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1 Sheep

July, Angust le with stem-to occur. As arce of profit uld be takes Where land where a rotawhere a rota-very seldom hold. On the th sheep have a number of ble with the it so suscept lambs. The sed. The is-seral lack of n, usually ac-The wool be-ustre and is become quite soft swelling r jaw during ain at night. im of any is the inside of in a natural , showing as pale yellow mach worms, ments of live-

venting the

mistore of oats and barley will aid in

mixture of oats and barley will aid in preciding a change.

When the flock has already shown amptons of stomach worms, they may be more flock in the treated as follows: The flock is be treated as follows: The flock is be treated about first be starved by shotting up over night. In the morning the stomach will be captly, which will make the treatment more effective. Prepare a dose consisting of five owners of whole milk, one table apont of gassine, one tablespoon raw hunted oil. This is sufficient for one lamb. For older sheep, increase the gassing to one and one half tablespoons, the amount of milk and oil repeat this dose for three successive days, or in case the animals have become very weak, it might be administered every other day until they have received three doses.

## Conserving Manitoba Hay

Conserving Manitoba Hay

The tiscup is the mail service hampeeed to a considerable extent the development of the plan put on foot by the department of agriculture for one serving the hay in the northern sections of Manitoba. Blank forms, including nine sections of land have been prepared and these have been forwarded to about 200 postmasters, all in the district north of township 14, with the request that they indicate on the enclosed map those sections on which reasonable quantities of hay may be procured. In this way, it is expected the department will get to know into what area it will warrant the despatching of hay outfits. As explained by J. H. Evans, deputy minister of agriculture, his department must keep in mind the fact that unless there is a considerable volume of hay in a particular district, it would scarcely warrant going to the expense of sending an outfit. In other words, the scheme would be too costly if it were forced to move about from one district to another and not be able to secure more than 20 to 20 tons in each.

Already several men have interviewed the department with a view of getting contracts for cutting hay, in some cases to the extent of 50,000 tons. The rain that was pretty general throughout the province recently has resulted in a more hopeful outlook so far as the feed question is concerned. Many farmers who, two weeks ago, had very little feed in sight, feel now that the situation is not so critical. For this reason, they are undecided as to the amount of hay they will require. It is therefore not casy for those in charge of the scheme to estimate what the demand for feed will be. However, they are arranging to push forward the plan and expect to have everything in readiness in due time.

Saskatchewan Clyde Men to

## Saskatchewan Clyde Men to Boost the Breed

At a meeting of the Saskatellewan Chylesdale Horsebreeders' Association held at Regina during Fair week, one of the motions put and carried unanimously, was to take up with the Chydesdale Association of Canada the question of purchasing a six-horse team of geldings and to show these geldings at all the principal exhibitions both in Eastern and Western Canada, as an example to all Chydesdale men and horsemen generally, of what is looked for, from the use of good sires of size and substance. There is no doubit whatever, but of late years, in Canada especially, the Chydesdale has been lacking in these particular properties, which are essential in the draft horse. The idea is a good one, and deserves the consideration of the Chydesdale Association. One of the objections voiced by an Eastern man after the meeting was the care of the animals, during the balance of the year, but there are many Chydesdale cathusiasis in the West, who would willingly do their best to overcome any difficulties of this nature.

The livestock in the countries of the Allies in Europe has been decreased by 46,000,000 head since the beginning of the war. Forty per cent, of the hogs, in France have been-killed, and 35 per cent of the sheep. It is estimated by French officials that French livestock cannot be restyred to the pre war basis until from five to ten years after the war.



