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TWELFTH YEAR. TUESDAY MORNING, FEBRUARY 17, 1891. ONE CENT.

"THE SON OF HIS FATHER."

ARTHUR MOWAT NOMINATED BY WEST TORONTO REFORMERS.

License Commissioner Wheeler Will Oppose Barrister Coatsworth in East Toronto—The New Party Not Likely to Bring Out Any Candidates—Patrons of Industry Select a Standard-Bearer.

An enthusiastic meeting of the Reformers of West Toronto last night in St. Andrew's Hall adopted Mr. Arthur Mowat, son of the Attorney-General, as their standard-bearer in the fight for the Dominion seat. Mr. Robert Jaffray presided and infused his own sanguine spirit into the proceedings. There was plenty of choice, for three doughty men were proposed. Ex-Ald. Carlyle received 23 votes, Alf. Jury 70 and Arthur Mowat 369. Proud of his position, he was profuse in thanks and will buckle on the needed armor and fight the party fight.

EAST TORONTO REFORMERS

Nominate License Commissioner Wheeler to Oppose Barrister Coatsworth.

Richmond Hall was crowded to suffocation last night by the 500 delegates to the East Toronto Reform Convention. President Malone occupied the chair and a little of the time of the meeting with a speech. These gentlemen were on the platform: Messrs. W. H. Cahill, secretary; W. H. Withrow, Ald. Carlyle, T. Bain, Alexander Wheeler, Hugh Miller, Hamilton; Col. Hamilton, Robert Swan, George Ross, ex-Ald. Steiner, Ramsay, F. G. Inwood, Bigelow, Dr. King, Douglass, McLean, Charles Burns, J. F., Frank Armstrong, sr., Daniel Kelly. The nominations were:

Alexander Wheeler—By Col. Hamilton and Charles Burns, J.P.

Robert Fleming—By Messrs. McLean and Bledow.

E. T. Malone—By F. G. Inwood and Mr. Douglass.

W. H. Withrow—By Dr. King and Daniel Kelly.

Bryan Lynch—By Messrs. O'Neil and Bulley.

All withdrew except Mr. Wheeler, who amid cheers was declared the choice of the convention. Mr. Fleming was out of town, but sent a letter. The feature of the meeting were protests by many speakers that if U. R. meant annexation they would have none of it, in addition to a humorous piece of oratory by Mr. Bryan Lynch and a remark by Mr. Douglass about putting the Governor-General out of the country.

Filling Up Odd Vacancies.

South Oxford—Sir Richard Cartwright (Ref.)

South Norfolk—John Ellis, manufacturer, Port Dover (Ref.)

South Waterloo—James Livingstone of Baden (Ref.)

Haldimand—C. W. Colter (Ref.)

South Grenville—Mayor Carruthers of Prescott (Ref.)

North Brant—James Somerville of Dundas (Ref.)

Ottawa—C. H. Mackintosh and H. Robillard (Con.)

South Renfrew—Dr. Cranston of Arnprior (Ref.)

Lanark—William McGarry, farmer, of Drummond (Ref.)

Bothwell—Alex. McClary, ex-reeve of Dawn (Patrons of Industry).

East Durham—There was a hot time at the Conservative convention at Millbrook yesterday. Mr. H. A. Ward, the late member, was the favorite on the first four ballots, but his vote on the Jesuits' Estates Act lost him the support of a large number of the delegates from the north of the riding, who transferred their allegiance to Mr. Thomas Graham, a farmer of Cavan. The result was that, while Mr. Ward had the majority of votes, he could not get the two-thirds vote required to give him the nomination. After the fifth ballot a simple majority is sufficient. Mr. Ward refused to accept any but a unanimous nomination and withdrew. Mr. Graham also stated that he was not in the field. The sixth ballot then gave the nomination to Mr. J. P. Clemes of Port Hope.

The Meeting To-night.

So far as the limits of the accommodation of the Academy of Music will admit, every arrangement has been perfected for the convenience of those who will attend this evening to listen to the addresses of Sir John Macdonald and Sir Charles Tupper.

West York Conservatives.

The West York Conservative Association held a large and enthusiastic meeting in Dawes' Hall, corner of Bloor and Dovercourt, last night. A. G. Horwood presided and beside him on the platform were N. Clarke Wallace, J. W. St. John, Dr. Orr, James Armstrong, Peter Laughton, A. Smith R. White, W. Medland, ex-Ald. Charles Denison, R. W. Prittie, P. W. Ellis, Frank Turner, F. Farworth and James Bond. W. H. P. Clement, the Liberal candidate, did not accept an invitation to be present, but his Grit friends occupied seats in the rear of the hall and mildly protested against a few of the statements made by the speakers. Dr. Orr made a stirring appeal for the support of the policy which has done so much for Canada since 1874. J. W. St. John followed, his speech teeming with statistics which "challenged contradiction." The other speakers were James Bond, James Armstrong, P. W. Ellis, Frank Turner, ex-Ald. Denison and Clarke Wallace. The meeting broke up with cheers for the Queen, the Old Man and the Old Policy.

