own upon the counter
d swore an oath that he
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ly armed, and on going
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d one Duffy, and swore
ras the man to be killed.
hvalry he shook his fist
d him to go and arm
to kill him before the
next thing Mr. Johnson
g with his antagonist in
grappled with the re-
d appeared to fall; but
egie movement. With
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it down upon the floor.
nap it, and the next
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ent. "D——n you,"
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News.

Hibernian.'

POINT, July 25.
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Monday morning.
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THE ATLANTIC CABLE.

ENGLAND UNITED TO AMERICA.

The Cable in Perfect Working Order.

News from England to the 27th inst.

TREATY OF PEACE BETWEEN PRUSSIA AND AUSTRIA SIGNED.

DALHOUSIE, N. B., July 29.

Mr. Craig has kindly allowed the operator to send the following:—The Great Eastern left Sheerness on Saturday, noon, June 30, and arrived at Berehaven on Thursday morning, July 5, and there received the balance of her coal and provisions. The other steamers accompanying the telegraph fleet joined the Great Eastern at Berehaven as follows:—William Corry and Terrible, Friday, the 6th; Albany, the 7th; Medway, Tuesday, the 10th.

Saturday, 7th July.—The end of the Irish shore cable was landed from the William Corry at 2.30. Next morning the laying was successfully completed, and the end buoyed in 94 fathoms, lat 51° 40, long. 110° 6. Distance from the telegraph house at Valentia 27½ miles; 29½ miles of cable paid out.

On the 11th inst., Her Majesty's ship Raccoon arrived at Berehaven to render all assistance in her power.

Thursday 12.—The Great Eastern, Medway, Albany, Terrible and Raccoon sailed from Berehaven. A religious service was held at Valentia and prayers offered for the successful laying of the cable.

Friday, July 13.—The shore cable spliced to the main cable on board the Great Eastern at 2:40 p. m. The telegraph fleet started for Newfoundland, and the Raccoon returned to Valentia. The telegraph fleet sailed in the following order:—Terrible ahead of the Great Eastern on the starboard bow, Medway on the starboard quarter. Weather thick, foggy and heavy rain. Signals through cable on board the Great Eastern and to the telegraph house at Valentia.

Saturday, July 14, distance run 108 miles, cable paid out 126. Sunday, 15, distance run 128 miles, paid out 139, Monday, 16 distance run 115 miles, paid out 137. Tuesday, 17, distance run 118 miles, paid out 138.—Wednesday, 18, distance run 105, miles, paid out 123. Thursday, 19, distance run 122 miles, paid out 129 Friday, 20, distance run 119 miles, paid out 127. Saturday, 21, distance run 122 miles, paid out 136. Sunday, 22, distance run 123 miles, paid out 133.—Monday, 23, distance run 121 miles, paid out 138. Tuesday, 24, distance run 121 miles, paid out 135. Wednesday, 25, distance run 112 miles, paid out 130. Thursday, 26, distance run 128 miles, paid out 134. Friday, 27, distance run 112 miles, paid out 118; with the shore end off Valentia (distance 27 miles, cable paid out 29 miles) makes the total distance run 1,669 miles and paid out 1,864 miles.

Arrived at Heart's Content at 8 a. m., July 27th. The average speed of the ship from the time the splice was made until we saw land was a little less than five nautical miles an hour, and the cable has been paid out at an average of five and one half miles per hour. Total slack less than twelve per cent.

The weather has been more unpleasant than I have ever known it on the Atlantic at this season of the year. We have had alternate days of rain, sometimes fog and squalls.

We are in direct communication with Venetia since the splice was made on the 13th instant, and have daily received news from Europe which was posted up on the outside of the telegraph office for the information of all on board the *Great Eastern*, and signalled to the other ships.

After taking in coal the telegraph fleet will sail for the spot where the cable was lost last year and recover the end and complete a second line between Ireland and Newfoundland, and then the Medway will proceed to lay the new cable across the Gulf of St. Lawrence.

Cable will be open for business in a few days and all messages sent to Europe in the order they are received at Heart's Content.

I cannot find words suitable to convey my admiration for the men who have so ably conducted the enterprise.

HEART'S CONTENT, July 27, *via* Asby Bay, 29th.—The London *Times* of the 27th says of the telegraph:—"It is a great work, the glory of the age. The nations, and they who have achieved it deserve to be honored as benefactors of their race."

A treaty of peace has been signed between Austria and Prussia. A previous telegram says that a five days' armistice between Austria and Prussia commenced at noon on the 23rd. There was fighting on the 22nd, the Austrians claiming a victory.

