giving the greatest possible support to the northern flank of the allies in the effort to outflank the enemy and compel him to evacuate his positions. He says that the situation on the Aisne warranted the withdrawal of British troops from positions they held there, as the enemy had been weakened by continual attacks and the fortifications of the allies much improved.

Gen. French made know his view to Gen. Joffre, who agreed with it.

The French general staff arranged for the withdrawal of the British, which began on Oct. 3 and was completed on Oct. 19, when the first army corps, under Gen. Sir Douglas Haig, detrained at St. Omer.

The General Plan.

The general plan as arranged by Gen. French and Gen. Foch, commanding the French troops to the north of Noyon, was that the English should pivot on the French at Bethune, attacking the Germans on their flank and forcing their way north. In the event that the British forced the Germans out of their positions, making possible a forward movement of the allies, the French and British were to march east, with Lilie as the dividing line between the two armies, the English right being directed on Lille. march east, with Lilie as the dividing line between the two armies, the English right being directed on Lille.

The battle which forms the chief feature of Gen. French's report really began on Oct. 11, when Major-Gen. Gough of the second British cavalry brigade first clashed with German cavalry in the woods along the Bethune-Aire Canal.

Cavalry's Advance.

Cavalry's Advance. Cavalry's Advance.

The English cavalry moved toward Hazebrouck, clearing the way for two army corps, which advanced rapidly in a northeasterly direction. For several days the progress of the British was only slightly interrupted, except at La Bassee, a high position, which Gen. French mentions as having stubbornly resisted.

French mentions as having stubbornly resisted.

Gen. French says the second corps under Gen. Smith-Dorrien was opposed by overpowering forces of Germans, but nevertheless advanced until Oct. 18, when the enemy's opposition forced a reinforcement of the second corps. Six days later the Lahore division of the Indian army was sent to support the Second Corps.

On Oct. 16 Sir Henry Rawlinson, who had covered the retreat of the Belgium army from Antwerp with two divisions of French infantry, was stadiusions of French infantry, was stadiusions of French infantry was stadiused on the line east of Ypres under orders to operate over a wide front and to keep possession of all the ground held by the allies until the First Army Corps could reach Ypres. Gem. Rawlinson was opposed by superior forces and was unable to prevent the Germans from getting large reinforcements. With four army corps holding a much longer territory than their size justified, Gen. French says he faced a stubborn situation. The enemy was massed from the Lys and there was imperative need for a strengthened line.

Sent Fresh Troops.

However, Gen. French decided to send the first corps north of Ypres to stop the German reinforcements which might enable them to flank the allies. The shattered Belgian army and the potential the ground held in the ground held by superior forces and was unable to prevent the Germans from getting large reinforcements. With four army corps holding a much longer territory than their size justified, Gen. French was imperative need for a strengthened line.

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whelming number of Germans who made it impossible to carry out the original pilon of moving to Bruges.

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Cotober 21 brought forth the selecter attack, made on the first corps, and in the checking of which the present control of the selecter attack, made on the first corps and the open concentrated upon the selecter attack.

Canadian Press Despatch.

Canadian Press Despatch.

Canadian Press Despatch.

Copenhagen despatch to The Daily News afraught with much consequence to the allies.

Supreme Effert Failed.

Gen. French goes on to say that while the whole line corps and the pressent of the whole in the corps pressed, the enemy in the third the selection of the whole of the corps and the pression of the Nowmber 1 and been concentrated upon breakint thru the line held by the French corps and Entish and Ninth French corps and Entish and Ninth French corps and Entish and Ninth French corps and the selecting thru the line held by the French goes on to say that while the whole line corps and Entish and Ninth French corps and Entish and Ninth French corps and Entish and Ninth French corps and the selecting thru the line held by the French goes on the Town of 1 press.

The Bavarian and one German corps, in addition to other troops were all directed against this northering the entire troops were all directed against the northering the entire troops were all directed against the northering the entire troops were all directed against the northering at the selection of the selection About November 10, after several units of these corps had been completely shattered in futile attacks, Gen. French continues, a division of the Prussian guards which had been operating in the vicinity of Arras was moved up to this area with great speed and secrecy. speed and secrecy.

bounders found on dead officers, the report says, proved that the guard received the German emperor's special command to break thru and succeed where their comrades of the line failed. They took the leading part in the vigorous attacks made against the centre on the eleventh and twelfth, says Gan. French, but, like their comrades, were repulsed with enormous casualties.