The Two Favored Q.C.'s.

It is understood amongst Reform circles that the nomination at to-night's convention in Richmond Hall for Centre Toronto will be offered to S. H. Blake, Q.C., and in the event of his refusal of the honor, which is probable, the choice of the faithful will be J. K. Kerr, Q.C. The latter is expected to accept.

The New Party Out of It.

WYOMING, Feb. 16.—Two or three gentlemen interested in Canada's New Party met together to-day in the Temperance Hall here to receive the answer of the delegation appointed to interview Messrs. D. S. Robertson of Plympton and Miles Hagle of Warwick as their acceptance of the nomination tendered them to contest the west and east ridings of Lambton in the interests of Canada's New Party. After talking over the matter and receiving the refusal of the nominees mentioned the following resolution was carried unanimously: "That, owing to the absorbing interest taken in the tariff question and the comparative indifference of the public on the Prohibition and Equal Rights questions, our lack of organization and the shortness of time previous to election day, we consider it inadvisable to place candidates in the field at this election."

The Equal Righters.

The Equal Rights Association of St. David's Ward met last night in Sydenham Hall, Parliament-street, President J. R. Barron in the chair. It was called for the purpose of discussing the political situation. The World's young man was politely told, after he had taken his seat, that the meeting being private his presence was not desired. He subsequently learned from an officer of the association that the meeting was anything but an harmonious one. About ten to one of those present favored Emerson Coatsworth's candidature, but among the minority were enough quondam Grits whose opposition spun the meeting out to 11 o'clock and necessitated the postponement of the election of officers. The alleged reason for their opposition was that Mr. Coatsworth was not sound on all points in the Equal Rights doctrine. The outcome was the appointment of a committee of three to sound the two party candidates in the east.

"Provided neither of the candidates gives favorable replies, will the Equal Righters place a candidate in the field?"

"We shall most decidedly take steps to do something," he replied. "But I don't see, in the light of Mr. Coatsworth's past record, how his reply can be otherwise than favorable, or how the Reform candidate can possibly give an answer accepted able to us, the principles of the party precluding such a possibility."

FARM MORTGAGES.

The Ontario Farmers Not Mortgaged Up to the Eyes—How This Province Compares With the Farmers of the States.

[An Editorial in The Toronto Mail, Nov. 7, 1890.]

Those who take a pessimist view of the condition of our farmers believe that the farms in Ontario are more deeply mortgaged than those in the States, and consequently that our farmers are worse off in this respect than the American farmers. The facts, however, prove the reverse.

By part 3 of the last report of the Bureau of Industries, just published, it appears that the total assessed value of "farm property," comprising over 22,000,000 of occupied acres, and including both land and buildings, amounted in 1889, at an average of $37.59 per acre, to $824,793,000. The average for the previous year was $37.79, the decrease being a fraction over one per cent., or 40 cents per acre. This decrease of one per cent. is of course principally due to adverse circumstances affecting the farmers, but also to a slight extent to the taking up of fresh land, for when more than usual is taken up it slightly lowers average values in statistical reports. A portion of this year's report being still in the printer's hands, we have to refer to the one issued in 1889 in order to arrive at an approximate estimate of the total value of real estate for town and country for the whole province. Part 6 of the report is not at all clear. There is apparently some omission, but it would seem that in 1887 the assessed value of the real estate for the villages, towns and cities was about 35 per cent. of the total for the whole province. Probably it has now risen to 40 per cent. of the total value for both town and country. There are no reliable data as to what are the proportions of mortgages in town and country, but if we assume that it is about the same average in both cases, then about 60 per cent. of all the money lent on mortgage is lent on farms. By part 5 of this year's report, which gives the facts relative to Ontario loan and investment companies, it appears that the total amount lent on mortgage by our 64 companies is $91,413,000. The returns as to the sums invested out of Ontario are incomplete, but in those cases where the returns have been filed they amount to $8,878,000. This leaves $82,540,000 (probably rather less) as the amount loaned by the companies on mortgages in Ontario. It is estimated that the loans by private persons, of which there is no official report, equal one-half of this sum. This would swell the total amount of mortgages in Ontario to $123,810,000. If we deduct 40 per cent. for the amount advanced upon the security of village, town and city property this will show that the total sum lent to our farmers amounts to $74,286,000. As the report values all our farms for land and buildings at an average of $37.59 per acre, the total value, on a total acreage exceeding 22,000,000, is $824,793,000. Consequently the astonishing fact is proved, if the official reports are correct—and no doubt they are reasonably so—that the total indebtedness of our Ontario farmers on mortgages is only about nine per cent. of the assessed value of their farms. Even supposing that only one-third of the mortgages are on village, town and city property, leaving two-thirds for the farms, the percentage is raised to only about ten per cent. The exact truth would probably show a yet more favorable state of affairs, for it is doubtful whether private individuals have loaned the enormous sum of $41,270,000.

