

It gave out the following... at the Dardanelles... having been in progress... the straits, a general... British and French fleets... the fortresses at the... British ships opened... french squadron, advanced... the forts at close... ships being hit several... As the French squadron... was blown up by a... at 36 fathoms north of... in three minutes. At... the attack on the... At 4.09 p.m. the... listing heavily, and at... struck a drifting... also having struck... sank in deep water... crews having been... The Gaulois was... inflexible had her... a heavy shell and... casualties in personnel... the scale of the opera... of the crew of the... an internal explosion... on the explosion of the...

Dardanelles the most... reported occupation... a German post on the... of considerable im... and the presence... taken by military... the Russian general... sweep down through... to compel the Germans... and.

with David Lloyd... and a Comm... men's representatives... the members of their... of the war there shall... work, that all differ... of employment... that a relaxation of... omitted so as to allow... and female labor.

... says that at least... the Viceroy, Lord... duction of a bill... to secure the public... and for speedier trials... pelley said that the... as a slur upon the... having had informa... absolutely necessary to...

... 35c

... EVE 15c

... Musical Company

... AR... Show Business

... 75c

... 35c

... LAST TIMES

... WEEK

... EVENING, Mar. 22

... AND SUCCESS

... AM

... INTENSE

... OF OTHER

... LOVE

... WHITE SISTER

... MUSICAL

... WHITE SISTER

The Journal of Commerce

THE BUSINESS MAN'S DAILY

VOL. XXIX, No. 267

MONTREAL, MONDAY, MARCH 22, 1915

ONE CENT

THE MOLSONS BANK
Incorporated 1852
\$1,000,000
\$1,500,000
HEAD OFFICE, MONTREAL

33 BRANCHES SCATTERED THROUGHOUT CANADA

RITZ-CARLTON HOTEL
Special Winter Apartment Rates:
Luncheon, \$1.25, Dinner, \$1.50
or a la carte.
Ball, Banquets, Dinners, Wedding Receptions,
Lectures, Concerts and Recitals, Solicited.
Suppers from 9 to 12 p.m.
Music by Lignault's Celebrated Orchestra.

PRINCIPAL BUSINESS BLOCK IN HEBRON DESTROYED BY FIRE

Yamouth N.S. March 22.—Fire destroyed the principal block in Hebron this morning. The building was owned by Knowles E. Crosby, and occupied by Harry Bain and John Perry, merchants. Crosby estimates his loss at \$3,000, on which he has \$1,000 insurance. Bain's loss is \$9,000, on which he has \$1,500 insurance, and Perry's loss is \$1,500 with slight insurance. Bain was in his store at 11 o'clock looking after his fire. At that time everything was all right, but at 11 o'clock it was found to be in flames.

SEVERAL STOCKS MADE ADVANCES BUT GENERAL MARKET WAS DULL

New York March 22.—There were advances in a number of specialties in the afternoon but the general market was dull and unresponsive to advances in these stocks. Apparently there was still a large outstanding short interest but most prominent bulls were inclined to conserve it for use later on. Appamated Copped advanced to 58 1/2 compared with 56 1/2 at Saturday's close. American Beet Sugar advanced 1 1/2 to 43 1/2 on probability of a favorable showing in the annual report for the fiscal year now drawing to a close. It is expected that about 8 per cent. will be shown for the common stock after making liberal appropriations for betterments, etc. A gain of 3/4 points was made by Rubber which fell at 5 1/2, the rise being attributed to great activity now prevailing in the trade.

COPPER MAINTAINS STRENGTH ON THE LONDON ADVANCE

New York March 22.—The foreign situation continues to absorb attention of copper agencies and prices show further strengthening on the London advance. The large agency declines to quote any open price for the metal at present, and has refused an offering price midway between 15 1/2 and 16 1/2 cents for a lot of copper which indicates indisposition to let the metal go for less than 15 1/2 cents. Sales have been small at better than 15 1/2 cents. Some small lots of copper are reported offered by second hands around the 15 cent level.

FRENCH BATTLESHIP GAULOIS IS SUNK, SAYS TURKS

Constantinople, via Berlin and Amsterdam, March 22.—Official statement issued at the Turkish War Office claims that the French battleship Gaulois sank off Tenedos as the result of damage suffered in an attack of the Allies' fleets on the Dardanelles forts last Thursday. A despatch from Tenedos, transmitted by Paris last night, stated that the Gaulois was anchored off Tenedos island with the French warships standing by.

