on the Promontary that separates Mahone from Margaret's-Bay. This land, which is about five hundred feet in perpendicular height, may be discerned at a great distance, and is generally the first object seen in approaching Halifax from Europe, or the West Indies. Ardoise hill, situated between Windsor and Halifax, is the highest land in the Province, and affords a distant prospect of Windsor, Falmouth, Newport, Horton, and the Country bordering on the Bason of Minas. Beyond this are the Horton mountains, which run nearly north and south, and about twenty miles further is another range of high lands, known by the name of the North mountain, which is washed by the waters of the Bay of Fundy. Cape Blomedon, which terminates this chain of hills, presents a grand and imposing appearance; its perpendicular front is of a dark red colour, and its head may often be seen above the mists by which it is encircled. The great inequality in the surface of Nova-Scotia is the cause of the existence of numerous lakes, which are scattered over it in every direction. Some of them are of very great extent, and in many places form almost a continued chain of water communication across the Province. The largest is "Rosignoll," situated to the westward of Liverpool.

The dimensions of this lake have never been ascertained by actual admeasurement, but it is said to exceed thirty miles in length. In the same neighbourhood there are a number of others, extending from the head of Allan's River, near Annapolis, to within a short distance of the Liverpool river. This route is always adopted by the Indians, when passing between these towns, who affirm that there are but