

40TH YEAR, NO. 483.

LONDON, ONTARIO, SATURDAY, MARCH 14, 1903.

WHOLE NO. 16844.

DEBATE ON GAMEY CHARGES CONTINUED BY SUTHERLAND

Expected That a Division Will
Be Taken Next Tuesday.

WAS DR. REAUME APPROACHED?

Claims He Was Offered a Speakership
So That Tory Vote Might
Be Reduced.

[From Our Own Reporter.]

Toronto, March 13.—There were no very sensational developments at today's session of the Legislature, although large crowds had gathered in expectation of hearing some further exciting disclosures.

On the opening of the house Mr. Whitney called attention to the Globe's report of Thursday afternoon's proceedings. The Globe's heading, he claimed, misrepresented him, it reading, "(Mr. Whitney) Declares in His Speech That in Choosing the Chief Justices of the High Court, the Government is Loading Dice." The unfairness of this, he claimed, would be apparent on comparison with the wording of his speech in the body of the report.

The only notable feature was the statement made by Dr. Reaume, of North Essex, that he had been approached by a Liberal member of the Legislature and sounded as to the possibility of his accepting the speakership of the house if it were offered to him, the object being to lessen the number of Conservative votes in the house.

Donald Sutherland, who concluded the speech begun by him on Thursday afternoon, reviewed the election trial in which he had figured, and read affidavits of men who claimed to have received offers of money for perjury, and to be used against Sutherland in the election trial. One was that of E. W. Chambers, of Woodstock, who declared that J. B. Jackson, of Ingersoll, offered him \$2,000 to perjure himself. Affidavits were also made from two men who had been concealed in Chambers' house and overheard Jackson's offer.

Mr. Sutherland incidentally alleged that J. B. Jackson had been prosecuted some years ago for perjury, but was saved from conviction only by the disappearance of important court records. He also stated that James L. Vance, one of the Liberal members, was practicing law in Ingersoll, embezzled \$3,000 from the high school board, of which he was treasurer, and had misappropriated \$200 of a client's money, for which he had lost his gown.

The last speaker of the day was Mr. H. J. Pettipiece, who neatly turned the tables on the Opposition leader by quoting from the Mail and Empire's report a similar rendering of the phrase "loaded dice," which had roused Mr. Whitney's ire in the Globe. This narration brought the leader to his feet in an indignant protest against the speaker's ruling, which had allowed Mr. Pettipiece to read the objectionable quotation.

"The honorable gentleman has done what he dare not do in any other place," said Mr. Whitney.

"My honorable friend is very bold today," said the Premier, rising. "What does he mean by this talk of the member not daring to do certain things? Does he mean that he is going to play the role of a prize fighter on the floor of the house?"

Mr. Whitney, laughing in a good-humored manner, raised his shut fist toward the Premier, who retorted, "I do not intend that the leader of the Opposition should be so bold."

"I do not intend to say anything that seems to me proper regarding his actions or utterances," was Mr. Pettipiece's next remark.

Speaker Charlton, at this juncture rose and addressed the house briefly. He had, he said, allowed the speakers to take a wide range in debating the question before the house. He must, however, observe the rules of the house. The member for Dundas (Mr. Whitney) having stated that he had not used the expression attributed to him, the house was obliged to receive the statement.

Mr. Pettipiece then proceeded with his address. Although he had listened

COLD FEET, HANDS OR HEADACHES ARE FATAL TO AUTO-SUGGESTION

Extraordinary Results Obtained
by People of Strong Will—
Indian Fakir Tricks.

Paris, March 13.—Dr. Felix Regnaud contributes an article to the forthcoming number of Le Reve, on psychological gymnastics, and the education of the will, in which he deals lengthily with auto-suggestion, and gives hints of the practice thereof. He says it is necessary for success to withdraw the mind from external things and to avoid noise and conversation, while such disturbing sensations as cold feet and headaches are fatal to achieving complete control of the will. According to Dr. Regnaud, night is the best time to engage in auto-suggestion, just when you are dropping off to sleep. The first thing to do is to think hard and engage in mental repetition. Those endowed with a strong will have obtained extraordinary results by this method, such as controlling the muscles, moving the ears, and quickening or stopping the beating of the heart. The writer cites well-known marvelous feats performed by Indian fakirs, which, he claims, can be imitated by Europeans through auto-suggestion. It is possible when the will is thus completely exercised to pierce the flesh without pain and without the blood flowing, although when the will is not paramount the same experiments will suffer and bleed. Similarly misanthropic persons may become gay, the lazy may become active and the passionate may become reasonable by education of the will. A simpler and easier method is to repeat aloud me-

WHITTAKER WRIGHT AGAIN

Was Once Mixed Up With American
"Get Rich" Concerns.

