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SIXTEEN PAGES—SATURDAY MORNING, JANUARY 11, 1913—SIXTEEN PAGES

NATIONAL EDUCATION PLAN OF REVOLUTIONARY NATURE ASQUITH'S COMING REFORM

Viscount Haldane, in Making Official Announcement of Education as Chaotic—Brands Existing System of Education as Chaotic—Education Expenses, Which Will Be Heavy, Will Be Borne by State.

LONDON, Jan. 10.—(Can. Press.)—The government has decided that the next great work in its program of social reform, to be undertaken as soon as the home rule, the Welsh disestablishment and the franchise reform bills are disposed of, will be a colossal scheme for improvement in elementary, secondary and higher education. This important announcement was made tonight on the authority of Premier Asquith and Chancellor of the Exchequer David Lloyd George, by Viscount Haldane, the lord high chancellor, at a political meeting in Manchester. Viscount Haldane said the existing system of education was chaotic and must be altered. It would be an expensive problem to handle and the expense must not be borne by the taxpayers. It would be absolutely necessary, "if our productive power is to be maintained in comparison with that of our rivals," he added.

Rebuke to Lloyd George. The announcement which apparently points to a scheme for national education at the expense of the state, particularly as a defeat of the Lloyd George section of the cabinet, which has been endeavoring to make the land question the government's next task. The explanation given by the ministerialists is that the land question cannot be dealt with until the land valuation scheme undertaken in David Lloyd George's famous budget is completed and that this will require at least another couple of years. The view of the government's opponents is that the land scheme proposed by Mr. Lloyd George is so very complex that he is unable to carry the cabinet with him in its accomplishment.

KEEP THE BOYS ON THE FARM

Scarboro Farmers Discuss the Problem—Hydro Power to Be Explained on Monday.

At the last meeting of the Scarboro Farmers' Club the question of keeping the boys on the farm was under discussion. A good deal of interest was shown, and the attendance showed that this is an important problem with the Scarboro farmers. A number of ideas were offered pro and con and everyone went away feeling considerably enlightened. The next meeting of the club will be an open meeting for the purpose of discussing hydro-electric. Mr. Giam of Beaverton has kindly consented to give Scarboro the benefit of his knowledge on the subject, and there should be a bumper turnout. The meeting will be held on Monday at 8:30 in the afternoon.

TOO MANY BABIES MURDERED IN TORONTO

Coroner Young Says Practice Is Too Prevalent and if It Is to Be Stopped the Culprits Must Be Discovered and Punished—Third Case in Ten Weeks.

"That the deceased came to his death on or about Dec. 11, 1912. The evidence goes to show that the child was born alive, and came to his death, not as a result of natural causes, but was deliberately and unlawfully murdered, by some person or persons unknown."

The above was the verdict delivered last night by Coroner Young's jury, empanelled to enquire into the circumstances surrounding the death of the two children found dead in one of the confessional boxes in St. Patrick's Church, McCaul street, on Wednesday, Dec. 11, 1912.

The only witness called last night was Catherine Maroney, 45 Anderson street, whose duty it has been for the past three months, to sweep the church. On Monday, Dec. 9, the witness swept and otherwise cleaned the confessional box, in which the children were found, and they were not there at that time. She could throw no light on the crime.

A Deplorable Act. Dr. Young, in his address to the jury, called attention to the fact that this is the third case of this kind that has happened in Toronto within the past ten weeks, a most deplorable fact, one that casts a most unpleasant reflection on Toronto. Referring to the evidence of the priest of St. Patrick's Church, who found the children, and who were heard at the last sitting, Dr. Young said that it was a delicate matter to question a priest of the Catholic Church, owing to the vows, by which they are bound with regard to the secrecy of the confessional, but that they had given their evidence in a straightforward manner, and that it should be taken as the truth. He then explained to the jury that one of the children had never lived, but that the other one had, and that the postmortem examination had proved that the child had not died from natural causes, but as a result of foul means. It might have been killed in one of two ways, he explained; either at the time of birth or after birth, by suffocation. He also reminded the jury that even should they deliver a verdict, it did not mean that the case would be dropped, but that the police would continue their investigations, until the criminal is found, because the practice of infant murder is entirely too prevalent in Toronto, and if it is to be stopped, the culprits must be discovered and punished.