In this month's Forum there is an able article on "Western Farm Mortgages" by Mr. Goodloe. He gives a full account of farmers' indebtedness in Ohio. Omitting five counties containing the great cities, he shows that in the agricultural counties the mortgages amount to $281,671,000 on real estate assessed at $866,626,000, or 32½ per cent. of the value. This percentage is almost three times as much as in Ontario. The particulars respecting Illinois are not clearly given. But it seems that 3,082,794 acres are mortgaged for $142,400,000. This does not include chattel mortgages, but reckoning for city and town property, and also arrears of interest, the total mortgage indebtedness of Illinois is $595,047,000, or 3 1-5th times as much as the total sum loaned on town and country property in Ontario. In Michigan in 1885 there were 90,803 farms, with an assessed value of $194,854,000. Of these 43,079, of the assessed value of $77,713,000, were mortgaged for $37,456,000, or 46 per cent. of their value, at an average rate of 7.2 per cent., which is higher than the Canadian rate of interest. The mortgages amounted to over 19 per cent. of the assessed value of the Michigan farms. This is more than double our percentage. Mr. Goodloe points out that the statistics of mortgages for Kansas are incomplete, but he proves that the farmers there are in a very bad condition. The Farmers' Alliance some time ago sent out a circular directing a canvass among the farmers for information. From information derived from 2077 members of the Alliance it appears that 350 held unencumbered farms, and 1727 held mortgaged farms. Thus 83 per cent. were mortgaged. The weekly organ of the Alliance estimates as the result of investigation that the farm mortgages in Kansas amounted to $146,568,000, or an estimated total of 270,000 farms. In one county in Kansas there are 1100 foreclosures on the docket.

On the whole, considering that it is shown by both American and Ontario official data that Ontario has a far more productive soil than the greater part of the States, and that the mortgage rate is less here than there, our farmers, although they have their troubles, are comparatively better off than those of the United States.

Wants Them To Vote For Sir John.

OTTAWA, Feb. 16.—A sensation was created at mass at the Catholic Church in Gatineau Point, Ottawa county, yesterday when Rev. Father Champagne delivered an address, urging his parishioners to vote for the Conservative candidate and not support the "party of disloyalty and annexation."

Sir Charles Tupper's Narrow Escape.

HALIFAX, N.S., Feb. 16.—Sir Charles Tupper, Canadian High Commissioner, after a speech at the political demonstration here on Saturday night left on a special train for Toronto, where he was to appear at a great Conservative demonstration.

The tier of the engine's driving wheel broke near Sackville, N.B., this morning, and the locomotive was thrown from the track, delaying the train six hours. It was a narrow escape, but no one was hurt.

Hamilton Will Go Conservative.

[Hamilton Herald (Ind.).]

We think there can be no doubt as to what the result in Hamilton will be. The question is not one of men so much as one of measures, and we can all see what a disastrous blow would be struck at the city if the policy under which Hamilton's manufacturing industries have been built up were to be suddenly reversed.

The Liberal Policy and Labor.

[From The London Free Press.]

One of the leading hardware dealers of this city recently received a large import order for the Bolt Works. They have been cabled to cancel the order until after the 5th of March.

Messrs. A. J. Nash & Co., the well-known carriage manufacturers of this city, had an order for a carload of buggies from New Brunswick. That order has just been cancelled, pending the elections. Messrs. Nash & Co. were informed that if unrestricted reciprocity carries, not another Ontario carriage will be wanted in New Brunswick.

Workingmen, consider this!

The Black Flag and Chicago.

Editor World: For the benefit of those whose minds have received any impressions from the sight of the black flag procession I give you a few extracts from a letter received from Chicago, dated the 12th inst. The letter is from a man who with his wife and family left Toronto to better himself. His statements may be exaggerated, but I am sure he had no possible motive for exaggeration. I can say that the writer of the letter is well known in Toronto as a very hard-working honest fellow without any intemperate habits and of very fair ability. I send you the original letter herewith, and in order to show that it is not any part of the plan of campaign will authorize you to give his name to anybody who might take the trouble to enquire about the matter. This is what he says: "The other day "when I wrote you I was in much better "spirits than I am now. I then had a job, "as they call it here, but to-day I have "none and am roaming the streets in search "of one. *Armour & Co. are laying off men "by the hundreds; the other packers are "doing the same. A foundry in South "Chicago shut down the other day and "threw sixteen hundred men out of employ-"ment. At present there are over two hun-"dred thousand men out of employment "in Chicago.* My foreman said that I was safe "but the superintendent came round on Sat-"urday night and laid us off; he said we "could come back in two months as times "were very slack. So we were paid off and "left disgusted.

