23. The prisoner came in a little while afterwards.

Mr. Cassidy—How many were there besides you?

Witness—I can't say; I knew five or six personally.

Mr. Cassidy—How did you know where to go or what to do?

Witness—I was told. Anderson and I were together all that evening. The prisoner told me when we were at the hotel what I was to do.

Mr. Cassidy—Tell us what occurred when——

Mr. Powell—No; he will not.

Witness—I saw the prisoner—

Mr. Powell—Confine the testimony to what refers to the prisoner.

Mr. Cassidy—No; tell us what took place.

Witness—We were in the side room, five or six of us, and the prisoner came in with his notebook in his hand. He looked us over, and picked out different ones. He said, "You go. You go"; and there were two left out. I was one of those elected.

Mr. Cassidy—To go?

Witness—Yes; to go.

Mr. Cassidy—What did you do then?

Witness—Went home and went to bed. We were called by the prisoner at 3 o'clock, or a little after that. We went then straight down to the boat—I don't know her name. She was lying at Coleman & Evans' wharf. We got on board. I couldn't say how many there were of us. There were at least 22 or 23 there at the time.

Mr. Cassidy—How did you know whose name you were to vote in?

Witness—We got a slip of paper when on board the steamer.

Mr. Cassidy—Who from?

Witness—Peterson and the prisoner.

Mr. Cassidy—Did you get one?

Witness—Yes.

Mr. Powell—Ask him what was on the slip of paper.

Witness—There was writing on it.

Mr. Cassidy—A name on it?

Witness—Yes.

Mr. Cassidy—How about the other people? Did they get slips too?

Witness—I suppose so. We were called out to get them one at a time. That's how it was done.

Mr. Cassidy—Did you get your five dollars?

Witness—Yes.

Mr. Cassidy—From the prisoner?

Witness—Yes; I got $10, five for me and five for Anderson.

Mr. Cassidy—You went over on the steamer. Did you stay on Galiano?

Witness—No; we came back. Prisoner came back with us.

Mr. Cassidy—Who was running this transaction?

Witness—I don't know anyone who was running it outside of the prisoner and Paterson.

Mr. Cassidy—There was a polling station on Galiano island. How far away from the wharf was it?

Witness—About a mile and a half.

Mr. Cassidy—Did you go over, and did the rest of them go?

Witness—I did. I suppose the others did.

Mr. Cassidy—You didn't all go at once?

Witness—No.

Mr. Cassidy—That would have excited some comment?

Witness—I suppose so.

Mr. Cassidy—You dribbled over in two and three?

Witness—Yes.

Mr. Cassidy—All of you went back to the steamer?

Witness—Yes; and went back to Vancouver.

Mr. Cassidy—You are sure you told the prisoner you hadn't a vote and couldn't vote?

Witness—Positive.

Mr. Cassidy—Do you remember the name on the slip of paper?

Witness—Yes; Solomon Cadman. No. 88.

This completed the examination-in-chief, and Mr. Geo. Powell started his cross-examination.

Mr. Powell—Didn't Peterson give you the slip?

Witness—No; Brocky did.

Mr. Powell—What did he say?

Witness—He said that would be a good name.

Mr. Powell—Did you vote on that name?

Mr. Cassidy advised witness that he did not have to answer, and witness claimed the privilege accorded to a witness in answering incriminating questions.

Mr. Powell pressed for an answer.

Witness replied that he did.

Witness said he had been invited to come here by the provincial police, and quartered at the Angel hotel. He had been told that he would not get into trouble if he told what he knew, by Holland, who was one of those who met at the Europa hotel on the night in question, but was not taken. He had been given $15 since, $5 by Anderson and $10 by Detective McNaughton. He had been given this money—"to blow in."

Mr. Powell—What did you get the money for?

Witness—I just took it and asked no questions. I was glad to get it.

Mr. Powell—Well, if the accused had seen you and given you twenty, I suppose it would have been all right?

Witness said he had not been given the money to secure evidence. He got it for expenses—to take a glass. He had not asked for more. He expected no more, nor had he been promised anything.

Mr. Cassidy then started his re-examination. "Were you told who to vote for?" he asked.

Witness—Yes; for Paterson.

Mr. Cassidy—Were you given instructions to that effect?

Witness—Yes; we were instructed.

Mr. Powell—Now, wait a minute. My friend cannot bring this out in re-examination.

Mr. Cassidy—My friend went into this, and I'm entitled to bring it out.

Mr. Cassidy—Who told you to vote for Paterson? Who issued instructions?

Mr. Powell—Now wait a minute. I object. My friend is going into new evidence. I asked him if he voted. I said, "Did you vote?" My friend goes into the question as to who he voted for, who told him to vote, etc. I submit this does not arise from the cross-examination.

Mr. Cassidy—The rule is that the party examining in chief puts all the questions he means to put. If the other side goes into something else, and anything else is brought out, the other party is permitted to go into the whole question in re-examination. My learned friend asked whether he voted, and I submit I am entitled to bring out all that is material to this case.