Brilliant Deeds. Gen. French pays high tribute to Sir Dauglas Haig and his divisional and brigade commanders, who, he says, "held the line with marvelous tenacity "held the line with marvelous tenacity and undaunted courage."

The field marshal predicts that "their deeds during these days of stress and trial will furnish some of the most brillish chapters which will be found in the military history of our time."

High pralse also is paid the third cavalry division under Major-Gen. Julian Byng, whose troops "were repeatedly called upon to restore situations at critical points and fill gaps in the line caused by the tremendous losses which occurred."

cases which occurred Roll of Honor. Gen. French makes special mention of Col. Gorden Chesney Wilson of the Royal Horse Guards, Major Hugh Dawnay of the Second Life Guards. and Brig.-Gen Fitzclarence of the Irish Guards, who were killed, and of

GERMANS SMASHED

French Gunnery Galled the Advancing Enemy -Forced to Retreat

MEN MOVING EAST

Allies Have Captured Points FRENCH of Vantage in Vicinity

of Ypres

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to The Toronto World.

PARIS, Nov. 29.—The Germans advance guard today was defeated in its attacks north of Arras, France, by the allied armies, which captured important positions north and south of Ypres, Belgium, formerly held by the invading army. The allies, also, had the better of the artillery exchanges, the Germans limiting their fire to the smaller guns, while the French bombarded the German lines with their heavier pieces.

Tiolal statement Saturday afternoon as follows:

"In Belgium the artillery exchanges were continued during the day of Nov. 27 without any particular incident. The heavy German artillery showed less activity to the south of Ypres, which was repulsed by our troops.

"Toward the evening our artillery brought down a German biplane carrying the aviators. One of the men was killed and the other two were made prisoners. "In the region of Arras and further to the south there has been no change. The day passed very quietly in the region of the Aisne. In Champagne our heavy artillery inflicted serious losses on the artillery of the enemy.

"From the Argonne to the Vosges there is nothing to report."

Flanders will not be repeated for the present seems probable, as the allies have captured some points of vantage around Ypres which were previously.

might enable them to flank the allies. The shattered Belgian army and the worn. French troop endeayoring to check the German reinforcements were powerless, so General French sent fresh troops to prevent the enemy executing movements which would have siven him access to channel ports.

Sir Douglas Haig, with the first army corps, was sent October 19 to capture Bruges and drive the enemy back toward Ghent, if possible. Mean while the Belgians entrenched themselves along the Ypres Canal. General French commends the valor of the Belgians who, he says, exhausted by weeks of constant fighting, maintained these positions gallantly.

Because of the overwhelming numbers of the Germans opposing them. General French says, he enjoined a defensive role by the three army corps located south of Ypres. While Gen. Haig made a slight advance, General French says it was wonderful that; he was able to advance at all owing to the bad roads and the overwhelming number of Germans who made it impossible to carry out the original plan of moving to Bruges.

Beyonet Charges.

The fighting gradually, became bayonet charges. October 21 brought for the hardest attack, made on the first corps at Ypres, and in the checking of which the Worcestershire regiment displayed great gallantry. This day marked the most critical period in the streat battle, according to the streat battle, acco

OFFICIAL STATEMENTS

SATURDAY

the enemy.

"In the fighting at Lodz, which continued Nov. 28, we succeeded also in making progress at certain points."

A despatch received at Paris from Petro. The headquarters of the Russian army in the Gaucasus as follows:

"An important engagement occurred Nov. 27 with a Turkish column to the west of Juzveran. In other sections of this front there have been engagements of only minor importance."

barded the German lines with their heavier pieces.

French Victory in Vosges.

The Germans suffered severely because of the accurate fire of the French guns, along the Aisne and between Vailly and Berry-au-Bac. In the Vosges the German troops were heaten back three times in attempts to retake positions from which the French had driven them.