Earl Shaftesbury had protested in the House of Commons (?) against the reform meeting.

In a discussion on the tariff Sir John Pakington admitted that England was behind other nations.

A severe engagement took place on the 20th, off the Island of Lisa; the Austrians claimed a victory. They sunk the Italian iron-clads, running down one and blowing up three.

HEART'S CONTENT, July 27.—*To his Excellency President Johnson, Washington, D. C.*

SIR,—The Atlantic cable was successfully completed this morning. I hope that it will prove a blessing to England and the United States, and increase the intercourse between our country and the eastern hemisphere.

Yours faithfully,
CYRUS W. FIELD.

WASHINGTON, July 29.—*To Cyrus W. Field, Heart's Content:*

I heartily congratulate you, and trust that your enterprise may prove as successful as your efforts have been persevering. May the cable under the sea tend to promote harmony between the republic of the west and the government of the eastern hemisphere.

(Signed) ANDREW JOHNSON.

HEART'S CONTENT, Friday, July 27.—P. M.—C. W. Field says there have been riots in London on account of the refusal of the government to allow Reform meetings in Hyde Park. A daily paper has been published on the Great Eastern.

ASPY BAY, C. B, Sunday, July 29, 8:30 P. M.—All despatches from Europe *via* Heart's Content and Port au Basque being mainly relative to the successful laying of the cable have been forwarded by telegraph from this point, and the news yacht sailed this afternoon on her return to Port au Basque.

Another vessel will arrive to-morrow, Monday, morning, from Port au Basque, with further advices from the cable and Europe. The telegraph lines are in good working order.

☞ The American champion rower, Hammill, has been beaten a second time by Kelly, the English champion, at Newcastle on Tyne, who headed him at the close of the race by a quarter of a mile.

EX TU, BRUTE!—The New York Herald of the 17th instant, contains the following unkind cut: "Head Centre Stephens has been arrested in Boston for debt; released on bail; surrendered by his bondsman; put in jail and bailed out again. Where are the army and navy of the Irish Republic while the Head Centre is being subjected to such indignities? Where are the Fenian bonds with which the Head Centre could pay his debts if he had them? And why is the Boston jail so much more difficult to escape from than at Dublin?"

☞ The Atlantic Mail Steamship Co. have decided to increase their capital stock from $4,000,000 to $8,000,000.

Further of the Atlantic Telegraph.

ASPY BAY, N. S., July 30.

The Superintendent of the Newfoundland line arrived here at 9 o'clock this morning, with a message from the Queen of Great Britain to the President of the United States, dated Osborne, July 27.

OSBORNE, July 27, 1866.

To the President of the United States, Washington:—

The Queen congratulates the President on the successful completion of an undertaking which she hopes may serve as an additional bond of union between the United States and England.

To which the following reply was sent:

EXECUTIVE MANSION,
WASHINGTON, July 30,—11:30 a. m.

To Her Majesty the Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland:

The President of the United States acknowledges with profound gratification the receipt of Her Majesty's despatch, and cordially reciprocates the hope that the cable which now unites the eastern and western hemispheres may serve to strengthen and to perpetuate peace and amity between the Government of England and the Republic of the United States.

(Signed) ANDREW JOHNSON.

London and San Francisco to be Placed in Direct Communication To-Night!

New York, July 30.—San Francisco, California, and London, England, will be placed in direct communication by magnetic telegraph, to-night, at about ten o'clock Congratulatory messages will be exchanged between the respective Mayors.

Riot at New Orleans.

Great Destruction of Life.

THE NEGROES INSOLENT.

NEW ORLEANS, July 30, noon.

A fearful state of excitement prevails in this city. The police are behaving in the most exemplary manner and trying to prevent lynching and mobbing. W. R. Fish has just been driven out of the convention and carried to the lockup by a double guard of police, amid the cheers of the populace and cries of hang him. The excitement throughout the entire city is unparalleled.

1 P. M.—The president of the recalled convention of 1864 and the members thereof are being one by one arrested and confined.

1:45 P. M.—The most intense excitement now prevails all over the city. Individual firing is going on in Common, Canal and Dryades streets. Three negroes have been killed on Dryades street and two on Common street. Two whites are reported wounded. An immense police force is out and using all possible efforts to quell the riot.

2 P. M.—A large number of negroes, armed in every conceivable manner, but principally with clubs, are assembled in front of the Mechanics' Institute. The convention has met, and the mayor's proclamation is now being well observed by the whites.

