her that he d been decorated with a military cross r taking a party into "No Man's and" in broad daylight and making ob- rvations and obtaining information out enemy positions. He said he was arded a silver medal as the result of nning a bomb throwing match. Eight mbers from his battalion competed ainst representatives from every bat- lion in the division and won honors l incidentally the reputation of be- the best bombers in the division.

Thomas Taylor

Mrs. James Taylor of 25 Rock street, eived word from Ottawa this morning at her son, Thomas, had been admit- d to a clearing station suffering from gunshot wound in the buttock. He as an original member of a well known ew Brunswick battalion. Prior to nning khaki he was employed about e city as a teamster.

Pte. H. S. Leonard

C. M. Leonard of 61 Adelaide street as notified yesterday that his son, Pte. Harry S. Leonard had been admitted to hospital in France on August 16 suf- ring from a gunshot wound in the ead. He crossed to England with the 04th battalion, but upon his arrival in England was sent to France to rein- orce another New Brunswick unit. He d been in the trenches for a little ore than three months when he sus- ained the injury. Prior to going over- eas he was engaged as city traveler with the O. H. Warwick Co., Ltd.

Pte. S. J. Frye

Mrs. W. B. Green of 300 Union street eceived a telegram this morning in- orming her that Pte. Samuel J. Frye ad been admitted to No. 22 General Public Hospital in Camiers on August 6 suffering from a gunshot wound in he left buttock. Prior to enlisting he resided in Woodstock. He is a brother f Stephen H. Frye, who is attached to he 236th Kilties battalion, and who for- merly worked in the Times' composing room.

Pte. H. C. Priddle.

Mrs. Meddley Priddle, of 26 Waterloo street, has received word that her son, Private Harold Clyde Priddle, is in the County of London War Hospital, Epsom, suffering from a gunshot wound in his right arm. Private Priddle went overseas with the 115th and was transferred after reaching England. The gallant soldier enlisted while only sixteen years of age, and he is not yet eighteen. He tried to enlist seven or eight times before he was finally accepted. A letter was received from him only on last Wednesday. Private Priddle was employed with Robertson, Foster & Smith up to the time of his enlistment.

Pte. Fred A. Buckley.

That Private Fred A. Buckley received a gunshot wound in his left arm on August 15 was the word received by his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Buckley, 109 Hilliard street, on Sunday morning. He left St. John with the 115th and was later transferred to another infantry unit. He was a waiter in the Royal Hotel before enlisting. A brother, Private George Buckley, who was of the 140th arrived home only yesterday, and another brother, Arthur J. Buckley, who went over with the 55th, is in England in hospital with four or five wounds. But he is doing well. He is only twenty years of age. Fred Buckley is only eighteen.

Capt. F. B. Winter.

In the official casualty list received from Ottawa today appears the name of Lieutant, Acting Captain F. B. Winter, M. C., St. John. A message received a few days ago stated that it was believed he had been killed. Today's despatch places him among the gallant men who have been killed in action.

Pte. Wm. Craft

That his son, Pte. William, had been admitted to No. 2 Western General Hospital in Manchester suffering from multiple wounds, was the sad word which W. E. Craft of Harrison street received yesterday. Private Craft is well known throughout the city and many friends will anxiously await further word as to his condition. He was employed with Hall & Fairweather, Ltd., but when the 140th battalion was being recruited he donned khaki and joined their ranks, and later was transferred to the 104th battalion under Lieut.-Colonel G. W. Fowler. After spending some time in England with that unit he was drafted to another New Brunswick battalion in France. He was a ball player of note and was a member of the Fairville Royals who won the championship of the city and county of St. John in 1915. This is the second time he was wounded. During the drive at Vimy Ridge he sustained injury to one of his eyes and also his left shoulder.

Pte. John McGloin

Mrs. Patrick McGloin, of 39 Murray street, received a telegram this morning notifying her that her son, Pte. John had been admitted to No. 1 South African General Hospital in Abbeville on August 16 suffering from a gunshot wound in the right arm and also a compound fracture. He crossed to England with the 55th battalion, but was later transferred into another unit. This is the second time he was wounded. Last June he sustained an injury to one of his legs, from shrapnel.

Pte. C. R. Tait

After participating in all the big drives and offensive and defensive moves of the Canadian troops since the outbreak of the war, Pte. Chesley R. Tait emerged without a scratch only to be placed in the hospital as the result of an injury sustained accidentally. This morning his parents, Mr. and Mrs. John Tait, 71 Somerset street, received a telegram notifying them that he had been admitted to No. 2 West Lanc Field Ambulance on August 16, suffering from a fractured nose, the injury sustained accidentally. He crossed to England with the First Canadian contingent, and since arriving at the front has been in several battalions. Prior to enlisting he was employed at the C. P. R. grain elevator. He has a brother with a Canadian unit in France.