"Being a common laborer, toughnailer, "packer and trucker, all of which I had the "honor of being at once, and for the hand-"some sum of $1.75 per day, I have held down "this job for nearly a year. My friends con-"gratulated me on leaving the stock yards—"but still we have to live. I have been down "in the business part of the city, roaming "from shop to shop, but it is the same old "story as last spring, 'Come in and see us "again.' I am going to try 'The Fair' to-"morrow for the position of floorwalker at "about $10 a week."

I believe the same state of things exists in most of the large cities of the United States, or at any rate to an infinitely greater extent than in Toronto or Montreal. Believers in unrestricted reciprocity would do well to consider whether they should not except from their program a free exchange of the unemployed of the two countries.

JOHN MASSEY.

FOUGHT THE BATTLES O'ER AGAIN

The Captain Told of the Valore as Deeds in Our Country's Crisis.

Captain E. A. Cruickshank of the 46th Battalion lectured before the Canadian Military Institute at Upper Canada College last night, on "The Battlefields of the Niagara Peninsula, 1812-14."

Among those present were: Col. Otter, D.A.G., Col. G.T. Denison, Col. Rogers, 40th; Col. Gunther, Col. Jones, Toronto, R.G.; Major Harrison, R.G.; Major Mead, T.F.B.; Major McSpadden, 12th; Major Evans, Major Mason, 13th; Major Widdifield, 12th; Capt. Hilton, Capt. Ardagh, Capt. Milloy, 19th; Capt. Macdougall, I.S.C.; Capt. Stuart, 13th; Capt. Manley, R.G.; Capt. McGee, Q.O.R.; Capt. Hughes (England); Capt. A. B. McLean, R.G.; Capt. Stinson, R.L.; Capt. Mason, Q.O.R.; Lieutenants Irving, Fleming, Denison, Michie, Irving, Evans, Symons, Wyatt; Principal and Mrs. Dickson, Charles, Mair, Dr. Scadding, Mr. and Mrs. William Weld, D. B. Read, E. A. Meredith, Mr. and Mrs. K. Jarvis, John Martland, Professor Baker, J. M. Saunders.

Hon. J. B. Robinson on taking the chair announced that Mr. Emilius Jarvis had presented the institute with a letter written in 1812 by Attorney-General Macdonald that it throws valuable light on the affairs of that time.

Capt. Cruickshank's lecture occupied nearly two hours and was a thorough inside history of the military affairs of those stirring times, straight unbiased history. Commencing with the first movement of troops he traced all branches of the service down to the close of the war. It was a purely military lecture and is worth preserving for reference.

Col. Denison, who followed the latter days there was a new sort of teaching that pronounced it wrong to make any reference to our past history, but he moved a vote of thanks to Capt. Cruickshank which was seconded by Col. Dawson and carried amid applause.

SEVERE ON BUSINESS INTEGRITY.

Ways That Are Dark and Strange yet Too Common.

"The greatest surprise in connection with my failure," said a bankrupt merchant to The World "was the number of merchants who pride themselves on their business integrity—who came around on the eve of the assignment begging to be 'squared' to the detriment of their fellow-creditors."

"It is nothing," said the manager of a large drygoods house. "Look at the number of commission agents who sell the small and weak houses and then deny it point blank."

"I can tell you a case that will fit in here," said a wholesale woolen man. "Take that agent that sells for an Eastern house. His business integrity—with the majority of creditors in an estate that is now being wound up. Yet that same agent gave me his word as a man of honor that he never sold bankrupt people."

"Business integrity is getting played out," said the manager as the procession moved on to the Colonel's.

The Operators' New Home.

The new offices of the C.P.R. Telegraph Company in the Board of Trade building are well worth inspection: On the ground floor the ordinary business of receiving messages for dispatch is done. On the seventh, where the operating room is situated, are some interesting sights. Mr. Carlisle showed The World through last night. Two tubes for messages are used to connect the departments. The up tube is supplied with a current of air by an electric fan. Five quadruplex sets of machines are in use, by means of which messages may be sent four ways on one wire. There are also 30 single-wire tables. In all about 40 wires are in operation, while the switchboard has accommodation for 100. The latter is a fine piece of expensive mechanism made in Chicago especially for the C.P.R. company. The wires enter by a cover on the roof and are distributed to the tables under a false floor, which is removable. The battery room contains 2300 batteries, all in use, each weighing 15 pounds. For the great weight the room is specially braced. The offices are never shut. When it is night here messages come from countries where it is day.

Adjourned for a Week.

The inquest into the death of the supposed murdered woman, Jane Harding, was commenced by Coroner Pickering in the Morgue last night. Christopher McGrain, the alleged murderer, was present and viewed the proceedings with stolid indifference. The deceased's daughter told the jury that her mother had complained of heart disease the week previous to her death, but the girl Annie Wilson, alias Nancy Allan, did not deviate in her evidence one iota from her statement to the police. The post mortem gave evidence of a congested liver, but otherwise deceased had been a healthy woman. The inquest was adjourned for a week.