CASE AGAINST NEW HAVEN DIRECTORS

New York, March 22.—Former Attorney-General Wickerham appeared before Judge Hunt in the U. S. District Court in behalf of Lewis Cass Ledyard, one of New Haven directors indicated, and said that it would be unfair to compel his client to plead to supplanting indictment unless he knew whether he was to be tried on first or second indictment. At the suggestion of special Assistant Attorney-General Snodgrass, Judge Hunt postponed the time for pleading one week.

NO GOOD FRIDAY HOLIDAY

New York, March 22.—Owing to the fact that no petition has been started for a holiday on Good Friday, which falls on April 2nd, it was stated at the Exchange that that day would not be observed as a holiday.

COMMERCIAL PAPER STILL DULL

New York, March 22.—Offerings of commercial paper show further contraction and trading is in consequence correspondingly narrow. Rates for best issues continue at 3 1/2 to 3 3/4 per cent, according to maturity.

PENNSYLVANIA SALT

Philadelphia, Pa., March 22.—The Pennsylvania Salt Mfg. Co. has declared its quarterly dividend of 3 p.c. payable April 15th to stock record March 1st. This is at the same rate that was declared three months ago, when it was reduced from 3 p.c. quarterly.

ITALY SUSPENDS RAILWAY TRAFFIC

London, March 22.—A news agency despatch from Rome states that the Italian Government has suspended all railway traffic for the transportation of merchandise to Germany by way of Switzerland.

CHICAGO GRAIN CLOSING

Chicago, Ill., March 22.—May wheat 15 1/2 off 3/4, July 14 1/2 off 3/4, May corn 7 1/2 off 3/4, July 7 1/2 off 3/4, May oats 6 1/2 off 3/4, July 6 1/2 off 3/4.

UNITED CIGAR STORES

New York, March 22.—United Cigar Stores old common stock sold at 104 up 8 1/2 points from Saturday's close.

SILVER AT LONDON

London, March 22.—Bar silver 22 15/16, up 1/16.

ITALY APPEARS TO BE ON THE BRINK OF WAR

National Resentment Against Germany and Austria has Been Enkindled

PRZEMYSL HAS FALLEN

British Steamer Cairnorr Has Been Torpedoed but Her Crew Escaped—Germans Have Again Bombarded the Cathedral at Soissons.

(Special Cable to The Journal of Commerce.)
London, March 22.—Italy is taking the last steps in completing her military and naval preparations for the crisis which is now close at hand, while Austria, forbidding all press comment on the situation, is strongly fortifying her southern border. Greece, according to the Greek Ministry of Marine, is "gravitating toward a more active attitude, surrounded by all guarantees."
Italian resentment against the Austrians and Germans has been greatly stimulated by the report that German spies had learned many important military secrets which had forced the general staff to change its mobilization programme, and the discovery that Austrian or German agents had tapped the telephone between the Foreign Office and the Quirinal. As a result all Germans who recently have entered Italy are being kept under surveillance. All Italian first line spicers of all arms of the service who have been on half pay, have been recalled to their colors.

Zeppelin Raid on Paris

The official German statement says that the Zeppelin raid on Paris, which resulted only in the wounding of eight persons, the death of an aged woman from shock, and slight damage being done, was "to render more impressive our reply to the misdeeds of the French aviators in the open Abbaton town of Schiltstadt."

One of the bombs analyzed by the French authorities was found to contain phosphorus, tin and benzene, with a petroleum soaked wick.

A despatch to the Chronicle says a Zeppelin flying over Calais at a great height, dropped several bombs along with notes threatening the destruction of the city. A shot from a torpedo boat destroyer is thought to have hit the dirigible, as it passed out to sea.

Crown Prince Rupprecht, of Bavaria, has been seriously wounded by a shell, according to a despatch from Boulogne to the Daily Telegraph.

British Steamship Torpedoed

The British steamship Cairnorr has been torpedoed off Beachy Head, but her crew escaped.

Two Dutch steamers have been seized by a German submarine and taken into Zebrugge, where their cargoes of food were seized.

The Russian official news agency in Petrograd declares that a mob which attacked the American mission at Tiuman, Persia, where 15,000 Orthodox Christians had gathered, was led by the Turkish consul there.

The Admiralty announces that the only casualties which attended the sinking of the battleships Ocean and Irresistible, and putting out of action of the Irresistible were sixty-one killed, wounded or missing.