The court ruled that Mr. Cassidy was entitled to ask this question.

Mr. Cassidy—Were you instructed as to how you should vote?

Witness—Yes, for Mr. Paterson.

Mr. Cassidy—Were instructions given to others than yourself to vote for Mr. Paterson?

Witness—I suppose so.

Mr. Cassidy—Who told you to vote for Mr. Paterson?

Witness—Peterson and the prisoner.

Mr. Cassidy—Were you told how to mark your ballot?

Witness—Yes; we were told to put a cross behind the name of Mr. Paterson.

Mr. Cassidy—Did the prisoner tell you who he was acting for?

Mr. Powell objected to this question, and the objection was sustained.

Mr. Cassidy—You have been devoting your time to this matter since you were sold by the police that you would be wanted as a witness? You have been in the hands of the police and made a trip to Vancouver to identify certain people? All the money paid to you was $15?

Witness—Yes.

Mr. Powell—How much do you expect to get?

Witness—I don't know that I expect anything.

Mr. Powell—Were you challenged by the returning officer when you voted?

Witness—No.

Mr. Powell—Are you sure?

Witness—Certain.

Mr. Cassidy—Did you see the rest of the outfit taken over on the Iroquois at the polling booth?

Witness—Some of them; five or six, Anderson, Peterson and three others. I saw them get their ballot papers and go into the voting place.

This was all the evidence taken in the case brought against Robinson for having induced Darlington to impersonate a voter. The purser of the steamer Iroquois and two others are also to be called. The case was adjourned, and the charge for having induced C. S. Holland to apply at a polling station on Galiano Island for a ballot paper was taken up. There are other charges, for having induced Scotty Anderson, James Hanna, and C. F. McKenzie to impersonate voters—they being members of the Iroquois expedition.

In the Holland case, Chas. Holland, the first witness, said he saw accused on Carroll street, Vancouver, on the evening of December 22. He told him he was informed he was hiring men to go on a trip, and asked him if he was full-handed. Was told he was hiring men to go on a trip for two or three hours, and there was five or ten dollars in it. Was told the accused; whom he knew as Brocky Phil, was hiring men to make this trip. The prisoner said he would meet witness at the Europe hotel later on. Witness did not discuss what the trip was when he met the accused on Carroll street, but he went to the Europe hotel, and after waiting in one of the private boxes in that place, "Brocky" came in. He pulled out a note book and took down some names. He assigned some of them to rooms and told him he would call them when the boat come in. She was expected about 3:30 a.m. Witness knew some of those whose names "Brocky" had in his book. He was not told what he was to do, and afterwards was left out, and not taken on the trip. Witness saw Mr. Darlington in the book. The accused did not tell witness then what was going on. He met a man named McHardy, and "Brocky" was there. Witness asked him if he wasn't going to take him. He said no—he had as many men as he wanted. Witness learned of what the men were wanted for from McHardy. The prisoner was not present when McHardy made his statement.

As the statement was not made in the presence of the accused, Mr. Powell held that it could not be taken, and was sustained. Mr. Powell then applied for the dismissal of this case—the evidence not connecting the prisoner with this case. Mr. Cassidy asked that the case be remanded.

Both cases were adjourned until Saturday morning at 11 o'clock.

The charges laid against Robinson are based on the section of the Revised Election Act, which says that every person who applies for ballot papers in the name of another, living or dead, is guilty of impersonation and liable to a fine not exceeding $400, and imprisonment for a term not exceeding one year. And anyone who attempts to induce any person to vote in the name of another is liable in a similar manner.

Robert Cassidy, K. C., appears for the prosecution and George Powell is appearing for the defence.

Exhibition of The Manly Art

Victoria Athletic Club Furnishes a Good Evening's Entertainment.

C. Hill Knocks Out William Hill of H.M.S. Virago, in Eight Rounds.

The boxing exhibition last evening at the V. A. C. Hall was a great success, and very well patronized. The club has quite lived up to its boast of excelling all its previous efforts in bringing off such excellent entertainments, and Mr. Bolton and his co-laborers, are to be congratulated.

The first event was a bag punching exhibition by F. Stevens, which was heartily appreciated by the audience. He showed them that he possesses great skill and quickness with his fists, and great accuracy of eye. The next number on the programme was a lively three-round set-to between W. G. Hill and J. McKinnon. The latter, though the lighter, puzzled his opponent in the first round, but towards the close Hill seemed to understand his tactics better and before the end of the bout honors were fairly even.

This was followed by what was called the lightweight championship of Victoria by Masters O. Irwine and Braden, aged 10 years respectively. Before these contestants went into the ring they were weighed; the former tipped the scales at 66 and the latter at 58 pounds. This contest caused great amusement, and the honors were so even that the fight was declared a draw, with a slight advantage to the lighter fighter.