Grain-Growers Oppose Naval Policy

BRANDON, Man., Jan. 10.—(Can. Press.)—With but five votes cast against it, the convention of the Manitoba Grain Growers' Association today adopted a resolution opposing the expenditure of thirty-five million dollars or any other sum on naval armaments, suggesting instead that Canada should give the lead to the nations of the world for disarmament and universal arbitration of international difficulties, and declaring that before the parliament of Canada vote any money for expenditure such expenditure should be referred to the people of Canada by referendum.

SCORES PREMIER FOR CHANGE OF PLAN

Hon. Mackenzie King Gave a Vigorous Speech in Favor of Canada Fleet Units and Attacked Rt. Hon. R. L. Borden For "Invention of Emergency."

"If the Borden government wishes to change a policy which was unanimously favored in the house in 1909, it should show conclusively the reason for the change. In the face of the unanimous vote of both parties in parliament four years ago for the establishment of Canadian fleet units, and the change of the attitude of the Conservatives in favor of a contribution, the question should be submitted to the people."

Such was the statement of Hon. W. L. Mackenzie King, ex-minister of labor and president of the Ontario Reform Association, to an overflow audience in Association Hall last night, in a vigorous address on the naval question. The speaker's chief worry was why the emergency which was the basis of the Borden government's policy should be changed. Mr. King was well armed with blue books, from which he quoted lengthy passages showing the attitude of the British admiralty, the former and present attitude of Right Hon. R. L. Borden and the attitude of the Liberal party. He said that the explanation for the premier's present stand was to be found in "the unfortunate and unparliamentary alliance which Mr. Borden made with the Nationalists of Quebec." Whereupon the Liberal audience liberally applauded.

No Danger of War. Mr. King first of all tackled the question of "emergency." He endeavored to convince the audience that there was no danger of war, the German invasion scare having died years ago. He succeeded in convincing a few of the people in the centre of the hall, who, by their applause, backed up the view that there was every necessity of an immediate contribution to the British navy of the three super-dreadnoughts. The speaker went on.

Continued on Page 7, Column 3.

ROYAL PATIENT MUCH BETTER

Duchess of Connaught's Condition Now Occasional Little Anxiety—Late Bulletin Unnecessary.

MONTREAL, Jan. 10.—(Can. Press.)—Only two bulletins were issued today regarding the condition of Her Royal Highness the Duchess of Connaught, and the tenor of both indicated that a change for the better had set in. The late bulletin on Thursday night indicated that the distinguished patient was suffering less pain, and was at midnight sleeping. This rest was beneficial in its effect.

The intimation of improvement suggested by the official bulletin in the morning was borne out and strengthened during the day and a marked change set in, from the last bulletin issued shortly before 7 o'clock tonight, indicated that for the present the danger point is passed, and serious apprehension has been lessened. The condition of her royal highness this evening was so favorable that it was decided that it was unnecessary to issue more than the evening bulletin, omitting the one which was issued shortly before midnight each night since her arrival at the Royal Victoria Hospital.

The last bulletin of the day, issued at 8:45 p.m., was as follows: "During the day the condition of her royal highness has improved somewhat. Temperature has come down, pulse has improved in quality and she is suffering less pain and distress from the abdominal symptoms." (Signed) E. S. Worthington, A. E. Garrow, M.D., W. W. Chipman, M.D.

Twice today His Royal Highness the Duke of Connaught, accompanied by the Princess Patricia, visited the hospital, and any change in the condition of her royal highness is immediately communicated to Ravensara, where the royal party is staying.

"MAN AND SUPERMAN." George Bernard Shaw's "Man and Superman," which has been presented this week at the Princess by Robert Lorraine and a most capable company, is undoubtedly one of the best comedies ever seen here. The local engagement closes with today's matinee and tonight's performance.

Telegraph Rates Next to Be Probed

OTTAWA, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—Second only in interest to the probe which is being held into freight rates discrimination against the west is the telegraph rates case which, it is announced, will be resumed before the railway commission on Feb. 10.

The case against the company is now being prepared, and it is understood that Chairman Drayton is anxious to have it called and disposed of as early as possible.

THREE MILLION GALLONS LEAK FROM ISLAND PLANT EVERY TWENTY-FOUR HOURS

A CALL TO FIGHT IMPURITIES IN MILK

Better to Prevent the White Plague by Rigorous Inspection of Diseased Cattle Than to Build Hospitals for Consumptives, Says Dr. Torrance.