Philadelphia, March 14.—Whittaker Wright, the director of the Tunnel and Globe Finance Corporation, had a brief career in financial circles in this city about fifteen years ago. He lived in elegant style from 1887 to 1891 at Haverford, a fashionable suburb. About 1885 he rented an office in the old Merchants' Exchange building, now the stock exchange, and began business as a broker in cotton, grain and petroleum. He was not a member of the stock exchange, but was identified with various "get-rich-quick" concerns. He disappeared from Philadelphia in 1891.

GREAT BRITAIN BLAMES BULGARIA

The Sultan Not Held Responsible
for Balkan Trouble.

LORD LANSDOWNE'S SPEECH

Measures Are Being Taken to Dis-
courage the Agitation of the
Revolutionaries.

London, March 14.—During a discussion in the House of Lords Thursday on Macedonian affairs, the Marquis of Lansdowne, Secretary for Foreign Affairs, laid the responsibility for the present troubles at the feet of the Bulgarian revolutionary committees, and not at the door of Turkey. Speaking of the far-reaching international consequences of a conflagration in the Balkans, Lord Lansdowne said the Bulgarian Government had recently come to a realization of the serious consequences that might result from the action of the revolutionary committees, and had taken measures to discourage the agitation. Great Britain, he said, was constantly impressing upon Bulgaria that it should be small and that its duty was to check the revolutionary movement.

Lord Spencer, the Liberal leader in the House of Lords, said he considered that the Sultan could be held responsible for the present condition of affairs by a stroke of his pen, and he must therefore be held responsible. He hoped the Government would get the other powers to join Great Britain in seeing to it that the Sultan carried out his promises, and in case he did not do so, to press him further.

BURDICK INQUEST HAS COMMENCED

Only One Witness at a Time
Admitted to Room.

SUICIDE OUT OF THE QUESTION

The Doctors Think He Was Killed
About 2 A. M., Which Would
Nullify "Lone Woman" Theory.

Buffalo, March 14.—The inquest into the murder of Edwin L. Burdick was begun in the police court at police headquarters today. Judge Murphy presided. The room in which the proceedings were held is small and only a limited number of persons were allowed in the room, admission being by ticket issued by Supt. Bull.

Only one witness at a time was admitted to the court room, a precaution demanded by the law.

Dr. Howland, deputy medical examiner, was the first witness, and in his testimony stated that Dr. Marv, Burdick's family physician, requested him, if possible, to make his report slow that Burdick's death was due to suicide. After examining the body Dr. Howland informed Dr. Marv that suicide was out of the question. Dr. Howland stated that from the condition of the body he believed that Burdick was killed about 2 a. m. This is important, as it would tend to nullify the statements made to the district attorney by the "lone woman," Reid regarding her "lone woman."

Detective Hollmund was the next witness, in reply to a question he said that he wanted the impression made that he did not want the affair made any more public than was necessary. He did talk with Mrs. Hull, Burdick's mother-in-law. She had kept quiet, he said, and he could not get near her.

RICH FIND IN WEST

Another Great Area of Coal Lands Has
Been Discovered.

Vancouver, B. C., March 14.—Another great area of coal and petroleum lands has been discovered on Flat Head River, south of Kootenay. The same belt as Crow's Nest Pass. There has been a stampede to the place and 220 miles of coal lands have been staked out. The coal is said to be of exactly the same quality as that at Crow's Nest Pass. Most of the locators are Americans.

Guelph Fat Stock Club.

