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TWELVE PAGES—TUESDAY MORNING JANUARY 19 1915—TWELVE PAGES

VOL. XXXV.—No. 12,487

ALLIES DRIVE GERMANS FROM LARGE AREA ALONG THE YSER
RUSSIAN ADVANCE THREATENS TO CUT OFF GERMANS IN POLAND
CANADIAN PARLIAMENT WILL VOTE $100,000,000 MORE FOR WAR

TORCH APPLIED TO HIDE DEEDS OF VANDALISM

Louvain Was Burned to Cover Up Terrible German Atrocities.

STORY OF A SURVIVOR

Bodies of Germans Were Removed, But Civilian' Remains Were Left.

The following letter was received in Toronto yesterday. It was written by a Catholic cleric who was present at the burning of Louvain and is now in the centre of the fight at Arras. It was addressed to a member of his order in Toronto who has just returned from Belgium.

"Dear friend: As I know it will interest you, I am sending you an account of the last night of the City of Louvain.

"In what was formerly Louvain there remains now not a man, woman or child and the Dyle and the canal reflect only dismantled walls and charred pillars horrible to behold. Some streets are not to be traced, and the greater number of the houses are in ruins. On all sides are to be seen dead horses and charred human corpses in the first stages of decomposition. These are not the bodies of German or Belgian soldiers. No doubt a goodly number of Germans were killed during the night of Aug. 25-26, but their bodies were carried away. As to the allies, no vestige of their passage could be seen even on the morrow of that tragic night. No Belgian, French or English gun was heard and the civilians who a few days later were accused of firing on the troops had been safely locked up in their homes. It was only drunkards, beastly drunk, who killed each other. The last night of Louvain was heroic for no combatant; it was but a fearful night of drunkenness, quarrels, incendiarism and murder; such a night as the commanding officer wished to hide from the memory of all by the burning of the city. But the fire which a dastardly brigand lights cannot purify; the ruins of Louvain record the tragedy that made them what they are and will remain and take their place in the long list of atrocities which these barbarians have committed and which they may yet commit, and for which they must surely pay by the annihilation of their race.

Two Buildings Remain.

Of Louvain there remain but the city hall and the Church of St. Gertrude, the pride of the former magnificent city. These two masterpieces of human genius and intelligence now contemplate that other master piece of "destructive genius" of a band of vandals, accomplished in one awful night. The school of arts and trades, the school of agriculture, the univer-

(Continued on Page 2, Column 1.)

DACIA AFFAIR STIRS FEELING IN BRITAIN

Government is Expected to Refuse U.S. Request Formally Today.

Canadian Press Despatch.

LONDON, Jan. 18, 7.08 p.m. — The British Government probably will reply tomorrow to the request of the United States Government, that the former Hamburg-American Line S. S. Dacia, which now flies the American flag, be permitted to make one trip with cotton from the United States for Germany without the voyage being considered a precedent establishing the right of German ships interned in the United States to be transferred to the American flag, and then resume uninterrupted trade with Germany.

The opinion is general in official circles that Great Britain cannot make an exception in this instance. The Dacia case has produced a marked impression in England. It is generally discussed in the streets by men of all classes and the feeling voiced against the position of the United States concerning the Dacia is much more bitter than that aroused by the American note concerning delays to shipping, as the definite case of the Dacia is far better understood than the generalities of the note.

"The Misleading Lady."

The farce-comedy "The Misleading Lady," with Lewis S. Stone heading an admirable cast, which opened a week's engagement at the Princess Theatre last night, should not be missed by anyone who enjoys an evening of wholesome fun.

ADRIANOPLE EVACUATED BY TURKISH GARRISON?

Withdrawal Reported Complete —Four Nations to Side With Allies?

Canadian Press Despatch.

LONDON, Jan. 18. — The Turkish garrison at Adrianople, the partial withdrawal of which was previously reported, has now completely withdrawn, according to an Athens despatch, which gives no explanation.

The London papers print a forecast, appearing in The Paris Figaro, that Italy, Greece, Roumania and Bulgaria will join the allies, but there is nothing more definite relative to this turn of affairs than there was a fortnight ago.

NO LAST HONORS FOR PRISONERS OF WAR

Kaiser Says German Reservists Cannot Be Spared.

Canadian Press Despatch.

AMSTERDAM, via London, Jan. 18, 10 p.m.—According to The Handelsblad Emperor William has issued an order that the untrained German reservists no longer shall be permitted to serve as guards of honor at the burials of prisoners of war.