Through Wagner Vestibule Buffet Sleeping Car Toronto to New York via West Shore Route.

The West Shore through sleeping car leaves Union Station, Toronto, at 4.35 p.m. daily except Sunday, arriving in New York at 10.10 a.m. Returning this car leaves New York at 5 p.m. arriving in Toronto at 10.35 a.m. Sunday leaves Toronto at 12.30 p.m. connecting with through car at Hamilton.

Smothered the Baby.

WEST MCGILLIVRAY, Feb. 16.—Mrs. William Steeper had been on a visit to her mother in Clandeboye with her one month old infant, and on returning, the day being cold, she wrapped the little one too closely, in her solicitude to keep it warm. On arriving at Pumfrey's hotel she undid the wrap, and found with horror that her child had been smothered to death on the journey.

Oh, What a Cough!

Will you heed the warning? The signal perhaps of the sure approach of that more terrible disease Consumption. Ask yourselves if you can afford, for the sake of saving 50 cents, to run the risk and do nothing for it. We know from experience that Shiloh's Cure will cure your cough. It never fails. Sold by Hargreaves Bros., Queen-street west, and by every druggist in the city. 246

Swollen and Stiff Knee Joints. 26

The knee joint is the largest joint on our body; anything wrong there, look out. With an instrument of my own invention I have completely restored over 20 cases of "white swelling." References in city. Chas. Clutbe, surgical machinist, 134 King west, Toronto.

The Hon. Alexander Mackenzie, in his remarks at the annual meeting of the North American Life Assurance Company, said: "The great success of this company and the solid position in which it stands are not through any lucky accident but through recognizing certain principles in its early years, sticking to these, and in carefully investing and husbanding the funds entrusted to us, and what is of the highest importance, that the management has been in skilled hands." 246

GOT AWAY WITH THE CASH.

SEVERAL THOUSAND POUNDS STOLEN FROM A BANK MESSENGER.

A Daring Robbery in London, England—The Man Arrested as "Jack the Ripper" Cool and Unconcerned—A Peculiar Importation of Laborers—General Foreign News of Interest.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—A daring robbery was committed here to-day. A stylishly-dressed stranger accosted in the National Provincial Bank of England a clerk from the London branch of the Bank of Scotland. The clerk was standing at the public counter of the National Provincial Bank making a deposit. When spoken to by the stranger the clerk turned towards him and an accomplice snatched the wallet containing bonds and checks worth many thousand pounds and ran out of the bank. He has not been captured.

FACT REPEATS FICTION.

The Story of "The Bells" Recalled by a Murder in Westphalia.

BERLIN, Feb. 16.—A horrible murder, which recalls in some of its features the motive and method of the Erckmann-Chatrian story, "Le Juif Polonais," or "The Bells," as it has been made familiar to English audiences by Mr. Irving, is reported from the village of Diepholz in Westphalia.

The victim was a young woman named Margaret Krumm, the daughter of a farmer who lives in Damme. She was waylaid and murdered in a forest, on her way home from the railway station at Diepholz.

A gendarme discovered the body and rode off for help. The first cottage that he reached was that of a woodcutter named Rotzky. The officer knocked at the door, which was opened by Rotzky's wife, who explained that her husband was not in, but expected him very shortly. Almost immediately he came up and his appearance at once aroused the gendarme's suspicion. His clothes were stained with blood, and he was at once charged with the crime and was so surprised that he made a confession on the spot.

He explained that the girl had called at the house an hour before and asked him to accompany her on her walk through the forest, explaining that she was afraid to go alone, as she was carrying a large sum of money.

Rotzky refused to comply with her request, and as soon as she left he took another path which brought him out at a lonely place ahead of her. There he lay in wait and when she came up demanded the money, and on her refusing to give it to him he murdered her. Had he then destroyed her body by throwing it into a lime pit and escaping detection, growing rich and respected on the proceeds, only to perish miserably by the awful weight of remorse, the resemblance to "Le Juif Polonais" would have been complete.

THE IRISH EXECUTIVE.

The Motion of Censure Defeated in the Imperial Parliament.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—In the House of Commons to-day John Morley moved that the House adopt a vote censuring the Irish executive for its action in the Tipperary prosecutions. Mr. Morley's motion declared that such action on the part of the executive was calculated to bring the law into contempt and was a violation of the rights of citizens. Mr. Balfour's motion to adjourn was rejected 320 to 245.

The announcement of the figures was received with prolonged Conservative cheers. Interest in the debate was lessened by the limitation of the time allowed, and the assaults on the Irish executive for incidents at Tipperary already thrashed out. For the first time since their rupture the Irish members were grouped all together.