3:15 P. M.—The rioting in the city is partially suspended, the police surround the building where the convention is held, which is full of negroes. The police are trying to get them out, but the populace are very belligerent. Dr Dostie and John Henderson, jun., have just been brought out of the building dead and carried off in carts, and it is doubtful if many are got of it alive.

3:30 p.m.—The populace surround the building where the convention is being held. There is an immense number of negroes inside and outside the building. Outside the police and the people quickly became the masters of the situation, and commenced to be siege the building. Those inside the building seeing themselves closely besieged hung out a flag of truce whereupon the police ascended to protect the members of the convention, but no sooner had they marched into the Hall than the parties inside opened an indiscriminate fire upon them. The flag of truce was then no longer respected, and every visible head in the building is now being fired upon.

4 P. M.—The fearful work continues. It is not however known how many persons are in the building. Arrests continue to be made by the police and the crowd continues to gather in force. Fred. Shaw and John Henderson, jr. were not killed as reported, but badly wounded.

The *Times* extra says the riot was occasioned by one of the freedmen's processions this morning stoning a white man and stripping him. The policemen, supposing the man had been struck, advanced and arrested the supposed assassin. They were met with a volley of pistol shots and which at once induced a general alarm and thence the bloody tragedy that has been enacted. All the lock ups are filled with the arrested rioters, and the hospitals with the dying and wounded. The city is perfectly quiet. The crowds on the different thoroughfares near the convention building have all been dispersed at the point of the bayonet.

Destructive Fire in Buffalo.

Buffalo, July 30.—We this afternoon have to chronicle a most destructive conflagration, resulting in the loss of property to the amount of nearly half a million. The propeller City of Buffalo, while unloading at the Sturgis elevator, opposite the foot of Washington street, took fire a little after 12 o'clock to-day, and the flames speedily communicated to the elevator itself.

The fire is supposed to have taken in the fire hold of the vessel, though nothing was positively known as to its origin.

What They all Want.

It is the infirmity of the crowned heads of Europe, just now, to be afflicted with something more than the average "wants" of covetous man, and to obtain those wants the most of them are taking up arms, and leading their subject to mutual slaughter.

Let us see:

Prussia wants Holstien, and to diminish the Austrian influence in Germany.

Austria wants Holstein to be let alone, and Count Bismark to mind his own business.

Victor Emanuel wants Venetia. He also wants the Emperor of Austria to take himself out of Northern Italy altogether.

Louis Napoleon wants the Rhine for a French frontier. He also wants to upset the "detested treaties" of 1815. He expects to have that want gratified as soon as opportunity offers, which, according to present appearances, will not be long.

The Czar of Russia has little want, too. He wants a slice off Turkey, which would add to the Moldo-Wallachian territory. The Bear is a hungary, ravenous creature, but he never springs until he is sure of his pray. Like the Gallic cook, he will be a looker-on at the start, and only come into the ring when the original competitors are so used up as to be incapable of saying nay to him.

The "people" have their wants, too—but alas! their time is not yet come. They are the mere paws on the chess board, and must be content to "want" nothing until the kings play out, to the end, their bloody game. When that will be, or what it will be, no man can tell—but it is worth living a few years longer to see how the the thing is going to turn out.

NIGHT WORK.

Many of the most brutal murders and greatest crimes committed in the city of New York, are perpetrated by persons under twenty-five years of age; this shows a very early corruption of morals, and as an eminent jurist once said, is easily traceable to the habit of being from home after dark. Lord Shaftesbury stated that in nearly all the cases of great crimes which came before the courts, the evidence showed that the moral character became vitiated between the ages of eight and sixteen. These two terrible facts put together should make every city parent, especially, tremble; and if it should lead to the adoption of the following suggestions it will save many a heart from going down in sorrow to the grave, or from an embittered age

Do not allow your children to form the habit of "going home" to spend the night with their companions—no, not once in a year.

Keep them out of the street after sundown, unless you are with them.

Do all that is possible to have a loving, cheerful, and happy fireside, as a means of winning them from the street. Much can be done in this direction by providing amusements, and having the children occupied in something interesting, profitable, or new.

Keep the birthdays; let them be occasions of harmless festivities; arrange that all the holidays, too, shall be observed appropriately. Little parties now and then to those of their own age, is a source of much delight to children, and they may be so conducted as to be of great benefit morally, socially, and physically.