KINGSTON, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—"We keep on giving out money for tuberculosis hospitals, and put forth every effort possible to cure patients, and on the other hand, allow the sale of milk which is carrying disease. It is high time we tried to prevent the disease," stated Dr. T. Torrance, veterinary director general of live stock, Ottawa, in closing an address to the Eastern Ontario Dairymen's Association, in which he made startling statements regarding the spreading of tuberculosis among cattle, particularly among dairy cattle, which were more exposed to infection on account of having to be more closely housed, if because hogs were fed on by-products of milk.

Slaughterhouse statistics showed a high percentage of tuberculosis. Some counties went as high as 20 per cent. Frontenac County was one of the lowest, with a percentage of 5.19. Pasteurization of skim milk would prevent infection of hogs from disease.

The time had arrived when no person should be allowed to sell milk until cattle had been examined to see if they were infected with the dread disease.

As predicted the association favored an official referee for weighing cheese at Montreal, asked for legislation prohibiting shipment of cheese under ten days old, and recommended an annual government inspection of factory scales. The association strongly opposed any change in the mode of payment for cheese, declaring that the proposed bonding of buyers would lead to serious trouble.

James Sanderson and T. A. Thompson were appointed to confer with the delegates of the Western Dairymen's Association or Breeders' Association to arrange for the establishment of a national dairy cattle exhibition.

The following officers were elected: President, G. A. Gillespie, Peterboro; hon. president, Senator Derbyshire, Brookville; J. R. Dargavel, M.L.A., Elgin; first vice-president, J. A. Sanderson, Oxford Centre; second vice-president, Nelson Stone, Norwich; third vice-president, R. G. Leggett, Newboro; secretary, T. A. Thompson, Almonte; treasurer, Jas. E. Anderson, Mountain View; directors, Harry Giendinning, Manilla; T. G. Wright, Pictou; Willet Farley, Cannington; Those, Thompson, Mountain View; Grah. Mount Chesney, J. V. Walsh, Albert; Wesley Wilmore, Carleton Place; J. Campbell, Ormond; Geo. McLean, Finch; Captain John Gillis, Glen Norman; Neil Fraser, Vankieek Hill; J. E. Ferguson, Renfrew; Fred Dilworth, North Gower; W. H. Oimstead, Vars; Jas. A. Sanderson, Oxford Station; Auditors, John W. Hyatt, West Lake; M. Bird, Sterling. Executive committee, Henry Giendinning, James Sillerson, Nelson Stone, G. Leggett, Jos. McGrath, W. Fraser, and T. H. Thompson.

IN Second Report Presented to Mayor Hocken, Commissioner Harris Says First Figures of Leakage Should Be Doubled—More Consternation and Special Meeting Called For Today.

The filtration plant leakage is double that which was reported by R. C. Harris, commissioner of works, on Thursday. Mr. Harris submitted another report to the mayor yesterday afternoon which was even of a more startling nature than his previous one, in which he stated that the leakage amounted to 1,487,480 gallons per twenty-four hours. Owing to a mistake in computation the correct figure was not given. The commissioner of works states in his latest report that the leakage is really 2,974,960 gallons per day.

Late yesterday afternoon he submitted the following report to Mayor Hocken, which has given rise to additional consternation in civic circles: H. C. Hocken, Esq. (Mayor), chairman, and members of the board of control:

Gentlemen: Adverting to my report of Jan. 8 inst., herein, I beg to advise that owing to the superintendent of plant, who took the readings, omitting to specify that the test on the clear water reservoir was for 1-1/2 hours only, viz: from 12:30 to 2 p.m., as against three hours on the filter beds, the rate of apparent leakage inwards to the clear water reservoir per 24 hours is doubled, our former computation having been made upon a three-hour basis. The figures, therefore, relative to the clear water reservoir test should read as follows:

Lake level—81.4 feet.
 Height of water in reservoir at commencement of test—87.1 feet.
 Height of water in reservoir at end of test—87.4 feet.
 Duration of test: 12:30 p.m. to 2 p.m.—1 1/2 hours.
 Average gain per hour—2 feet or 24 inches.
 Rate of gain per 24 hours—48 feet or 576 inches.
 Area of reservoir—4.3 acres.
 Calculation: 4.3 acres total area, in square feet, 2.3 x 48,560 x 4.8 feet x 6.25 = 2,974,960 imperial gallons per 24 hours.