The Journal de Geneve says that on Nov. 21 and 22, one hundred and ten trains, each composed of fifty cars, conveying artillery and cavalry, passed thru Luxemburg from Flanders on the way to the German eastern frontier.

Enemy is Quiet.

The German War Office gave out an announcement follows: In the western arena of the war the situation is unchanged to-day. French attacks in the Argonne forest have been repulsed. In the Vosges we occupied some French trenches, after an obstinate resistance "Only unimportant engagements are reported from East Prussla. At Lowicz our troops have recommenced their attacks and the fighting continues."

"Heavy Russian attacks in the district to the west of Mowo and Radom were repulsed.

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"In Southern Poland there has been no change."

SUNDAY

The following official communication was issued by the war office Sunday night:

"Guiet prevails along the whole front, except in the Argonne region, where the German attacks have not been more successful than preceding attacks."

The official statement issued by the war office in the afternoon says:

"Westerday the enemy' scannenading was more active, but carried on chiefly with 77 millimetre pieces; his heavy artillery has made itself feit very little. Under these conditions the artilitery struggle has turned particularly to our advantage.

"In Beigium, our infantry captured several supporting positions to the north and to the south of ypres. In the country to the north of Arras, one of the enemy's attacks, undertaken by nearly three regiments, has definitely failed after several counter-attacks carried out in all directions.

"Between the Somme and Chauines we have made perceptible progrees. In the region of the Village of Fay, our troops came into immediate contact with the wire entanglements of the defence. In the region of the Aisne between Vailly and Berry-au-Bao, a group of machine guns and emplacement for 30-centimetre pieces were destroyed by our shells, one of which caused an explosion in one of the enemy's batteries.

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"In the Vosges three counter-attacks, undertaken by the Germans for the purpose of recapturing ground previously taken by us in the Bam-de-Sap region."

READY FOR A CAVALRY CHARGE

Lunging at imaginary Germans and at the same time learning how to stand firmly on their feet.

FRESH RECRUITS FROM HAMILTON



Advance guard of the 33rd Battery, Hamilton, arriving at the Exhibition grounds on Saturday.

CUT CABLES BETWEEN KAISER'S TROOPS IN DEADLY PERIL German Warships Are Credited Stand, which are the only direct cables between Denmark and Russia, have been cut in the Baltic Set. 170 miles

Russians Slowly Tightening Canadian Press Despatch. the Ring That Holds Them at Lodz

STRIVING TO GET OUT

Reinforcements Rushed Attempt to Save the Defeated Army

Special Direct Copyrighted Cable to
The Toronto World.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—Notwithstanding the fiercely desperate resistance of the Germans in Russian Poland, their signal defeat is an accomplished fact and the Russians are slowly but none the less surely tightening the ring that encircles the kaiser's men in the vicinity of Lodz. The Germans are striving hard every moment to cut their way out, in order that the remnant may have a roadway of retreat. To this end reinforcements have been sent, from Thorn toward Lodz, but they have not succeeded in rescuing the defeated army. A Petrograd de-

witz.
"In the region of the Mazurian Lakes
(East Prussia), and the Angerap river our
troops have thrown back the Germans in
several districts from their fortified positions."

Sea Despatch.

Canadian Press Despatch.

LONDON, Nov. 29.—1.40 a.m.—A despatch to The Central News from Sex Way of Sweden.

DENMARK AND RUSSIA Fredericia, Denmark, and Libau, Rus-

sia, and between Fredericia, and Petro-

TORONTO RAILWAY COMPANY CHANGE OF College Route

TUESDAY

Commencing TOMOR-ROW, TUESDAY, Colcars will NOT RUN ON YONGE STREET.

Outbound College Line patrons will save time and secure better accommodation by walking over to Bay or Teraulay Streets to board College cars.

College cars will stop on Teraulay Street at Hayter, Gerrard, Elm. Agnes, Louisa and Albert Streets. The usua! intersection stops will be made on Bay Street.

Note: Northbound College cars will stop at southeast corner of Queen and Bay, but not at Queen and Teraulay, the next stop being Albert Street. Northbound cars will also stop at southeast corner of College and Teraulay.

Southbound cars will stop at northwest corner of Queen and Teraulay, and not again until the Richmond Street stop on Bay.