Let the father and mother remember that the exhibition before their children of a loving, affectionate, and quiet deportment towards one another in the home circle is a powerful bond of union in a family; the very sight of it wakes affectionate sympathies in the hearts of children, and cherishes the same delightful feelings in themselves and soon that house becomes the home of love and quiet delight; within half a mile of us there are quite a number of families of this sort, some of them among the wealthiest in the city, but it is singular to observe that in almost every case it is in consequence of the mother's all pervading influence—mothers who are quiet, gentle, ladylike, but firm in the right always. Many homes are made distasteful to children by incessant restrictions and criticisms, by innumerable rules and regulations. A household is better regulated by an affectionate pliancy than by an inflexible rigidity; yielding in nonessentials, but firm as a rock in all questions of right and wrong. The night work from eight to sixteen determines the life character of millions. —*Hall's Journal.*

PROGRESS OF LEGISLATION.

The municipal bills introduced by Messrs Mackenzie and McKellar have become law this session. In order to expedite the passage of these bills, the Upper House struck a Special Committee, some time since, to consider them in Committees of both Houses—in fact, have been proceeding with this consideration and reviewing each other's amendments daily, with a view of agreeing on the same amendments. The Assessment Bill has passed the Committee of the Whole with very few amendments, and will be read a third time to-night. The Municipal Bill will probably be taken up in Committee of the Whole to-morrow, and the Government have agreed to place both bills on govern ment orders, when they will reach the Upper House, thus securing their certain passage this session.—*Globe 27th.*

A WHOLE TRAIN FOR ONE DOLLAR.—A convention of publishers is to be held this week at Le Roy. The *Gazette* says: "The duty of the President of the United States is to 'see that the laws are faithfully executed.' The duty of the President of the Editor's Association, after their business session is ended, is to 'see that they have a good time.' In the discharge of this duty we applied to Dean Richmond to know if he could furnish a special train from Le Roy to the Falls direct, and the cost thereof. To this Mr. Richmond, in his characteristic liberal manner, replied through Jerry Haskell, the Receiver at Batavia, that but for the law of the last session against free passes, it would afford him pleasure to give the press of the State a free train—but under the circumstances, as he could not exactly do that, we could have the train on paying the Receiver one dollar! We have accepted the offer."

A Short Chapter of Shame and Misery.

COMPLAINT OF ABDUCTION AND SEDUCTION.

A most startling development of facts transpired in this city yesterday afternoon, which, as set forth in the affidavit of the compainant, shows a terrible state of depravity in the very midst of our society. The brief recital of these facts, as taken from an affidavit made before S. P. Purdy, Esq., by a young girl named Lizzie Cooley, is as follows, charging the crimes of abduction and seduction against John Seely, well known all over the city as "Cheap John." The facts are almost beyond belief, and the trial will be looked forward to with intense interest.

The girl, who is scarcely sixteen years of age at this time, declares that she made the acquaintance of Seely about the 4th of July, one year ago, he having some business with her mother in the matter of second-hand furniture. That she rode out with him occasionally, and one particular day went to Miller's Garden, where he gave her some beer, after which they went to Elmwood Cemetery and remained till nearly dark; that on returning, while she was under the stupefying influence of the liquor, she was taken to some place where her ruin was effected by the defendant.—He then, she says, took her to rooms on Michigan avenue, where he kept her for several months, during which time she did not see her mother at all, and to whom Seely explained the absence of her daughter, by saying she had gone into the country.—He also, it is said, furnished the mother means to go to Lake Superior, where she is now.

Some time ago, on the pretext that he wished to rent the rooms on Michigan avenue, he removed the girl to other apartments on Jefferson avenue where she has remained since. She adds that he has lately abused her shamefully, by beating and otherwise, and that she has been compelled, by his brutality, to come out, declare her shame to the world and seek redress at the hands of the law.

We forbear remarks upon the case, for if it be true the community may well be dumb with horror and shame into which such a state of things will drag the fair fame of our city and its people. It seems incredible that such a state of things should be and continue for so many months in our midst.

The defendant in this case gave bonds in the sum of $2,000 to appear for trial on Monday next.—Detroit Free Press.

☞ Stewart, of New York, is estimated to be worth $50,000,000. By strict economy, we should say that he might be able to get along upon the interest of his money—*only* $3,500,000 a year!

☞ It is said that, at the late Fenian war council at the Roberts and Sweeny headquarters it was determined to inaugurate a new movement of great magnitude immediately, but members are sworn to the strictest secrecy, and the public therefore must await developments.