Pte. James Gilford

Mrs. I. Northrup of 39 Brook street, was informed by Ottawa this morning that her son, Pte. James Gilford, had been admitted to a hospital in Boulogne on August 16 suffering from a gunshot wound in the thigh. He crossed to England with the 115th ,but was later transferred into another well known New Brunswick battalion. Prior to going overseas he was employed with R. P. & W. F. Starr as teamster. Mrs.

(Continued on page 2, sixth column.)

Three of Family In Casualty List on Same Day

Quebec, Aug. 27—Three members of the Delongchamp family, of this city, are on the casualty list today, while a fourth member of the family is on sick leave in a military hospital in England. A fifth member of the family is now under training at Valcartier for overseas service. The latter is only eighteen.

Joseph Delongchamp of St. Saviour street, Quebec, was wounded in the thigh on August 16. His nephew, Louis Fournel, was wounded on the same day in the leg. The latter's brother, Alfred, received a gunshot wound in the eye on the same day. All these men enlisted in the 189th Battalion, but were serving in another when wounded.

WOULD UNITE ALL PARTIES IN CANADA IN WIN-THE-WAR EFFORT

Life Underwriters' Resolution—The Western Liberals' Conference

Winnipeg, Man., Aug. 27—The union of all political parties in the dominion in an effort to win the war was the effect of a resolution unanimously passed at the last session of the Life Underwriters' Association of Canada here.

The conference of western Liberals, which occupied Friday and Saturday broke up without any definite announcement, and was said that any statement to be made will be issued from Ottawa. The departure of Hon. Arthur L. Sifton, Premier of Alberta, for the east, yesterday at noon, following the return of other western members of the conference to their homes was taken to indicate that a favorable decision had been arrived at and that Mr. Sifton was the bearer of a reply to Ottawa.

THE LAST TRIAL OF MONARCHY IN GREECE

Republic Discussed — Tumult Raised by Statement About Constantine

Athens, Aug. 27—M. Boussios, opposition member, raised a tumult in the chamber when he declared that King Constantine never abdicated but only had been dismissed by the Entente Powers, as proved by the fact that the act of abdication had not been presented to the chamber.

Premier Venizelos and other deputies left their seats to protect M. Boussios from personal attack by angry members of the majority.

Later the possibility and opportuni ness of establishing a republic in Greece was discussed. M. Venizelos declared "despite the weakening of the royal power through the fallen king's action, the government, interpreting the feeling of the chamber, thinks another trial should be given to the royal institution in Greece. It is certainly the last experiment we are asking. I am certain the Greek people and majority representatives will approve sincerely the trial in order to make strong conditions for the mutual working of the regime of a crowned republic."

BRITISH KEEP UP EFFECTIVE BOMBING OF GERMAN WORKS

London, Aug. 27—Another bombing expedition was made over Belgium on Saturday night by British aviators.

"A bombing raid was carried out at midnight on Saturday by the naval air service at the St. Denis Western Airdrome," says the official report. A large number of bombs were dropped. One of our machines is missing."

Amsterdam, Aug. 27—Bombs were again dropped on Dutch territory on Saturday evening by airmen of unknown nationality. The missiles fell just inside the frontier near Cadsand, in Zeeland, but no damage was done.

KERENSKY AND KORNILOFF ADDRESS TROOPS AND PEOPLE

Moscow, Aug. 27—Premier Kerensky, who came to Moscow on Saturday to attend the national conference, now being held for consideration of the military and political problems which confront the country, reviewed the troops at the Hippodrome on Sunday and in addressing them said he was convinced by the valor they were showing that they would be able to drive back the enemy at the front and crush any attempt at a counter-revolution.

General Korniloff, the commander-in-chief, arrived from Petrograd yesterday and was greeted by great crowds. In an address he said it was a source of satisfaction to be able to tell the army that Moscow was the watchword for the welfare of the country and war to a victorious end. The day was devoted to conferences of groups of delegates.

London, Aug. 27—"Premier Kerensky's speech in opening the national conference did not satisfy a single party or succeed in uniting the different groups in mutual service for the country," says the Exchange Telegraph's correspondent at Moscow.

The democrats are dissatisfied with the dictator-like government. The anti-democrats expected a practical programme for the carrying out of measures to put down anarchy. They also are dissatisfied with the premier's declaration regarding the impossibility of imagining a country without freedom, saying this is no time to talk of freedom and social reforms.