C. Wriglesworth came next with an exhibition of illuminated club swinging, which had a very pretty effect, and was fully appreciated. A delay at this juncture was caused by the burning out of a fuse, producing darkness for a few minutes, the trouble was soon remedied, and on went the show amid much applause.

T. and T. Bailey, brothers, gave a very interesting preliminary set-to before the Mellor-Bayntun bout came on. The latter contest was one of the features of the evening, the sparring being fast and furious. Captain Clive Phillipps-Wolley, referee, stopped the contest in the beginning of the third round as the men persistently clinched, and awarded the decision to Bayntun.

The next thing on the cards was the event of the evening, the match between Wm. Hill, of H. M. S. Virago; and C. Hill, a member of the V. A. C. The latter had considerable advantage as to weight, being seven and a half pounds heavier than his opponent, who, however, showed that if he lacked weight he did not lack heart. In the first and second rounds the sailor did the attacking, while his opponent stood on the defensive. In the third C. Hill however, changed his tactics and did the attacking and rushed his man to the ropes twice. In the fourth round Wm. Hill was sent to the floor twice with solar plexus blows one after another, but managed to get to his feet in time. In the sixth honors were even, and the seventh terminated with cautious sparring on each side. In the eighth C. Hill became very aggressive, and after a minute's hard bodying on both sides the sailor was again sent to the floor and was counted out. The fight was exciting from start to finish, and very scientific. The victor showed great staying power, while his opponent fought with great skill, being as quick as a flash both with his mits and on his pins.

At a special meeting of the J. B. A. A. last evening the various sub-committees put in their estimates for the year, the total approximating $3,000, was sent forward to the trustees with the recommendation that they give the estimates favorable consideration.

GENERAL STOFFORD.

Has a Good Opinion of the Canadian Soldier.

Toronto, Feb. 25.—A Toronto News cable says: Before the war commission yesterday, Gen. Stopford, who was military secretary to Gen. Buller in Natal, praised the intelligence and capacity of the men of Strathcona's Horse. He considered the English soldier lacked individuality.

Pitched Battle In West Virginia

More Than Two Hundred Strikers and Officers Fight With Rifles.

Three Men Killed, Two Fatally Wounded and Many M Injured.

Charleston, Kanawaha County, W. Va., Feb. 25.—At Stanniford, Raleigh County, a terrible battle took place at dawn today between the joint posses of Deputy U. S. Marshal Cunningham and Sheriff Cook on one side and rioting miners on the other, as a result of which three miners were killed, two others mortally wounded and a number of others on both sides more or less seriously hurt.

The trouble grew out of the attempt to arrest 34 miners for violation of the blanket injunction issued by Federal Judge Keller last August. Deputy Marshal D. W. Cunningham went last Saturday to Atkinsville, a mining town in Raleigh County, to arrest the men charged with violating the injunction. He was surrounded by a large party of miners armed with Winchester rifles who ordered him to leave the place, an order which he quickly obeyed. Sheriff Cook at this time attempted to make some arrests under process issued by the State court and was treated in like manner.

Cunningham returned to this city and reported to the marshal and district-attorney that he could do nothing without a large posse, and then only at imminent risk of precipitating a bloody conflict. He was instructed to return with men sufficient to arrest them, and to do it at all hazards. Before Cunningham returned to Atkinsville, however, Marshal John D. Pyles, Thompson, and S. C. Burdett, attorney for the United Mine Workers, went to the scene, spending most of Sunday and Monday there. They found everything quiet, the rioters having withdrawn from the immediate neighborhood and crossed the New River, going into camp three hundred strong near the "Big O" mine. Thompson and Burdett came home Wednesday and Cunningham and a strong posse went from here to make the arrests.

When Atkinsville was reached the federal forces were joined by Sheriff Cook and his posse, the coal companies nearby furnishing some guards, and eight deputy and sheriff found themselves in command of about 100 well armed and determined men. The rioters had recrossed the river on Tuesday and were marching up and down before the various coal works. They numbered 150 to 200, and were armed with Winchesters. They intimidated the miners at work and drove away the guards of the mines. Emboldened by success they attempted to burn down a bridge of the Chesapeake and Ohio Railroad and threatened the destruction of other property. Last night they went into camp near the city.

About daybreak today the officers and their combined posses surprised the rioters in their camp and called on them to surrender. The reply was a shot. This was answered by a shot and immediately a furious battle was waging. When it ceased three of the rioters were dead, many others were found to be injured, two of them fatally. Seventy-three arrests were made, ten falling to the share of Deputy Cunningham and 63 to that of Sheriff Cook. All the prisoners were taken to Beckley, the county seat of Raleigh, where the prisoners were given a hearing by Commissioner Dunn and held for appearance here. They will be brought here on an early morning train. The federal authorities will try some of the men in the Federal court, but it is doubtful if it will be done as the State court will meet on Monday and it is thought they possibly can be tried more expeditiously here. Mr. Burdett went to Beckley today to attend to the case of the miners.