"As much as we would like to give deceased prisoners of war the last military honors," the order of the emperor is quoted as saying, "all considerations must give way to the main work of these troops, namely, the acquisition as quickly as possible of the necessary military training."

HUNDRED MILLIONS WILL BE WAR VOTE

Parliament Will Be Asked for That Amount Till End of Year.

PENSIONS TO BE EXTRA

No New Public Works of Importance Will Be Started During Hostilities.

By a Staff Reporter.

OTTAWA, Jan. 18.—The estimates of the various departments are now well in hand and they will be ready for the session, which begins in a little over a fortnight. Everything that is not strictly necessary is being eliminated from the estimates. The big public works now under way in different parts of the country will be continued, but no new works of importance will be started. Many important public buildings that had been intended will be left over for the present on account of the heavy demands of the war and the difficulty of obtaining money for any other purposes.

Big War Outlay.

It is understood that the militia estimates will include a war expenditure of $100,000,000 for the period from April 1 to the end of the present calendar year. This does not include pensions, which will also have to be provided for. It represents the cost of mobilizing, equipping, and transporting the second and third contingents and reinforcements and the maintenance of the Canadian force overseas.

Since the opening of the war the staff of the militia department has been increased by 500 employes. Several hundred have been taken on at headquarters, where there are now 180 in the accountant's branch alone, and others have been engaged at the headquarters of the various divisional areas and military districts.

No new armories or drill halls will be built while the war is in progress.

ANOTHER CALL IS GIVEN HUNGARIAN LANDSTURM

Veterans and Younger Landsturm Men in Capital Called to Colors.

Canadian Press Despatch.

LONDON, Jan. 18, 10.20 p.m.—"A Budapest despatch just received here," says Reuter's Amsterdam correspondent, "states that the trained landsturm classes of the years 187 and 1881, inclusive, and the younger landsturm men in Budapest have been summoned to join the color Jan. 21."

UNIQUE PROGRAM OUT.

The program prepared by W. J. Covington, for the concert at Massey Hall in aid of the Red Cross Fund which is to be held on Jan. 28 and 29, is a souvenir worth keeping. It is very artistic. Pictures of most of those taking part in the concert are given in the program.

REV. S. C. GRAEB ASKED TO LEAVE AFTER 16 YEARS

Congregation Demands His Resignation From High Park Presbyterian Church.

MAJORITY THIRTY-FIVE

Vote Was Taken After Lively Discussion by Members of Church.

That the members of High Park Presbyterian Church are not pleased with the conditions which exist there was plainly evidenced at a meeting of the congregation last night, called to consider the best means to be taken to ensure a harmonious management of its affairs. It was alleged that gossip had been unkind to the pastor, Rev. S. C. Graeb, and that an organized effort was being made to have him removed from the pastorate of the church. With some he had become unpopular and it was decided to have a canvas of the members to ascertain their true attitude. Those who conducted that canvas stated last night that when some of the members were charged with not having attended and contributed to the upkeep of the church they replied that "they would not attend while the present minister was in charge." Members of 300 homes would not attend because of Mr. Graeb's ministration, and one of his opponents declared last night: "We must have a change in our minister if a success is to be made of this church."

Widely Discussed.

Another congregation: made the statement that the question which one heard in stores and on the street in the district was: "When are we going to have a new minister?" Opposition to Mr. Graeb was very keen, and he considered the best thing would be to ask his resignation.

"It's no use beating about the bush," said another member, "the elders of this church are not representative of the members. Let us shoulder the blame and ask Mr. Graeb to resign."

While many in the church were asking for the resignation of the pastor, he was not without support, and one venerable old gentleman, whose accent left no doubt as to his Scottish descent, stated that he would travel to the other end of Canada to do Mr. Graeb a good turn. He was, to his mind, a dear minister, and one who had made sacrifices for the welfare of the church. "I have been a member of this church since I came to the district six years ago," he declared, "and if Mr. Graeb goes so do I."

Too Much Gossip.

A number of others who were in favor of retaining Mr. Graeb were of the opinion that if some of the church members would take a little more active interest in the church and not indulge in so much gossip it would be much to their benefit. It was generally found that those who did the most criticism contributed least to the church.

"Anyone who does not support the church because of the minister," said one, "is a broken reed to have to lean on. This class of people would not support a church no matter who was pastor."

The meeting was very much undecided as to what action to take and motions were hurled at the moderator, Rev. Dr. Turnbull, with a rapidity of a maxim gun, but he ruled them out of order, as some of them demanded an investigation into certain conditions, and that was irrelevant to the matter under discussion.