Guelph, March 14.—At the annual meeting of the Guelph Fat Stock Club held here there was a good attendance, and Mr. J. M. Duff, manager of the Bank of Commerce, was in the chair. The officers were all re-elected. Messrs. Duff, Hewer and Millar were appointed to draft letters of condolence to the family of the late James Taylor, ex-president, and the late Thomas Holliday, one of the honorary vice-presidents. Lord Dundonald is to be invited to the next winter fair.

FLOOD IN MINE KILLS EIGHT MEN

Terrible Fate of Miners at
Iron Mountain Colliery.

OF TWELVE ONLY FOUR ESCAPE

A Hole Was Accidentally Made Into
Old Workings and Tons of Water
Rushed Through.

Iron Mountain, Mich., March 14.—The Millie mine, in this city, was the scene yesterday of the most horrible accident in the history of this section, as a result of which probably eight lives went out in less time than it takes to tell it.

Twelve men were at work on a cross-cut at the fourth level when they accidentally broke a hole through the wall which separates the new workings from the old. Since the latter were abandoned they have filled with water, and when an opening was made into them the water rushed out in a torrent. In a very short time the level in which the men were at work was filled with water, and so far as is known now, but out of the twelve succeeded in escaping.

One body, that of Henry Jaeger, has already been recovered. Three other men are known to be drowned—Capt. James William John Davey and John Richards, and from the fact that the other four were known to have been at work at the spot have not turned up, it is looked upon as practically certain that their lives, too, were snuffed out.

LOOTED TREASURY, RETURN MONEY

Trick Played by Russian on
the Imperial Government.

WAS PART OF RAILWAY FUND

Portion of Sum Abstracted To Be
Restored to Provide Relief for
the Suffering.

St. Petersburg, March 14.—According to usually well-informed persons at Helsingfors, the order of the Emperor that \$700,000 shall be appropriated from the Finnish treasury for the immediate construction of the railway from Idensalmi to Kayaana in the hunger-stricken district of Northern Finland, has an interesting history.

It appears that the Finnish Government, managed by close economy to save \$2,000,000 for railway extension. When, however, the Russification of Finland was begun in earnest, \$800,000 was subtracted from this amount by Governor-General Bobrikov, with due authority, and it was stated that half of the deducted sum would be devoted to military purposes and half to procuring land for the landless population. This vetoed the beginning of the much-needed Kayaana line. It is now stated at Helsingfors that the restoration of \$700,000 to railway fund is a result of a compromise between the Emperor and the state department, whether American contributions to the Finnish famine relief fund were welcome and how much aid was needed.

It has been explained in Helsingfors that the ambassador's inquiry was transmitted by the Russian Government to the Finnish capital with the understanding that the appropriation of \$700,000 for the Kayaana railway could be arranged and publicly announced.

NATAL REBELS PARDONED

All Persons Accused of Treason Have
Been Pardoned.

Pietermaritzburg, March 14.—A proclamation has been issued by Col. Sir Edward McCallum, governor of Natal, announcing that King Edward had pardoned all persons accused of treason and other offenses arising from the Boer war who have not been tried. His majesty has also pardoned all the offenders of such acts. The special treason court has been dissolved.

The sharper a man is the harder it is to flatter him.

WEATHER BULLETIN

Saturday, March 14.
Sun rises 6:34 a.m. Moon rises 7:58 p.m.
Sun sets 6:22 p.m. Moon sets 7:02 a.m.

Tomorrow: Cloudy and cold.

Toronto, March 13-3 p.m.
The weather is still fair and mild from the lower lakes to the Maritime Provinces, and the cold having now extended as far eastward as Lake Superior.

Minimum and maximum temperatures: Dawson City, 2 below—30; Kamloops, 4 below—16; Calgary, 25 below—4; Battleford, 24 below—3; Winnipeg, 22—30; Port Arthur, 14—18; Parry Sound, 24—4; Toronto, 34—41; Ottawa, 30—42; Montreal, 34—38; Quebec, 32—38; Halifax, 38—40.

Saturday, March 14.

FORECASTS.

Tonight—Local showers or snow flurries, and turning cold.

Sunday—Cloudy and cold; local snow flurries.