The injunction which the miners are charged with violating was the blanket writ of Judge Keller, in the suit of the Chesapeake and Ohio Coal Agency Co. The defendants in the case were all the coal companies operating in the new river field, 150 members of the Mine Workers of America, by name, including President Mitchell and Wilson, and all other persons whatsoever who aided and abetted them. The injunction covered almost every foot of ground in the coal producing region of New River, while all the mines in the Kanawaha and New River sections have been worked for some months the strike has not been officially declared off.

Advices from the scene of the conflict tonight state all is quiet now, but fears are entertained that trouble will break out afresh at any moment.

NEWFOUNDLAND LEGISLATURE.

Curious Reason for Ordering a Postponement of Session.

St. John's, Nfld., Feb. 25.—The opening of the colonial legislature has been postponed another week owing to a curious circumstance. Sir Cavendish Boyle, governor of Newfoundland, is due to arrive here tomorrow on the steamer Glenco, from Halifax. His authority is revived when he enters the territorial waters three miles off Cape Race, and Deputy Governor Horwood will therefore be unable to act at the opening of the legislature, although Governor Boyle may not have yet landed. The postponement was accordingly ordered.

STRIVING FOR RELIEF.

Trains in Newfoundland Still Are in Difficulties.

St. John's, Nfld., Feb. 25.—One of the snowbound expresses was moved some miles today, but the other is still blocked, and it is likely to continue so for several days. Relief trains are actively engaged in trying to free the latter.

SALMON CANNERIES.

General Overhauling of Those Belonging to the Association.

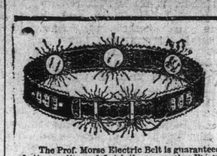
Vancouver, Feb. 25.—(Special.)—There is a general reorganization and overhauling going on in connection with the 30 canneries owned by the British Columbia Packers' Association. While the number this season will be reduced to 25 the capacity will, if anything, be increased, as according to the system of centralizing which is going on several canneries have been much enlarged and the machinery taken out of the canneries closed up has been put into other canneries.

TAX TEST CASE.

Provincial Assessor's Move Against Eastern Agents.

Vancouver, Feb. 25.—(Special.)—The test case by which the provincial assessor on the 5th of March will undertake to prove that a number of agents of Eastern concerns in the city are doing business here without paying taxes, and that it is legal that they should pay them, is causing much interest. This is easily explained when it is understood that one agency alone with headquarters in the East has sold in the past year over $120,000 worth of machinery in the province and the turn over has not been assessed. Besides this if the test case is proved a large number of agencies now exempt will have to pay taxes on profits.

Gumms—What is that old saying about a fool and his money?" Gobang—"I forgot the words, but it means that they are soon married."—Judge.



Electric Belts in the Reach of All.

We are Selling the Best Electric Belt in the World at a Price within the Reach of The Poorest Sufferer.

A $20.00 BELT FOR $5.00

The Prof. Morse Electric Belt is guaranteed to possess more power, more current, more equal distribution of current better quality and finish than any other Electric Belt made, regardless of price.

The Prof. Morse's Belt is a sure cure for Nervousness, Weakness, Kidney, Liver and Stomach Complaint, Rheumatism, Lame Back, Pain or Aches in all parts of the body. Wear the belt while you sleep, and in the morning you will feel years younger than when you went to bed.

Our Honest Offer. If you do not care to send us the five dollars we will send you one of our Belts to your nearest express office, C.O.D., $5.00, with privilege of examination. If satisfactory, pay the express agent $5.00 and express charges and take the Belt. If not as represented you need not pay one cent. If you send cash with order we prepay the postage.

We are Manufacturers of all kinds of Electrical Appliances. Write us for our book, giving prices and full particulars. It is free, sent sealed. Do not buy a Belt until you see the Prof. Morse's. Write at once. Address

THE P. E. KARN CO., 192 Victoria Street, Toronto, Canada.

BLACK BEAUTIES.

This is the time of year when we sell lots of black suits. A black suit is a Spring suit, Summer suit, Fall suit, and a Winter suit. You can wear it when a business suit isn't appropriate, and it is the stateliest suit for business, too. Always in good taste, appropriate on all occasions, becoming to everybody—a good, staunch, refined old friend, that one can always fall back on. Men's single and double breasted Sack Suits and Frock Suits, in black Vicuna, Thibet, black, rough-faced Worsted Cheviot, etc. $18, $20, $22 and $25.

Samples and self-measurement blanks sent on application.

ALLEN'S

Fit-Reform Wardrobe,

73 Government Street, - Victoria, B.C.

RESOURCEFUL MOTHERS

Should Keep a Bottle of our

BABY'S COUGH SYRUP, 25c

In the house for Croup, Cough, Hoarseness, Etc. It contains nothing of an injurious nature, and is really very effective. Be prepared for emergencies.