Against Minister.

Finally it was agreed to have the members answer "Yes" or "No" to the question of whether Mr. Graeb should remain. The vote was taken by ballot and resulted in a negative answer of 204 to 169.

The demand for Mr. Graeb's resignation will be referred to the Toronto Presbytery for decision. At the outset of the meeting Mr. Graeb explained that he had tendered his resignation to the presbytery, because of a certain unpopular element in the church against him. The presbyter took no action.

Mr. Graeb has been pastor of High Park Church for 16 years.

Coon Coats Will Successfully Combat the Coming Cold.

[illegible] to be constantly exposed to the elements there is no more essential garment than a good coonskin coat. Just at the moment you have an admirable opportunity of acquiring one at a price that is below manufacturers' cost. The big sale at Dineen's, 140 Yonge street, presents some [illegible] ful values. Below are two coon coats of best quality, full furred Canadian coonskin, worth $110, now selling for $75. Drivers' coonskin coats, fine serviceable, warm garments, worth $45, clearing at $29.25. These chances should not be overlooked, for they cannot be repeated. Prompt action is necessary, for they are selling fast.

Aviator Gilbert's Third Victim

Canadian Press Despatch.

PARIS, Jan. 18.—Referring to the exploits of the French aerial corps, the official eye-witness says:

"It was Lieut. von Falkenstein, not Von Falkenhayn, as erroneously reported, who was killed by the French army aviator Gilbert. This was the third time that Gilbert, who is a military medalist, succeeded in bringing down a hostile craft."

GERMANS FACE HEAVY LOSS IN CROSSING RIVER

Enemy Must Engage in Bloody Street Fighting in Soissons.

CRACK GUARDS CHOSEN

To East, Along Aisne, Armies Are Virtually at a Standstill.

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.

LONDON, Tuesday, Jan. 19.—The Morning Post correspondent in the department of the Oise writes:

"I have left the region of Soissons, where any immediate break thru by the Germans appears unlikely in the near future. It is not so much that the Aisne is in flood, but that the most feasible passage for them is in the heart of the town. This, of course, involves considerable preliminary street fighting, always a long and murderous business. I understand that the continued bombardment is working further havoc in the place, but as all entrance is denied to any civilians, I cannot speak of what I cannot be allowed to see. Yet the Germans will probably prefer this street fighting, for they have brought up their picked Prussian regiments. Any attempt to cross the river at any point further east would bring the advancing troops under a heavy artillery fire. While holding parts of the northern suburbs, they may be expected to wait a day or two yet before attempting a coup.

In a Deadlock.

"Journeying eastward along the Aisne, things do not improve, because, in point of fact, we are just as we were last September, and we are not in direct contact with the main German positions at any point. It is mostly a matter of outpost skirmishing with an artillery duel which is going on all the time along the Aisne valley. There is now a series of stone heaps where once there were villages. The havoc

(Continued on Page 7, Column 1.)

INVASION OF EGYPT HAS BEEN ABANDONED

German Officers Commanding the Turkish Army Have Given Up the Idea.

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.

CAIRO, Jan. 18. — Fugitives from Syria report that Turkish soldiers there are without sufficient food, and that the army is in a state of disorganization. They were clothed in summer uniforms, which have been reduced to rags.

A force of 25,000 Bedouins, which was recruited at Hebron at the commencement of the war, was left foodless, and they have returned to their homes in disgust.

Anatolian troops particularly are dissatisfied. German officers in command of the army now depreciate the importance of a victory over the British in Egypt if such campaign were carried thru, and that project has been abandoned.

HUNGARIANS DEMAND TRANSFER OF TROOPS

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.

ROME, Jan. 18.—A demand that Hungarian soldiers now serving in the Austrian armies of southern Polan and western Galicia be transferred to Transylvania to defend their country from Russian invasion from Bukowina has been voiced by the Hungarian National Union, says a despatch to The Messagero from Bucharest.

The Hungarian Landstrum was called out in October when the Russians entered northern Hungary thru the Dukla pass.

GAINS ON YSER OFFSET LOSSES NEAR SOISSONS

Large Open Space, Beyond Right Bank Securely Held by the Allies.

FINE HEROISM SHOWN

French Infantrymen, Surrounded, Refused to Surrender, and Were Killed.

(FRENCH OFFICIAL)

Canadian Press Despatch.