Temperatures. 8 a.m. Weather.
Calgary 18 Clear
Winnipeg 24 Fair
Toronto 30 Cloudy
Ottawa 32 Cloudy
Montreal 34 Cloudy
Quebec 32 Cloudy
Father Point 34 Cloudy

The sign means "below zero."

WEATHER NOTES.
The Northwest cold wave is now spreading eastward, and conditions are favorable for a change to colder weather to night in Ontario, and by Sunday in Quebec. A disturbance appears to be forming in the Gulf of Mexico.

Local temperatures: Friday—Highest, 47°; lowest, 36.5°.

BOURBON FOR THE KING

A Barrel of Kentucky Rye En Route
for Windsor Castle.

Baltimore, March 14.—There arrived in transit here Thursday from Cincinnati, a barrel of whiskey addressed to his majesty King Edward of England. It is stored on a wharf belonging to the Atlantic Transport Company, and will be shipped in the next steamer for London. The barrel is the average size for long-distance shipping and contains 45 gallons of good Bourbon.

This is the same kind of liquor previously purchased by his majesty and shipped to him since his accession to the throne. It is the real Kentucky brand.

PRUSSIAN DIET ON LOTTERIES

State Lottery Is Defended, as
It Gives Big Revenue.

Held to Be Morally Right

The Revenue Can Be Used to Build
Churches and Defray Expenses of
Charitable Institutions.

Berlin, March 14.—The Prussian Diet was engaged in a solemn debate this week over the adoption of another clause to the state lottery, proposed by Finance Minister Von Rheinbaben, who executed the intricate and mathematical proportions involved in Prussia's great gambling institution that yields the state something like \$2,500,000 a year. All the speakers opposed the lottery in principle, but only one advocated the abolition of the state lottery. Lotteries have a definite place in the finance systems of most of the German states, and the Finance Minister observed that Prussia abandoned her lottery the Prussians would spend just as much money on the lotteries of other states. It is estimated that the various states take in \$12,500,000 in this way.

Abundant literature is circulated affirming that it is not only morally proper for a state to invest in a lottery, but that it is its duty not to omit any chance to provide for its family. Besides the Government lottery, there are numerous private lotteries, authorized by the state, for public or semi-public purposes, such as building churches or defraying the expenses of charitable undertakings. Retired army officers and other able-bodied men are authorized agents for the sale of lottery tickets, as being a business which is not only good for a social standpoint, but which also is profitable.

CZAR'S MANIFESTO IS FAR-REACHING

Great Interest in British Political
Circles.

FAVORABLE VIEWS OF PRESS

Pointed Out, However, That Adminis-
tration of the Laws Is What Most
Requires Reform.

London, March 14.—The Czar's manifesto has created a great sensation in political circles in England. Its results are considered wide-reaching and of incalculable benefit to Russia.

The Daily Telegraph says: "Again the Czar has issued a manifesto which must awaken interest throughout the world, and may even form a landmark in history. From any view point the proclamation must be accepted as the most remarkable statement of domestic policy which has been made from the throne for a generation. Of course, Russia is ripe, not so much for any thing like our great reform bill as for a political Magna Carta, leading up to such elementary commencement of national self-government as this country entered upon six centuries ago, and it is from this point of view that the Czar's manifesto must be judged."

The Daily News says: "The manifesto breathes freedom for every branch of life—politics, industry and religion. It heralds the dawn of a new era. It may be the beginning of the day when Russia shall be able to add freedom to force, and so add one more to the great progressive nations of the world."

The Daily Chronicle says: "The manifesto will be welcome to all Liberals, even if they cannot quite agree with Russian newspapers in comparing it with the emancipation of the serfs. We have always to remember that in Russia, almost as much as in Turkey, the administration, rather than law, needs reform."

NEW MILITIA ORDERS

The Essex Fusiliers May Be Enlarged
to Eight Companies.

Windsor, Ont., March 14.—Canada's militia list for the current year has reached Windsor, and the pamphlet officially hints that the Essex Fusiliers may be enlarged to eight companies, that number of companies having been gazetted. An effort will be made shortly to organize the two additional companies.

A bill is proposed in the German Reichstag to prohibit the use of phosphorus in making matches on the ground that the Government has acquired the patent of a new lighting substance harmless to the health of the employees, and has placed it at the disposal of the match factories.