DROWNED.—A sad accident occurred at the Upper Rapids approaching Lovesick Bay, a few days ago. Mr Joe Smith, of the town ship of Smith, with his little son of about 9 years of age, together with Mr Herbert Samweys, a son in-law of Mr Smith, were working a boat up the current, when the latter, becoming frightened, leaned heavily on one side upsetting the whole into the stream.—Mr Samweys being a large man, and helpless in the water, was carried down the stream and speedily sunk. Mr Smith clung to the boat, and his little son at first kept himself afloat by means of a pack of clothing; but, when finally sinking, by a powerful effort succeeded in clasping his father round the neck, and thus holding on, Mr Smith supporting him self by means of the boat, they floated down into still water, where assistance was rendered by some raftsmen, and they were saved.—[Peterborough Review.

TWO QUESTIONS EASILY ANSWERED.—Why should men wear beards? Because they are a great protection to the throat and lungs, and add much to their personal appearance.

Why should we use "Bryan's Pulmonic Wafers?" Because when used for coughs, colds tickling in the throat, hoarseness, &c., they act like a charm. Ministers and lawyers use them, physicians recommend them, and singers and public speakers say they are the very best medicine in existence for the cure of such complaints. Sold by all medicine dealers, at 25cts. per box.

At Worcester, Mass., a number of lads hung live squirrels to the sides and windows of the car, joining in the call of "Sherman!" "Sherman!" The civilian-dressed General, rising, pointed the boys to a military gentleman in the car, dressed in uniform, whereupon a bright-eyed urchin responded: "Can't come that, General. Can't fool us up here. We take the papers. We know you!" and, convulsed with laughter, the General was coerced to the platform.

☞ Prof. Agassiz is coming home with his head full of hair-splitting names and designations in natural history.

☞ The Duke of Hamilton lately paid $12 500 for a cow.

☞ A general election in England costs two millions sterling.

☞ The Memphis bricklayers have struck for $7 a day.

THE MARKETS.

GODERICH, July 31, 1866.

Spring Wheat	$0:90	@	0.95
Fall do	1:10	@	1:15
Oats	0:20	@	0:00
Flour	6:00	@	6:50
Barley	0:40	@	0:50
Peas	0:40	@	0:45
Sheep	4:00	@	5:00
Beef, ℔ lb	0:08	@	0:10
Hides (green)	4:50	@	0:00
Butter	0:15	@	0:16
Potatoes, new	0:00	@	0.80
Wood	1:75	@	2:25
Hay, new ℔ ton	4:50	@	5:00
Eggs	0:10	@	0:00
Wool	0.32	@	0.35

London, July 27, 1866.

Fall Wheat, ℔ bsh superior	1 20	@	1 30
Spring Wheat, do,	1 12½	@	1 20
Barley, do,	0 45	@	0 00
Oats, do,	0 25	@	0 26

Montreal, July 27, 1866.

Flour—Superior Extra	00	a	8 50
Extra	7 50	a	7 75
Fancy	6 75	a	7 00
Wheat—Canada	1 25	a	1 30
do Western	1 20	a	1 25
Oats—Per 32 lbs	0 36	a	0 38
Barley—Per 48 lbs	0 50	a	0 55
Ashes—Pots	5 42½	a	5 47½
do Pearls, first	6 50	a	6 60

New Advertisements.

PERRY DAVIS' VEGETABLE
PAIN KILLER!
AT THE OLD PRICE.

☞ *BEWARE OF COUNTERFEITS AND WORTHLESS IMITATIONS.*

April 18, 1866. w12 6m

THE GREAT ENGLISH REMEDY

SIR JAMES CLARKE'S
Celebrated Female Pills.
Prepared from a prescription of Sir J. Clarke, M.D., Physician Extraordinary to the Queen.

This invaluable medicine is unfailing in the cure of all those painful and dangerous diseases to which the female constitution is subject. It moderates all excess and removes all obstructions, and a speedy cure may be relied on.

TO MARRIED LADIES

it is peculiarly suited. It will, in a short time, bring on the monthly period with regularity.

Each bottle, price One Dollar, bears the Government Stamp of Great Britain to prevent counterfeits.

CAUTION.

These Pills should not be taken by females during the FIRST THREE MONTHS of Pregnancy, as they are sure to bring on Miscarriage, but at any other time they are safe.

In all cases of Nervous and Spinal Affections, Pains in the Back and Limbs, Fatigue on slight exertion, Palpitation of the Heart, Hysterics and Whites, these Pills will effect a cure when all other means have failed; and although a powerful remedy, do not contain iron, calomel, antimony, or anything hurtful to the constitution.