A cable message from Admiral de Robeck praises the gallantry of the French squadron, adding that their heavy loss leaves them quite undaunted.

Again Bombarded Cathedral

The Germans have again bombarded the Cathedral at Soissons. The French deny absolutely the German charge that an observation post had been established there, or that a red cross flag had been flown from the cathedral, which was seriously damaged.

In Alsace the French were driven from Great and Little Reichsackerkopf, but regained the smaller hill and launched a counter-attack to regain the other.

The Russians are engaged in an important advance from the center of their line on the Niemen, and are pushing the Germans back steadily.

It is thought the retreat of the German garrison from Mermel may be blocked by the Russian column moving toward Tisul.

Despatches from Petrograd report the fall of Przemysl in Galicia.

EXTRA CREW LAW BILL HEARING

Trenton, N.J., March 22.—At the hearing of the extra crew law bill before the Joint Committee of the State Legislature, representatives of railroads submitted their side of the case with voluminous facts and figures. One important proposition is that with repeal of the extra crew law the Public Utilities Act will be amended to give the Commission full power to direct any railroad not doing so to man its trains so as to afford safe, adequate and proper service.

Railroad men point out that last year it cost the railroads of New Jersey \$37,126 to comply with the extra crew law, and that the law compels employment of 488 excess men.

REJOICE AT PRZEMYSL'S FALL

RUSSIANS ACCLAIM VICTORY

Petrograd, March 22.—Announcement of the fall of Przemysl caused great rejoicing in Petrograd where the Russian victory is regarded as of the utmost importance.

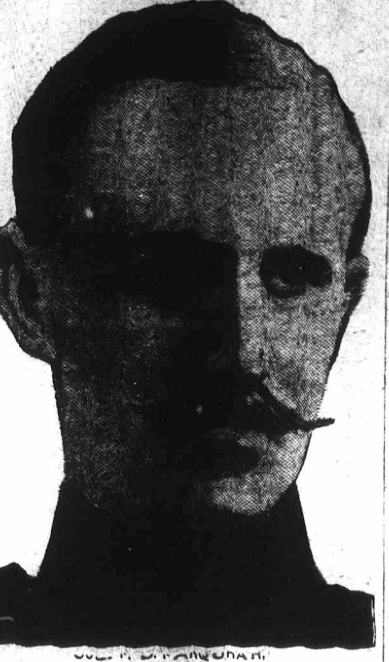
General Dimitrieff is supposed to have had 100,000 men in the original army which beleaguered the Galician city and a great amount of heavy artillery. The garrison of the city has been estimated all the way from 25,000 to 75,000. It is likely that the defending army really numbered about 50,000. The fall of Przemysl will release probably 150,000 Russian troops and a great quantity of artillery for the operations in Western Galicia.

Przemysl lies on the River San, about 80 miles east of Tarno, which the Russians hold.

NO EXTRA SESSION OF CONGRESS

Washington, D.C., March 22.—President Wilson has no plan for calling an extra session of Congress this summer, it was stated at the White House.

Rumors of an impending split in the Cabinet, including the retirement of Secretary of State Bryan, also were ridiculed at White House.



Officer commanding the Princess Patricia's, who was killed in action.

U. S. AND GEN. VILLA

Washington, D.C., March 22.—Announcement was made at the White House that there will be no recognition of General Villa by the United States until a stable government is established in Mexico. It was stated that this government has no intention of acting hastily in the matter.

TROOPS TO BE SENT TO TRIESTE

Paris, March 22.—Within a few days, according to a report reaching Venice and forwarded here, 40,000 troops will be concentrated at Trieste, a city in Austria near the Austria-Italian frontier.

Men in the Day's News

Mr. Henry D. Esterbrook, while on a visit to the Canadian Bar Association banquet played his harpers is one of the best known legal men in New York State. He was born at Alden, N. Y., in 1854, but was educated very largely at Omaha, Neb., where his father moved when he was a mere child. Mr. Esterbrook practiced at Omaha for a time, later on at Chicago and moved to New York in 1902. He is a well-known speaker and writer, some of his more notable orations having been published in book form.