CHAMBERLAIN HOME AGAIN; RECEIVES GRAND WELCOME

112 Years Old.

Washington, March 14.—"Auntie" Van Dyke, Brooklyn's oldest inhabitant, held a reception yesterday afternoon at the Lincoln Mission, 1899 Atlantic avenue, in honor of her 112th birthday, which, however, according to the records, will not occur until tomorrow.

"Auntie" was born a slave on the farm of Daniel Cortelyou, in New Utrecht, if the record in an old book of the Cortelyou family is authentic, on March 14, 1791. She was married to a slave named Van Dyke and had eight children, all of whom were born and died in slavery. For several years she has been living with a family named Brown at 1810 Atlantic avenue. Her faculties are remarkably well preserved for a woman of her extreme age, and she occasionally walks unattended to St. Stephen's Episcopal Church in Jefferson avenue and to the Lincoln Mission. She says she remembers seeing Gen. Washington coming on horseback out of the New Utrecht farm to see her master. She also says that she distinctly remembers the war of 1812.

SLOWLY PETERING OUT

The C. P. R. Say the Strike Is Now
Much Less Serious.

Montreal, March 14.—The strike at Vancouver is, according to latest advice received at the general offices of the C. P. R., slowly petering out. The condition of affairs is not at this moment regarded as serious. It is expected that there will be, in a day or two, little difficulty on the part of the company in handling the business. Men have been offered every large center and the company would have no difficulty in filling the places of all the strikers. However, the management would prefer to avoid an amicable settlement which would allow of the resumption of work by men who have been already acquainted with the strike and the nature of the business to be done.

As the management said yesterday, the object of the company always had been to get along on the best possible terms with their employees, and at points with satisfaction to the cordial relations which at present and for years have been sustained between employer and employee.

ENGINE CREW HELPLESS

While Fast Train Rushes Through
Mountain Tunnel.

Mahanoy City, Pa., March 14.—With the engineer and fireman stretched helplessly unconscious on the cab floor, a fast Philadelphia and Reading Railway freight raced through dense fumes of deadly gas in Mahanoy tunnel Thursday.

Out on the train, the remaining members of the crew, the brakemen, made a gallant fight against the overpowering influence of the gas, but they, too, finally sank back overcome, leaving the train to "wild cat" its way the entire length of the tunnel, a distance of nearly a mile.

When the train opened the cool air had a reviving effect upon the fireman who opened his eyes to a full sense of the danger of a wreck. Crawling upon hands and knees, he managed to reach the throttle and stop the train a short distance from the mouth of the tunnel. The affected trainmen were sent to their homes in Tamaqua, where physicians succeeded in restoring them to consciousness. It is feared he will never awaken from the profound stupor in which he lies.

When the special bearing Linden-45 gallons of good Bourbon. In Tamaqua, they were delayed considerably by a light engine which refused to yield the right of the track, despite repeated signals. An investigation revealed Engineer Charles Geary dead from heart failure with his hand grasping the throttle.

OLD RESIDENT OF THIS CITY DROPS DEAD IN HIS OFFICE

Sudden Death of Mr. E. North,
Prominent Contractor.

Found by His Son About 10:30 This
Morning—Spent Life in London.

Ebenezer North, the prominent contractor, dropped dead this morning in his office, corner Wellington and Grosvenor streets. Mr. North had been in his usual good health, and his son was in an adjoining office at the time of his death. The son, Mr. Reuben North, had seen his father but a few minutes before, and on re-entering his father's office he found him lying dead where he had fallen, heart failure being the cause.

The deceased was one of London's oldest residents, having come here when a very young man. He was 70 years of age, perhaps 50 of which he

ZOLA'S CURIOS SOLD

His Defense of Dreyfus Caused a Poor
Attendance of Buyers.

Paris, March 13.—The auction of the furniture and curios belonging to the late Emile Zola was concluded Thursday. The total sum realized was 152,375 francs. It has been said in many quarters that the collection contained nothing worthy of a connoisseur's notice, and hence the comparatively paltry sum realized. Other persons de-

Cheering Crowds Greet His
Arrival at Southampton.