CYRUS H. BOWES Chemist, 98 Government street, near Yates street, Victoria, B. C. Tel. 425.

NOTICE.

"Superior," "Pocohontas," "Tuscarora," "Quatsino Chief," "Mohican" Fractional, "Hiawatha" Fractional, "Ready Cash" Fractional, and "Omega" Fractional Mineral Claims, situate in the Quatsino Mining Division of Rupert District. Located West of the S. E. Arm, Quatsino Sound.

Take notice that I, Livingston Thompson, agent for W. H. Fortier, Trustee of the Superior Group, and for the Quatsino Mining and Reduction Company, Limited, and for the Yreka Copper Co., and also for Messrs. A. F Gwin and Rowland Lea, Free Miner's Certificate No. B70467, intend, 60 days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under Section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificate of Improvements.

Dated this 6 day of Jan., A. D. 1903

LIVINGSTON THOMPSON.

Antiseptic. Refreshing.

CALVERT'S CARBOLIC TOILET SOAP

Contains 10% Carbolic Acid, and thus acts as an excellent preventive of skin irritation and infectious diseases, while it also has a healthy and beneficial effect on the skin and complexion.

F. C. CALVERT & Co., MANCHESTER, ENG.

THE MOST NUTRITIOUS.

EPPS'S COCOA

An admirable food, with all its natural qualities intact, fitted to build up and maintain robust health, and to resist winter's extreme cold. Sold in ½ lb. tins, labelled JAMES EPPS & Co., Ld., Homœopathic Chemists, London, England.

EPPS'S COCOA

GIVING STRENGTH & VIGOUR.

STRONG DRINK BARRED.

Toronto Move to Start New Resorts and Amusements.

Toronto, Feb. 26.—(Special)—A meeting of prominent citizens headed by Rev. Canon Welch, has decided to form a joint stock company with $100,000 capital, to take prompt action towards opening places of resort and recreation for people, where refreshments can be had without selling liquors. The first place of the kind is to be opened without delay.

UNLIKELY STORY.

Ten Masked Robbers Said to Have Tortured a Family.

Toledo, Ohio, Feb. 26.—Ten masked robbers went to the home of Christian Jocelyn, two miles from the city limits, last night and battered down the doors. There were four women and two children of the family in the house. All were bound and beaten frightfully because they would not produce $20,000 they claimed was hidden on the place. Finally the robbers tortured the victims by burning them on the feet. Only $300 was secured.

MINER'S COMPENSATION.

Rossland, Feb. 25.—In the Supreme Court tonight a jury awarded Donald Gunn two thousand dollars damages for injuries received last July, when Superintendent Dunkle was killed. Dunkle was saddled with negligence in the matter.

Emigrating to the Prairie.—R. Jarvis, of the 5-Acre lots, Nanaimo, and a number of others, will leave for the Northwest next week. They will take a full carload of effects, loaded at the E. & N. station and conveyed to its destination via the transfer at Ladysmith.

THE NEW FRENCH REMEDY

TRADE THERAPION MARK

This successful and highly popular remedy, as employed in the Continental Hospitals by Ricord, Rostan, Jobert, Velpeau, and others, combines all the desiderata to be sought in a medicine of the kind and surpasses everything hitherto employed.

THERAPION No. 1 in a remarkably short time, often a few days only, removes all discharges from the urinary organs, superseding injections, the use of which does irreparable harm by laying the foundation of stricture and other serious diseases.

THERAPION No. 2 for impurity of the blood, scurvy, pimples, spots, blotches, pains and swelling of the joints, secondary symptoms, gout, rheumatism, and all diseases for which it has been too much a fashion to employ mercury, sarsaparilla, &c., to the destruction of sufferers' teeth and ruin of health. This preparation purifies the whole system through the blood, and thoroughly eliminates every poisonous matter from the body.

THERAPION No. 3 for nervous exhaustion, impaired vitality, sleeplessness, and all the distressing consequences of early error, excess, residence in hot, unhealthy climates, &c. It possesses surprising power in restoring strength and vigour to the debilitated.

THERAPION is sold by all the principal Chemists and Merchants throughout the World. Price in England 2/9 & 4/6. In ordering, state which of the three numbers is required, and observe above Trade Mark, which is a fac-simile of word 'THERAPION' as it appears on British Government Stamp (in white letters on a red ground) affixed to every package by order of His Majesty's Hom. Commissioners, and without which it is a forgery.

Sold by Lyman Bros. & Co., Ltd., Toronto. Price $1.00. Postage 4 cents.

FIELD SEEDS

Just arrived an exceptional fine quality. Inspection invited.

Red and White Clover Timothy.

McDowell & Rosie

Successors to W. G. DICKINSON & Co. Flour, Feed and Commission Merchants, 93 Johnson Street.