Full directions in the pamphlet around each package, which should be carefully preserved.

Sole agent for the United States and Canada,
JOB MOSES, Rochester, N.Y.

N. B.—$1.00 and six po-tage stamps, enclosed to any authorized agent will insure a bottle containing fifty Pills, by return mail.

NORTHRUP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W., general agent for Canada.

☞ Sold in Goderich by Parker & Cattle and F. Jordan; Gardiner & Co., Bayfield; James Bentham, Hogerville; J. Packard, Exeter; J. H. Combe, Clinton; E. Hickson, Seaforth, and all Medicine Dealers.

Among the most important of modern medical discoveries stands the

CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER!

As a Family Medicine, it is well and favorably known, relieving thousands from pains in the Side, Back and head, Coughs, Colds, Sore throat, Sprains, Bruises, Cramps in the Stomach, Cholera morbus, Dysentery, Bowel complaints, Burns, Scalds, Frost Bites, &c., &c., &c.

The CANADIAN PAIN DESTROYER has now been before the public for a length of time, and wherever used is well liked, never failing in a single instance to give permanent relief when timely used, and we have never known a single case of dissatisfaction where the directions have been properly followed; but, on the contrary, all are delighted with its operations, and speak in the highest terms of its virtues and magical effects.

We speak from experience in this matter, having tested it thoroughly, and therefore those who are suffering from any of the complaints for which it is recommended may depend upon its being a Sovereign Remedy.

The astonishing efficacy of the Canadian Pain Destroyer in curing the diseases for which it is recommended, and its wonderful success in subduing the torturing pains of Rheumatism, and in relieving Nervous Affections, entitle it to a high rank in the list of remedies for those complaints. Orders are coming in from Medicine Dealers in all parts of the country for further supplies, and each testifying as to the universal satisfaction it gives.

The Canadian Pain Destroyer never fails to give immediate relief. All medicine dealers keep it. Physicians order and use it; and no family will be without it after once trying it.

Price only 25 cents per bott e.

All orders should be addressed to
NORTHRUP & LYMAN,
Newcastle, C. W.,
General Agent for Canada.

☞ Sold in Goderich by Parker & Cattle and F. Jordan; Gardiner & Co., Bayfield; James Bentham, Hogerville; J. Packard, Exeter; J. H. Combe, Clinton; E. Hickson, Seaforth, and all Medicine Dealers. w1b 6m

NOTICE is hereby given that the Partnership heretofore existing between John McPherson and William Farquharson as Blacksmith, is this day dissolved by mutual consent. John McPherson to pay all debts and collect all accounts of the late firm.

JOHN McPHERSON.
WILLIAM FARQUHARSON.

Goderich, June 20th, 1866. w25 3

THE CLINTON
GRAMMAR SCHOOL.

THE Autumn Term of this School will commence on the 13th of August next. The School is now officially recognized and is well supplied with requisite apparatus, maps, &c. Pupils will receive a thorough classical or commercial education as may be desired. As the Inspector is expected in September, it is desirable that all pupils should enter as early in the term as possible. For further information apply to Rev. Robert Brewster, Jas Carmichael, Rev A D McDonald, B Hale, Jos Whitehead and Robt Coates, Esqs., Trustees, or to George Argo, A M, Head Master.

By order of the Board,
A. D. McDONALD, Sec'y.

Clinton, July 25th 186; 1w27

Cottons! Cottons!
COTTONS!

THE SUBSCRIBERS ARE SELLing off Grey Cottons at reduced prices, also

Ladies' and Gents' Straw Hats!

To arrive in a day or two

CHEAP WHITE COTTON.

Lately to hand

Sugars, Teas and Tobaccos.

☞ Give the Cheap Cash Store a call!

ACHESON & SMITH.

Goderich, July 20th, 1866. w19

PROPRIETORS

Of Saw Mills, Woollen Mills, Flour and Grist Mills, Paper Mills, Threshing Machines, Foundries and Machine Shops, &c., &c., &c.,

Use the Lubric Oil!

MANUFACTURED BY US:

It is the Best and Cheapest

Lubricating Oil in the market.

There is less friction with this than with any other oil, and owing to its excellent body a smaller quantity is consumed. While on the other hand

IT NEVER GUMS!

but runs sweet, and keeps the bearings and working parts *smooth and cool.*

Sold by most respectable druggists, General Merchants and Oil Dealers in the country

Ask for the

Brantford Lubric Oil Company's Oil.

JOHN H. STRATFORD,
Manager.