Parnell exchanged words with McCarthy and Sexton as he entered. Healy. The division on Morley's motion was on strict party lines, Gladstone having paired and the whole Irish party supporting Morley. Mr. Balfour opened the debate with a strong denunciation of the conduct of the police at Tipperary and the vindication of the Irish executive. Mr. Gladstone supported Morley's motion in a vigorous speech. Mr. Balfour and Mr. Smith, First Lord of the Treasury, opposed the motion.

Mr. Gladstone felt indisposed and after speaking left the House. His illness is not serious. He is suffering from over-fatigue.

THE RIPPER REMANDED.

The Alleged Murderer of Carroty Nell Arraigned in Court.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—The latest discovery made by the Metropolitan police in connection with the Whitechapel murder of Friday morning last, by which a woman known as "Carroty Nell" lost her life, bids fair so to connect the man Sadler in custody with this "Jack the Ripper" crime.

A knife was traced to the possession of Sadler, who as stated was a fireman on board a steamer which arrived from Turkey. The police have no doubt that Sadler was the murderer of "Carroty Nell."

The prisoner was placed in the dock this afternoon. His face was dirty and scratched. He seemed to be utterly careless as to what happened to him and is apparently entirely composed. He kept his hand in his pocket and glanced calmly around him as if he was a disinterested party. During the examination a man testified that he had seen Sadler in company with the murdered girl on Thursday night. As the witness was making his statement the prisoner watched him sharply, and exclaimed, addressing the man in the witness box, "Be careful about what you are saying." Continuing, the witness described in detail the visit of Sadler to a small coffee shop. Sadler, according to this witness, sat in the coffee house with the murdered girl and seemed to be quarrelling with her. Sadler, the witness said, claimed to have been robbed. Finally Sadler and "Carroty Nell" left the coffee shop separately. Upon the conclusion of the testimony the prisoner was remanded until Feb. 24.

Further details in regard to the blood-stained knife in possession of the police show Sadler sold the weapon to a sailor on Friday, the day of the murder. Opinions differ as to whether Sadler is "Jack the Ripper."

To avoid trouble the police transferred Sadler to the police court during the night, hoping thereby to avoid a vast crowd of people, mostly women. The women are eager for a sight of the prisoner. Wild threats of lynching and tearing the prisoner to pieces were uttered by the most excited of those females. When the man was removed to the police court an immense force of police was employed, and every precaution necessary was taken to prevent the Whitechapel mob from lynching the prisoner.

The witness admitted the prisoner's face was scratched and bloody when he was seen in the coffee shop. The prisoner was remanded until Feb. 24.

The Good White Czar.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 16.—The Rabbi Marcus and a Jewish physician named Chassanovetch living in Grodno have been arrested and exiled from that province for two years for sending to the Government, in behalf of the Jewish community, a petition demanding redress for an outrage committed by a Russian doctor named Granvoski, who was charged with having branded the word "thief" in three languages on the forehead of a Jewish boy who was accused of having stolen a small quantity of fruit.

After the Irish Organ.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—At a meeting of the McCarthyite members of parliament to-day it was resolved to acquiesce in the proposition to devote the remainder of the league fund, £36,000, to the benefit of the evicted tenants provided the money is distributed by the Tenants' Defence Association. It was also resolved to endeavor to secure by legal means control of United Ireland.

Killed in a Duel.

ST. PETERSBURG, Feb. 16.—A duel with pistols has been fought at the village of Krasno, Selo., between Prince Vadiolsky and Lieut. Tomonossow, officer of the Imperial Guard. Tomonossow was killed. The affair was due to a quarrel arising after both had drank wine freely.

Labor Troubles Abroad.

LONDON, Feb. 16.—The outlook of the dockers' strike here and at Cardiff is serious. The lightermen here started to unload 20,000 frozen sheep to-day but soon afterwards withdrew, alleging their lives were in danger from violence threatened by the strikers.

When Greek Meets Yank.

GLASGOW, Feb. 16.—A wrestling match for the championship of the world took place here to-night between Antonio Pierre of Greece and Tom Cannon of America. Pierre won.

Padlewski's Fate.

SOFIA, Feb. 16.—A Bulgarian newspaper says the body of Padlewski, who was charged with the murder of General Seliverskoff in Paris, has been found half devoured by wolves between Philippopolis and Kalanlik. The body was identified by documents found in the pockets.

Cable Briefs.

A shipment of 52 natives of East Africa arrived at Hainburg to-day and will enter the service of the Woermann line of steamships as firemen. This is announced as the first experiment for utilizing a semi-savage people in this description of labor.

A terrible storm has been raging on the Schleswig coast and large quantities of snow have fallen. The thawing snow and ice along the Baltic are causing disastrous floods, and at Revel and several other exposed ports the situation is exceedingly dangerous.

THOSE NOBLE WOMEN.

How the Lady Medical Students Broke the Monotony of Study.