Notice is hereby given that application will be made to the Legislative Assembly of British Columbia for an Act to incorporate a company having the following powers:

1. To build, equip, maintain and operate a line or lines or railway of standard or other guage from a point at or near Hardy Bay or Fort Rupert, Vancouver Island, thence by the most feasible route to a point on West Arm or Rupert Arm of Quatsino Sound, and to construct, equip and maintain branch lines.

2. To construct, acquire, equip and maintain steam and other vessels, and to operate the same.

3. To construct, acquire and maintain docks and wharves in connection with the said railway or any of its branches.

4. To connect with or enter into traffic or other arrangements with railway, steamboat or other companies.

5. To construct, acquire, operate and maintain telegraph and telephone lines along the routes of the said railway and its branches or in connection therewith, and to transmit messages for commercial purposes and collect tolls therefor.

6. To acquire from any government, municipality or person, any bonus, subsidy, grant or privilege.

7. And having all rights, powers and privileges necessary usual or incidental to any of the aforesaid powers.

Dated this 29th day of January, A. D., 1903.

C. A. BURY.

On behalf of the Applicants

CERTIFICATE OF IMPROVEMENTS.

NOTICE.

"Mountain Queen," "Mountain King," "Elva," "New Comstock," "Asa Thor," "N. S." Fractional, "Yreka" Fractional and "Edith" Fractional Mineral Claims, situate in the Quatsino Mining Division of Rupert District. Located West of the S. E. Arm, Quatsino Sound.

Take notice that I, Livingston Thompson, agent for the Yreka Copper Company, and for the Quatsino Mining and Reduction Company, Limited, and also for Messrs A. F. Gwin and Rowland Lea and also for W. H. Fortier, Trustee, Free Miner's Certificate No. B70467, intend sixty days from the date hereof, to apply to the Mining Recorder for Certificates of Improvements, for the purpose of obtaining a Crown Grant of the above claims.

And further take notice that action, under Section 37, must be commenced before the issuance of such Certificates of Improvements.

Dated this 6 day of Jan., A. D. 1903

LIVINGSTON THOMPSON.

LICENSE TO AN EXTRA-PROVINCIAL COMPANY.

"Companies Act, 1897."

Canada: Province of British Columbia. No. 238.

This is to certify that "The Vancouver Island Mining & Development Company, Limited," is authorized and licensed to carry on business within the Province of British Columbia, and to carry out or effect all or any of the objects of the Company to which the legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia extends.

The head office of the Company is situate in England.

The amount of the capital of the Company is £50,000, divided into 50,000 shares of £1 each.

The head office of the Company in this province is situate at Cowichan Bay, Vancouver Island, and Clermont Livingston, general manager, whose address is Cowichan Bay aforesaid, is the attorney for the Company.

Given under my hand and seal of office at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this 24th day of December, one thousand nine hundred and two.

(L.S.) S. Y. WOOTTON,

Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

The following are the objects for which the Company is established:

(a.) To search for, prospect, examine, explore and develop mines and grounds supposed to contain minerals, and to carry on the general business of miners by working all or any of the mines or minerals and exercising any mining rights which may be acquired by the Company.

(b.) To carry on the general business of smelters, reducers, refiners and separators of ores and minerals obtained from any mines, veins or mining rights acquired by the Company, or of any other ores or minerals, and to purchase, treat, smelt, reduce, refine, separate or convert into metal, ores, minerals or bullion of any kind;

(c) To make advances to or otherwise assist miners and prospectors in such manner and on such terms as may be thought expedient;

(d) To develop and turn to account any land acquired by or in which the Company is interested, and in particular by laying out and preparing the same for building purposes, constructing, altering, pulling down, decorating, maintaining, furnishing, fitting up and improving buildings, and by planting, paving, draining, farming, cultivating, letting on building lease or building agreement, and by advancing money to and entering into contracts and arrangements of all kinds with builders, tenants and others;

(e) To construct, equip, maintain and work railways, tramways, roadways, bridges, canals, wharves, piers, docks and harbors, and sewage, drainage, sanitary, water, gas, hydraulic, electric, telephonic, telegraphic and power supply works and other works of public or private utility of every description;

(f) To carry on the business of contractors, general carriers by land and water, forwarding agents, traffic managers, storekeepers, warehousemen, shippers, shipowners, charterers of ships and other vessels, ship fitters and furnishers, ship managers, ship and boat builders, provision merchants, farmers, stock-owners and breeders, planters, builders, timber merchants, mechanical engineers, founders, coal owners, quarrymen, millers, spinners, brewers, wine and spirit merchants, distillers, hotel keepers, licensed victuallers and general merchants, importers and exporters, bankers and financiers;

(g) To manufacture, buy, sell, hire, exchange, let on hire, alter, improve, repair, manipulate, prepare for market and otherwise deal in all kinds of plant, machinery, engines, ships, boats, steamers, launches, barges, dredgers and other vessels, carriages, vehicles, engines and other rolling stock;

(h) To lend or advance money on such terms as may seem expedient, and to give guarantees either of principal or interest in respect of money so expended as either directly or indirectly to benefit this Company;