Brantford, July 3, 1866. w23tf

MORTGAGE SALE.

THE North half of Lot No 9, in the 13th Concession of the Township of Stephen, in the County of Huron, containing by admeasurement FIFTY ACRES, be the same more or less,

WILL BE SOLD BY

PUBLIC AUCTION

AT THE

LAW OFFICE of C. S. CORRIGAN,

DUNDAS-ST. WEST,

LONDON, C. W.

ON SATURDAY,

28th day of July, A. D., 1866,

AT 12 O'CLOCK NOON,

Under and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a Mortgage from John Harty and Wife to John Mahon and Arthur S. Emery (acting Executors and Trustees of the last Will and Testament of Adolphus Mahon, deceased), dated the 18th day of June, A. D., 1864.

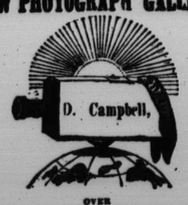
Terms made known at the sale, or at the Office of the Vendors' Solicitor.

C. S. CORRIGAN,
Vendors Solicitor.

P. C. BARNARD,
Auctioneer.

London, July 9th, 1866. w25d

NEW PHOTOGRAPH GALLERY



OVER

ARCHIBALD'S STORE, Crabb's Block,
GODERICH.

SUPERIOR LIGHT AND TASTEFUL ROOMS.

PICTURES taken in every style and in all kinds of weather. Porcelain or Opalotype Pictures, and

THE HELIOARISTOTYPIA,

OR "BEST SUN PICTURE,"

Taken in various styles from $1 50 to $20 (colored in water colours or oil.

Life-Size Photographs taken on reasonable terms—either plain or colored.

☞ PRICES LOWER than elsewhere in Canada.

D. CAMPBELL.

Goderich, June 1, 1866. w27

MORTGAGE SALE
OF
LANDS!

UNDER and by virtue of a Power of Sale contained in a Mortgage made by William Bacon, of the Township of Brant, in the County of Bruce, yeomar, default having been made in the payment thereof, will be sold

On Friday, 10th day of August, 1866,

At the hour of 1 o'clock, p. m., at

Mr. P. C. Barnard's

Auction Rooms, Richmond Street, in the City of London, the following property, Lot number 6, in the fifth concession of the

TOWNSHIP OF BRANT,

IN THE

COUNTY OF BRUCE,

Containing one hundred acres, more or less.

☞ The terms of sale may be ascertained from Mr. Frederick Klein, Formosa, from the Auctioneer, and from

CRONYN & CRONYN,
Vendor's Solicitor's, London

London, C. W., June 25th, 1866. w25t

GREAT SEMI-ANNUAL SALE COMMENCED
AT THE
EMPORIUM!
GOODS CHEAPER THAN EVER!

Splendid Inducements to Cash Customers.

TO PREPARE FOR FALL IMPORTATIONS WE WILL OFFER the balance of our summer stock at Cost for Cash.

SPECIAL BARGAINS
IN
DRESS GOODS AND STRAW GOODS!

HAVING BOUGHT

COTTONS AND PRINTS

Since the recent fall in prices we are prepared to offer them at a reduction of five cents on the yard, on Spring prices.

SUMMER TWEEDS AND LINENS!

At a like reduction. Just received a fresh supply of

DUCHESS KID GLOVES!

JUST OPENED SEVERAL CASES

READY-MADE CLOTHING
BOOTS AND SHOES!

TO ARRIVE NEXT WEEK A LOT OF GENTS'

FELT AND ALL WOOL HATS!

OF THE NEWEST STYLES.

ALSO, A LARGE QUANTITY OF THE

EMPRESS TRAIL SPRING SKIRT!

Being the latest improvement, and the first ever offered for sale in the Town of Goderich.

JOHN C. DETLOR & CO.

☞ WANTED 1000 KEGS OF BUTTER.

Goderich, July 27th, 1865. 16w

5th JULY, 1866.

RECEIVED THIS DAY AT THE

GLASGOW HOUSE!

AND FOR SALE

CHEAP FOR CASH!

50 BUNDLES BESH COTTON YARN!

75 PIECES GREY COTTONS.

THE ABOVE BEING BOUGHT WITH CASH WILL BE SOLD LOW.

STILL ON HAND

300 SETTS HOOP SKIRTS—ALL SIZES.

VERY CHEAP.

THE BALANCE OF OUR LADIES' STRAW HATS AND PARASOLS TA COST OR THEREABOUT.

AN EARLY CALL IS SOLICITED.