"Monday is expected to be the day of attonement. The various groups are expected to speak out freely and voice their aspirations and endeavors.

GERMANS USING NEW KIND OF GAS

Everybody Sniffing For Odor of Garlic

SIGN THAT IT IS COMING

Gas Masks Efficient But it Penetrates Clothing and Raises Blisters on Body—Canadian Officer Writes of It

Ottawa, Aug. 27—A vivid description of the new German gas and its deadly effects is given by a Canadian artillery officer in high command at the front. Writing to a friend in Ottawa under date of July 31, he says:

"Everything is going on well here and just how well you will know better when you receive this letter than I do at the present moment, though we have high hopes. At present 'down front' everybody is going about with his nose in the air, sedulously sniffing for garlic whenever the enemy is shelling, which is practically all the time. All night the sentries sniff for garlic, the orderly officer sniffs, the patrols in No Man's Land sniff—in fact before the war is over a new genus homo will be produced with a pointed muzzle and lop ears, due to listening and sniffing for garlic.

"You might think it was a joke, but it is a grim reality. The Boche has produced a new type of hellish gas which is practically odorless, except, as the official warning states, for 'slight odor like garlic.' He projects it with shell-fire at unexpected times, and you can sniff yourself into eternity without turning a hair. However, if you sniff it in time and get your mask on, it is all right, except that it penetrates through your clothes and raises blisters under your arms or wherever else there happens to be the slightest moisture. Hence the sniffing.

"I wish we had a lot of those pacifists and Boch-lovers out here. I would put them up in cages like canaries along the front, and let them do the sniffing for the whole corps. Conscientious objectors would also be very useful for the same purpose and could do great service to the state without having to do such a vulgar thing as strike a blow for their country. All they would have to do would be to blow their noses and keep their sniffers in good working order. Would you not enjoy seeing our friend Arnaud Lavergne put in a cage, giving tongue when a delicate odor of garlic came down the wind from the Boche lines?"

MANY DIE WHEN PETROGRAD WORKS BLOW UP AND BURN

Petrograd, Saturday, Aug. 25 (delayed)—Three factories in the southeastern portion of the city were burned today as a result of an explosion. One hundred and twenty persons were killed or injured.

THREE AMERICANS TO DO BUYING FOR THE ALLIES

Washington, Aug. 27.—All British, French and Russian government purchases in the United States will be handled by an Allied purchasing commission composed of three American officials. The agreement providing for the commission is the initial step in the president's policy of seeing to it that the allies get their war supplies at the same prices charged the American government.

Members of the commission are Bernard M. Baruch, Robert S. Lovett and Robert S. Brookings, all of the war industries board, recently created to negotiate for American war purchases. All the other Allied countries are expected to allow the commission to buy their war materials.

WEATHER REPORT

Phelix and Pherdinand

Issued by Authority of the Department of Marine and Fisheries, R. F. Stupart, director of meterological service

Synopsis—The barometer is quite high along the Atlantic coast and also in the western provinces, while a rather pronounced low area is moving northeastward across the Great Lakes. The weather is fine and cool in the western provinces and fine and moderately warm from Ontario eastward.

Ottawa Valley—Fresh south and southwest winds, showers or thunder storms in many localities tonight and early part of Tuesday.

Fair and Warmer.

Maritime—Moderate southwest winds, fine and warm. Tuesday, fresh southwest winds, fair and warm.

New England—Fair and somewhat warmer tonight and Tuesday. Fresh southwest winds.

FINANCES IN BAD SHAPE IN RUSSIA

Vice-Premier's Statement To National Conference

EXPENSES GREATER NOW

New Regime Costing Country More Than the Old—Financial Difficulties Largely Due to Great Increase in Pay of Workers

Moscow, Aug. 27.—Vice-Premier Nekrasoff yesterday told the national conference how expenses had increased during the war. He said that in 1914 about 219,000,000 rubles of paper currency had been put in circulation, 223,000,000 in 1915 and 290,000,000 in 1916; that in the first two months of 1917 there had been issued 846,000,000 and from March onward the issue averaged 882,000,000 rubles monthly.

The budget, said M. Nekrasoff, was in a profoundly abnormal condition because it had placed on one side the cost of the war and thus in effect there were two budgets, one giving a false impression of prosperity and the other concealing the germs of financial catastrophe.

The vice-premier admitted that the new regime was costing the country much more than the old and that the new administrative bodies were absorbing enormous sums, the food committee, for instance.

He said the financial difficulties were largely due to the extraordinary increase in the pay of workers and instanced the Butiloff factory, the workers of which alone had been paid this year 90,000,000 rubles. Another source of difficulty was the small amount of revenue from taxation, excise charges and other sources. Direct taxation, the vice-premier added, could not keep pace with the state's expenses and indirect taxation was becoming a necessity.