(i) To transact and carry on all kinds of insurance (except upon human life), agency, guarantee and indemnity business, and to undertake trusts of all kinds;

(j) To carry on any other business or undertaking which may seem to the Company capable of being conveniently carried on in connection with any business which the Company is authorized to carry on, or may seem to the Company calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this Company, or to enhance the value of or render profitable any of the Company's properties or rights;

(k) To acquire and carry on all or any part of the business, undertaking or property, and to undertake any liabilities of any person, firm, association or company possessed of property suitable for any of the purposes of this Company, or carrying on any business which this Company is authorized to carry on, or which can be conveniently carried on in connection with the same, or may seem to the Company calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this Company, and as the consideration for the same to pay cash or to issue any shares, stocks or obligations of this Company;

(l) To enter into partnership or into any arrangement for sharing profits, union of interest, joint adventure, reciprocal concessions or co-operation, with any person or company carrying on, engaged in, or about to carry on or engage in, any business or transaction which the Company is authorized to carry on or engage in, or any business or transaction capable of being conducted so as directly or indirectly to benefit this Company, and to take or otherwise acquire and hold shares or stock in or securities of, and to subsidize or otherwise assist any such company, and to sell, hold, re-issue, with or without guarantee, or otherwise deal with such shares, stocks or securities.

(m) To purchase, take on lease or in exchange, hire or otherwise acquire any real or personal property, rights or privileges which the Company may think suitable or convenient for any purposes of the business; and to erect and construct buildings and works of all kinds:

(n) To apply for, purchase, or otherwise acquire, patents, licenses and the like, conferring an exclusive or non-exclusive or limited right to use, or any secret or other information as to any invention which may seem capable of being used for any of the purposes of the Company, or the acquisition of which may seem calculated directly or indirectly to benefit this Company, and to use, exercise, develop, grant licenses in respect of, or otherwise to turn to account the rights and information so acquired:

(o) To purchase, subscribe for or otherwise acquire, and to hold the shares, stocks or obligations of any company, in the United Kingdom or elsewhere, and upon a distribution of assets or division of profits to distribute any such shares, stocks or obligations amongst the members of this Company in specie:

(p) To borrow or raise or secure the payment of money, and for these or other purposes to mortgage or charge the undertaking and all or any part of the property and rights of the Company, present or after acquired, including uncalled capital, and to create, issue, make, draw, accept and negotiate perpetual or redeemable debentures or debenture stock, bonds or other obligations, bills of exchange, promissory notes or other negotiable instruments:

(q) To sell, let, develop, dispose of or otherwise deal with the undertaking or all or any part of the property of the Company, upon any terms, with power to accept as the consideration any shares, stocks or obligations of or interest in any other company:

(r) To pay out of the funds of the Company all expenses which the Company may lawfully pay of or incident to the formation, registration and advertising of or raising money for the Company and the issue of its capital, including brokerage and commissions for obtaining applications for or taking, placing or underwriting shares, debentures or debenture stock, and to apply, at the cost of the Company, to Parliament for any extension of the Company's powers:

(s) To secure the registration or other legal recognition of the Company in British Columbia or elsewhere abroad, and to enter into any arrangement with any governments or authority, supreme, municipal, local or otherwise, and to obtain from any such government or authority any rights, powers, grants, licenses, decrees, concessions and privileges that may seem conducive to the Company's objects, or any of them:

(t) To form, promote, subsidize and assist any company or companies for the purpose of its or their acquiring all or any of the property, rights and liabilities of this Company, or in which this Company is interested, or for any other purpose which may seem directly or indirectly calculated to benefit this Company:

(u) To carry out all or any of the foregoing objects as principles or agents, or in partnership or conjunction with any other person, firm, association or company, and in any part of the world:

(v) To do all such other things as are incidental or conducive to the attainment of the above objects.

NOTICE.—Thirty days from date I intend to apply to the Commissioner of Lands and Works for permission to lease 80 acres of pasture land, commencing at a post placed about 20 yards west of M. D. Ross' lease on Rickle Beach, and marked H. Dewes' lease, N. W. post; thence N. E. 40 chains, thence S. E. 20 chains, thence S. W. 40 chains, thence N. W. 20 chains to point of commencement.