D. KERR, JR., & CO.

July 5th, 1866. w24

1866. HARVEST. 1866.

STRATFORD AGRICULTURAL WORKS.

BALLS CELEBRATED OHIO COMBINED

REAPING and MOWING MACHINES

MANUFACTURED BY

JOSEPH SHARMAN,

CARRIED OFF THE PALM AT THE ROYAL HIGHLAND AGRICULTURAL SOCIETY'S EXHIBITION HELD AT INVERNESS, SCOTLAND, LAST YEAR, COMPETING AGAINST MACHINES OF BOTH SCOTCH AND ENGLISH MANUFACTURE.

ALSO AN EXTRA PRIZE FOR A GRAIN BINDER AT THE LATE PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION HELD IN LONDON.

THE BALL'S OHIO MACHINE is so universally known and approved of by the Farmers of Canada, that we deem it unexpedient here to say anything in its favor. It stands unrivalled as a Combined Machine. We would simply say that the success attending our introducing it into the country has induced us to devote our almost sole and undivided attention to its manufacture.

We have this season introduced VALUABLE IMPROVEMENTS, which are not included in any Machines manufactured in the United States or Canada—which we cannot here enumerate—and for which we received EXTRA PRIZES AT THE LATE PROVINCIAL EXHIBITION HELD IN LONDON.

No time, Trouble or Expense spared in perfecting our machines. We have a host of recommendations, which are published in pamphlet form.

Intending purchasers will please leave their orders without delay, in order to secure Machines, as we cannot guarantee them without.

Each Machine will be set up and put in operation if required.

AN AMPLE WARRANTY furnished with each machine. On failing to perform as guaranteed, the money or notes which may have been given therefor, will be refunded.

JOSEPH SHARMAN.

G. M. TRUEMAN, Agent, Goderich.
R. RUNCIMAN, Reference.

(Call for a Catalogue.)

Stratford, June 29th, 1866. w29 4i

MORTGAGE SALE.

UNDER a power of sale contained in a Mortgage made by David Gillies, of the Township of Kinloss, in the County of Bruce, yeoman, and Mary Gillies his wife, (being a party thereto for the purpose of barring her Dower) default having been made in the due payment thereof, and notice having been given to all parties interested, there will be sold on

Thursday, the ninth day of August,

A. D., 1866, at 12 o'clock noon, at the Auction Mart of G. M. TRUEMAN, in the Town of Goderich, the following property, viz: Lot number twenty four, in the second concession of the aforesaid Township of Kinloss, containing by admeasurement one hundred acres of land, more or less.

Deed under power of sale in Mortgage.

M. C. CAMERON,
Solicitor for Mortgagee.

w32d

Insolvent Act of 1864.

In the matter of John Kerr of the Village of Bodmin in the County of Huron an Insolvent.

THE Creditors of the Insolvent are notified that he has made an Assignment of his estate and effects, under the above Act, to me, the undersigned Assignee and they are required to furnish me, within two months from this date, with their claims, specifying the security they hold, if any, and the value of it; and if none, stating the fact; the whole attested under oath, with the vouchers in support of such claims.

Dated at Goderich in the County of Huron this Twentieth day of July, 1866.

S. FULLOCK,
Official Assignee for H. & B.

w32 3w

COLTS ESTRAY.—Strayed from the premises of the subscriber, lot 76, Maitland con., township of Goderich, on the 12th of May last, 2 bay mare colts, one had star in forehead, black mane and tail. Any person giving information leading to their recovery will be suitably rewarded

GEO LOBB, Holmesville p. o.

July 3, 1866. 23wtf*

FOR SALE.

THE South half of Lot 11, con. 2nd Township of Goderich, containing 40 acres, for particulars apply to

COLIN CLARK,
Huron Road.

Goderich, July 3rd, 1866. 3m

For Sale cheap for Cash.

THE premises now occupied by the undersigned, in the Village of Maitlandville, one quarter of a mile from the Salt Well. One acre and a quarter of land on the side hill, beautifully situated, commanding a view of the River Maitland and the harbor, and a comfortable cottage. There are two wells of good water. Also a selection of choice fruit trees.

For particulars apply on the premises to

WM. SOMERS,
or at the *Signal* office.

Goderich, July 14, 1866. w25t

EXAMINATION
of
School Teachers.

THE Board of Public Instruction for the County of Huron will meet in the County Court Room, Goderich, on Wednesday and Thursday, the 8th and 9th days of August next, both days at ten o'clock, a. m