BRITAIN'S EMPIRE STATESMAN

Premier Balfour and the Cabinet Meet
Him at London—Mrs. Chamber-
lain Warmly Received.

London, March 14.—"Southampton Welcomes Home Britain's Statesman" in huge letters, surrounded and intertwined with Union Jacks and Stars and Stripes, was the motto that greeted Colonial Secretary Chamberlain and Mrs. Chamberlain on landing at Southampton this morning from South Africa. The travelers had a magnificent greeting. The quays were elaborately decorated, the ships were dressed in rainbow fashion and rounds of cheering and the blowing of whistles and sirens greeted the inner Norman as she passed up Southampton water with Mr. and Mrs. Chamberlain, accompanied by Lord Selborne, First Lord of the Admiralty, standing on the promenade deck.

So soon as the steamer was warped to her dock Mr. Chamberlain's family went on board the Norman. They were shortly afterwards followed by the mayor and corporation of Southampton, who welcomed the travelers. The mayor's daughter then handed a bouquet to Mrs. Chamberlain, and a procession was formed, with the mayor's daughter coming after them, and walked through cheering crowds to the reception hall. Mr. Chamberlain was bronzed, but he looked very thin, and appeared to have aged considerably. The Colonial Secretary showed evident pleasure at the heartiness of the welcome. The party then entered carriages and drove through the thronged and decorated streets to Hartley Hall, the scene of so many previous functions connected with the South African war. There an address of welcome was presented to Mr. Chamberlain, who in the course of his reply, named the country not to overestimate the results he had actually achieved. He was hopeful and even confident that the Dutch of South Africa would hereafter loyally take their place as members of the empire to which they now belong, but it could not be expected that the long record of vacillation and weakness which led to the war would be wiped out in the twinkling of an eye.

Subsequently Mr. Chamberlain and his party took a train for London, where a large crowd awaited their arrival. Premier Balfour and practically the whole cabinet were present at Waterloo railroad station to meet Mr. Chamberlain. The greetings which he received were everywhere most cordial. Mrs. Chamberlain came in for a share of the welcome. Special cheers were given for her and in the greeting of the deputations from Birmingham, London and the Solent, she was especially mentioned. Referring to this in the course of his reply to the Birmingham delegates, Mr. Chamberlain said: "I thank you very much for including, as indeed you should, the name of my wife. It is indeed true that her companionship has been of the greatest assistance. I hardly know how I could have got through the great task I undertook but for her co-operation."

BIG BAND TOURNAMENT

Michigan and Ontario Bands to Com-
pete at Windsor.

Windsor, Ont., March 14.—President Hartnell, of the Windsor Hotelmen's Association, states that one thousand dollars has been subscribed for a band tournament to be held in this city on May 22 and 24. It is thought that over a thousand dollars additional may be secured in some other way, and with this money it is proposed to offer three prizes for first and second class bands. The competition will be open to bands in Ontario and Michigan.

had spent in this locality. He was born in Lincolnshire, England. He early learned the brick-laying and contracted for a large number of the building in this city as well as in this county, and was well known throughout the whole district.

For many years he took a prominent part in politics, always being a staunch supporter of the Liberal party. He was of that calibre that he enjoyed a good honest political fight and he rendered valuable assistance in more than one election. A great host of friends he had and everybody respected him. His death will therefore be learned with exceeding regret by the community.

The deceased had built up a good business, and in his dealings with men he was known for his honesty and fairness.

He leaves one son and one daughter, besides a widow, to mourn his sudden loss. The son is Mr. Reuben North, who is manager of the business, and Mrs. Wright, of Kerwood. The funeral arrangements have not yet been made, but will be announced later.

claire that the sale was deliberately boycotted by most amateurs and society members, apparently because of M. Zola's championship of Dreyfus. It is remarkable that among the modern looks in the library, Waldeck's "Questions Sociales," containing an autograph dedication brought the highest price, notwithstanding there were first editions of other works with characteristic autographs of Flaubert, Maupassant, Tourgeniév and Daudet. An illuminated breviary of the "Abbot of Moissac," a work of the early fifteenth century, realized 4,900 francs. This breviary contains twenty miniatures and an extremely large number of illuminated capitals.