H. P. ST. A. DAVIES.

Notice is hereby given that an application will be made to the Parliament of Canada at its next session, for an Act to incorporate a company to be known as "The Grand Trunk Pacific Railway Company" to construct and operate a line or lines of railway from a point at or near either Gravenhurst or North Bay in the Province of Ontario; thence in a Northwesterly and Westerly direction through the Provinces, Districts and Territories of Ontario, Keewatin, Manitoba, Saskatchewan, Alberta, Athabasca and British Columbia, or any other Province or Territory of British North America, to the Pacific Ocean, at or near Port Simpson, or at or near Bute Inlet, or such other port as may be hereafter determined, by way of the Peace River or Pine River Pass, or such other pass as may be found most convenient, or by such other more feasible route as may be hereafter more clearly defined; with power to construct, equip and operate branch lines to Winnipeg, Regina, Calgary, Dawson City, in the Yukon Territory, and any other point or points in the said Provinces, Districts or Territories, and to acquire, lease, amalgamate or connect with, or otherwise make arrangement for the use of the lines of any railway company in Canada, with power to build, purchase, or otherwise acquire and operate upon any navigable waters in any of the said Provinces, Districts or Territories, or from any point in the Dominion of Canada to any other point or points in or beyond the same, steam or other vessels and ferries for the purpose of the company; to engage in and to carry on an express and forwarding business on the company's railway and vessels; to purchase, lease or otherwise acquire land and water lots and thereon erect, maintain and use wharfs, docks, dock yards, elevators, warehouses, bridges, hotels, restaurants, houses and other buildings, terminals and properties, and collect wharfage, storage and other dues and charges for the use thereof; to acquire and utilize any property, water powers, etc., for the purposes of the company, and for the production and supply of electricity for any use, and to sell and dispose of such water and electric power; to locate, acquire, work, develop and dispose of mines and mineral lands, timber and timber lands, to crush, smelt and otherwise treat and dispose of the ore and products of any mine, and to construct and use any buildings and works necessary therefor; to construct and operate tramways and other ways and expropriate any lands required therefore; to construct and operate telegraph and telephone lines for the purposes of the company's business and for public use, and to connect the same with any such lines already constructed; to acquire and dispose of any rights in letters patent, franchises or patent rights for the purposes of the company's undertaking; to acquire land for, and to lay out, establish and control parks and pleasure resorts; to acquire and utilize lands in Canada or elsewhere for the purpose of the company's undertakings and to dispose thereof when not required; to aid settlers upon lands served by the company's railway; to mortgage, pledge or charge any of the assets and property of the company; to issue, sell, pledge or otherwise dispose of from time to time, bonds, common and preferred stock, debentures or other securities of the company; to receive from any government, corporation, company or individual, lands, loans, gifts of money or securities for money or other benefit of any kind in aid of the company's undertakings, and dispose thereof, to make arrangements with any government or municipality respecting exemptions from taxation; to acquire, guarantee, pledge, sell, or otherwise dispose of shares or other securities of any government, corporation, or company, and to enter into contracts with any government, corporation, company or individual in respect of such bonds, shares or other securities, or in respect of the construction, acquisition, or operation of railways, steamship, telegraph or telephone lines or any public or private improvements in any Province of Canada or elsewhere; together with all such other powers and privileges as may have been given to any company having like purposes in view, or as may be incident to or reasonably necessary for the successful carrying out of the undertaking contemplated.

Dated this 15th day of December, A. D. 1902.

JOHN BELL,

Solicitor for Applicants.

No. 214.

CERTIFICATE OF THE REGISTRATION OF AN EXTRA-PROVINCIAL COMPANY.

"Companies Act, 1897."

I hereby certify that the "Edison Mining Company" has this day been registered as an Extra-Provincial Company under the "Companies Act, 1897," to carry out or effect all or any of the objects of the Company to which the legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia extends.

The head office of the Company is situate in the City of Tacoma, County of Pierce, State of Washington, U. S. A.

The amount of the capital of the Company is $1,000,000, divided into $1,000,000 shares of $1.00 each.

The head office of the Company in this Province is situate at Victoria, and Livingston Thompson, Provincial Land Surveyor, whose address is Victoria aforesaid is the attorney for the Company (not empowered to issue or transfer stock.)

The time of the existence of the Company is fifty years.

The Company is limited.

Given under my hand and seal of office at Victoria, Province of British Columbia, this ninth day of December, one thousand nine hundred and two.

(L.S.) S. Y. WOOTTON,

Registrar of Joint Stock Companies.

The following are the objects for which the Company has been established:

To do a general mining business in the United States of America and in the Province of British Columbia, Canada, and for the purpose of doing business in the said Province of British Columbia the said corporation shall be registered in the said Province as an Extra-Provincial Company in accordance with the legislative authority of the Legislature of British Columbia; and such general mining business to include the acquisition of mineral claims, locations and properties, either by original location or by purchase or lease; the working and operation of such claims or properties; the building and operation of railroads, motor lines, wagon roads, tramways, wharves and approaches, and any other means of transportation reasonably necessary to the accomplishment of said business; the construction and operations of reduction, smelting and refining works, either separately or in conjunction with any other person, persons or corporations; to apply to the proper authorities of any town, city, county or government, in the United States of America or in the Province of British Columbia, in which the said corporation may extend its business, or may hereafter intend to extend it, for a grant or any rights, power, privilege or franchise for the maintenance and operation thereof; to accept, receive, own, hold, lease and sell and to dispose of all and singular the same; to acquire by purch