PARIS, Jan. 18, 6.10 p.m.—An eye-witness with the French army gives a summary of the operations in the west. He says:

"The period from Jan. 5 to 15 has been like the preceding period, marked by wretched weather conditions—rain, snow, wind and fog, and mud. As a consequence the operations have slackened. The events worthy of note are:

"First, the extension and strengthening of our successful operations on the right bank of the Yser between St. Georges and the sea. The German offensive in this region has broken itself on the Yser; we have, on the other hand, gained a broad open space beyond the river.

Offensive Checked.

"Second, the fighting near Soissons, where our offensive began brilliantly, has been checked by the flooding of the Aisne, with the consequent destruction of three footbridges, preventing reinforcements from being sent to the right bank to oppose a very strong attack by the enemy; hence, there has been a withdrawal of our forces of less than 1800 metres (a little over a mile) on a front of less than five kilometres (more than three miles).

"Third, the new advances gained by us in the region of Perthes, and the failure of all the counter-attacks of the enemy.

"Fourth, the failure of the German attacks in the Argonne.

"Fifth, the continuation and main-

(Continued on Page 7, Column 6.)

BRITAIN HUSBANDING FINANCIAL RESOURCES

Issues of Capital for Undertakings Outside Empire Strictly Prohibited.

Canadian Press Despatch.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—How carefully Great Britain is guarding her financial resources during the war is indicated by the treasury regulations which have been deemed necessary with the opening of the stock exchange. Under these regulations issues of capital or the participation in issues for undertakings in the colonies will be permitted only where it is shown there is urgent necessity for them. Issues for undertakings within the United Kingdom will be permitted only when the treasury is convinced they are advisable in the national interest.

The government view is that "until further notice all considerations must be subordinated to the paramount necessity of husbanding the financial resources of the country with a view to the successful prosecution of the war."

HINDENBURG'S NEPHEW DANGEROUSLY WOUNDED

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.

ROME, Janfi 18.—A despatch to The Secolo states that Lieut. Von Manstein, nephew of Gen. Von Hindenburg, has been dangerously wounded in the fighting in Poland and has been taken to a hospital at Weisbaden.

SUBMARINE DESTROYED BY DARDANELLES MINE

Turkish Report Corrects Former Statement of Loss by Gunfire —Survivors Rescued.

Canadian Press Despatch

BERLIN, Jan. 18 (by wireless to Sayville).—An official communication issued by the Turkish army headquarters today says that violent fighting is in progress near the Caucasian frontier against Russian reinforcements.

It also was reported from Constantinople that the destruction of the French submarine Saphir, reported on Saturday to have been sunk by the Turkish artillery, was due to striking a mine at the entrance of the Dardanelles. Turkish motorboats rescued the survivors.

PARIS KEPT IN DARKNESS BY MILITARY MANDATE

Minimum of Lights Shown in Streets, Houses, Cafes and Stores.

Canadian Press Despatch.

PARIS, Jan. 18, 10.50 p.m.—In accordance with a military order lights are seldom seen at night in buildings in Paris, the windows of which are covered with double blinds. The boulevard cafes are using a minimum of lights, while the show windows of stores and electric signs are dark. A few street lamps as possible are being used.

AMERICAN CONQUEST PLANNED BY GERMANS

Anonymous Authoress in Book Just Published, Makes Some Sensational Charges.

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.

LONDON, Jan. 18.—A remarkable book, which has been published anonymously, by a governess who was in the employ of the German prince until last year, attributes to a German officer the statement, made at the beginning of last year, that it was "no secret that plans for an American conquest were already mapped out by the German general staff."

It discloses the fact that when the German Crown Prince Frederick William visited India, in 1910, his sudden return to Europe was due to a scandal in the harem of one of the Indian potentates.

The book, which contains many other sensational disclosures, is published by Chapman & Hall, whose reputation guarantees the authenticity of the volume.

FIRE CAUSES DAMAGE TO CORNWALL BLOCK

Several Thousand Dollars Lost by Stores and Tenants Affected.

Special to The Toronto World.

CORNWALL, Ont., Jan. 18. — Fire of unknown origin broke out in Ben Goldsteins clothing and fen's furnishings store shortly after 6 o'clock this evening and before the firemen finally got the flames under control an hour later, damage of severa lthousand dollars was done. Mr. Goldstein carried a stock valued at bout $7000, with $2500 insurance in the Norwich Union. Other tenants in the Mack and Ross blocks who suffered damage by smoke and water were the Free Holder Printing Office, Charles Armstrong's confectionery stort, the Medical Hall Drug Store, C. W. Kyte's stationery store, Alex Horton, Arthur Johnston and Wm. Caarpenter's apartments overhead.