The rate of leakage, therefore, is 2.6 million gallons inwards per 24 hours. It may be argued that this was not a test under ordinary working conditions, and that the reservoir level was low. For the greater part of the day the reservoir level is lower than the day level, consequently while the total leakage in 24 hours may not reach 2.6 million gallons, yet it cannot be denied that at times during the day the rate of leakage inwards must equal that amount.

In conformity with this, the figures in the last paragraph but one of my report of Jan. 8 inst., should read 2,974,960 gallons per 24 hours.

Commissioner of Works. Calla Special Meeting. Starting at 12:30 p.m. by Mr. Harris, Dennis Allan Hazen, the engineer, threats to disperse with the services of Mr. Hazen and to hire another expert—this one a Britisher—and a proposal by the mayor to look over Montreal's plant. Surely, there never was such an uneasy feeling around the total leakage in 24 hours as there is now. This meeting of the board of control to meet at 11 o'clock today to discuss the report of Mr. Harris, and to engage a British expert. This meeting was called previous to the submission of the works commissioner's latest report to the effect that the leakage was twice as bad as was originally stated. Chances are that the controllers will hold a private conference. It is altogether likely that the appointment of another expert—Britisher—will be recommended. Controller McCarthy seems to be the only one who disapproves of the idea, he believing that local engineers, who know the situation, could capably solve the problem.

SERIOUS FIRE ON BIG LINER

Carthaginian Reaches St. John's in Safety After Experience Which Tried Nerves of All Those on Board.

ST. JOHN'S, Nfld., Jan. 10.—(Can. Press.)—A narrow escape from destruction from fire and severe experiences by passengers and crew were reported by the Allan line steamer Carthaginian, which arrived here tonight from Liverpool. The steamer left Liverpool Dec. 28 for St. John's, Halifax, N.S., and Philadelphia. Capt. McKillop said that when she was three days out her cargo caught fire in some unexplained manner.

The flames spread so rapidly that it was necessary to pump an enormous amount of water into the vessel to drown them out. The fire was finally extinguished, but for twelve hours the water was knee-deep on the lower deck.

It is estimated that repairs to the vessel will cost \$10,000. A large part of the general cargo was damaged.

MONEY KINGS NEED CURB BIG FINANCIER ADMITS IT

Centralization of Money and Credit Has Gone Far Enough, Says Morgan Associate.

WASHINGTON, Jan. 10.—(C. Press.)—That the present concentration of money and credit "has gone far enough," that "in bad hands, it would have a bad effect on the nation; that the safety of the situation lies in the personnel of the men in control; and that present conditions are "not entirely comfortable for the country," were a few of the statements today by Geo. F. Baker, master financier, as the climax of two days' examination before the house money trust committee. But Mr. Baker declared that "bad hands" could not retain the control.

SENDING AID TO POLE EXPLORERS

Norwegian Government Authorizes Expedition For Successor of German Party in Antarctic Regions.

CHRISTIANIA, Jan. 10.—(Can. Press.)—The Norwegian Government has guaranteed the expenses of a relief expedition to Spitzbergen for the German explorers under Lieut. Schröder Stranz, who started out last year in the steamer Herzog Ernest, and are reported to be in dire straits. Manager Mansfield of an American coal company at Green Harbor, tried to organize a relief party, but found the conditions rendered sending a party to the explorers from his station impossible.

FOREMAN ACCIDENTALLY SHOT

John Brooks Killed at Lindsay While Examining Gas.

LINDSAY, Jan. 10.—(Special.)—John Brooks, government works foreman, residing on Regent st., in this town, fatally shot himself with a muzzle-loading gun this afternoon. Mr. Brooks was alone in his home and when found he lay in one hand and the other in the other. It is believed the charge was purely an accident. He was 48 years of age and highly respected. A grown-up family of five survive him.

Hon. Geo. E. Foster To Speak. Hon. Geo. E. Foster will address a public meeting in C.O.F. Hall, College street, on Monday, Jan. 27, at 8 p.m., under the auspices of the North Toronto Liberal-Conservative Association.

MAKING ADVERTISING PAY. Does advertising pay? Why, certainly it pays. Here is an instance that proves it. Go into any store any time this evening, between six and ten o'clock, and buy a dollar hat from the Saturday evening sale of hats for men in the basement. The hats are sold to advertise the store, and the advertising pays every man who buys one of these hats for a dollar. Dineen's, men's hatters and manufacturing furriers, corner Yonge and Temperance streets.



MR. MACLEAN: Say, barber, has he that there chair leased?