Continuing M. Nekrasoff enumerated a series of measures which would strengthen the financial position of the country, including various monopolies, especially on sugar, tea and matches. He emphatically denied reports that the government was contemplating confiscation of private possessions of landed property. It would not even embark on such an adventure, believing firmly that the citizens of the country would do their duty.

The mayor of Moscow said the population of the ancient capital could not support the anarchical minority which was trying to detract from the importance of the conference.

Premier Kerensky thanked the mayor, saying that his speech would instil new strength and confidence in the government. The conference then was adjourned until today.

GREEK KING PAYS VISIT TO SALONIKI

Good Impression Made Upon People of Fire-Devastated City

Saloniki, Greece, Aug. 27.—King Alexander on Saturday visited Saloniki and viewed the devastation caused by the recent fire. He was received by Greek officials and also by General Sarrail, the French commander, and Lieutenant-General Milne, the British commander, and the foreign consuls.

After inspecting the burned area and the refugee camps, King Alexander had an audience of Generals Sarrail and Milne. General Sarrail has informed the mayor of Saloniki that the French government was sending a contribution of money to aid the people of Saloniki. He also promised that France would furnish tools and materials with which to build temporary dwellings for the populace.

The visit of King Alexander made a good impression on the people, who frequently cheered him.

BELGIUM PROTESTS TO ALLIES AND NEUTRALS

Havre, Aug. 26.—The Belgian government has addressed a long and earnest protest to allied and neutral governments against German violation of international and moral law in the redistricting of Belgium so that it will have two governments and two capitals instead of one and in deporting or arresting Belgian officials who resigned their positions rather than continue in office under the new regime.

TODAY'S BALL GAMES

International League—Newark at Rochester, clear, 4 p.m.; Providence at Buffalo, clear, 3.45 p.m.; Richmond at Toronto, clear, 3.15 p.m.; Baltimore at Montreal, clear, 4 p.m.

National League—Pittsburg at New York, clear, 3.30 p.m.; Chicago at Brooklyn, clear, 3.30 p.m.; St. Louis at Philadelphia, clear, 3.15 p.m.; Cincinnati at Boston, clear, 3.15 p.m.

American League—Washington at Cleveland, clear, 3 p.m.; New York at Chicago, clear, 3 p.m.; Boston at Detroit, clear, 3.15 p.m.; Philadelphia at St. Louis, rain, 3.30 p.m.

ROYAL ASSENT TOMORROW TO THE CONSCRIPTION BILL

Hon. Lyman Duff To Act As Deputy To Governor-General In The Matter

Montreal, Aug. 27—An Ottawa despatch to the Star says:

"The military service bill, better known as the conscription bill, will go on the statute book and acquire the force of law tomorrow afternoon when the Hon. Lyman Duff, justice of the supreme court, will give royal assent to it in his capacity as deputy of the governor general. During the session the governor-general himself never goes to the house save at prorogation. Any bills that need assent—and only urgent ones do not await the end of the session, are sanctioned by the deputy governor general, Sir Charles Fitzpatrick. If he is away, as is the case at present, the next senior judge of the court who happens to be in Ottawa is designated as deputy governor. In this way it is the turn of Justice Duff.

(Special to Times)

Ottawa, Aug. 27.—Oliver Mowat Biggar, K.C., Edmonton; John H. Moss, K.C., Toronto; Lt.-Col. Machin, Kenora; Col. Hector Prevost and Deputy Minister of Justice Newcombe, Ottawa, have been named as the advisory committee to the minister of justice in connection with the application of the conscription measure. Assent to the bill is expected to be given by the deputy to the governor-general on Tuesday or Wednesday.

NOT DECIDED YET AS TO THE CARLETON SHED

Commissioners Discussed Matter This Morning And Will Take It Up Again Tomorrow

The city commissioners at a special meeting this morning heard the report of City Engineer Murdoch on the estimates of No. 5 shed at West St. John. The mayor and commissioners were present. The engineer's estimates were as follows: Sub-structure, $24,000; trestle above piling and crib, $4,000; superstructure, $18,000. This amounted to $46,000. The timber on hand the engineer valued at $8,000, making his net estimate $48,000. The engineer explained that his first estimate of $30,000 was based on the foreman's report. In regard to Cory's estimate of $36,000, he considered it too low, and he was of the opinion that the contractor taking the contract at this figure would lose money.

Commissioner McLellan took up with the engineer, the cost of the lumber and a discussion of more than an hour followed.