Victor Emmanuel III, King of Italy, whose country is on the verge of taking the plunge on the side of the Allies, was born in 1869, the only son of King Humbert I who was assassinated in 1900. Following the traditions of his people, Victor Emmanuel entered the army as a young man and worked his way up through various offices until he became commander-in-chief. He is married to Princess Elena of Montenegro. As a result of the war with Turkey in 1911-12 he added Tripoli to the Italian domains. The King of Italy has strong domestic ties and cares more for the simple joys of life than for the pomp and ceremony of court. He is probably one of the best fishermen in Europe and whenever he can get away from court he goes fishing.

Col. E. D. Farquhar, who has just been killed in action, was in command of the Princess Patricia's. He was a thoroughly competent officer, having had a lengthy military experience although only a comparatively young man. Col. Farquhar was born in 1874, being the only surviving son of Sir H. T. Farquhar. He joined the Coldstream Guards in 1895 and served with them through the South African War where he was mentioned in despatches, received the Queen's Medal and the D. S. O. At the close of that war he took part in the Somaliland Expedition where he further distinguished himself and won other decorations. He came to Canada in 1913 and was attached to the Governor-General's staff. Colonel Farquhar was a fearless rider, a well-known hunter of big game and altogether an excellent type of the British army officer. In 1905 he married Lady Evelyn Hely-Hutchinson and leaves two small daughters.

Mr. S. J. Moore, president of the F. N. Hart Company, whose annual statement has just been issued, has come rapidly to the front during the last few years. Mr. Moore was formerly a newspaper man. He was born at Doddridge, England, in 1859, but came to Canada early in life and settled at Barrie, where he was on the staff of the Barrie Gazette. He later removed to Toronto where he engaged in the printing and publishing business. He is best known, however, through his connection with financial and industrial corporations. He was president of the Metropolitan Bank before its absorption by the Bank of Nova Scotia, is president of the F. N. Hart Company, a director of the City Daily Company and of a half score other corporations. He is prominent in Y. M. C. A. and church work, being one of the leaders of the Baptist Church in Canada.

Colonel Charles A. Smart, who was banqueted by his conservative friends on Saturday prior to his departure for the front, was born in this city in 1858. As a young man he entered mercantile life and after a short experience, founded the Smart Bag Company, becoming its president and managing director. Later this was merged with the Woods Manufacturing Company of Ottawa and Hull into the Smart-Woods Company of which he is president. Colonel Smart also organized the Maritime Fish Corporation. He is a director of the Bank of Hochelaga, a director of the Crown Trust Company and of the Crown Reserve Mining Company, being one of the largest shareholders of the latter organization. He had a lengthy military experience, serving first in the 6th Hussars, later obtaining the 13th Scottish Light Dragoons, of which he was commander for some time. Some two or three years ago he was elected to the local Legislature as Conservative member for Westmount. He went to the front as Colonel in Command of the 4th Mounted Brigade.

BRITAIN'S METHOD OF STARVATION NO BLUFF

Long Process of Exhaustion Appears Already in Progress in Germany

HAS LACKED FARM LABOR

Not Enough in German Empire in 1915 to Sow and Harvest a Crop Equal to That Sown in 1914.—Has Always Fallen Back on Allies.

(By W. E. Dowling.)

London, March 22 (special mail).—The very moderate success achieved up to the time of writing by the German under-water blockade shows that the counter blockade instituted by the Allies is likely to be all the more certainly effective. If other evidence had been wanting, the simple fact of the enemy's present tactics would prove beyond all question the desperate state to which he is being reduced by the silent but unceasing pressure of the Allied navies. Indiscriminate destruction can only be a counsel of despair. Since Germany has definitely made up her mind to risk the loss of the friendship of every neutral power it can only be that in her present internal condition no friendship can have any material value. It is noted that the Allied Governments are going to exercise a sort of right of pre-emption and buy up doubtful cargoes at a valuation. But such a procedure would be tantamount to deliberately asking for trouble.

Germany's Inadequate Food Supplies

One consequence of the Government's declaration, however, has been to bring the question of the adequacy of the existing German food supplies once more into prominence. It has, of course, been freely stated in the press that German references to our "methods of starvation" are but so much bluff, simply intended for American consumption. But they are probably well within the truth. In times of peace the imports of grain and pulse into Germany exceed the sum of home production and re-exports by some 40,000 units, the unit of the British Board of Trade being 1000 cwt.