The new route of the College car is : East on College, south on Teraulay and Bay to Wellington, west to York and south to Front. Returning east along Front, up Bay and Teraulay and west along College over regular route. Cars bearing fender sign marked "High Park" will run direct to loop in High Park. JAMES GUNN,

Superintendent.

HAMILTON FOUND TO BE DEFRAUDED

Judge Snider Scores Civic Laxity and Dishonest Practices in Report

SYSTEM MUCH AT FAULT

ANON

Rector Ser

Local Co

HOLLAN

The

Death of Daughter of Col. and Mrs. J. J.

By a Staff Reporter.

HAMILTON, Monday, Nov. 30.—Norma Christie, the 15-year-old daughter of Lt. Col. and Mrs. J. I. McLaren, died yesterday morning after a brief illness. She fell ill two weeks ago, and took a bad turn on Saturday afternoon. Lt.-Col. McLaren, who is commander of the 91st Highlanders, and is going to the front with the second contingent, returned home from Toronto Saturday evening.

Concert for Relief.

The first of a series of sacred concerts was given last evening in the Lyris Theatre by the 91st Highlanders under the direction of Harry Starrs. There was a large crowd present and an excellent program was provided. A collection was taken up for the Hamilton United Relief Association.

Recital at Conservatory.

The first open recital for the season was held at the Conservatory of Music Saturday afternoon, when a splendid program was rendered by the junior pupils, After the recital the anthual conservatory children's party was given, when 300 or 100 children spent the afternoon in games and general entertainment.

Battery Had March Out.

w. I. Bainbridge of Toronto addressed a large gathering in Swale's Hall on "Socialism and the War" last night.

Hamilton Defrauded.

Judge Snider gave his finding in connection with the civic investigation Saturday, and the following are some of the leading findings and comments contained in the report:

the name of the Crescent Oil Company, with the city in reference to oil, thruout is characterized by deceit and underhand work, and an attempt to hide dishonest transactions. work, and an attempt to transactions.

"W. C. Brennan showed favoritism and did not explain some deals with the Crescent Oil Company satisfactorily.

"Former Secretary Brennan certified to the correctness of payrolls without ascertaining if they were correct. He committed an absolute wrong in connection with the lumber deal.

"Payrolls were padded in a number of cases, and it seems to me that the only satisfactory explanation is that the money was extracted in the works department by somebody.

"It is quite clear that no audit which was of any practical use to the city has been made during the years dovered by the investigation. The auditors were manifestly mistaken in their interpretation of their duties. The audit only had the effect to make the citisens believe that they were protected, when no pretection was afforded at all.

"In the case of the confessed time-keeper, B. G. Quibell, the temptation was foo great; the carelessness was so manifest it was easy to steal the city's money.

"James Weedon was a supervising foraman who did not supervise.

"The most simple-minded could help himself to city money and material without fear of discovery.

"No doubt these same criminal practices would prevail still were it not that the suspicions of some members of the council were arroused.

"If the same state of affairs is not to prevail again, the head of the council will have to see that the officers are discharging their duties properly, and not rely implicitly on anyone.

Talk of Prosecutions.

There was great excitement at the city hall following the presentation of the report, and immediately there was talk of criminal prosecutions being made at once, as it appears that many of those connected with the investigation were guilty of criminal actions. Some believe that the evidence is sufficient to warrant the discharge of City Engineer Medilum and his assistment, as a second of the report and the motion of Ald. Chester Walters will be submitted to hand the evidence to Crown Attorney Washington with instructions to take criminal proceedings against all those upon whom guilt has been fastend by Judge Snider.

To Plan Improvements.

City Engineer Macillum and his assistment by Judge Snider.

To Plan Improvements.

City Engineer Macillum and his assistment of the Mentwellers and representatives of the McKittrick Syndicate.

Arrangements hav

MEAD QUARTERS FOR OFFICERS' SAM BROWN BELTS, LEATHER LEGGINGS, REVOLVER HOLSTERS, CARTRIDGE CASES, ETC. Hand-sewed and made to order. Prices and particulars on application. GEO. LUGSDIN & CO.

Hamilton Hotels.

HOTEL ROYAL