The Students' Association of the Woman's Medical College held its second open meeting at the college, Sumach-street, last night. Notwithstanding the unfavorable weather the attendance was large. Dr. Trow well presided. This was the musical program submitted and admirably rendered:

Piano Solo.....Mr. Woodland
Chorus.....Osgoode Glee Club
Recitation.....Miss Eva Allen
Solo—Selected.....Mr. Wood
Solo—White Wings (Ciro Piurute)..Miss Hodgert
Violin Solo—Selected.....Miss Thomas
Solo—Selected.....Miss Lizzie Walker
Solo—Selected.....Mr. Wood
Piano Solo—Selected.....Miss Howard
Recitation.....Miss Eva May
Solo—Selected.....Miss Hodgert
Chorus.....Osgoode Glee Club

The chairman delivered a humorous address on the objects actuating those who studied medicine. With regard to the men, those who were not smart enough for lawyers and not good enough for ministers became doctors. He could give a good reason why ladies studied medicine but didn't. Dr. H. H. Baldwin also spoke. He urged the students to remember while looking upon their subjects that, notwithstanding the beauty of the human body, there was an inside—a soul—far more wonderful and handsome. "Do not be cold and stiff when you enter the sick room. Look as if you thoroughly understood the case even if you don't, for the patient will die all the easier." [Laughter.]

There are the officers of the association: Hon. president, Dr. Susanna P. Boyle; president, Miss Gifford; vice-president, Miss Jennie Gray; managing committee, Misses Meade, Graham, Jennie Gray, Chambers, Hill.

A Sevenfold Recommendation.

The School Management Committee of the Public School Board has made these recommendations:

That additional school accommodation be provided in order to relieve the following schools: Parkdale, Gladstone-avenue and Robert-street.

That a small school be erected near the eastern limit of St. Lawrence Ward.

That a school be erected in St. Matthew's Ward, north and east of Bolton-avenue school.

That additional accommodation be provided to relieve Lansdowne and Palmerston-avenue schools.

That proper accommodation be provided for the pupils attending Howard-street school.

That $100 be granted for the purpose of purchasing books on teaching for the teachers' libraries in the various schools.

That $50 be granted for the purpose of procuring supplementary reading for the primary classes.

Catarrh—Hay Fever—Catarrhal Deafness.

A New Home Treatment has been discovered whereby the worst cases are permanently cured. Two simple applications made formerly by the patient at home. Send stamp for circular. A. H. Dixon & Son, 345 West King-street, Toronto.

Personal Mention.

Mr. G. R. R. Cockburn's condition was last night reported to be better, the hemorrhage of the previous night having proved beneficial.

Mr. C. B. Brooks, agent of the "French Spy" company, will appear at the Academy of Music all next week, is in town.

The Sheffield House Importing Company (Registered).

65 Yonge-street (below King). New goods in solid silver English spoons and forks; wholesale prices. C. E. Robinson, Manager.

Jottings About Town.

Ald. Shaw was fined $1 and costs by ex-Ald. Baxter yesterday for breach of the snow bylaw.

Fred Collins and Sam Patterson, alias McCann, Toronto crooks, have been convicted of pocket-picking at Rochester.

Surrogate Court proceedings took place in these estates yesterday: Mary Boys, East Gwillimbury, $5285; Elizabeth Harris, $1722.

Street Commissioner Jones started 300 men to work yesterday cleaning up the streets in accordance with the resolution of the Executive Committee.

The stock received at the Western Cattle Market last week was as follows: 839 head of cattle, 399 sheep and 115 hogs; weighed, 184 cattle, 137 sheep and 128 hogs; fees paid, $8.31.

J. J. Sims, Evangelist from Buffalo, will to-night in Assembly Hall, Yonge and Maitland-streets, discuss Dr. Wild's sermon on "The Second Coming of Christ."

"The Customs and Habits of the People of Macedonia" was the topic on which Theodore George Malcheff, a native of those parts of early Christian labor, discoursed in Charles-street Presbyterian Church last night. He exemplified Macedonian customs and sacred poetry.

A fire broke out in Robinson's Theatre-Musee yesterday afternoon. An alarm was turned in and the brigade quickly responded. Damage $50. Cause, mice gnawing matches under the stage floor of the lecture hall.

The address this evening under the auspices of the Y.M.C.A. will be given in Association Hall by Dr. W.E. Gelkie, dean of Trinity Medical College, on the subject, "Men and Men." Messrs. Parkes and Levian will play duetts on the guitar, banjoe and mandolin. Mr. A. H. Greene will preside at the grand organ.

Alpha's at home was as successful as are all entertainments in which the Masonic brethren take united interest. Hearty was the reception tendered last night to the R. W. M. John Ross Robertson, and able and instructive was his discourse on Masonry in America during Ten Decades.