His Worship felt that it was time that something was being done in the matter and that the work should be started, so that the shed would be in readiness for the coming winter's business. He thought that some contractor should be given the contract. Commissioner Russell's suggestion at the last meeting, that of giving the contract to some contractor well-known both to the council and the city on a ten per cent. basis was a good scheme.

Commissioner McLellan said that no matter how urgent the work was, he thought it was only in order that the commissioners be given time to go into the matter thoroughly, and added that before he would vote for the giving of the contract to a contractor on the ten per cent. basis, he would first want a maximum figure set. He asked the engineer whether or not the lumber to be used in the reconstruction of the shed could be secured.

The engineer said that it could.

It was decided to hold another meeting tomorrow morning.

HOW THE MISTAKE ABOUT CAPT. GERALD FURLONG WAS MADE

Further explanation of the mistake about Captain Gerald F. Furlong has been received by his family. It appears that Captain Campbell was acting quartermaster of the unit while Captain Furlong, the quartermaster, was on three days' leave. News came that the quartermaster had been killed, and it was presumed to be Captain Furlong, whereas it was really Captain Campbell who had been killed.

In a letter announcing this, Colonel Gunn wrote that Captain Furlong had been on rest leave; that he had been doing outstanding work and was showing the effects of it and an effort was being made to secure him a furlough to England for a rest.

FARMER BUILDS SCAFFOLD AND THEN HANGS HIMSELF

Calgary, Alta., Aug. 27—Fred Johnson, a farmer living in this vicinity, committed suicide on Saturday by hanging. He first erected a scaffold for the purpose.

More Wounded Home

Quebec, Aug. 27.—All the invalids that arrived at Halifax last week-end passed through Quebec by rail yesterday and proceeded west. Another batch of more than 1,000 men will arrive here this evening.

KORNILOFF TO REPORT TO MOSCOW MEETING ON MILITARY SITUATION

Petrograd, Aug. 27—General Korniloff, commander-in-chief of the Russian army, informed the press that he intends to make a report on the military situation to the conference in Moscow and hoped that important resolutions would be adopted.

VESSELS FROM GREAT LAKES TO ATLANTIC TO RELIEVE SHORTAGE

Boston, Aug. 27—More than 100 vessels from the Great Lakes will be brought to the Atlantic coast during the next few months in an effort to relieve the shortage of tonnage here. Many of the ships will be cut in halves to enable them to pass through the Welland Canal.

VON STRUMM STEPS DOWN

Amsterdam, Aug. 25 — Dr. William Von Strumm, under-secretary for foreign affairs of Germany, has resigned, according to news from Germany reaching here. He had decided to resign when Dr. Richard Von Kuehlmann, secretary for foreign affairs, took office, but his inadequate rejoinder in the Norddeutsche Allegemeine Zeitung to statements by James W. Gerard, former American ambassador to Germany, hastened his removal.

LIFE LOST IN FIRE FIGHT AT CATHOLIC SUMMER SCHOOL

Plattsburg, N. Y., Aug. 27—One soldier was killed, two others were seriously injured, fifteen were overcome by smoke and many others were cut and burned while fighting a fire which destroyed several of the cottages at the Catholic Summer School of America at Cliff Haven, near here yesterday. The loss was estimated at $50,000.

GERMAN ANSWER TO POPE'S PROPOSALS IN A FEW DAYS

Amsterdam, Aug. 26—According to a Vienna despatch to the Weser Zeitung of Bremen, the reply of the Central Powers to Pope Benedict's recent peace proposals can be expected within a few days.

NEWS OF WOUNDED SOLDIER CLOSE ON HEELS OF DROWNING OF FATHER

Quebec, Aug. 27—A telegram from Ottawa addressed to James Malone, who was drowned some days ago, reports the wounding of his son at the front.

MAKING KNOWN THE AMERICAN ATTITUDE

London, Aug. 27.—The Manchester Guardian says the government has been making the troops in France fully acquainted with the American attitude in the war. Dr. Kellman, a well-known clergyman who recently has been in the United States, has been touring the British front and lecturing to the British troops at various centres.

NEW ENGLAND COAL SUPPLY

Boston, Aug. 27.—The New England coal committee has issued another appeal to dealers to speed up their unloading of coal shipments. The committee says that unless this is done the needed supply for this section cannot be brought in. As a result of the committee's arrangements eight or ten solid trainloads of anthracite coal will reach New England weekly from now on, in addition to large supplies on mixed trains.

AMERICAN BACKING FOR RUSSIA

Washington, Aug. 27—President Wilson sent to the members of the National Council assembly in Moscow today assurances that the United States government is willing to extend "every material and moral assistance" to the government of Russia.