Mr. Asquith's speech in Parliament, though apparently definite enough in tone, still leaves the country in some doubt as to the actual measures in contemplation. Over here it is quite understood that so far as Germany herself is concerned, whatever the British and French Governments choose to do next, after what she has done, German complaints would go unheeded. But there is some anxiety as regards neutrals who after all are those who will be primarily hit by the new policy. Neutral nations may refuse to recognize any measure that is not preceded by a formal notice of "effective blockade" and their refusal would be sanctioned by international law. Consequently fears are being expressed here and there that the "judicial" method referred to by the Prime Minister, should end by strangling our efforts.

Americans to be Hard Hit

Take the United States, for example. American trade stands to lose perhaps most of all. The following figures show the imports from the United States into Denmark during the months of September and October, and may be taken as a fair basis, they are suggestive of others:—

(Continued on Page 6)

RECEIVED LARGE RUSSIAN ORDER

Watertown, N.Y., March 22.—New York Air Brake Co. has received order for 125,000.000 airbrake shells from the Russian Government. The company will divide the order with Westinghouse. Air Brake Co. A firm of local contractors has been engaged to immediately reconstruct the floors of the local plant for installation of special machinery necessary to produce the shells. Forty-two new machines will be installed.

STRONGEST AUSTRIAN FORTRESS IN GALICIA HAS FALLEN

Petrograd, March 22.—Official announcement has been made that Przemysl, the strongest Austrian fortress in Galicia, has fallen.

The capture of Przemysl by Russians came after three campaigns, the first of which was launched in September.

For more than seven months fighting has been in progress near Przemysl or in the district of which it has been the centre.

RUSSIANS GIVE GERMANS A TASTE OF THEIR OWN MEDICINE

Berlin, March 22.—The official statement says:—Eastern theatre of war.—The enemy was driven from Mermel yesterday after a short engagement, south of the town, and stubborn fighting in streets.

Protected by Russian troops a Russian mob looted the private property of German citizens, and carried cartloads of their booty across the frontier. A special report on the Russian depredations will be published later.

North of Mariampol, west of the Niemen River, Russian attacks were repulsed; the enemy suffered heavy losses. West of Orszke River, near Jednorozek, northeast of Przemysl, and northwest of Cieszanow, Russian attacks made during the day and night broke down under the German fire, and 400 Russian were captured.

Western theatre.—A French attempt to take the German position on the south slope of Lorette heights during the night resulted in failure. A special report on the Russian depredations will be published later.

The French efforts to retake positions lost by them at Reichsackerkopf, in Alsace, were unsuccessful.

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RAILWAYS WIN TAX CASE

Washington, D.C., March 22.—The state of Georgia lost its case involving an attempt to tax Georgia Central as owner of Augusta and Savannah, and part of Southwestern Railway Georgia Central contended it was exempt under acts of Georgia Legislature.

The State of Georgia also lost its case against Louisville and Nashville and Atlantic Coast Line, which had tested novel roads holding original charters of exemption from taxation, the court declaring that benefits of that exemption passed with the lease. Two decisions save the roads about \$1,000,000 a year.

FRENCH RECAPTURE TRENCHES

Paris, March 22.—The recapture of the trenches lost by the French groups in the region of Arras is announced in the official communiqués. Fighting has been resumed about Albert after a lull of several weeks.

The Germans have resumed the bombardment of Rheims, throwing fifty shells into that city. The communiqué also tells of repulse of two German attacks in Argonne, the French taking some trenches and inflicting heavy losses on their foes.

GERMANS SEIZE DUTCH STEAMER

London, March 22.—A news agency dispatch from Amsterdam states that a German submarine has seized the Dutch steamer Eensform in the North Sea.

U. S. WILL PROTEST AGAINST CUTTING OUT GERMAN TRADE

Washington, D.C., March 22.—U. S. will make representations to Great Britain on the order-in-council which cuts off all trade between Germany and the outside world. Official word to this effect was forthcoming to-day.

THE TURNING POINT OF THE WAR

London, March 22.—This is the turning point of the war," said a high official of the British War Office to-day, in the commenting on the capture of Przemysl by the Russians.

GERMAN TREASURY NOTES POPULAR

New York, March 22.—Zimmernann & Forsyth will accept any amount of the 600,000 mark German treasury 4 per cent notes of 1911 series, maturing April 1, at the face value in payment for new German Government issues. They will also purchase these treasury notes for cash at the option of the holder.

LIVERPOOL, March 22.—Liverpool Cotton Exchange will be closed Good Friday, April 2nd, Saturday, April 3rd, and Monday, April 5th.