The Men's Club in Phoebe-street in connection with St. Philip's Church is a useful institution, and for the benefit of its members interesting lectures are weekly given. Last evening Canon DuMoulin had an inspiring and inexhaustible theme, "The Bible." Reverential yet broad-minded was the treatment of the subject by the rector of St. James' Cathedral.

Property-owners in Queen-street west, between Yonge and Bay-streets, waited on City Engineer Jennings yesterday, to ask why a small 16-inch brick sewer was being laid in that thoroughfare as it was too small. Mr. Jennings explained that it was only intended as a local service, and they departed satisfied.

We have a lot of gents'
Persian Lamb Coats,
Very fine quality,
That we will clear
Out from $75 to $125.
Small sizes in seal
Sacques for $100.
Musk Ox Robes very cheap.
Gents' Coats in
All kinds of furs
At about half price.
Dineen.
Spring styles of hats next week.

Ocean Steamship Movements.

Date.	Name.	Reported at.	From.
Feb. 16.	Dominion	Portland	Avonmouth
"	Sardinia	Halifax	Liverpool
"	Sarmatian	Boston	Glasgow
"	Polynesian	Montreal	Liverpool

LIGHT SHOWS SHADY TRICKS.

A PLAIN UNVARNISHED TALE OF SWINDLING.

What the Customs Discovered—'Twas Jewelry—The Value $5000—A Novel Case of Smuggling Goods into Canada—The Stories the Principals Told The World Last Night.

The customs people uncovered a very peculiar deal in real estate, when on Saturday last they swooped down upon the $2500 worth of jewelry in the possession of Samuel Close, the New York importer. Evidently Close is a victim of misplaced confidence. He himself says he has been "swindled," and to say the least, if his story is to be believed his connection with certain parties in the city has been a peculiarly unfortunate one for him. He is talking of appealing to criminal courts to right his wrongs, but meanwhile, last night, he unbosomed himself to a World reporter. It is just possible that the Close seizure may be the means of uncovering still more interesting matters.

Mr. Close's Story.

"I am," said Mr. Close, "an importer of curios and antiquities from the Old World to New York. Three months ago I sold out my business to a jeweler in Broadway and got in exchange a big lot of jewelry, diamonds, etc., valued at $37,000. I happened to be in town last week and got in touch with a smart little lady, is Welsh. Both take their fancy keenly to heart, and Close especially is determined to get satisfaction, even in the criminal courts if necessary.

The World dropped in on Sergeant-Detective Duncan after the interview with Mr. Close and asked him if it was true that the office had been looking for Mr. Close.

"There is no truth in the statement," said the officer. "No detective has been called for any such work. If there had been I would have known it."

In Buffalo there is stored a quantity of sealskin sacques, etc., and jewelry in bond for Radford on the same deal, but neither can be touch it nor can Close regain possession of it until the $2500 business is settled. The jewelry seized comprises watches, chains, rings and unset stones. The World was further informed last night that the $2500 was only a moiety of the goods brought to town, and more to the value of $7500 was hidden away where the customs could not get at it.

Mr. Radford's Statement.

I. H. Radford was found at the Avondale. "I first met Mr. Close in New York," he said. "He was introduced to me by an agent, and offered to exchange certain goods. We did not make an exchange at that time, because he wanted unencumbered property, which I refused to do. There was considerable correspondence. I said I would trade on values either Toronto or Buffalo properties for his stock. The valuations were to be made by independent parties. He first sent an agent to Buffalo, who examined some of my properties and expressed himself satisfied. I asked him to come to Toronto to examine some here, but he said it was unnecessary. He then required that I should put up $7000 in cash, and unencumbered property for the balance. I offered him some unimproved land free of encumbrance and some house properly encumbered. I finally obtained a man to make an advance on the properties. I gave him to the amount he required, but the loan fell through because he, being an Englishman and therefore an alien, could not hold property in York State, consequently the title on the mortgage could not be good. We finally made a deal amounting in all to $37,500. I was to assume a charge of $7500 on a portion of the goods, then and now in New York City, and was to pay him $2500 on some more, in cash. I gave him 345 feet in Florida-street, Buffalo, free of incumbrance; 200 acres north of Toronto, free of encumbrance; some property in Victoria, Ont., free of encumbrance; three stores in York-street, subject to $4000; two houses in Gladstone-avenue and two in Clarence-square All these properties have been conveyed to him, and I have paid him a little over $500 out of the $2500. He has delivered the greater part of the goods to me, in fact all except the goods taken. I wanted him to deliver the goods in Buffalo and let me give him security, but he declined to let them out of his hands until he got the cash. I have sold and agreed to deliver part of the same goods to a gentleman in Buffalo and it was never intended to sell these goods in Canada. They were brought over here and valued by Trowers at $2483. He was anxious to get his money, and I told him to get a temporary loan on the goods, and I would pay the interest, and if he could not get the amount advanced on them, I would make up the deficiency. Now, if you require verification of these statements I have got the documents to prove what I say."