RUSSIANS PRESSING THRU TRANSYLVANIA

Occupation of Kirlibab Pass Gives Easy Acces sto Hungary.

Canadian Press Despatch.

LONDON, Jan. 19, 3.50 a.m. — A Petrograd despatch to The Times says:

"The Russian troops in Transylvania are moving rapidly westward. Here the mountain barrier is only a few thousand feet high and the climate is mild.

"The Austro-Hungarians were comparatively unprepared for the important successes of the Russians, reported in the direction of Kimpolung and Jokobeny. Russian military circles regard the occupation of Kirlibaba Pass as of the highest importance, givin easy access to Hungary."

FIGHTING IN BUKOWINA.

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.

AMSTERDAM, Jan. 18.—The newspapers of Buda Pest report fighting between advanced guards of the Russian army in the southern part of Bukowina, between Poszonika and Jakobeni, in the Kimpolung district, and an Austro-Hungarian force, which they decalre are holding the mountain pass.

RUSSIAN HOST SWEEPING ON INTO PRUSSIA

Rear of Von Hindenburg's Army in Poland is Threatened.

SWEEP IS IRRESISTIBLE

Turkish Winter Campaign in Caucasus Has Suffered Final Collapse.

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.

PETROGRAD, Jan. 18. — The German force before Warsaw has weakened by withdrawal of troops to protect its rear from an attack by the Russian army north of the Vistula, which is sweeping all before it in its advance on the border of East Prussia and West Prussia.

The Russians have advanced past Pzoinracz, seventeen miles west of Plock and hold the territory along the line reaching from the Vistula to the border on the north, while advanced guards of cavalry have met with no opposition in the region north of Lipno, toward Gollup.

A new Russian offensive movement directed either against Von Hindenburg's main army, west of Warsaw, or upon the German-Austrian forces operating for the relief of Cracow, is disclosed by the statement of tonight's official bulletin which records the destruction of a German armored motor-car in the region to the east of Piotrkow, south of Lodz by Russian artillery. The significance of this movement is that it appears to presage an attack on Von Hindenburg's lines from the south, while another Russian force sweeps down from the north.

The recapture of trenches taken by the Germans on the main front before Warsaw on the Vistula River is also recorded with the wiping out of the German forces occupying these lines. This restores the situation to its former status.

The Russians still hold Tarnow, 46 miles from Cracow, and frustrated German attempts at bombarding it with heavy artillery.

Conditions remain at a standstill in other parts of the front, save for a German claim of small success on the heights of Zakliczyn in Galicia.

Turkey's Finish Near.

The Turkish winter campaign in the Caucasus has now suffered its final collapse. Its chances became very slender when the Goben and Breslau failed to control the communication in the Black Sea, between Constantinople and Trebizend. The Turkish army, assembled around Erzerum, found itself cut off from reinforcements and suplies. With the heavy task of converting Enver Pasha's defeated and retreating corps at Karaurgan into a force strong enough to continue war with Russia, the Turkish rank and file fought stubbornly for ten days on the frontier positions arround Karaurgan, until on Saturday they fell victims to the careless and incompetent management of their German-Turkish leaders. Originally five corps were sent forward by Enver Pasha and Gen. Von Sanders into the Russian territory, but after the disaster at Ardsgan and Sarakamish only the remnants of two corps could rejoin the eleventh Turkish corps, which was the reserve of the invading army. It is this combination which is now retreating hastily on the road to Erzerum, with its rear guard annihilated and Enver himself hurrying to Constantinople.

In Desperate Plight.

A German general Lange has been left to try to extricate the Turks from complete destruction. They have thrown great numbers of the field guns into the deep snow covered ravines. Russians are now inside Turkish territory within four marches from the Erzerum. The garrison there amounts to 30,000 with ample artillery but deprived of ammunition supplies from the coast and are still more isolated by winter conditions of the land route across Anatolia. Turkish prisoners of whom there are many thousands now in Russian hands have neither uniforms nor tents. When the Russians surrounded them in the forest, they found 900 frozen corpses with rifles in their hands. The Turkish corps from Bagdad was much better equipped but was unable to withstand the cold. The Captured Kurds are all dressed in sheepskins but many do not speak Turkish and evidently they believed they were on a brigandage expedition. The fiasco of Enver's partnership with the German staff is reacting widely among the Mohammedans. Among trophies taken to the Russian quarters is a great procession of mules laden with artillery, shells and blankets and camels carrying parts of guns.